

System Operations Studies for Automated Guideway Transit Systems

Discrete Event Simulation Model User's Manual

John F. Duke
Roger Blanchard



GM Transportation Systems Division
General Motors Corporation
GM Technical Center
Warren MI 48090

June 1982
Final Report

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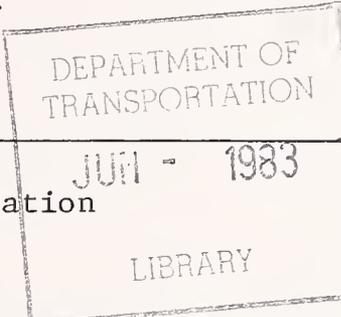
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PREFACE

In order to examine specific Automated Guideway Transit (AGT) developments and concepts -- and to build a better knowledge base for future decision-making -- the Urban Mass Transportation Administration (UMTA) undertook a new program of studies and technology investigations called the UMTA Automated Guideway Transit Technology (AGTT) program. The objectives of one segment of the AGTT program, the System Operations Studies (SOS), were to develop models for the analysis of system operations, to evaluate performance and cost, and to establish guidelines for the design and operation of AGT systems. A team headed by GM Transportation Systems Division (GMTSD) was awarded a contract by the Transportation Systems Center to pursue these objectives. The Technical Monitor for the project at TSC was Arthur Priver, who was assisted by Li Shin Yuan and Thomas Dooley.

The Discrete Event Simulation Model (DESM) provides the capability to model the operation of a mass transit system operating over a network composed of guideway links and stations within a given time domain. A wide range of transit classes can be modelled using the DESM. User controls and options are available within the simulator to allow modelling the effects of various operating strategies and service policy options on overall system performance in terms of providing transportation service on an individual patron basis.

The DESM User's Manual describes the organization, operational features, user requirements and procedures necessary for execution of the Discrete Event Simulation Model.

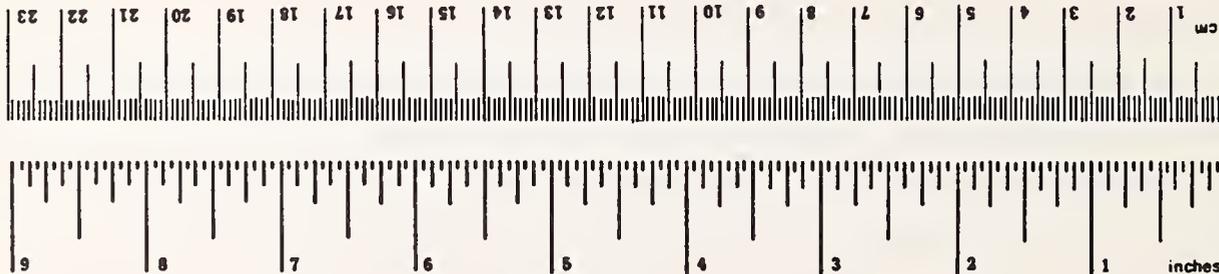
METRIC CONVERSION FACTORS

Approximate Conversions to Metric Measure

Symbol	When You Know	Multiply by	To Find	Symbol
LENGTH				
in	inches	2.5	centimeters	cm
ft	feet	30	centimeters	cm
yd	yards	0.9	meters	m
mi	miles	1.6	kilometers	km
AREA				
in ²	square inches	6.5	square centimeters	cm ²
ft ²	square feet	0.09	square meters	m ²
yd ²	square yards	0.8	square meters	m ²
mi ²	square miles	2.6	square kilometers	km ²
	acres	0.4	hectares	ha
MASS (weight)				
oz	ounces	28	grams	g
lb	pounds	0.45	kilograms	kg
	short tons (2000 lb)	0.9	tonnes	t
VOLUME				
tsp	teaspoons	5	milliliters	ml
Tbsp	tablespoons	15	milliliters	ml
fl oz	fluid ounces	30	milliliters	ml
c	cups	0.24	liters	l
pt	pints	0.47	liters	l
qt	quarts	0.96	liters	l
gal	gallons	3.8	liters	l
ft ³	cubic feet	0.03	cubic meters	m ³
yd ³	cubic yards	0.76	cubic meters	m ³
TEMPERATURE (exact)				
°F	Fahrenheit temperature	5/9 (after subtracting 32)	Celsius temperature	°C

Approximate Conversions from Metric Measure

Symbol	When You Know	Multiply by	To Find	Symbol
LENGTH				
mm	millimeters	0.04	inches	in
cm	centimeters	0.4	inches	in
m	meters	3.3	feet	ft
km	kilometers	1.1	yards	yd
		0.6	miles	mi
AREA				
cm ²	square centimeters	0.16	square inches	in ²
m ²	square meters	1.2	square yards	yd ²
km ²	square kilometers	0.4	square miles	mi ²
ha	hectares (10,000 m ²)	2.5	acres	
MASS (weight)				
g	grams	0.035	ounces	oz
kg	kilograms	2.2	pounds	lb
t	tonnes (1000 kg)	1.1	short tons	
VOLUME				
ml	milliliters	0.03	fluid ounces	fl oz
l	liters	2.1	pints	pt
		1.06	quarts	qt
		0.26	gallons	gal
m ³	cubic meters	36	cubic feet	ft ³
		1.3	cubic yards	yd ³
TEMPERATURE (exact)				
°C	Celsius temperature	9/5 (then add 32)	Fahrenheit temperature	°F



* 1 in = 2.54 (exactly). For other exact conversions and more detailed tables, see NBS Misc. Publ. 286, Units of Weights and Measures, Price \$2.25, SD Catalog No. C.13.10-286.

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1. INTRODUCTION

This document describes the organization, operational features, user requirements, and procedures necessary for execution of the Discrete Event Simulation Model (DESM). The DESM provides the capability to model the operation of an automated mass transit system operating over a network composed of guideway links and stations within a given time domain. A wide range of user controls and options is available within the simulator to allow modeling the effects of various operational strategies and service policy options on overall system performance. In general, this performance is viewed as the ability to service patron trip requests originating at network stations under time varying demand situations.

Although the dynamics of vehicle motion are not specifically modeled in the DESM, the interaction effect between vehicles traversing the automated guideway is accounted for by providing variable and fixed headway regulation schemes for vehicle positioning. In addition, the interaction effects produced between vehicles operating in the network and competing for system resources (links, merges, station berths, etc.) are accounted for in the DESM by allowing automatic event preemption and resumption within the modeling process.

1.1 IDENTIFICATION

The identification of this simulation processor is:

- o DESM -- Discrete Event Simulation Model

It consists of three standalone components:

	<u>Version</u>	<u>Date</u>
o EINPUT -- Input Processor	Final	July 1, 1981
o EMODEL -- Model Processor	Final	July 1, 1981
o EOUTPT -- Output Processor	Final	July 1, 1981

The model was designed and developed at IBM Federal Systems Division and enhanced by General Motors Transportation Systems Center.

1.2 APPLICABILITY

The DESM is designed to provide a wide range of transit class system simulations ranging from Personalized Rapid Transit (PRT) to more complex forms of Mass Rapid Transit (MRT). The transit class simulated can range from simple to complex depending upon user option selection and data definition. Network configurations ranging from simple shuttle loop to more detailed densely concentrated grids can be modeled with guideway link combinations which include merges, diverges, intersections, or straight links. Station representations can range from simple to complex with the specific event processes within the station being defined by user specification. The degree of control over simulated operation can be varied within a particular experiment by selecting various operational and management strategy options to provide differing levels of service.

Configuration information and system definition data generally reside in a Central Data Base that can be modified or augmented by the user and other models to represent a given transit system definition with parametric variations. Although complex networks and demand loading are generally prepared through other AGT models, appropriately formatted input prepared by the user can be readily input through the data base. The data used in a given simulation run is selectable by the user, thereby allowing the use of previously generated data contained in the data base to be used in any combination for a specific modeling experiment. Thus, the demand sequence, network configuration, or system characteristics can be input to a sequence of runs to achieve parametric variation and obtain analytic results of system performance over a range of operation for a particular transit class. In addition, guideway link, station, and vehicle failures can be simulated to determine their impact on transit system operations.

1.3 CAPABILITIES

In the DESM, a fleet of vehicles circulates over a given network according to a selected service policy in order to provide transportation service on an individual patron basis. Simulation functions associated with patrons include: arrival at a station, assignment of a vehicle to service the trip request, waiting for the assigned vehicle, boarding, and deboarding. The travel portion of the patron activity is modeled in conjunction with vehicle travel. Vehicles are dispatched from network stations and move along the guideway and through other stations according to a user-selected system management strategy, which consists of individually selected policies for: type of service, empty vehicle distribution, path selection, dispatch, longitudinal control, headway regulation, and merge control. Other system characteristics, such as vehicle capacity, nominal speed, headway and station process events are other major factors considered in the simulation.

The specific features available within the DESM and necessary to accomplish the simulation of an automated transit system are described below.

1.3.1 Model Configuration

Network connectivity within the DESM is initially defined by the user as a sequence of fully connected nodes with guideway link length being implicitly defined by the distance between nodes. This definition is automatically transformed into a sequence of guideway links and stations with upstream and downstream connectivity established. Computation of minimum paths through the network is performed to provide station to station connectivity for vehicle routing. At user option, any configuration related data can be over-ridden by specification of time dependent run-time input to be used during the course of a simulation experiment.

Stations within the DESM are defined by a set of fully connected station links, as shown in Figure 1-1, each containing a particular set of station event processes. All stations in the DESM assume the same basic configuration; however, variations can be obtained by changing individual link characteristics in terms of capacities or availability on a station by station basis.

The desired station configuration is defined by the user through specification of links by type, and the selection of the station processes or events to be performed on the link. Explicit travel times on those links requiring vehicle traversal can be provided by the user or automatically generated by specification of the link length and a station traversal speed. At a minimum, stations within the DESM must be configured to include a dock, which will also act as the input and output ramps. However, specific user options such as Empty Vehicle Distribution may require the definition of station storage links and up to four additional links which allow vehicle entry and exit from the station storage area.

The basic definition of the station event processes required on a specific station link are given by selecting a subset of processes from a canonical link definition as shown in Figure 1-2. Process selection is limited to the event sequence explicitly provided by the canonical definition and the type designation provided for each link as shown in Table 1-1.

The DESM automatically establishes connectivity between successive station links based upon link type definitions according to the flow shown in Figure 1-1.

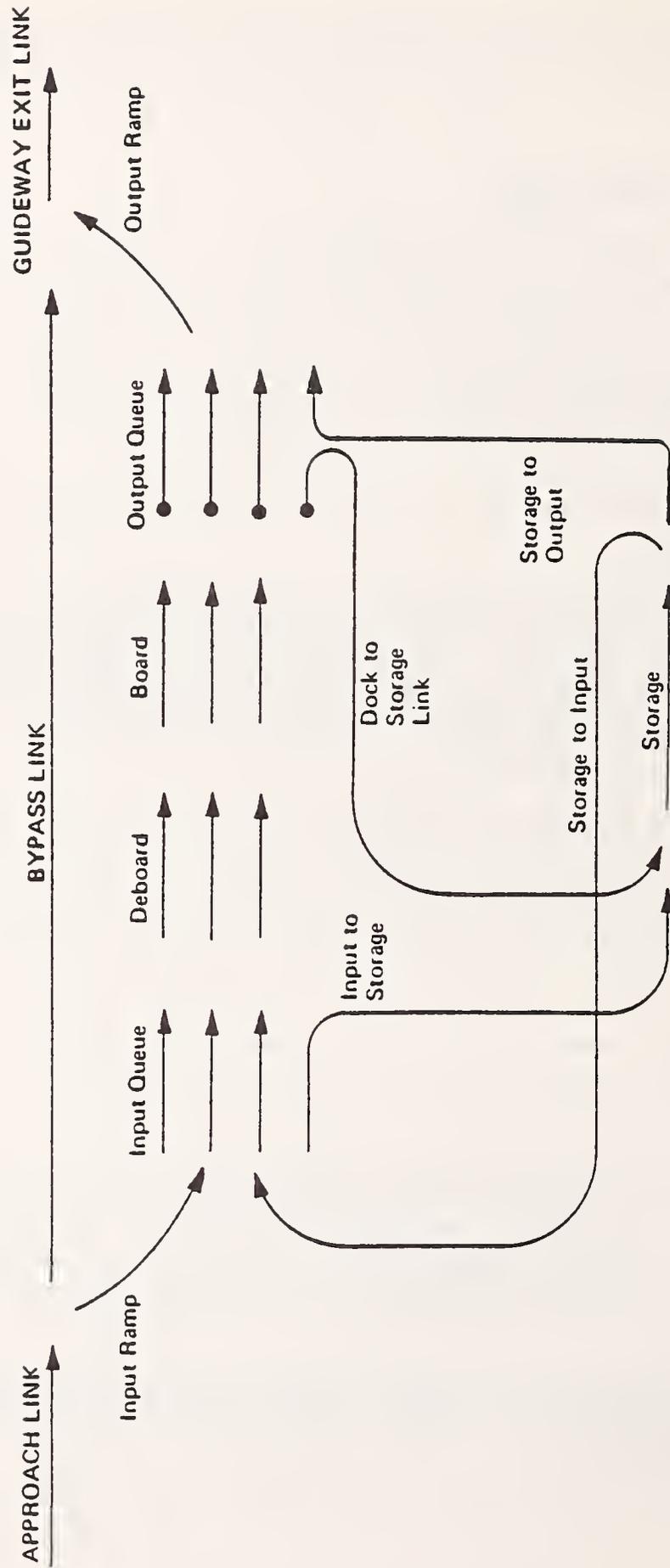
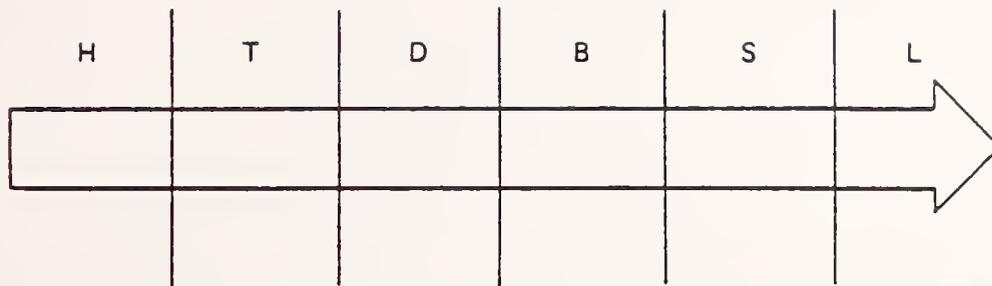


FIGURE 1-1. DESM STATION MODEL CONNECTIVITY



- H - travel the headway zone;
- T - travel the main body of the link;
- D - undergo the deboarding of passengers;
- B - undergo the boarding of passengers;
- S - store the vehicle on this link;
- L - undergo the delay waiting for launch.

FIGURE 1-2. STATION LINK CANONICAL DEFINITION

TABLE 1-1. STATION LINK SPECIFICATION CAPABILITY

<u>Station Link</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Events</u>	<u>Configuration Limits</u>
Input Ramp	IR	H,T	1
Input Queue	IQ	H,T	10 Parallel
Dock	D	H,T,D,B,L	10 Parallel
Output Queue	OQ	H,T,L	10 Parallel
Output Ramp	OR	H,T,L	1
Storage	S	S	1
Storage Connectivity	IS,SI,DS,SO	H,T	1

Since the DESM utilizes station storage for vehicle initialization purposes, implicit definition of station storage occurs in the absence of user specifications. However, in this case, the storage link and other links created by the model are used only for vehicle generation during simulation initialization and are unavailable for use during the course of simulation. The use of these links is transparent to the user and adds no additional station processing time.

Each guideway link in the DESM is automatically configured to contain a link entry segment necessary for maintaining vehicle spacing, a link travel segment, and a link exit queue as shown in Figure 1-3. In this manner, link connectivity is stated in terms of pointers to upstream link queues. This allows alternative link configurations (mainline, merge, diverge) to be defined by at most two upstream link exit queues. A mainline or diverge exit link can be described in terms of one upstream queue pointer, whereas a merge is defined in terms of two upstream queue pointers. Defining link connectivity in this manner allows an offline station or intersection to be modeled as a combination of diverges and merges. In the case of modeling a station, only one diverge/merge combination is necessary to simulate the station entry/exit process. The merge component of this geometry consists of the bypass link queue and the station exit queue.

Intersections within the simulator are modeled in a similar manner as a pair of diverge/merge combinations. The modeling of intersection turn ramps requires user definition of two additional nodes as does the inclusion of cross over guideway. However, the same effect is achieved in the simulator without significant loss of detail by modeling the intersection as a simple pair of diverge/merge combinations. This configuration results in fewer links to be defined and thereby can reduce simulator run time.

1.3.2 Service Modes

The DESM supports two basic modes of operation, Demand Responsive and Scheduled Service. In Demand Responsive operation, either single party or multiparty or multiparty single stop or timeout/group service can be provided. In single party service, a single vehicle is utilized by at most one trip, and once an occupied vehicle begins its travel to a destination station, no intermediate station stops are performed. Multiparty operation permits compatible trips to share a common vehicle, providing destination compatibility and vehicle capacity constraints are satisfied. Multiparty single stop service permits compatible trips to share the same vehicle but requires that the compatibility be the exact same single destination. Timeout/group demand responsive service also models multiple parties having the same destination but a minimum group (or maximum wait time) must be achieved before a vehicle is requested. In Scheduled operation, two forms of service are supported, fixed and cyclic route. The operation in both modes of scheduled service are similar in that vehicles are assigned a fixed sequence of station stops and multiple trips are carried by a single vehicle depending upon route destination compatibility and vehicle capacity constraints. However, fixed route

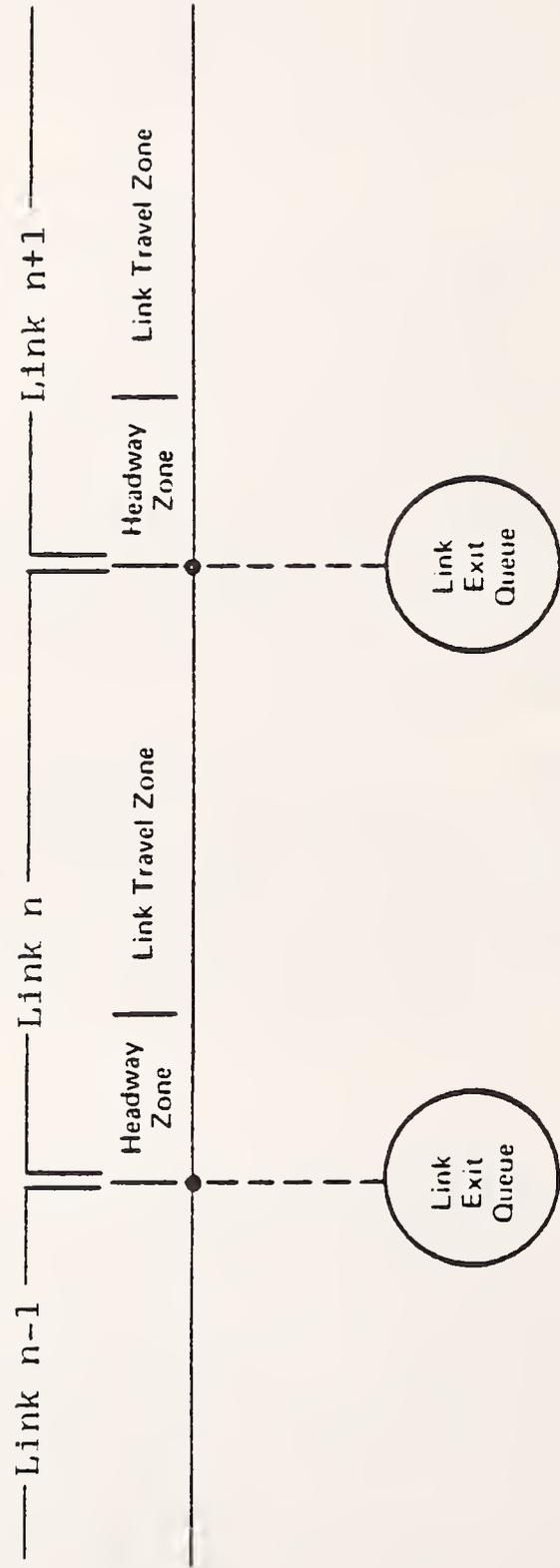


FIGURE 1-3. DESM LINK STRUCTURE

service requires explicit user definition for each route to be followed, and cyclic route results in the automatic generation of a sequence of routes that ensures continuous (non-transfer) travel from any station to any other station in the network.

In Demand Responsive service, initial vehicle placement is performed automatically by the DESM or in response to user specified placement requirements. Automatic placement results in vehicles being defined on each guideway link at entry to network stations, with remaining vehicles being distributed among station storage areas as required, to satisfy a given distribution of demand. At the start of the simulation experiment, vehicles initially placed at station entries begin movement into the respective stations. Stored vehicles become active in the simulation as needed, in response to operational requests. For timeout/group demand responsive service, however, vehicles are initialized on dock links as specified by the user.

Fixed route scheduled service operation requires user definition of the station node sequence to be followed for each route. This definition is converted to a sequence of station stops and the DESM can automatically compute the adjusted route headway, the number of vehicles required to service the route, and initial vehicle dispatch times from each station based on user specified route headway. The user has the option to specify the number of vehicles to serve a particular route instead of the desired route headway, in which case automatic route headway computation is performed. The user may also request the DESM to estimate the number of vehicles for each route by specifying a demand pattern as a basis for the estimate. In this case the DESM automatically computes the number of vehicles required on each route, the route headway and the initial vehicle dispatch times from each station based on the specified demand pattern. The user has the same options for defining the vehicle fleet and schedules for cyclic route scheduled service.

At the start of simulation all required vehicles are scheduled for movement from the station storage area to the docking area at the proper route headway interval.

1.3.3 Trip Management

A sequence of trip arrivals can be automatically generated by the DESM based upon user specified demand requirements between origin/destination pairs in the network. The trips may be generated by a Poisson pseudo-random process or by a deterministic uniform distribution as specified by the user. The generated trip sequence is time ordered and read during the conduct of the simulation experiment. If the end of all trip arrivals is encountered prior to termination of an experiment, the trip sequence file is reused with generated arrival times being used as a time displacement from the time at which reuse is initiated. If the automatic generation option is not chosen, the user may create the trip sequence to be processed by any other means, provided adherence to format specifications is maintained.

The DESM attempts to minimize the time a trip must wait for service by determining the immediate availability of vehicles at the time of trip arrival (except for timeout/group demand responsive service) at a network station. In scheduled operations, arriving trips are placed on a currently boarding vehicle, if possible, as a first priority. Vehicle destination compatibility requirements and capacity constraints must be satisfied prior to initiation of the boarding process for the trip on a currently boarding vehicle. Demand Responsive Service provides the following vehicle availability options which are examined according to a specified user sequence:

1. Local station storage
2. Regional Storage -- Another network station designated as a regional center for a particular station.
3. Due to arrive at the docking area and currently in the station.
4. In transit to the station or to another station and bypassing the current station.
5. Circulating Empty assigned to a circuitous route for the origination station.

Option 3 requires user specification of an ordered list of upstream station links which are examined for the existence of an empty or soon to unload vehicle due to arrive at the dock. If a possibility for trip servicing is found in local storage of the station or at a regional center, the vehicle is commanded to leave storage and either move to the dock or begin travel to the station of the arriving trip, respectively. If no possibilities are found in examining available options, an outstanding service request can be entered for the station to cause the diversion, if permitted, of an available passing empty vehicle into the station for servicing of the trip.

The DESM provides an option for creating explicit trip reservations on the vehicles found by the above procedure. Under this scheme, at the time a potential vehicle is located to service a trip, it is designated as reserved and available for serving of the reserving trip. However, this reservation is automatically cancelled if an earlier arriving vehicle reaches the dock and is capable of serving the trip. Reservation cancellation occurs only if the originally reserved vehicle has not yet reached the origin station of the trip it was designated to service. Otherwise, the reserved vehicle is the only one which will service the trip.

Since, in a scheduled operation, a specific user defined fixed route cannot be expected to service every possible destination in the network, the DESM provides a trip transfer capability. This capability allows trips to deboard at a transfer station (route cross-over point),

and board a new vehicle in order to continue travel to its destination. As many other transfers as desired can be performed depending upon user specification of transfer points for a given origin/destination pair. This capability can also be employed in Demand Responsive Service, controllable by user option. The transfer capability is also used to model active fleet size changes and failure responses when a vehicle may prematurely deboard all passengers as it changes its destination station.

1.3.4 Vehicle Control

Vehicle movement on the guideway can be accomplished according to either fixed or variable headway regulation. The primary difference between the two regulation schemes exists in the relative position on the link a vehicle can occupy in relation to another vehicle traversing the same link. In the fixed headway case, each vehicle can occupy a fixed length of guideway or slot, and vehicle movement is impeded by the occupancy of an immediately preceding "slot" by a stopped vehicle. Link capacity is limited by the number of slot positions which can be defined on the link. In variable headway regulation, vehicles traverse the link at a given velocity while maintaining a headway separation distance. When vehicle movement is impeded by occurrence of a stopped vehicle within a headway distance of a following vehicle, forward movement of the follower is stopped and it assumes a position immediately behind the stopped vehicle. Thus, link capacity is given by the number of stopped vehicles which can occupy the link. These differences are illustrated in Figure 1-4.

The DESM provides three methods of vehicle control on the automated guideway portion of the network; asynchronous, quasisynchronous, and synchronous. In asynchronous operation, vehicles traverse the guideway in vehicle follower mode and in the absence of congestion maintain a fixed distance between one another as given by headway or block length depending upon the position regulation scheme in effect. Under synchronous control, vehicles traverse the guideway under point follower mode with a priori or preplanned maintenance of block separation between vehicles to ensure the absence of conflict at network merges. In the quasisynchronous case, vehicles traverse the guideway in a point follower fashion with advance or retardation of vehicles being performed as required to adjust positioning between vehicles at network merges to minimize congestion.

Station link traversal is performed with vehicle spacing maintained by ensuring that successive entering vehicles are separated by at least the specified headway interval. Actual link travel is performed by having each vehicle traverse the travel segment of the link at the specified traversal speed. Detailed position regulation for successive vehicles is not performed as it is in guideway links, although strict vehicle position ordering on the link is maintained.

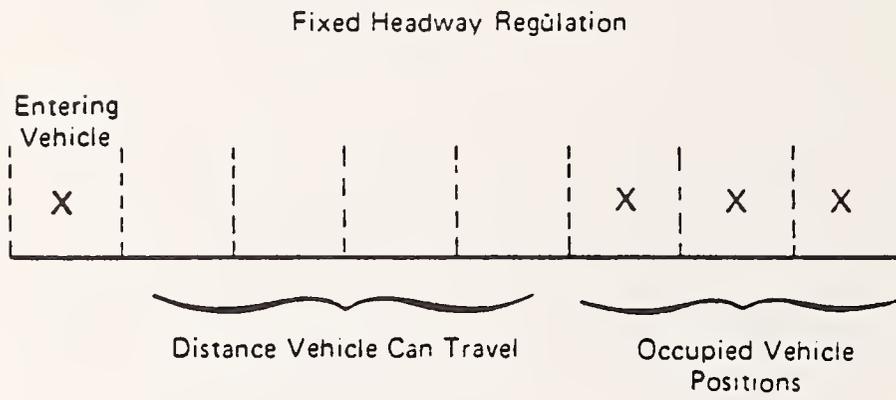
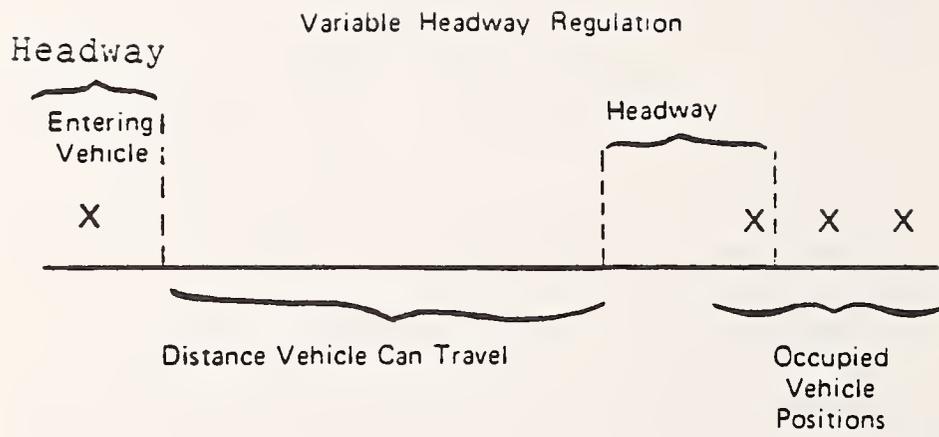


FIGURE 1-4. DESM HEADWAY REGULATION

The selection of successive links for vehicles moving through network stations is performed automatically within the DESM. In the case of diverge points within the station, where one of several links can be selected, the next link is chosen based upon minimum current occupancy or, for dock links, minimum current pseudo-occupancy to model berthing requirements. This is used to maximize the use of station facilities and increase vehicular flow capacity. Also, for timeout/group demand responsive service, the DESM chooses the next dock links based on direction of travel and current vehicle request at the station in order to model two-directional stations. However, to enhance model flexibility, a capability is provided for use of user defined and coded link selection criteria in the form of diverge functions as described in subsection 2.4.

The DESM provides the ability for failure and recovery of guideway links, stations, station links, and vehicles. Guideway link and vehicle failures can be specified to occur at the entry or exit of a specific link. Failure of guideway link entry or exit precludes vehicle entry or exit, respectively, until a recovery response is entered. Failure avoidance is provided by allowing the use of new routing tables at the time of failure occurrence. These routes can be prepared automatically by the DESM. Operational vehicle degradation may be introduced by specification of a guideway link failure which causes the DESM to designate the next vehicle to enter or exit a link as degraded. Degraded vehicles assume a reduced speed (based upon a user specified degradation factor) to their next destination or the first on-line station on its path in scheduled service and to the next station on its path in demand responsive service. The response and delay times associated with vehicle failures are specified by the user.

Station failure in the DESM causes entry and exit from the station to be disallowed until a recovery response is entered. Individual station links can be failed at entry and exit in a manner analogous to guideway links as described above. Degradation failures on station links can be introduced to cause all vehicles traversing the degraded link to assume a reduced traversal speed until the failure condition is cleared.

The control of competing vehicles at network merges can be accomplished according to the following:

1. FIFO -- The vehicle joining the link output queue earliest enters the merge output link first.
2. Heuristic FIFO -- Vehicles entering the merge assume velocity changes based upon the density of traffic approaching the merge.
3. Priority -- Vehicles on one link are merged ahead of vehicles on the other link.
4. Earliest Arrival -- The vehicle arriving at the merge point earliest enters the merge output link first.

1.3.5 Vehicle Operational Strategies

The DESM provides the capability for directing the flow and use of vehicles in the transit network under control of various system management strategies. These strategies include a variety of methods for distributing vehicles throughout the network, dispatching vehicles from network stations, and selecting the path a vehicle is to follow in traveling to a particular destination.

All vehicles which complete station processing are subject to launch processing. This processing involves the determination of the next destination and dispatch time for the vehicle, and path selection. In Demand Responsive operation, vehicles which complete boarding and are empty are subject to processing by Empty Vehicle Assignment (EVA). EVA determines the next destination for the vehicle based on a user specified list of priorities as follows:

1. Local station storage
2. Regional station storage
3. Disperse according to anticipated need, not considering current empty availability at stations.
4. Disperse according to anticipated need, while considering current availability at stations.
5. Route to network station with maximum outstanding service requests.
6. Assign vehicle to circuitous empty route.

If EVA fails to find an available option, the empty vehicle is routed to the current station. Any empty vehicle traversing the network can be diverted into bypassed stations to service outstanding trip requests, if diverting is enabled. Non-empty vehicles obtain their next destination based upon destination requirements of passengers currently on board. In the case of scheduled service, the vehicle's next destination is selected as the next station on the vehicle's assigned route.

Path selection can be performed on either an a priori or real-time basis. In a priori path selection, the entire route of the vehicle is determined prior to launch from a network station. Real-time path selection involves the assignment of an initial path to the vehicle prior to launch, however, path reselection can be performed as the vehicle is traversing the automatic guideway. Alternate paths in either mode can be selected according to the following criteria:

1. Link nominal travel time
2. Link length (distance)

3. Link utilization (occupancy/capacity)
4. Weighted combination of 1 and 3, above.

Once path selection has been performed, the launch time of the vehicle is determined as a result of dispatch processing. This processing can be performed as either non-deterministic, quasi-deterministic, or deterministic. Non-deterministic dispatch does not require any preplanning and results in no delay prior to launch of the vehicle from its current station. In quasi-deterministic dispatch, a launch window is determined that attempts to minimize congestion at network merges on the a priori path selected for the vehicle. This window is achieved by delaying vehicle launch until such time that all merges on the vehicle path at the scheduled time of vehicle passage is below some threshold value. Deterministic dispatch is performed in an analogous manner, however, the threshold limit for each merge is set to allow only one vehicle in the merge at any time. This also can result in delaying a vehicle's departure from the station.

The total delay until merge contains another component in the case of scheduled operations. Additional launch delay can occur if schedule adjustments are required to maintain proper spacing between vehicles on a given route. This dispatch processing can be based upon a fixed schedule or upon fixed intervals between departures or upon algorithms which average departures in an attempt to maintain route headways or a fixed schedule.

The DESM provides the capability for fleet size adjustment, to either increase or decrease the number of vehicles available for passenger service. In demand responsive mode, fleet changes are accomplished by decreasing or increasing available empty vehicles resident in station storage areas. Scheduled service fleet adjustment results in the reassignment of the vehicle fleet to serve each defined route with proper headway spacing and proper train consist.

The DESM also provides the ability for entrainment and detrainment of vehicles. In Demand Responsive service, dynamic and guideway entrainment of following vehicles can be performed on the downstream link of merges, provided vehicles are sufficiently close. Station entrainment occurs in output areas of stations. Detrainment is provided at guideway link diverges and prior to dock entry in stations. In Scheduled operation, vehicle entrainment occurs prior to the initial dispatch of vehicles on network routes and remains active during the course of the simulation experiment unless modified by an active fleet size change. Entrainment also can occur to model the push vehicle response to a vehicle degradation.

1.3.6 Statistical Recording and Summarization

The DESM provides the capability for collecting and recording in the data base, a variety of statistical data that reflects the state of

the transportation system being modeled. The recording is performed at periodic intervals during a simulation experiment. The statistics collected reflect both status and historical data related to the various entities or components of the modeled system. Status data reflects the state of the modeled entity at the instant of sampling (e.g., number of vehicles on guideway link 5), whereas historical data reflects the accumulation of a statistical item over the time interval from when the last periodic sample was taken.

The statistics collected are classified into five major categories as follows:

- o System (SYST) -- Items related to overall system performance
- o Station (STN) -- Items related to individual station performance
- o Station Link (STNL) -- Items related to historical and status data associated with activity on station configuration elements
- o Guideway Links (LINK) -- Items related to historical and status data associated with activity on guideway configuration elements.
- o Route (RTE) -- Items related to historical and status items for scheduled routes.

The data within each major category are further classified by entity number or configuration element (e.g., station link number, guideway link number, station ID), and the activity to which the statistic applies. At user option, an intermediate sampling report, summarizing in snapshot form simulation activity and status at a multiple of the periodic sampling interval, can be output during the simulation experiment.

The statistical data recorded to the data base during a simulation experiment, can be retrieved and summarized by the DESM in response to user defined requests. In addition, certain derived statistics which provide insight into overall performance of the modeled system are available for retrieval and summarization. Six display modes are provided for data formatting as follows:

- o LIST -- A simple time-series listing of the sampled values (10F13.3 format)
- o SUMM -- A statistical summary of the sampled values, which gives the following with and without zero-values being considered:
 - Number of samples
 - Sum of sampled values

- Average value
 - Standard deviation
 - Minimum value
 - Sample time of the minimum
 - Maximum value
 - Sample time of the maximum.
- o PLOT -- A time-series printer-plot of the sampled values (time running down the page).
 - o HIST -- A class-interval frequency distribution histogram of the sampled values.
 - o PERF -- Performance summary statistics -- pre-selected set displayed in report form and logged to the data base performance summary file for comparative analysis.
 - o RPT1 -- Pre-formatted analysis report listing the performance summary measures.
 - o RPT2 -- Pre-formatted analysis report listing an alternative set of performance measures.
 - o RPT3 -- Station-to-Station measures report for selected set of statistics gathered from completed trips log.

1.4 LIMITATIONS

Certain limits related to network configuration, fleet size, routes, etc., have been placed on the DESM by established compile-time maximums. These do not reflect the maximum configuration which can be supported by the model. These problem-size limits are summarized below:

<u>Entity</u>	<u>Maximum Value</u>
Application Related Parameters	
Stations	120
Guideway links	350
Vehicle fleet size	2000

<u>Entity</u>	<u>Maximum Value</u>
Simultaneous patron trips (passenger groupings)	10,000
Station links	20
Routes	30
Entries in scheduled route list	300
Empty vehicle circulation routes	20
Entries in empty vehicle circulation route list	400
Entries in empty vehicle anticipated need list	1,000
Entries in user's ordered empty vehicle priority list for distribution of empties	10
Entries in user's ordered list for obtaining empty vehicles	10
Minimum path route tables that can exist simultaneously	4
Entries in station link event list	120
Entries in downstream station link list	100
Entries in upstream station link list	100
Entries in list of station links downstream from a station link diverge (last entry must be zero)	20
Guideway merges	200
Passengers per trip	10
Network nodes	300
Network node ID range	300
Entries in list of O/D pairs using the second or third group size distribution	150
Rows in guideway link merge table	10

<u>Entity</u>	<u>Maximum Value</u>
Columns in guideway link merge table	10
Number of failure/recovery cards	10
Entries in alternate route list	50
Width of merge reservation table	720
Entries in route group list	100
Intervals in demand profile	25
Number of generated trips in uniform demand interval	1,000
O/D pairs requiring at least one transfer	8,000
Simulation System Related Parameters	
Simultaneous transactions (vehicles plus trips plus simulation system service)	15,000
Entries in clock table	1,000
Number of data header type cards	14
Number of auxiliary output flags	400
Number of messages of any type issued before termination	25
Number of information messages issued before termination	15
Number of warning messages issued before termination	15
Number of times any one message can be issued prior to termination	10

In addition to the limits on problem size listed above, the simulation has limited capability in several areas. These limitations do not reduce the ability of the simulator to support analysis and evaluation of AGT systems at the network level. The following paragraphs summarize these limitations.

The guideway network is defined using the following components:

- o Single-lane unidirectional links
- o Two-way diverges (one link into two)

- o Two-way merges (two links into one)
- o Intersections (two links into two others) with an elevated cross-over.

Combinations of these basic elements can be made to simulate the operation of more elaborate physical configurations.

Vehicle entrainment and detrainment occurs (if requested) only at guideway merge and diverge points and in station output and dock areas.

The entire network must operate under one service policy (for example, fixed schedule or demand responsive), which cannot be changed during a single run of the simulation. However, the parameters which define a given service policy can be changed during the run to modify the level of service.

Mixed station types of online and offline can be accommodated in the DESM. However, since main line flow must proceed through online stations or stop if the station is occupied, only asynchronous vehicle regulation is permitted when online stations are specified.

2. PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

2.1 OVERVIEW

The DESM provides the ability to simulate the detailed operation of a transit system operating on a network of automated guideways and stations. Vehicles traverse the automated network according to preplanned schedules or in response to patron requests for service. Vehicle movement is affected by operational interactions caused by the simultaneity of vehicle movements on the guideways and in stations, and the occurrence of asynchronous events, reflecting unexpected or preplanned stimuli that affect system operation.

The DESM uses a discrete event modeling technique to perform required transit system simulation. In this approach, entities termed transactions are scheduled on a time-ordered list to reflect time delays associated with a set of actions or interactions which affect or are associated with system operation. When a transaction reaches the top of the list, the required delay time is complete and the simulation clock is advanced to the scheduled time of the transaction and any required event processing is performed. In this manner, the simulation clock is advanced in discrete intervals of time to the occurrence of the most imminent event to be performed. This is in contrast to a continuous or delta time simulation in which the simulation clock is advanced incrementally by a fixed number of time units. This incremental advance procedure requires that the status of all transactions be continually updated at each advance, thereby increasing the time required to complete a given period of simulation time.

Once event processing for a transaction is completed, the transaction is scheduled for its next event completion. If conditions within the system preclude the scheduling of an event, the DESM employs a detailed transaction queuing and dequeuing mechanism for handling event pre-emption and resumption. This mechanism provides the ability to recognize the interaction effect produced by the simultaneity of event occurrences.

Transactions, in the DESM, represent entities (e.g., vehicles, trips), simulation control or modeling requests, and asynchronous or exogenous simulation processes which have an impact on system operation. These transactions are scheduled to trigger specific events or model processing on a time sequenced Future Events List (FEL). Within the FEL, time is quantized into discrete, finite units called "clock units", with each unit representing some period of simulated time, e.g., one millisecond. The FEL is divided into two components, a clock table for

scheduling near time transactions, and an extension (multiple thread list) for scheduling distant time transactions. Each clock table entry begins the list of transactions which require processing during a simulation interval. The point in real-time at which the simulator is currently operating is given by clock time which provides the number of clock units which have passed since the start of the simulation experiment. Transactions are inserted into the FEL by determining the time interval (pointer) within which the event that is being scheduled is to occur. The transaction is then placed in time order into the list of transactions which are to become active in the specified simulation interval. The organization of the clock table portion of FEL is shown in Figure 2-1.

Since the clock table portion of the FEL is of finite length, only a finite number of time intervals can be represented. Transactions which must be scheduled for a time interval greater than the time period represented by the clock table are scheduled on the FEL extension or multiple thread future events list. Entries or quantized intervals in the multiple thread list represent an interval of time corresponding to an entire clock table interval. Multiple thread entries differ from clock table entries in that they are created dynamically as required during the simulation experiment by using other available transactions to serve as a time marker for scheduling other transactions which require processing during that simulation time interval. Transactions are placed on the multiple thread list, without regard to discrete simulation intervals as maintained in the clock table. The organization of the multiple thread list is shown in Figure 2-2. Once the simulation interval encompassed by the clock table has passed (all transactions processed and clock updated to last transaction time), the clock table is updated from the next available multiple thread list.

The basic control loop within the Model Processor (MP) is to determine the next event to be performed, update the simulation clock, and perform the event as summarized in the following:

1. Obtain the next most imminent transaction. The next event to be performed is indicated by the transaction which is first on the FEL.
2. Remove the transaction from the FEL.
3. Update the simulation clock to the time of the transaction. Whenever the simulation clock is updated, it is updated to the time of the next most imminent event.
4. Perform the indicated event. The type of event to be performed is indicated by the transaction.

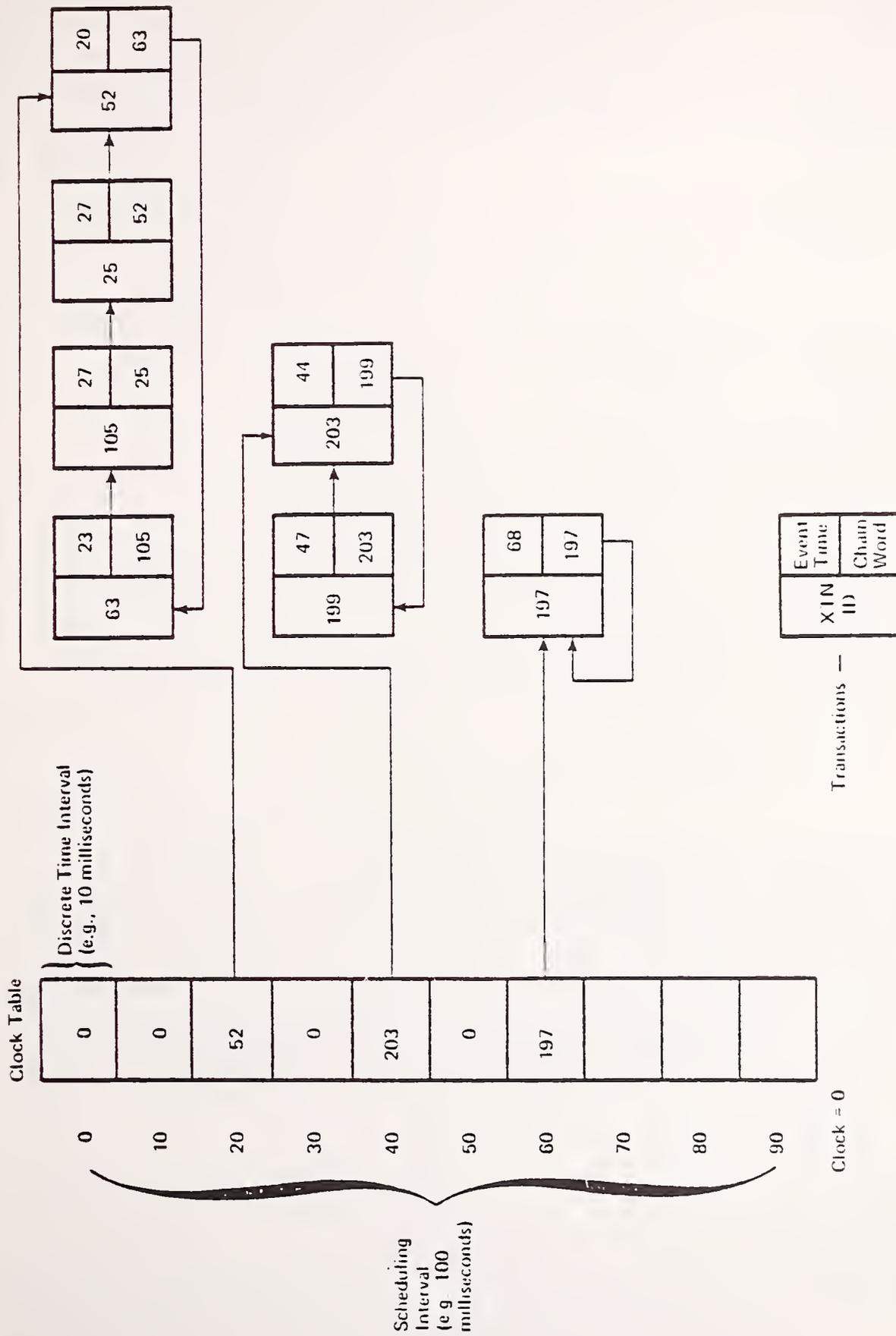


FIGURE 2-1. CLOCK TABLE ORGANIZATION

MULTIPLE THREAD LIST CHAIN

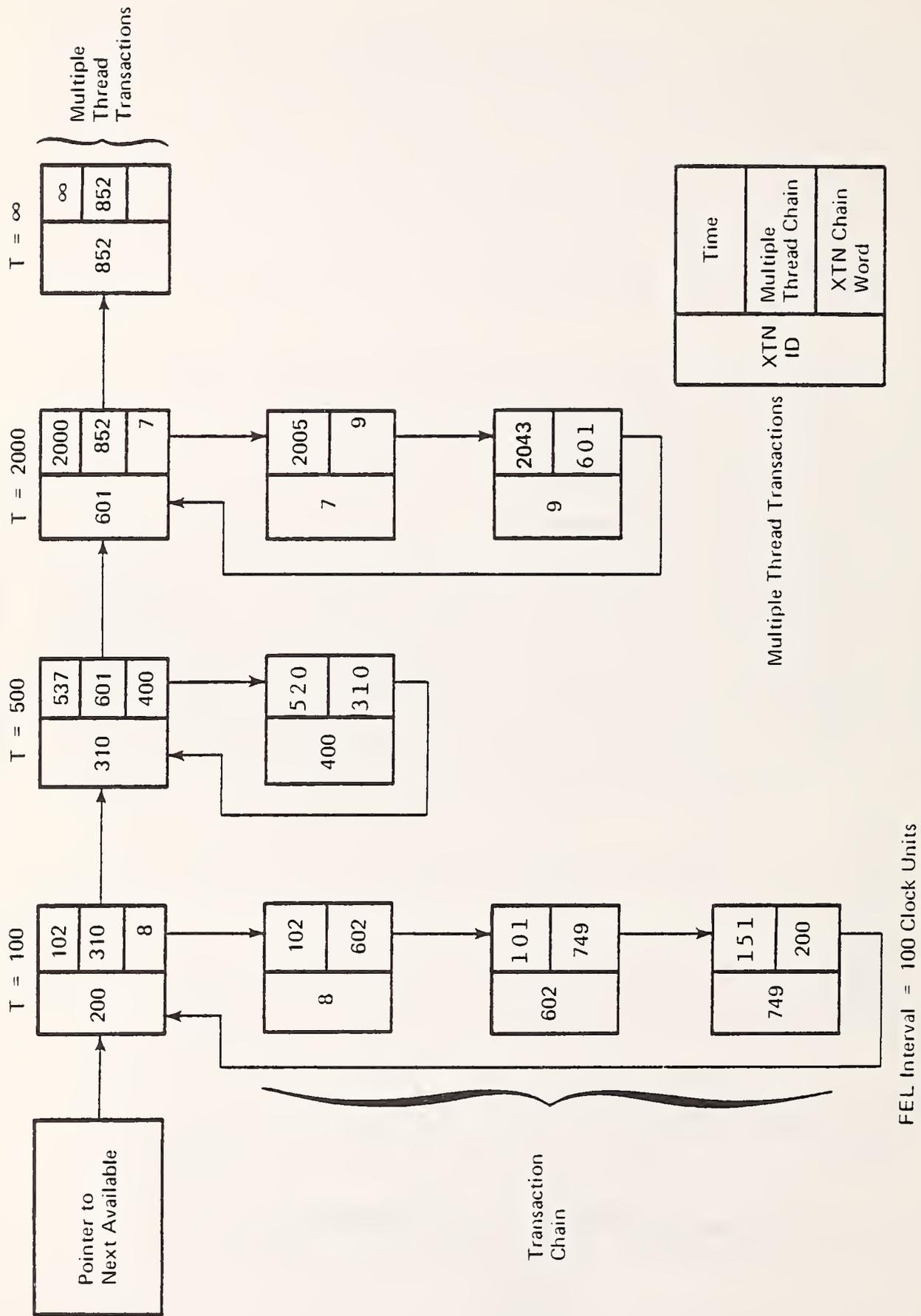


FIGURE 2-2. MULTIPLE THREAD LIST ORGANIZATION

By employing this approach, detailed information related to all transactions within the simulated system need not be maintained to satisfy simulation objectives. This allows simulation to be accomplished more rapidly in terms of CPU time without a significant loss of detail in modeling overall system performance. However, in using this modeling approach the modeling assumptions as identified below are made within the DESM.

Detailed vehicle position on a link and through merges need not be maintained. However, link and merge control functions within the simulator ensures the sequential ordering of vehicles and all link entry and exit processing is performed to ensure that safe headways are maintained. Similarly, detailed vehicle motion within stations is not modeled other than as time delays associated with moving from one area to the next and resulting from congestion delays.

In the DESM, failure occurrences and delay until onset of recovery are explicitly provided by user commands. The specific reason for failure is not modeled; rather, the effect of the failure on links, stations, and/or vehicles is modeled. Statistics on the effects of failure such as number of vehicles affected by the failed entity or average delay related to failure is calculable by comparative analysis of a DESM failure run with an unfailed DESM run.

Storage areas for empty vehicles are modeled as part of some or all stations. There are no remote storage areas unconnected to the main guideway.

Vehicle entrainment and detrainment in stations and on guideway is modeled assuming safe coupling maneuvers.

The various operational features and system management strategies contained within the model offer a baseline capability for examining known feasible alternatives. However, the model does contain the capability for direct replacement or inclusion of other algorithmic alternatives as implemented by the simulation user. For example, the link and station models can be replaced in their entirety, or user defined headway, empty vehicle management or station link diverge processing functions can be included with minor program changes. This substitution capability is detailed in the DESM Programmer's Manual.

2.2 ORGANIZATION

The general structure of the DESM, as shown in Figure 2-3 facilitates interface with the user by providing flexible input and output procedures. The major processing functions implemented have been organized into three standalone program components: an Input Processor (IP), a Model Processor (MP), and an Output Processor (OP).

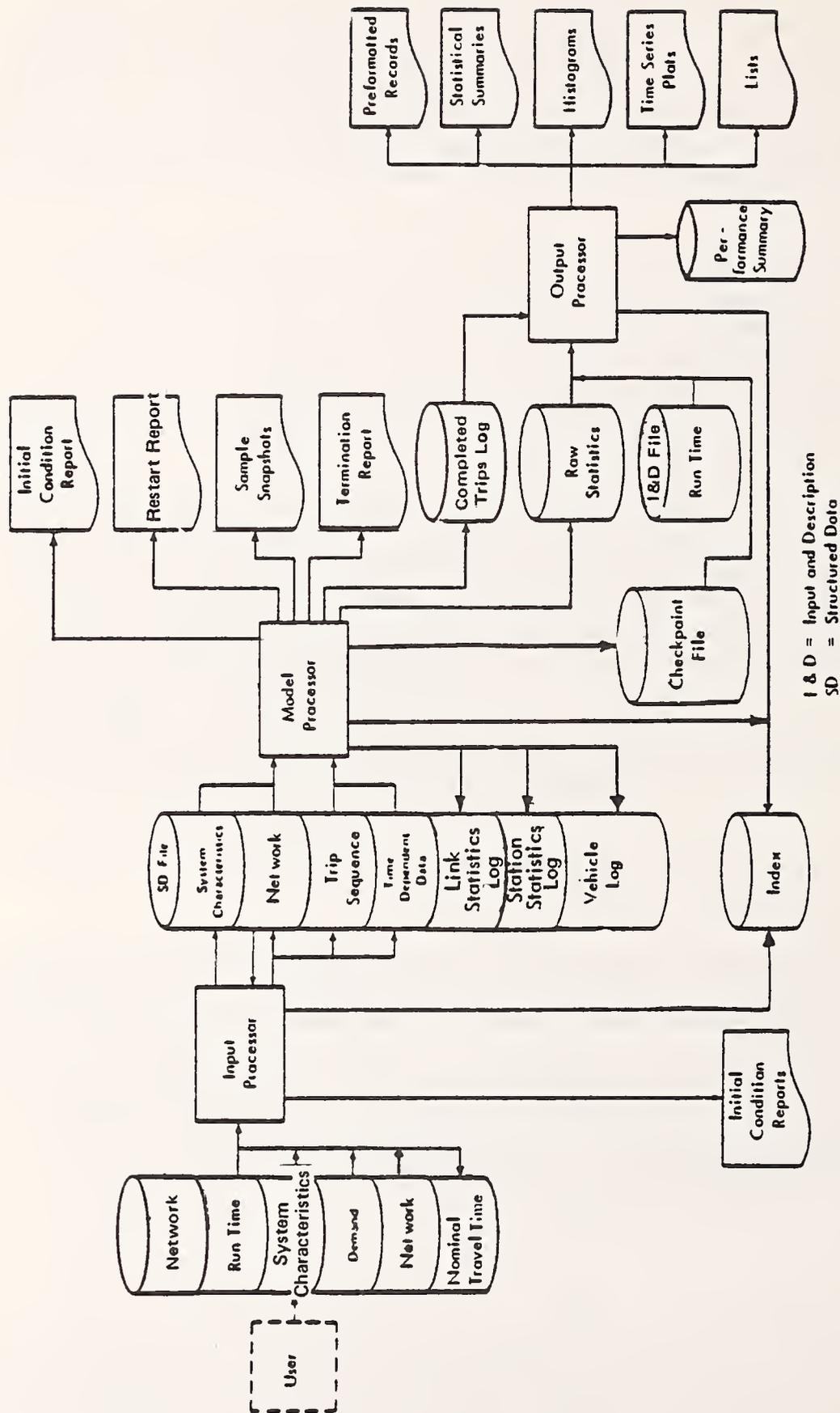


FIGURE 2-3. DESM ORGANIZATION

The Input Processor (IP) is the primary interface between the predefined data base and user run time data and the simulation. The IP provides the user with the ability to define various system and operational characteristics of the transit system to be modeled. Its major functions are to check the input data for consistency and reasonableness and to transform the initialization data from a user-oriented format to a model-oriented format to provide for efficient operation of the Model Processor. Data transformation is performed for three types of input data: network definition, trip demand, and level of service. The network data defined by the user is processed to create a set of link/station connectivity tables based upon both minimum cost and alternate paths. For trip demand, a time sequence of trip arrivals is generated based on origin/destination demand patterns prepared by the user. The level of service is defined in terms of vehicle fleet size, initial placement of vehicles, empty redistribution, routes, and schedules.

The Model Processor performs the discrete event modeling of the desired transit system as defined by the user through the IP. The data provided by the IP through various formatted files, specifying the configuration and characteristics for the network of guideways and stations, establish the two basic modeling entities in the simulation processor. In addition, initial conditions, operational policies, and options which are to direct the flow of transactions, defined as vehicles, trips, and asynchronous stimuli in the simulation system comprise the initialization data set for the Model Processor.

The Model Processor contains the discrete event simulation architecture which provides the time dependent processing of all functions associated with trip management, station, vehicle, and guideway operations. The interaction of these functions over time can cause queues of patrons in stations and propagation of vehicle congestion on the guideway and in stations. Asynchronous command processing provides for time-dependent inputs such as trip requests, fleet size changes, and introduction of failures and other external stimuli.

The Model Processor, in performing a given simulation experiment, collects, summarizes, and formats statistical data at periodic intervals. These data, which are related to completed events, current operational status and queues, are recorded in a data file for subsequent report generation.

The Output Processor provides the services necessary to retrieve the statistical output from the Model Processor, perform summarization functions as requested by the user, and prepare printed reports in a requested format suitable for analysis. The summaries include time series listings, plots, statistical summaries, histograms, and predefined composite reports. Selected performance measures are also evaluated and written to a Performance Summary File for later comparison with the results of other simulation experiments.

The functional organization and program structure of the DESM at the model level and subfunction level are shown in Figures 2-4 through 2-7.

2.3 FUNCTIONS

This subsection provides brief descriptions of the general functions and the program modules comprising each functional area within each of the processor components.

2.3.1 Input Processor Functions

The Input Processor (IP) performs translation of input definition data and selected control options from the user to structured data files usable by the Model Processor. The IP is basically a sequential processor, having a fixed order of tasks that can be performed. However, the user, through input of control and option selection parameters, defines which of the tasks and processing options are to be executed.

The program begins by initializing a predefined set of parameters to establish model default conditions and to define a baseline for checking user-entered data. Next, initial condition data are read from a specified Input and Description file data set which will contain the system characteristics of a generic transit system. Reading of data cards containing data base overrides, run control parameters, and option selections is then read. This permits the user to modify portions of the transit system characteristics for a series of related simulation exercises.

The IP contains three basic groups of process functions: guideway network configuration processing, trip demand generation, and transit service planning. The user-entered run control parameters define which group(s) are executed in a given run. For example, in a given series of runs, it may be desired to vary the level of service, holding the guideway network and trip demand definitions constant. In this case, the IP will execute only the service planning group which uses the characteristics of the network and demand pattern. However, generation of network minimum paths and a trip file will be bypassed.

Each group of process functions will produce an initial conditions report, summarizing the results of the computations performed. User input data will be checked for consistency and reasonableness and appropriate error messages will be printed.

The IP consists of a major processing loop based on the applicable time associated with the input data. All three groups of functions are included in the major loop. This permits the generation of a trip file

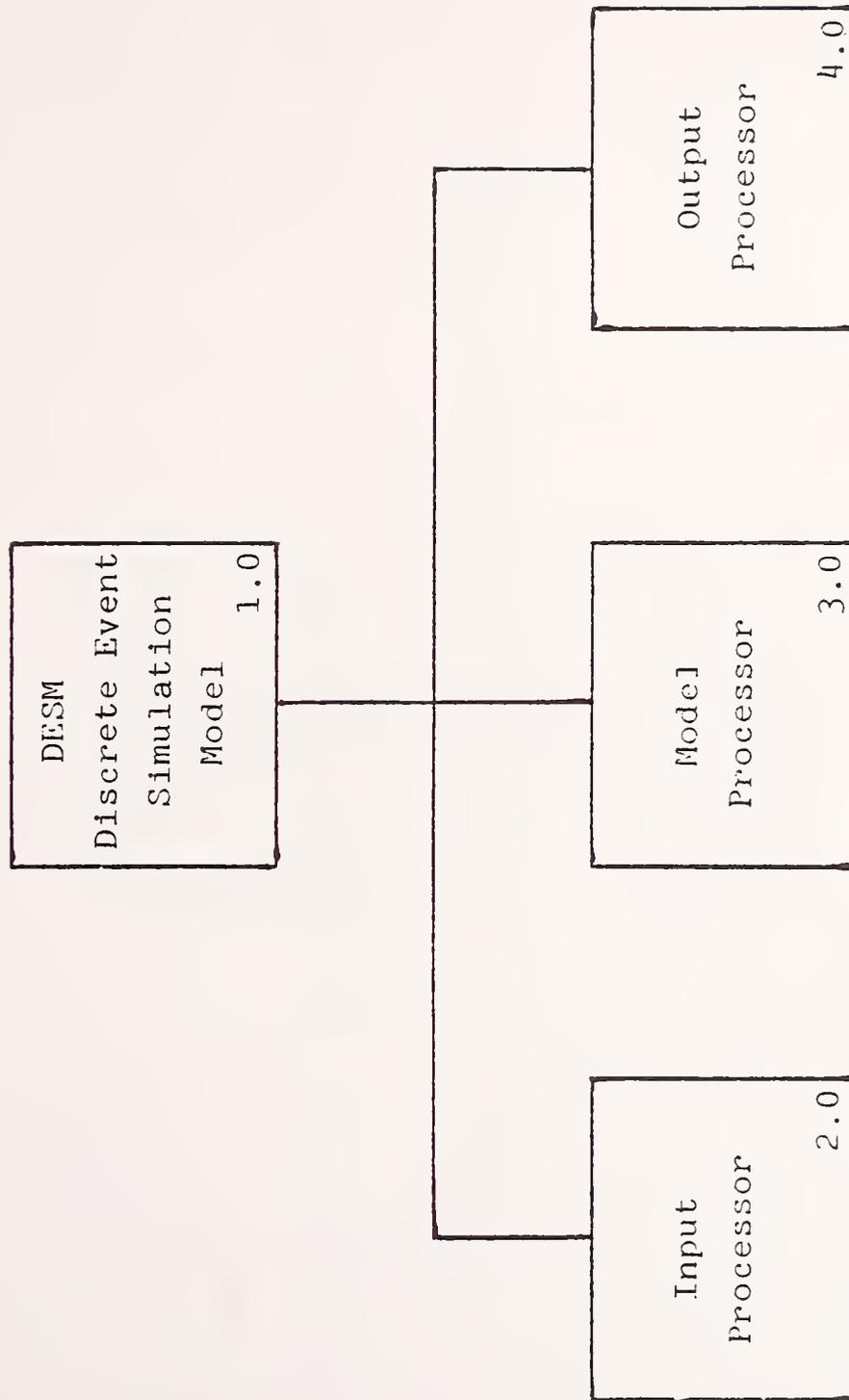


Figure 2-4. DESM General Structure

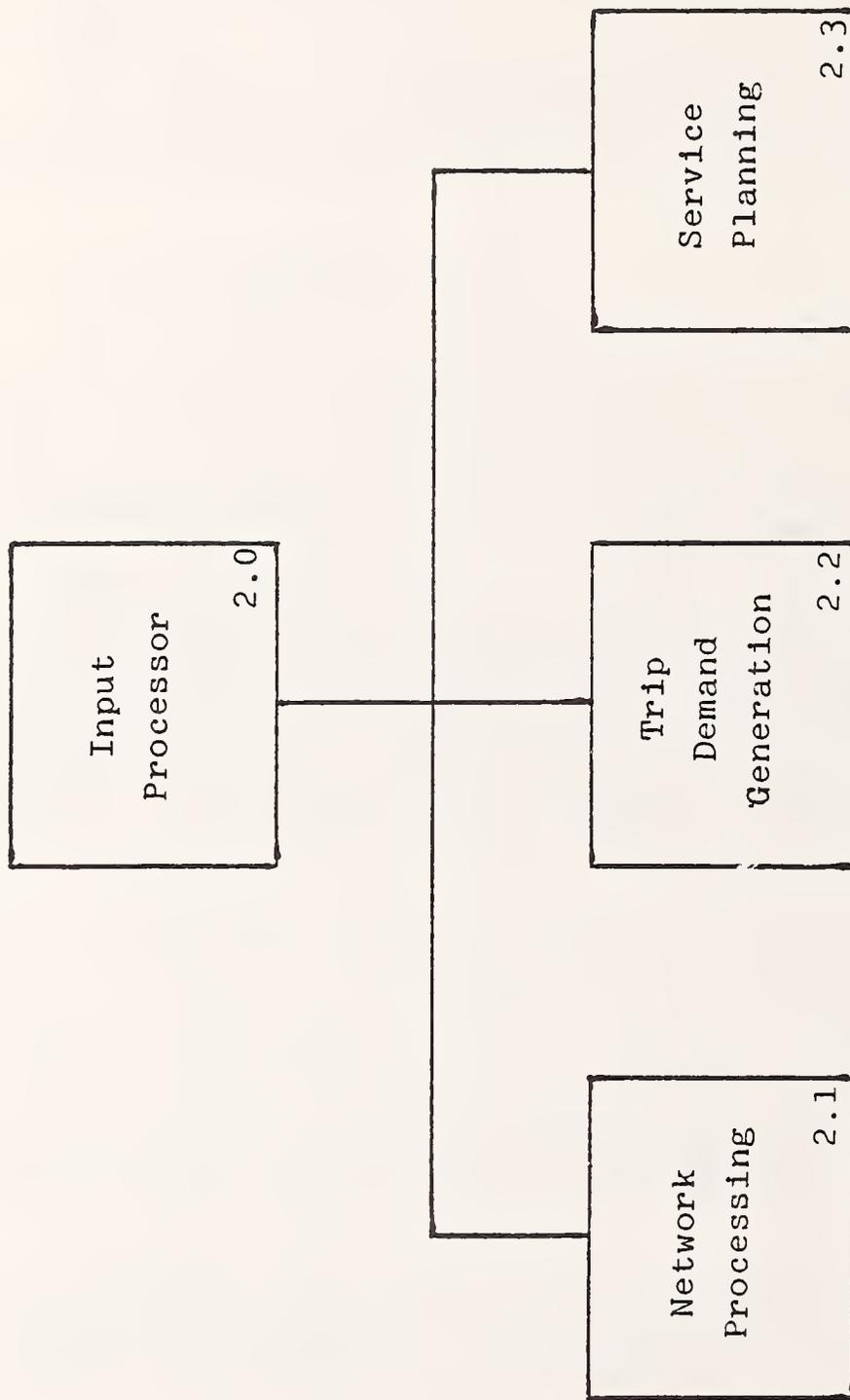


FIGURE 2-5. INPUT PROCESSOR SUBFUNCTION STRUCTURE

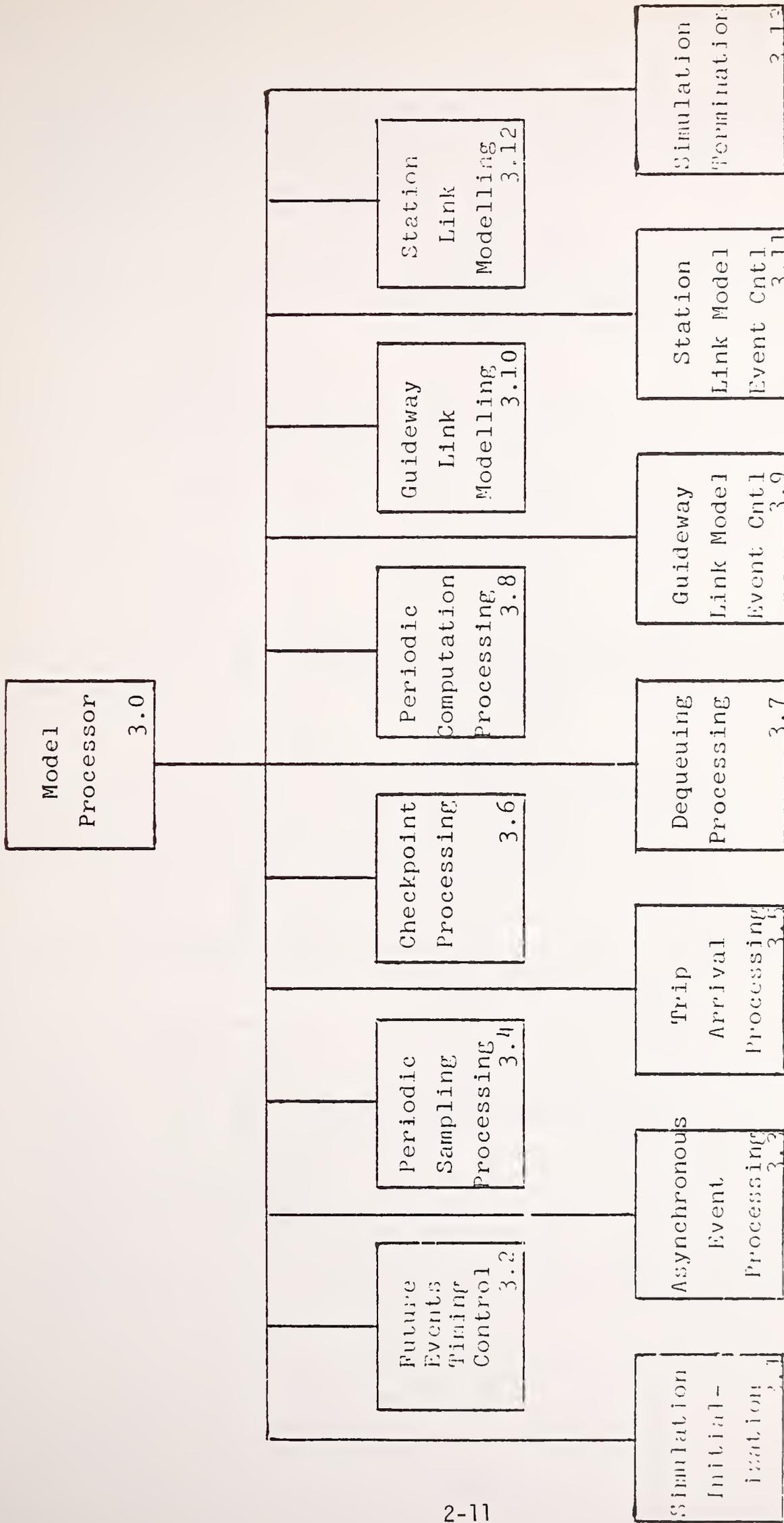


FIGURE 2-6. MODEL PROCESSOR SUBFUNCTION STRUCTURE

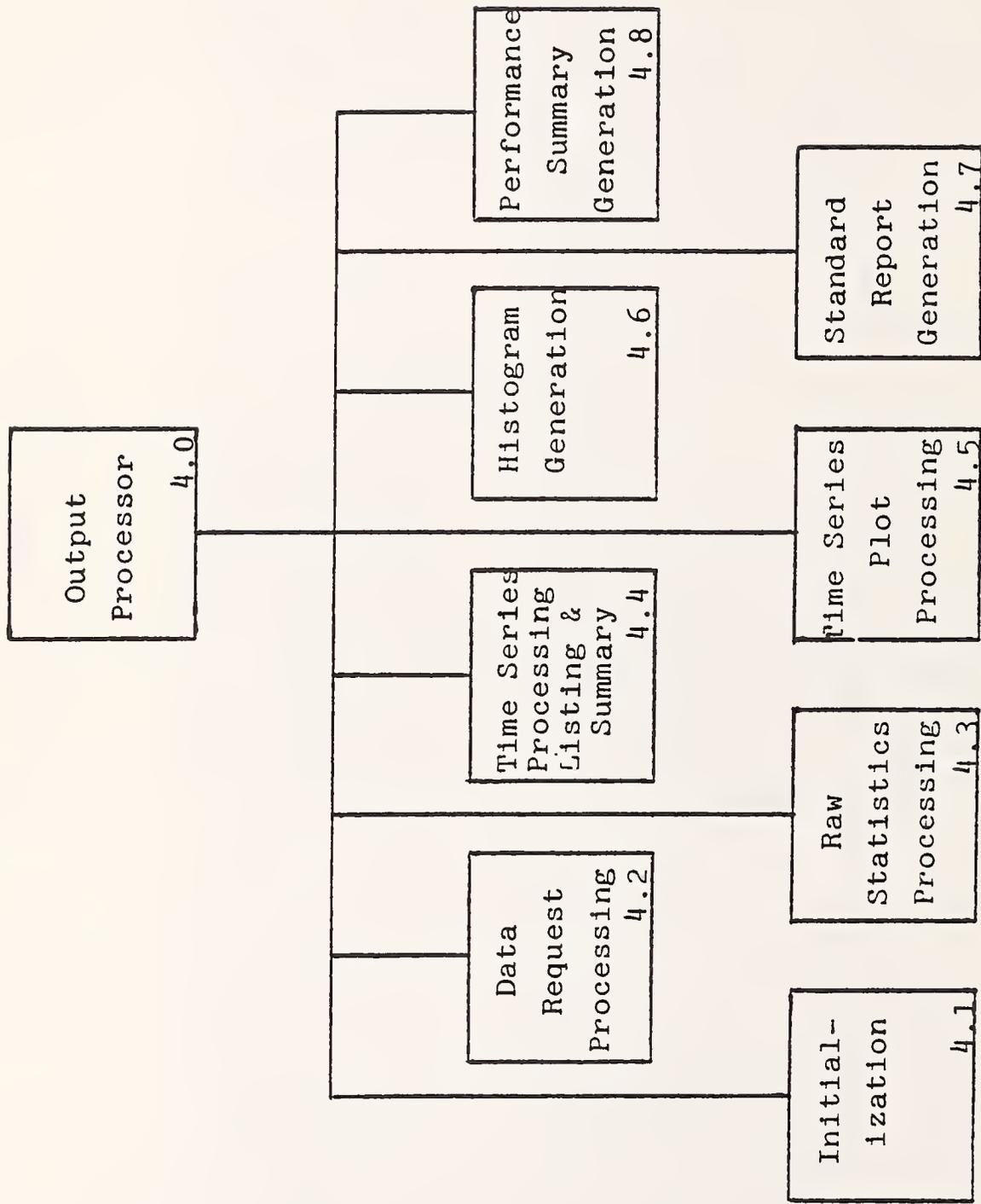


FIGURE 2-7. OUTPUT PROCESSOR SUBFUNCTION STRUCTURE

from a series of demand matrices representing a time of day demand profile. It also permits the level of service to be established using other than the first demand matrix of a series. Further, it permits the recomputation of minimum cost paths when a guideway link or vehicle failure is planned to occur during an exercise.

All initial conditions, whether read from the data base or generated by the IP are written to Structured Data file data sets for access by the Model Processor.

2.3.1.1 Network Processing - If the user requests the processing of a new guideway network configuration, the network definition data are read from the user-specified input and description file. These input data are supplied by the user. After checking the input data to verify that the network is complete and has properly defined station sites, merges, and diverges, the least cost path between each pair of stations is determined. The network connectivity tables required by the Model Processor are then built using the least cost path definitions.

If the user specifies that a previously processed network is to be used for the current experiment, the structured network data are read from the user-specified file. These data are needed to support alternate path processing, guideway failure processing, and transit service planning.

If the user has defined one or more alternate paths in the system characteristics or run time data sets, the program establishes connectivity between the alternate paths and the least cost paths at the common diverge points. The alternate path data are translated from user format to the model processor format.

If either a new network has been processed or new alternate paths have been defined, a new network structured data file is written for use by the Model Processor and subsequent Input Processor runs.

If the user requests a guideway link or vehicle failure, the program penalizes the use of the failed link and recalculates the least cost path definitions if selected by the user. If tow vehicle recovery is selected, links which must be closed to isolate the tow path are also penalized. The failure definition data is translated to Model Processor parameters and written with the new least cost path table to the structured run time data file. If the failure is within a station, the failure definition data is translated to Model Processor parameters and written to the structured run time data file. Least cost paths are not recomputed. Recovery from failure is handled in a similar manner, except that when the last failure is removed, recomputation of least cost paths is not performed.

2.3.1.2 Trip Demand Generation - This function is performed if a new sequence of trip arrivals is to be generated or if the user requests the Input Processor to estimate the number of vehicles required for a specified level of demand and service policy. The function has the capability to process multiple demand input files, to accept overrides to the demand time interval, and to apply a scale factor to the demand to handle time of day variation in level of demand.

The first step is reading of the user-supplied demand definition data from the input and description file, which is expressed in terms of total passengers during a specified time interval for each origin/destination pair. This is converted to trips per hour by origin/destination, using user-specified trip group size distributions (a trip consists of one or more passengers traveling together by their own choice).

The user can enter up to three group size distributions and assign each origin/destination pair to one of the three distributions. The data are entered in frequency distribution format and converted to cumulative distribution format for later use in generating individual trips. If a new sequence of trips is not required, no further processing is performed.

If the generation of a new sequence of trip arrivals has been requested, probability distributions of origin and destination selection are formed from the trips per hour by origin/destination data and the aggregate trip interarrival time is calculated. A Poisson process is used to select individual trip arrival times and pseudo-random numbers are compared to the probability distributions to assign origin, destination, and group size to the trip. Alternatively, the user may choose to generate trips in a deterministic manner using a uniform distribution. This process guarantees the exact number of trips specified in the demand matrix and a constant interarrival time for all trips for a given O-D pair within each demand interval. The trip parameters are then written to the structured demand file. When the trip arrival time exceeds the time interval specified in the demand input data, trip generation terminates and a report summarizing the generated trips is written.

The entire trip generation process is repeated for each set of demand input data specified by the user.

2.3.1.3 Transit Service Planning - This function includes station configuration, system characteristics checking, and transit service policy processing. If the user has defined the station characteristics in the user-oriented notation, this input data is processed to build the station characteristic and connectivity tables required by the Model Processor. The user may elect to input the station characteristic and connectivity tables directly, in which case no processing is required.

The system characteristics input data are checked for reasonableness and consistency to detect parameter value errors and invalid combinations of functions (e.g., synchronous control requires deterministic dispatch). If an error is encountered, a message is written and if further processing is unrealistic due to the nature of the error, the run terminates.

The service policy can be either demand responsive (single or multiparty or multiparty single stop or timeout/group) or scheduled (with user-defined routes or routes determined by the Input Processor). The user may define the vehicle fleet or request the Input Processor to estimate the number of vehicles required based on the network characteristics and the level of trip demand. For scheduled service, the Input Processor calculates the vehicle departure schedules for each station on each route.

After the service planning functions have completed, the structured system characteristics file is written, and a report is written summarizing the system characteristics and transit service policy data.

2.3.2 Model Processor Functions

The DESM model processor provides an event-driven simulation for modeling the detailed operation of an automated transit system. Events are scheduled within the simulation for occurrence or completion at some future time, in response to transaction processing requirements. Transactions are appropriately processed when the event time for which they were scheduled is completed and the next event for the transaction becomes the next most imminent task to be performed in the simulation system. Transactions are rescheduled when processing for the current event of the transaction is completed and the next required event and its completion time has been determined. The mechanism which provides the control of this time-oriented event processing is a Future Events List (FEL), which is a time-ordered list of transaction IDs for scheduling of events for occurrence in future simulated time.

Upon entry, the MP performs initialization of the simulation experiment which may involve system restart or initial system definition. Once this is completed, the basic control loop for accomplishing the recognition, scheduling, and processing of transaction events is started. This control process provides for obtaining the next transaction to be processed, updating the simulation clock and invoking the required architectural components or functions.

The processing functions invoked by the architecture to perform the tasks required, as indicated by the active transaction, may cause the reading of asynchronous data input, application of algorithmic computations for updating modeling status, data summarization and recording, or processing within the simulation models (guideway links or stations) of the simulation system. As the result of processing, the transaction which invoked the function may be rescheduled to occur depending upon the task performed. The occurrence of a simulation termination event results in performing termination activities and ending the simulation experiment.

The following sections contain brief descriptions of each of the functional areas of the processor as outlined in Figure 2-6.

2.3.2.1 Simulation Initialization - System initialization is performed to establish the initial conditions for a simulation experiment. This function includes the following procedures:

1. Establishing system status area addresses. The addresses of all data related to transaction management, links, vehicles, stations, trips, and sampling are established and stored for use in order to facilitate the unloading and loading of these areas during system checkpoints or restart.
2. System Restart. This process locates the data (recorded system status) for the desired restart interval from the checkpoint file and initializes the simulator such that the simulation experiment may be resumed from the previously recorded checkpoint.
3. Architecture Initialization. The structured data created by the Input Processor is read to establish all common area definitions containing the simulation initial conditions. The event timing mechanism is also established. Once this is accomplished, the scheduling of system transactions to begin trip processing, sampling, asynchronous data reading, and periodic computations is performed.
4. Modeling subsystem initialization. This process is performed to establish initial conditions for guideway links, stations, and sampling statistics. The initial scheduling of vehicles in the network which is also accomplished is based upon the service policy in effect for the simulation run.

2.3.2.2 Future Events Timing Control - The purpose of this function is to control the scheduling of transactions on the Future Events List (FEL) as well as the retrieval of the next most imminent event to be performed from the list. Every transaction that represents an action to be performed is placed into the FEL at the proper time point. Since the clock table portion of the FEL is of finite length, only a finite number of time intervals can be represented. Transactions which must be scheduled for a time interval greater than the time period represented by the clock table are scheduled on the FEL extension or multiple thread future events list. Entries or quantized intervals in the multiple thread list represent an interval of time corresponding to an entire clock table interval.

In order to obtain the next event to be performed, a sequential scan of successive entries in the clock table, beginning with the currently active interval, is performed until a non-empty interval or the end of the clock table is reached. If a non-empty interval pointer is found, the first transaction chained within the interval is removed and returned as the currently active transaction requiring event processing. If the end of the table is reached during the scan, the first available multiple thread FEL list is removed from the multiple thread chain and reloading of the clock table is performed. Once loading of the clock table is complete, the first available transaction within the current table interval (first reloaded clock interval) is returned as the currently active transaction requiring event processing.

2.3.2.3 Asynchronous Event Processing - The purpose of this function is to perform the processing required in response to the input of asynchronous data in the run-time data stream. These data can be commands which cause status changes within the simulation system or change specifications which modify the value of system parameters and data. The particular event processing initiated is dependent on the type of header card (asynchronous command) as follows:

1. Data Read Command -- The reading of asynchronous input is initiated to recognize successive data change requests and update the global data variables and parameters, as required. Termination of reading occurs upon encountering an 'END' header which signifies end of data input.
2. Checkpoint Command -- A checkpoint of system status is initiated.
3. Failure Command -- Failure events in the DESM encompass both occurrences and recovery of failure conditions on both station and guideway links. The failure header contains the time of occurrence for the scheduling of the failure event. At the time of failure, the data associated with the implementation of the failure condition are read from the asynchronous data stream. When recovery occurs, a system request transaction for possible dequeuing and restart of vehicle transactions affected by the failure in the modeling subsystem is scheduled.
4. Active Fleet Size Management Command -- Fleet size changes in the DESM are initiated in response to this command. The requested change can require the addition or removal of vehicles from service. Fleet size changes for demand responsive service are performed by either increasing or decreasing the number of vehicles in station storage areas. If a necessary fleet size

reduction cannot be achieved in this manner, the next n vehicles to become empty within the network are removed from service to satisfy the required reduction. In the scheduled service case, fleet size changes are accomplished by rearranging the existing vehicle fleet. Vehicles currently serving the route will be allowed to deboard existing trips and be sent to maintenance barns for reconstituting and relaunch on routes, if necessary.

2.3.2.4 Periodic Sampling Processing - Statistical data collection within the DESM is accomplished by recording modeling status and history data for entities and transactions at key event points in the modeling subsystem. The accumulation of statistical data is performed over a sampling interval. The occurrence of a sampling event causes the accumulated statistics to be written to the raw statistics file. The statistics are written to the file as a series of header and data follower records. Each record contains the time of the sample and a type designator for the entity or transaction to which the immediate statistics apply. This header information is used in output processing to determine the format and position of data in the sampling records.

2.3.2.5 Trip Arrival Processing - Trip arrival processing performs placement of an arriving trip into a specific station boarding queue and initial vehicle selection for servicing of the trip demand. The trip transaction indicated by the trip arrival service request transaction is placed in the boarding queue of its origin station if capacity exists. Otherwise, the trip arrival is recorded as a rejection and the trip transaction is returned to the transaction available list. The trip which is processed may be originated as an asynchronous system arrival or a transfer arriving at a transfer station for trip continuation by the modeling process.

If the number of patrons associated with the trip exceeds the maximum trip size, it is subdivided into associated subgroups such that the size of any one subgroup does not exceed the maximum trip size. Each subgroup transaction is placed in the boarding queue at the origin station of the original trip.

If demand responsive service is in effect, processing is performed to ensure timely servicing of the trip request(s). This involves the requesting of a vehicle according to an ordered list of priorities which specifies as possibilities:

1. A vehicle (occupied/empty) about to arrive/pass by the station of the trip

2. In the station of the trip
3. An empty vehicle in local storage
4. An empty vehicle in regional storage
5. An empty vehicle circulating on the guideway.
6. Earliest available, considering all sources
7. Any expected arrival (1 and 5 combined).

In the event all requested methods fail to find a vehicle a "need counter" is incremented for interrogation by vehicles passing the station. For options 1, 5, 6 and 7 specified above, a vehicle reservations scheme is implemented in the DESM. According to this scheme, trips can reserve space on a vehicle found by the above options. This reservation can be cancelled if an earlier arriving vehicle becomes available and can service the trip. However, prior to finalizing a reservation for an arriving trip on a vehicle, all waiting and unreserved trips at the station are given an opportunity to obtain the reservation first. Thus, vehicle reservations are always given to the longest waiting trips in the station.

For timeout/group demand responsive service, arriving trips join a group of trips with a common destination. When the group reaches a user specified minimum size or the oldest trip in the group waits the maximum time a vehicle request is issued.

Once trip arrival processing is completed for the arriving trip, the next trip record is read to determine the next scheduled arrival time. This trip is assigned to a transaction whose ID is recorded within the service request transaction which is scheduled for occurrence at the arrival time for the next trip.

2.3.2.6 Checkpoint Processing - Checkpointing is performed to save the status of a simulation experiment at any point during the simulation run. Checkpointing can occur at periodic intervals or on a demand basis initiated via an asynchronous data request.

The writing of system status during a checkpoint involves recording of all global common data used by the MP. The location of this data and its length is defined to checkpoint processing during initialization.

If the checkpoint was invoked as the result of a periodic transaction event request, the transaction is rescheduled to occur at the next required checkpoint interval.

2.3.2.7 Dequeuing Processing - Transaction dequeuing is the architectural function for resuming movement of vehicle transactions which have been queued on guideway or station links as the result of congestion or failure. Dequeuing is invoked in response to a dequeuing request scheduled by the link or station model via a system service request transaction. Upstream queues are examined for waiting vehicles and if any are present, the first vehicle in the queue or the appropriate vehicle(s) from a set of queues (merge) is dequeued, and scheduled for travel, based on link priority requirements, on its next (guideway or station) entity.

2.3.2.8 Periodic Computation Processing - This functional area provides for the execution of an algorithm on a periodic basis or on a scheduled basis. This capability is used in the Hueristic FIFO merge policy wherein vehicles are delayed at merges based on the traffic density on the two links approaching the merge. When the scheduled time for algorithm execution occurs, the algorithm evaluates the density of moving vehicles on each link that leads to a merge. This density value and the density on the competing link are used to extract a time delay value for each link, which will be used to alter the travel time of all subsequent vehicles entering the link. The time delay values are used until the next scheduled time for algorithm execution occurs. This processing is also used to model failure detection, failure restart, and failure replacement vehicle initialization as well as timeout/group demand responsive inventory management.

2.3.2.9 Guideway Link Model Event Control - This functional area provides the architectural control for directing the event processing and interfacing with the Guideway Link Model. The control processing begins with invoking the link model to process the required model event for a vehicle transaction. Upon completion of the event, a determination is made as to whether all model events have been completed on the current link. If so, the next modeling entity (link or station) for the vehicle transaction is determined and checked for availability. If the next entity is available, link exit processing is accomplished and the appropriate model (link or station) is invoked to process and schedule the next event for the vehicle. Otherwise, the architecture control invokes transaction queuing for the vehicle on the current guideway link.

2.3.2.10 Guideway Link Modeling - This functional area provides for the simulated movement of vehicles along the guideway network links. Basically, the movement of vehicles along the links consists of each vehicle traversing a headway segment (used to ensure proper spacing between vehicles), and a travel segment which comprises the remainder of the link. Vehicles can traverse the travel segment under control of a fixed block or variable block vehicle position regulation scheme. Provision is made in the link model control for recognition of a user defined headway model for accomplishing link traversal.

The modeling of guideway links in the DESM is designed to minimize transaction scheduling requirements and at the same time reflect realism in vehicle movement. As such, all vehicles are required to traverse the headway segment to ensure proper spacing between successive vehicles entering the link. Upon completing headway segment traversal, the vehicle begins traversal of the travel segment. This processing may or may not require transaction scheduling, depending upon the status of the immediately preceding vehicle on the link.

If no prior vehicle exists on the link, the vehicle is scheduled for its link traversal event which encompasses the travel time to link exit. If a prior vehicle is currently on the link, the vehicle either assumes a vehicle follower position or travels to the position on the link immediately behind the vehicle. The latter occurs if the preceding vehicle is currently stopped on the link and is a member of the link exit queue due to downstream congestion or failure. If the preceding vehicle is in the process of active link traversal, individual transaction scheduling for the current vehicle is not required. Instead, the vehicle becomes a follower which is chained to the previous vehicle with time separation equal to the difference in time between travel segment entry of the two vehicles. Following vehicles chained in this manner are scheduled at some future time to close up the gap at the time the leading vehicle either stops on the link (encounters an exit queue) or completes link traversal. Thus, at any one time, only one vehicle on a guideway link requires event scheduling, thereby reducing simulation overhead requirements. In the process of scheduling following vehicles for independent travel, allowance is made for differences in velocity between consecutively traveling vehicles. Thus, the time separation or "gap" to close may be shorter or longer than initially computed at vehicle link entry time as dictated by individual vehicle link traversal speed.

If at completion of a link traversal event, the vehicle encounters the end of the link queue, it joins the queue and moves on the link at the rate of dissipation of the queue. No rescheduling of the vehicle is required until it becomes the lead vehicle in the queue ready for link exit and entry of its next modeling entity.

2.3.2.11 Station Link Model Event Control - This functional area provides the framework for controlling the processing of station link events. The station link control processes are involved in modeling vehicle movement from a station link to a station link, or from a station link to a guideway link and thus are characterized as being "inter-station link" in nature. The components under control of the Station Link Event Control accomplish the following: identify the next link in the network to be taken by a vehicle leaving a station link; determine entry feasibility for a station link; determine entry feasibility for a guideway link; manage vehicles exiting a station link; and queuing a vehicle at the end

of a station link when exit is prohibited. Two additional functions, invoked by Station Link Event Control are the Station Link Model, described in the following section and the Guideway Link Model, described previously. These two models process the events associated with "intra-station link" and "intra-guideway link" traversal or those events occurring on a station or guideway link.

2.3.2.12 Station Link Modeling - The Station Link Model provides the control for event processing on station links. These events include:

1. Headway zone travel
2. Travel segment traversal
3. Trip deboarding
4. Trip boarding
5. Vehicle storage processing
6. Launch time determination.

All station links are configured to contain some or all of the above events in some specified sequence as previously described. The Station Link Model simulates the movement and actions of a vehicle within a station link by advancing it through a sequence of events. The processing required to process a vehicle for a station link event consists of the following: event initiation processing, next event determination, and event completion processing. Most events within the station model require these basic processes. For example, event initiation processing for the deboarding of trips event determines which trips will be deboarded and the amount of time required for the deboarding process. The next event processing determines which actions must be performed subsequent to deboarding based on the sequence of events for a particular station link. Event completion processing physically removes trips from the vehicles and performs follow-up processing in the station.

2.3.2.13 Simulation Termination - Simulation termination event processing is invoked by the occurrence of a system service request transaction which indicates the end of the simulation experiment. Termination processing, (orderly shutdown of the Model Processor), is performed for the architecture and modeling subsystems. Modeling subsystem termination involves the gathering and formatting of current modeling status into a simulation termination report. This report summarizes the termination status of each modeling entity and provides selected statistics reflecting operational performances of the transit system being modeled

at simulation termination. System termination processing consists of finalizing usage statistics related to event processing efficiency and the display of a simulation termination message which reflects the condition of termination for the simulation experiment.

2.3.3 Output Processor

The DESM output processor provides the means by which sampling data, written to the raw statistics file during a simulation experiment, can be retrieved and formatted for transit system analysis. The output processor permits access to and manipulation of the raw statistics in a convenient and unrestrictive manner. This is achieved by providing a user interface which does not require a priori knowledge of how data are formatted, acquired from the input source, or arranged internal to the processor itself.

The processing performed by the output processor is directed by service request commands input by the user. These commands invoke the four basic processes provided by the OP as follows:

1. Data storage allocation
2. Command request processing
3. Data acquisition and manipulation
4. Data display.

Data request commands provide the means by which desired statistics and presentation format are specified for retrieval. Those requests are accumulated until a read command which causes actual accumulation and formatting of data is encountered.

The OP allows the accumulation of up to 400 user requests before data acquisition is required. The exact number of data request commands which are accumulated prior to initiating data acquisition and processing is entirely dependent upon user requirements since data acquisition is performed only in response to a user command request. The OP also contains an automatic request generation facility which allows the user to obtain via a single request a specific item of data over a range of modeling entities.

The basic control loop of the OP involves the reading and filing of user data requests until a data acquisition (READ) command is encountered. This causes the reading of the raw statistics file to begin and data manipulation, summarization, and display to be performed. Once the desired data display and output have been accomplished, the control loop

is once again started to process further sets of user command requests. The control loop is executed until all user data requests have been satisfied.

2.3.3.1 Initialization - Upon initial entry, the OP performs initialization processing to establish initial conditions for the processing of a raw statistics file. This involves the initial formatting and allocation of the bin storage area which is used for data (sample value) storage during the acquisition process. Default parameters relating to problem size definition are acquired from the raw statistics file to define the following characteristics of the simulation experiment from which the raw statistics were derived.

1. Number of Guideway Links
2. Number of Stations
3. Number of Station Links
4. Number of Routes and Route Groups
5. Simulation Clock Granularity
6. Sampling Interval
7. Vehicle Capacity
8. Station Link Type Classifications.
9. Vehicle Seating Capacity
10. Vehicle Fleet Size
11. Excess Travel Time Autogram Intervals

These characteristics are used to control data acquisition and format control in processing the raw statistics file and in the computation of system wide performance measures and derived statistical measures.

2.3.3.2 Data Request Processing - Once initialization has been performed, each OP request for data is processed until an acquisition (READ) command is encountered. These requests are entered by the user to control auxiliary (trace) output printing, acquisition of individual statistics, performance summary generation, and pre-formatted report preparation.

As each command request is processed, a region within the data storage area is assigned to contain the data required for satisfying the request, and decoding and filing of the command request is performed. During the decoding process, those requests for individual statistics which require data to be collected over a range of entities, cause the automatic generation and filing of individual requests for each entity in the specified range.

2.3.3.3 Raw Statistics Processing - The actual acquisition of data, from the raw statistics file, is initiated upon encountering an acquisition (READ) command during the processing of user data requests. The acquisition process begins with positioning of the raw statistics file to the beginning of the request accumulation interval and correlating the data associated with filed requests to record types and formats contained in the raw statistics file. The raw statistics file is composed of a sequence of time tagged header records identifying the type of data which follows and a group of follower records which contain the recorded sampled data.

Actual data acquisition from required record types is performed by I/O processing based on individual record type for the major data category indicated in the record group header. This processing iterates upon each of the follower records in turn and then upon each of the requests in the request table associated with the particular record type.

For each iteration, the required data item is located in the follower record, retrieved, and stored in the appropriate storage area. If during the store process, an allocated storage area for a particular request becomes full, it is automatically reallocated to contain more space. Thus, the file reading process does not require a "second guess" of how much each type of data actually resides in the raw statistics file. Once storage of a data item has been performed, the storage space pointers contained in the request table entry are updated to reflect storage utilization.

2.3.3.4 Data Display Processing - Data display processing is performed upon completion of data acquisition to produce the desired output format requested by the user. The display process involves cycling through the filed requests and manipulating, formatting, and outputting the associated data. As part of the formatting process, sixteen character descriptive titles for the requested statistics are retrieved for labeling purposes. In the case of station link data requests, a type mnemonic is assigned for output labeling, based upon the numeric configuration type designation for the requested station link.

2.3.3.4.1 Time Series Processing - The processing of time series listing requests results in the retrieval and sequential display of individual sample values accumulated over the request interval. A statistical summary request results in the preparation of summary displays which reflect the statistical characteristics of the individual sampled data points.

2.3.3.4.2 Time Series Plot Processing - Time series plotting involves determining the range of sampled values in order to establish the necessary plotting grid and scale factors for data plotting purposes. The user may enter the minimum and maximum values to be used for scaling the sampled values to the grid. Once the plotting grid and scale factors are established, each sample point is scaled and plotted on the grid and output along with a listing of the actual sampled value.

2.3.3.4.3 Histogram Processing - Histogram generation involves the computation of the mean and standard deviation for the selected statistic. A frequency distribution of occurrences within specified class intervals is accumulated and output with the information described above.

2.3.3.4.4 Performance Summary Processing - Performance Summary processing involves the collection and manipulation of individually accumulated statistics encompassing a range of entity values over the entire period of data acquisition. These data are used to compute system wide totals, minimum, and maximum values, and system wide averages which provide several measures of system performance. These data are output in the form of a preformatted Performance Summary Report and recorded in the data base Performance Summary File.

2.3.3.4.5 Standard Report Processing - Report processing results in the automatic generation of one of two predefined analysis reports, as selected by the user. Each report contains a selected subset of sampled data, reflecting both system wide and individual measures of system performance.

2.3.3.4.6 Station-to-Station Measures Report Processing - Report processing results in the generation of a report on a station-to-station basis for one of seven selected measures and includes number of samples, average, standard deviation, maximum, and minimum for each O-D pair.

2.4 OPTIONS

User control over the DESM is provided by a wide range of standard input options which are used to establish the basis for a given simulation experiment, control the modeling process, and perform data retrieval and display of statistical results. In addition, flexibility of the DESM is enhanced by providing an algorithm replacement capability and a modular system architecture which supports user substitution for features within both the guideway and station modeling subsystems of the MP.

2.4.1 Standard User Controls

Standard user options are input to the DESM via the IP. The IP performs translation of input definition data and selected user options to the structured data files within the AGT data base for use in the MP.

Output Processing options are input directly to the OP in the form of command requests, as previously described in subsection 2.3.3.2, to direct acquisition and display of raw statistics output by the MP. The options available for direct input to the DESM for conducting a simulation experiment and subsequent performance analysis are summarized in the decision tree diagrams shown in Figures 2-8 through 2-13.

2.4.2 Linkage Editor Controls

DESM function substitution requires user coding and implementation of parallel program segments which satisfy all interface, data, and format conventions as detailed in the DESM Technical Specification and Programmer's Manual. User substituted functions are incorporated into the DESM model by means of linkage editor control statements which identify the program segments for inclusion in the DESM executable load module. Algorithm replacements are also incorporated via linkage editor control by including additional user coded program segments. The execution of these algorithms is provided via direct option control incorporated in the DESM as described below.

2.4.2.1 Station Model Diverge Functions - Station link selection within the DESM is performed automatically as described in subsection 1.3.4. However, as an input option, a user supplied diverge function can be executed to determine the next link which should be entered. Although not used in normal processing, two default diverge functions which duplicate the automatic selection process are provided within the DESM for user interface purposes and possible use by the user in implementing station model control changes.

2.4.2.2 Algorithm Replacement Options - The DESM provides options for user replacement of operational control algorithms for guideway link headway regulation and empty vehicle distribution. In addition, a capability is provided for executing any user specified algorithm incorporated in the model on a periodic basis.

2.5 FILE STRUCTURE

As shown by the organization diagram, Figure 2-1, the data base is the essential interface between the three processors of the DESM. Each of the processors requires input data files and produces output data files which in some cases then becomes the input data of another processor. The data files shown are described below in the order in which they would be used if the entire DESM were to be exercised and are summarized in Table 2-1. The input parameters and required formats are defined in Section 4.

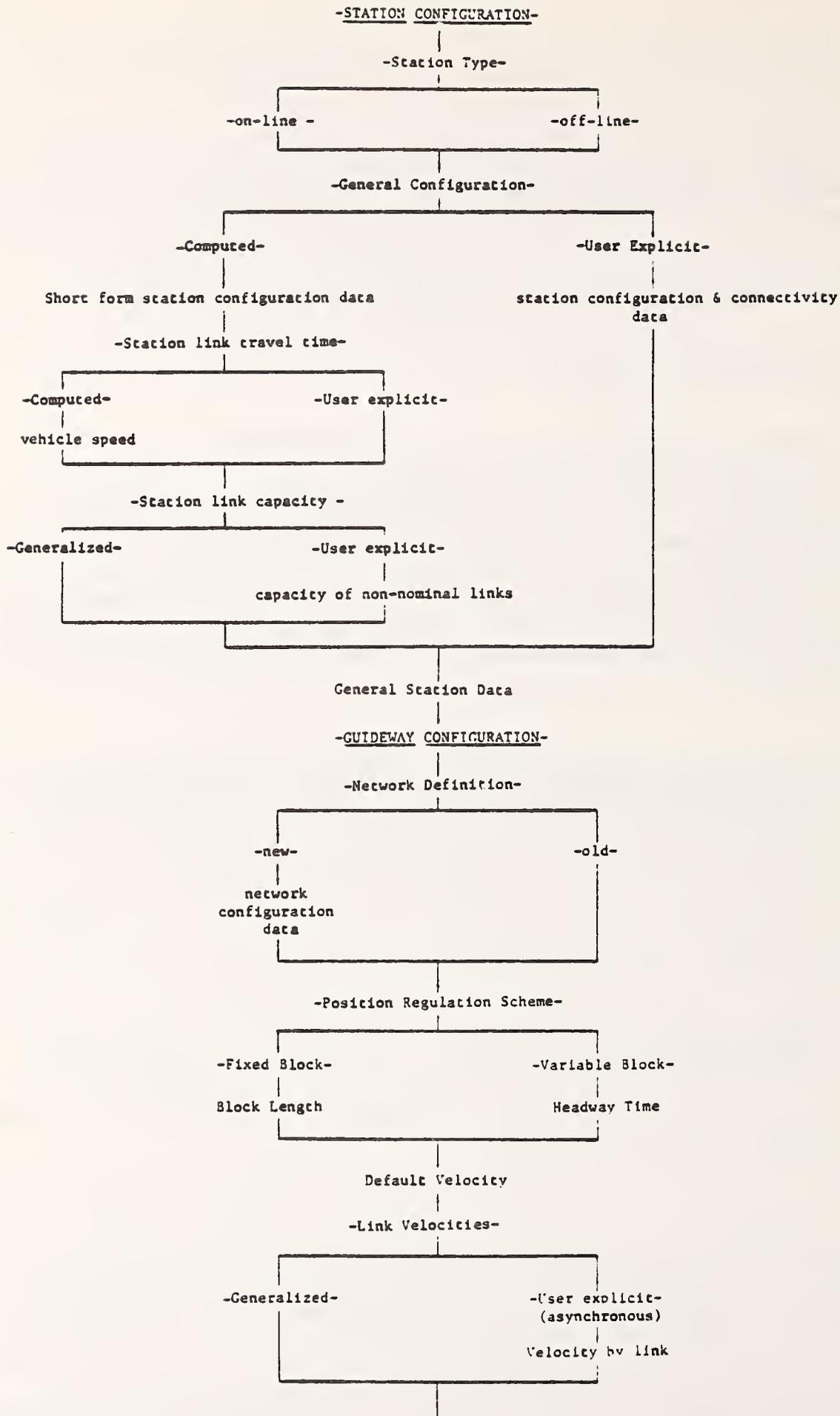


FIGURE 2-8. MODEL CONFIGURATION OPTIONS

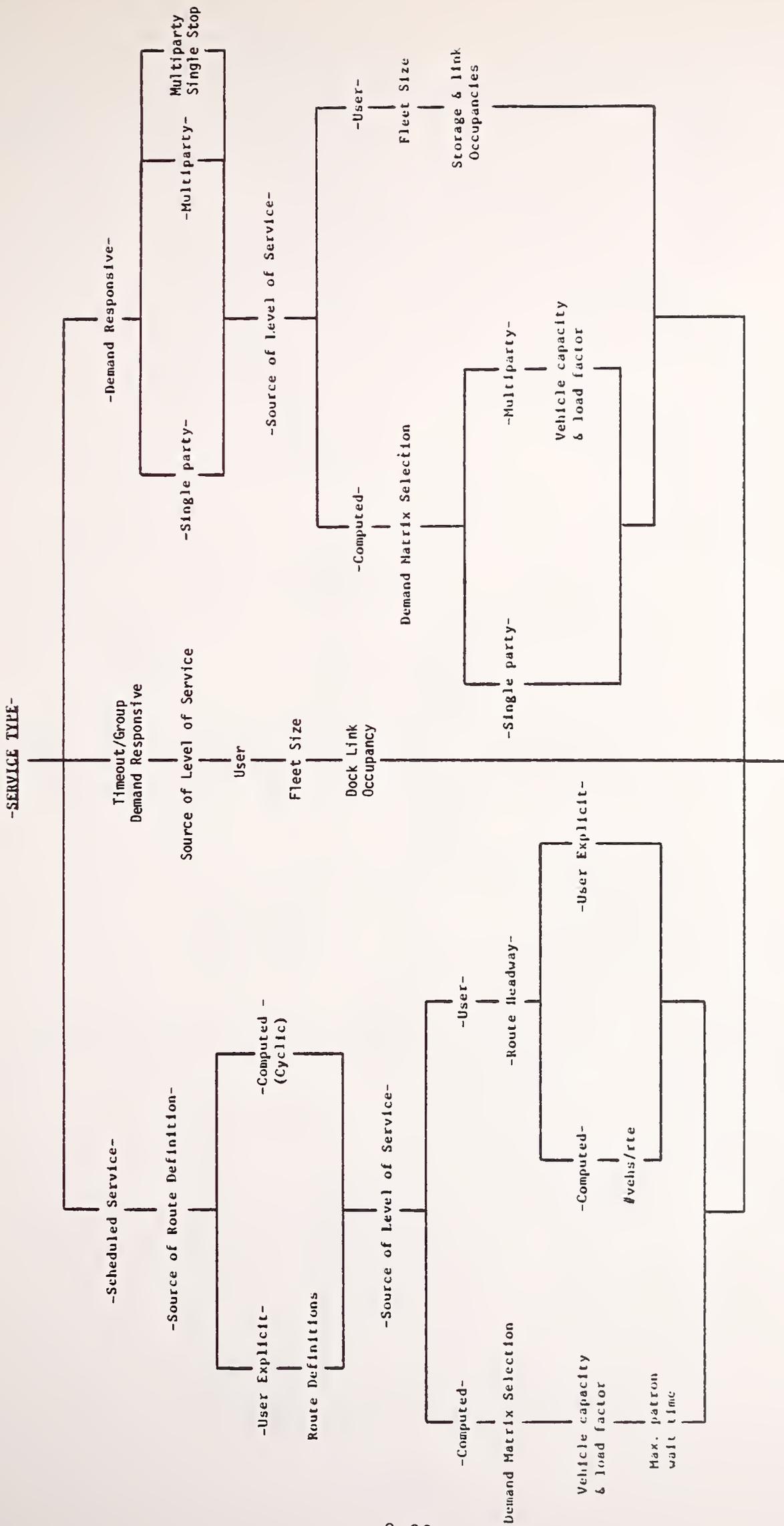


FIGURE 2-9. SERVICE MODE OPTIONS

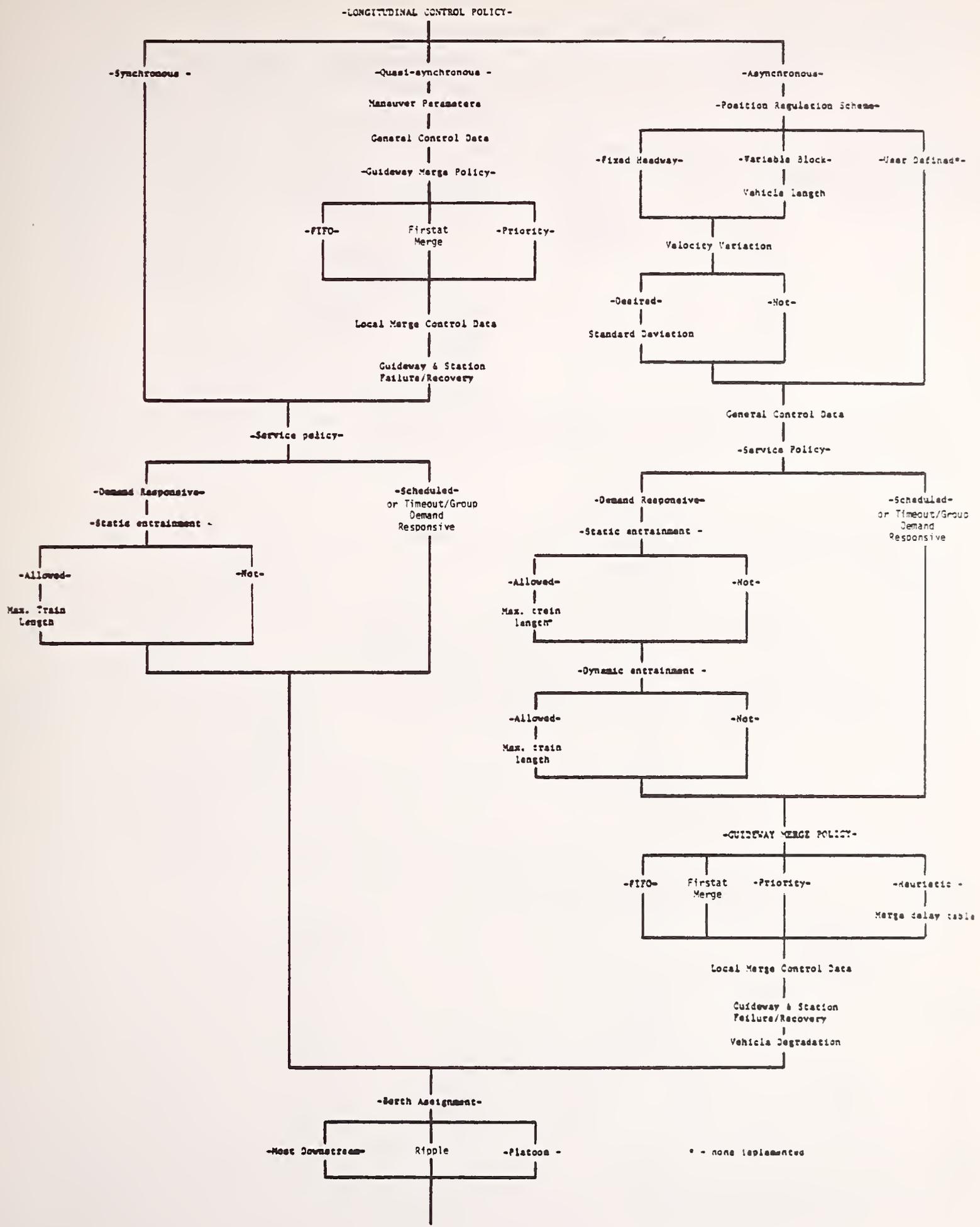


FIGURE 2-11. VEHICLE CONTROL OPTIONS

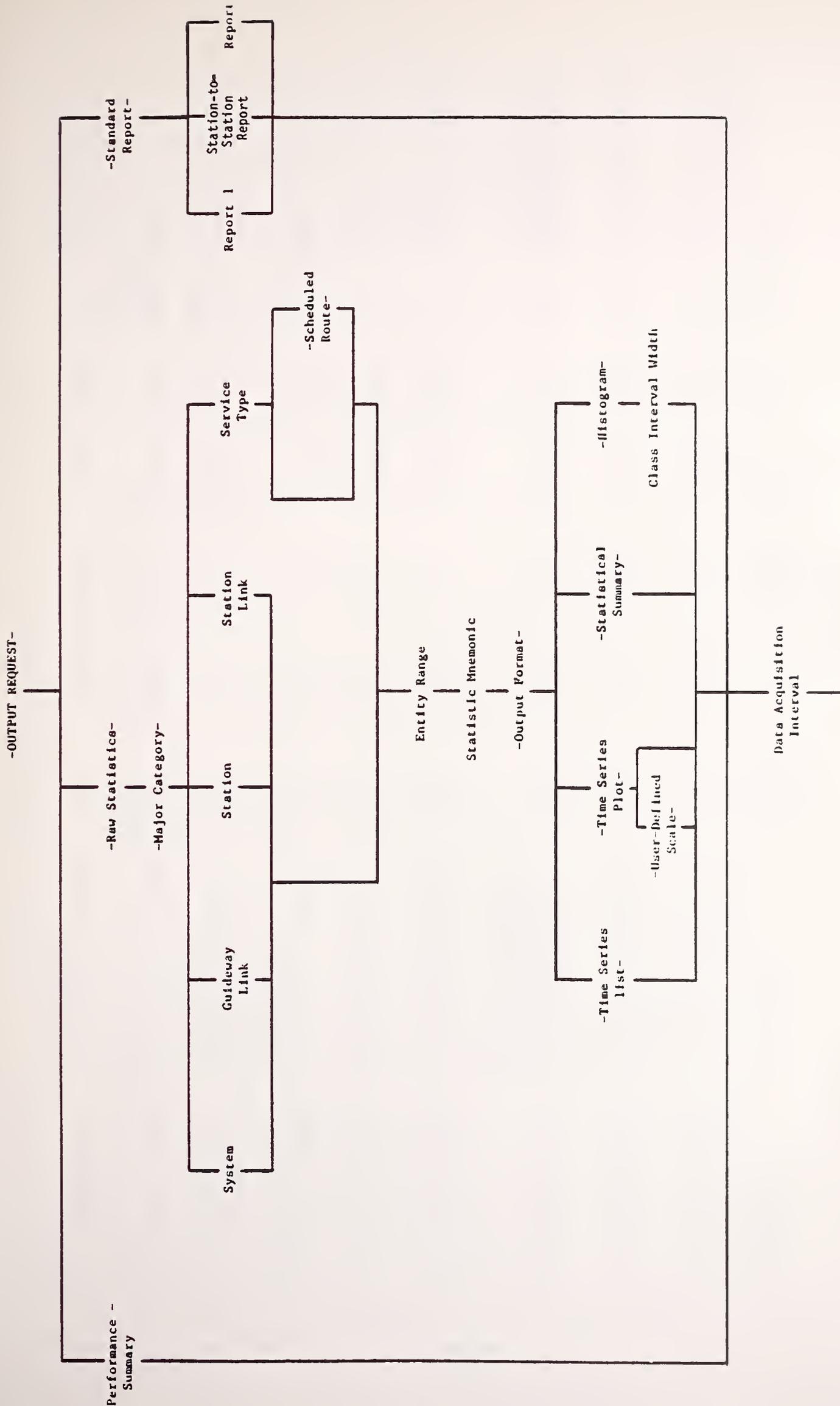


FIGURE 2-13. OUTPUT PROCESSING OPTIONS

TABLE 2-1. DESM DATA FILES (Page 1 of 2)

Attributes

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Contents</u>	<u>Organi- zation</u>	<u>Record Format</u>	<u>Record Length</u>	<u>Block Size</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Source</u>	<u>Use</u>
AGT.IANDD.NETWORK	Network Definition	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	User	Input Processor
AGT.IANDD.SYSTEM	System Character- istics	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	User	Input Processor
AGT.IANDD.DEMAND	Demand Generation Data	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	User	Input Processor
AGT.IANDD.RNTIM	Time Dependent Overrides and Option Selection Data	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	User	Input Processor Output Processor
AGT.STRUC.NETWORK	Structured Network Definition	PDS	VS	0	3120	Binary	IP	Model Processor
AGT.STRUC.SYSTEM	Structured System Characteristics	PDS	VS	0	3120	Binary	IP	Model Processor
AGT.STRUC.DEMAND	Structured Demand (Trip Arrival Sequence)	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	User and IP	Model Processor
AGT.STRUC.RNTIM	Asynchronous Run Time Input	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	IP and Model User	IP and Model Processor
AGT.INDEX.DEINDEX	Run Identification Log	SEQ	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	User, IP, MP, OP	User
AGT.IANDD.SSP	Station to Station Performance	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	IP	System Planning Model and User

TABLE 2-1. DESM DATA FILES (Page 2 of 2) (Continued)

Attributes

<u>File Name</u>	<u>Contents</u>	<u>Organi- zation</u>	<u>Record Format</u>	<u>Record Length</u>	<u>Block Size</u>	<u>Type</u>	<u>Source Use</u>
AGT.STATS.DESM	Raw Statistics	PDS	VS	0	3120	Binary	MP Output Processor
AGT.CHKPT.DESM	Checkpoint/Restart	PDS	VS	0	3120	Binary	MP Model Processor
AGT.STRUC.DEMANDVG	Vehicle Log	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	MP Detailed Station Model and User
AGT.STRUC.TRIPILOG	Completed Trips Log	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	MP User and Output Processor
AGT.STRUC.DESMLLOG	Link Statistics Log	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	MP Dynamics Processors
AGT.STRUC.DESMSLOG	Station Statistics Log	PDS	FB	80	3120	EBCDIC	MP Dynamics Processors
AGT.PERSUM.DESM	Performance Summary Measures	PDS	FB	80	800	EBCDIC	OP Comparison Output Processor

1. Data Set Input to the DESM Input Processor
(Input and Description Files).

The Input and Description (I&D) files contain a variety of data that have been assembled for input to the input processor. The files are partitioned data sets whose members are created by users.

- a. Network Configuration (AGT.IANDD.NETWORK (member)) -- This file is used by the model input processor to create a structured data file of the network geography for use by the model. Network description includes node classification and connectivity as well as adjacent node separation distances. Network configurations are stored in character form and may be displayed, edited, or printed by the user.
- b. System Characteristics (AGT.IANDD.SYSTEM (member)) -- The members of this user-created file are card image data sets with each member containing a complete description of a single system. This file contains the specifications of each station link and vehicle characteristics as well as the overall station configuration. Policies or control regulation characteristics being modeled are described. Parameters for specifying model reporting are also provided. This file is used by the input processor to create a structured data file for use by the model. The data stored in character form may be displayed, edited, or printed by the user.
- c. Trip Demand Data (AGT.IANDD.DEMAND (member)) -- This user-created file of card image data sets contains the specifications required to generate trips. These data include the number of stations, the time base for trip generation, an origin-to-destination demand matrix in passengers per time base and group size distribution and selection data. This file is used by the model input processor to create a structured data file for use by the model. The data are stored in character form and may be displayed, edited, or printed by the user.
- d. Run-Time Inputs (AGT.IANDD.RNTIM (member)) -- This user-created file contains any data desired to override that provided in the System Characteristics File for a modeling or simulation run. Additionally, the data may contain time-dependent information necessary to trigger specific discrete events, such as failure occurrences, etc. Members of the file are card image data sets in character form which may be displayed, edited, or printed by the user.

2. Data Sets Produced by the Input Processor and Used by the Model Processor (Structured Data Files).

The structured data files, similar to the input and description files are partitioned data sets which are created by the input processor for later use as input to the model processor. Network definition is expanded to include all station connectivity descriptions along with link lengths. The trip demand data are expanded to produce individual trip events of specific origin and destination at given times. The system characteristics data remain much as they were originally entered as input and description data. However, as structured data, they have been checked for reasonableness and all parameters have been converted to a form usable by the model. Run-time data consist of time-dependent data such as failures and fleet size management requests which have been processed from user inputs at input processor run-time.

- a. Network Configuration (AGT.STRUC.NETWORK (member)) -- This input file to the model processor contains a complete description of a single network or the network geography.

It contains forward and backward guideway link connectivity, station/guideway connectivity, shortest path routes between each pair of stations, and link length. Members are stored in binary form and are therefore not readable by the user.

- b. System Characteristics (AGT.STRUC.SYSTEM (member)) -- This file contains the machine-readable version of an initial and complete description of a single system for model processing. In addition, transit service characteristics which have been computed are added. Overrides from the Run-Time file (I&D) are also incorporated in this version of the system characteristics. Members are stored in binary form and are therefore not readable by the user.

- c. Trip Sequence Data (AGT.STRUC.DEMAND (member)) -- This file contains a record in arrival time sequence for each trip arriving at the various stations over a time interval. The time, origin, destination, and the number of passengers is included for each trip record. The members of this file are not normally accessed by the user even though the data are in character form and may be displayed, edited, or printed.

- d. Run-Time or Time Dependent Data (AGT.STRUC.RNTIM (member)) -- This file, which can be modified by the user prior to model processing, contains the text cards input by the user in the input and description Run-Time file to be printed as titles by the Model Processor. It also contains system characteristics data which is to take effect when time is greater than zero such as insertion or removal of failures and adjustments in the vehicle fleet size. The data are in card image format.
 - e. Run Index (AGT.INDEX.DEINDEX) -- This file contains a current history of simulation runs performed. A member is first created during execution of the input processor and is then updated each time the model processor or output processor is initiated. At the time it is available to the model processor, the file contains user-specified run description input to the input processor as well as a summary of the output files generated by the input processor. The file is a sequential data set, with entries added as the various processors are executed.
3. Additional Data Sets Produced by Input Processor.
- a. Station to Station Performance (AGT.IANDD.SSP (member)) -- This file contains the nominal travel time between every pair of stations in the network, including dwell time of intermediate stops if the service type is scheduled. The data is in card image format.
4. Data Sets Produced by the Model Processor and Used by the Output Processor.
- a. Raw Statistics (AGT.STATS.DESM (member)) -- This model processor-created file contains machine-readable raw statistics collected at each sampling interval during model execution. Members are stored in binary form and cannot be accessed directly by the user.
 - b. Completed Trips Log (AGT.STRUC.TRIPLOG (member)) -- This file serves as a supplement to the raw statistics data recorded by the MP. As each trip terminates, a record summarizing selected trip characteristics is written to the file. These data can be printed directly from the file or serve as input to the station-to-station measures report.
 - c. Run Index (AGT.INDEX.DEINDEX) -- This model processor-modified file is used to record the member name, date, and time for the statistics and checkpoint data output during the execution of the model processor (see (e) above).

5. Additional Data Sets Produced by Model Processor.

- a. Vehicle Log (AGT.STRUC.DEMANDVG (member)) -- This file contains vehicle demand data in a format suitable for direct input into the Detailed Station Model. Each record contained in the file corresponds to a vehicle arrival at a selected network station during a given simulation run.
- b. Link Statistics Log (AGT.STRUC.DESMLLOG (member)) -- This file contains link capacity and average occupancy statistics for each link in a format to be processed by the Tektronix 4081 Link Utilization Display Processors.
- c. Station Statistics Log (AGT.STRUC.DESMSLOG (member)) -- This file contains passenger boarding queue capacity and average occupancy statistics for each station in a format to be processed by the Tektronix 4081 Passenger Queue Length Display Processor.
- d. Checkpoint (AGT.CHKPT.DESM (member)) -- This machine readable file contains time tagged records of all global simulation data as recorded on a demand or periodic basis during a simulation run. These data can be used to restart or resume a given simulation experiment at the specific point of execution defined in the checkpoint data.

6. Additional Data Set Input to the Output Processor

- a. Run-Time Data (AGT.IANDD.RNTIM (member)) -- This user-created file contains the control information required by the output processor to produce statistical output. Members of the file are card image data sets in character form which may be displayed, edited, or printed by the user.

7. Data Sets Produced by the Output Processor

- a. Performance Summary File (AGT.PERSUM.DESM (member)) -- This file contains selected performance measurements computed by the OP for a particular model run based upon recorded raw statistics.



3. COMPUTER REQUIREMENTS

The DESM requires an IBM System 370, Model 155, 158, 165, or 168 CPU, or a compatible equivalent for program maintenance and execution.

3.1 CORE MEMORY

The core storage size required to execute the DESM is a function of maximum problem size, given by System Generation (compile time) definitions for network size, configuration and system capacity. These SYSGEN sizes represent an upper bound on the size of a particular simulation experiment that can be modeled by the DESM. The current SYSGEN definitions as presented in subsection 1.4, require a minimum of 3400K bytes of core storage. This requirement applies specifically to the MP, which represents the largest of the three components of the DESM. This requirement is exclusive of System Control Program Core requirements, which are CPU and installation dependent. In order to support the problem size requirements placed on the DESM, as outlined in the Functional Specification, a minimum of 4.5 million bytes of core storage will be required.

Size requirements can be varied as necessary to support smaller or larger maximum problem sizes or core storage availability, by redefining compile maximum values (see Table 5-1) and recompiling and link editing the IP, MP, and OP components of the DESM. Only the I/O portion of the OP need be recompiled to reflect new maximum size definitions. As a guide to establishing core storage requirements for a particular SYSGEN of the DESM, core requirements for key configuration and capacity related elements within the MP are shown in Table 3-1. The exact core region size required for execution of the IP, MP, and OP components of the DESM, after recompilation and link editing, is provided as a standard output of the link edit process.

3.2 PERIPHERAL EQUIPMENT

The DESM is designed for either batch mode or terminal supported background mode operations. In a batch environment, standard system utilities and JCL procedures are used for data base updating and model execution. Background operation requires the use of an online terminal and associated terminal support software to allow online data base editing and job submission. This capability is provided via TSO, if

TABLE 3-1. DESM CORE REQUIREMENTS

<u>Element</u>	<u>Core Required</u>
Basic DESM MP	480K Bytes
Vehicles	167 Bytes per vehicle
Guideway Links	153 Bytes per link
Stations	282 Bytes per station + 18 (number of stations squared)
Station Links	(83 x maximum number of stations + 24) Bytes per station link
Trips	69 Bytes per concurrent trip
Transactions	14 Bytes per transaction
Routes	(160 + 12 x maximum number of links) Bytes per route + 10 x maximum number of entries in route list
Network	4 x (maximum number of stations x maximum number of links x maximum number of simultaneous path tables) + (maximum number of merges + 2) x maximum number of intervals in merge scheduling table + 16 x (maximum number of merges) Bytes

available, in a System 370 operating environment. The mode of operation selected for the DESM places certain constraints on the peripheral equipment required for maintenance and execution of the model. The specific equipment requirements are described below.

3.2.1 Data Base Storage

The procedures provided for execution of the DESM require the use of direct access storage for online data base access and control. However, with user modification of the standard procedures, other forms of data storage can be used to eliminate online storage requirements or provide a supplement to the online data base.

3.2.1.1 Direct Access Storage - The storage requirements for various functional areas of the DESM are given below, in cylinders of IBM 3330 disk storage (approximately 248,000 bytes):

1. Program Development Libraries (Source, Object, and load) -- 20 cylinders
2. Input from Data Base (per configuration) -- 10 cylinders
3. Trip Arrival Sequence (One hour of 30,000 trips) -- 2.5 cylinders
4. Checkpoint Data (each checkpoint assuming problem size definition given in Section 1.4) -- 1.2 cylinders/checkpoint record
5. Raw Statistics (assuming configuration defined in Section 1.4, one hour simulation, one minute sampling interval) -- .27 cylinders/sample (5.1 tracks), 16.3 cylinders/hour of simulated time
6. Auxiliary Output
 - a. Completed trips log -- 5 cylinders
 - b. Vehicle Station Arrival Log -- 1 cylinder
 - c. Link Statistics Log -- 1 cylinder
 - d. Station Statistics Log -- 1 cylinder.

3.2.1.2 Magnetic Tape - The DESM has no explicit requirement for magnetic tape storage, but it may be a preferable medium over direct access storage for handling of simulation output data. The selection of tape over disk should be based upon the amount of disk space available, frequency of access required, computer center operational procedures, and desired mode of DESM operation. Files resident on magnetic tape are not readily modified and cannot be displayed via background terminal editing and display procedures. For planning estimates, a 2400 foot

reel of tape recorded at 1600 bytes/inch has a capacity equivalent to 188 cylinders of 3330 disk space.

3.2.2 Unit Record Equipment

The DESM will require a card reader for batch job submission and a high-speed printer for output.

3.2.3 Display Terminal

Background data preparation and job submission via standard TSO procedures require a 3270 display terminal or equivalent for DESM operation.

3.3 SYSTEM CONTROL PROGRAM

Maintenance and operation of the DESM requires specific operating system and system support software features as described below.

3.3.1 Operating System

The DESM executable load module is structured to avoid requirements for the loading and overlaying of individual program segments. Each execution of the DESM assumes the availability of "unlimited" core storage as provided in a virtual storage and virtual machine operating environment. Specifically, the following operating system or a compatible equivalent is required:

OS/VS2 (SVS or MVS option).

Additionally, the use of the DESM in a background environment requires operating system support of a file/editing, updating, and job submission capability which provides for online terminal operations. In an OS/VS environment, this support is provided via the Time Sharing Option (TSO).

3.3.2 Compilers/Linkage Editor

Modification or maintenance of the DESM, for supporting the use of user defined algorithms or models requires the availability of programming language support as used in initial model development. The primary source language used in the DESM development is a user oriented structured version of FORTRAN, PARAFOR, supplemented by assembler language for

accomplishing system interface and complex data manipulation and core management functions. Structured FORTRAN and Assembler language coding within the DESM requires the following system compilers:

1. FORTRAN IV (H level)
2. PL/I Optimizer
3. Assembler (H).

Executable load module creation, requires the use of a Linkage Editor which supports an overlay option.

3.3.3 Support Software

Structured FORTRAN and data base maintenance require the following utility software:

1. PARAFOR
2. OS/VS2 System Utilities.

PARAFOR contains the translation mechanism for converting user coded structured FORTRAN source to executable FORTRAN language via the PL/I Optimizing Compiler. OS/VS2 utilities provide the capability for user batch updating and modification of the AGT data base and program libraries.

4. INPUT DATA

User input specifications to the DESM reside in the following data base files:

- o AGT.IANDD.NETWORK -- Fixed format network definition data
- o AGT.IANDD.DEMAND -- Fixed format origin/destination (O/D) demand definition
- o AGT.IANDD.SYSTEM -- Card image formatted system characteristics
- o AGT.IANDD.RNTIM -- Card image formatted simulation and output processor data
- o AGT.STRUC.RNTIM -- Card image formatted model processor asynchronous data input.

The network and demand files serve as the primary input to the IP for generation of network configuration and trip arrival data for the MP. In typical DESM operation, these files are created by the Network Build Module and Feeder System Model as station and guideway link node definitions and O/D demand matrices, respectively. However, direct user specification of these data is possible providing file formatting conventions, as defined in subsection 4.1.2, are followed. The system and simulation related data, resident in the AGT.IANDD.SYSTEM and RNTIM files, are also input to the IP for generation of system characteristics and time dependent data input for the MP. The initial system characteristics consisting of the IANDD.SYSTEM data along with zero-time IANDD.RNTIM data, are checked for consistency and reasonableness and transferred to the AGT.STRUC.SYSTEM file which serves as input to the MP. Additional time dependent data read or created by the IP in response to user input asynchronous event requests are placed in the MP run time file, AGT.STRUC.RNTIM. Since the AGT.STRUC.RNTIM file is in card image format, the user may insert any system characteristics data prior to executing the model processor. However, the parameters must be in the proper units, must be consistent with other related data and must be structured to conform with model processor data requirements. The recommended procedure is to insert system characteristic data changes in the AGT.IANDD.RNTIM file and run the input processor. Zero time data inserted by the user in the STRUC.RNTIM file to override MP initialization (e.g., system characteristics or network data) must precede all other inputs in the file and must represent a contiguous set of data, option, parameter, selection, or

flag type inputs. Any intervening zero time data not specified via one of the preceding categories terminates MP initialization data reading and begins the processing of time dependent data. Zero time data read as time dependent input are read and processed only after model initialization is complete and the actual simulation process has been initiated.

The AGT.IANDD.RNTIM file is also used as an input source for the Output Processor. Processing of raw statistics is controlled by user input command requests contained within this file.

4.1 DESCRIPTION OF INPUT

The input files within the AGT data base are organized as partitioned data sets to allow the simultaneous storage of unique data descriptions, identified by member name, within an individual file. This organization permits direct user modification of individual members within the files via standard batch mode utility procedures and terminal supported background editing procedures. In addition, by specification of member names, any combination of data within the data base can be specified as input to the simulation process.

Although any user specified input within the data base can be updated via terminal supported editing procedures, the network and demand input is best suited for batch updating in the absence of Network Build Module or Feeder System Model generation. This is due to the amount of data which must be input to define extended or large scale simulation experiments.

Any data specified as system characteristics input can be defined as run time data to the MP. However, the advantage of consistency and reasonableness checking provided by the IP are bypassed. In addition, the user must perform any units conversion, data redefinition, and dependent data generation normally performed by the IP prior to creating the structured data used by the MP.

4.1.1 System Characteristics and Runtime Inputs

Simulation related data contained in the SYSTEM and RNTIM files are specified in a generalized input format which allows user defined format specification, constrained by variable type, for the particular data being entered. These data are processed by the Generalized Data Input Processing (GDIP) feature of the DESM.

GDIP eliminates the need for pre-initializing data areas prior to program execution and provides the ability to change data formats

without requiring modification to embedded read statements contained in executable program modules. The GDIP provides the following features, which are controlled by the user at program execution time:

1. Time dependent data may be entered.
2. Any rectangular section of any array may be modified.
3. The data items to be loaded are specified on input cards or card images of the user's own format, which is specified at execution time.
4. A "repetition factor" allows the loading of consecutive data elements with a single value specification.

All system characteristics and simulation-related run time inputs must be preceded by a header card or card image which identifies the type of data to be entered or represents a request for a system action by the simulator. Header cards which identify text or block data input are followed immediately by data cards with unique formats. The termination of data card processing occurs upon reading the next header statement.

Header Statements

The header statements recognized by the DESM include:

- o System Action Requests
 - CKPT -- Perform checkpoint processing
 - REST* -- Perform system restart
 - STOP -- Terminate simulation
 - EOD -- Terminate input data processing.
- o Data Processing Requests
 - INDEX -- Initialize run index
 - TEXT -- Write comment to system output
 - COMMENT -- Provide descriptive commentary in input data base

*Valid only for Model Processor

- PARAM -- Begin processing system global parameters
- OPTION -- Begin processing system option selections
- SELECT -- Begin processing system alternatives selections
- DATA -- Begin processing block data
- FAIL -- Perform failure/repair processing
- AFSM -- Perform active fleet size management
- FLAG -- Initiate auxiliary output.

Each header card must be coded according to the following input format:

- o Column 1-6 -- Time in seconds (Flt. Pt. F6.0) at which data or request is to be processed (0 for initialization data only)
- o Columns 7-12 -- Header Name (left justified)
- o Columns 13-72 -- Ignored
- o Columns 73-80 -- Serialization (only printed).

Follower Cards

Follower cards contain the data which are to be processed by the read data routine as identified by a preceding header card. The follower cards required by specific data requests contain unique formats as described below. Following each format definition, an example of the use of that particular header and related follower card or card image (if any) combination is included.

CKPT

No follower card required. Time value in columns 1-6 defines the time at which the checkpoint is to be taken.

Example: 300.CKPT

REST

No follower card required. Time value in columns 1-6 defines the timetag of the checkpoint data to be used. This data type must appear as the first entry in the structured run time file.

Example: 1500.REST

STOP

No follower card required. Time value in columns 1-6 defines the time at which the simulation experiment is to terminate.

Example: 1800.STOP

EOD

No follower card required. The detection of 'EOD' terminates input data reading at the time specified in columns 1-6.

Example: 1800.EOD

INDEX

- o Follower cards 1 through n: A set of n follower cards, each containing up to 72 characters of text in columns 1-72. The text is the user's description of the simulation experiment, which is to be written to the run index file.
- o Follower card n+1:
 - Columns 1-3 -- END
 - Columns 4-72 -- Blank
 - Columns 73-80 -- Blank or serialization

Example:

```
INDEX
THIS RUN DEMONSTRATES THE DESM CAPABILITIES OF
SCHEDULED SERVICE AND A FIXED HEADWAY POSITION
REGULATION SCHEME. TRANSFERS ARE ENABLED. A NEW
NETWORK AND TRIP FILE ARE GENERATED.
END
```

TEXT

One follower card is required, containing up to 72 characters of text to be written to the system output device.

Example:

```
TEXT
FAILURE INSERTED - ENTRY TO LINK 12 BLOCKED.
```

COMMENT

A set of n follower cards, each containing up to 72 characters of descriptive commentary in columns 1-72. Card n+1 must contain:

- o Columns 1-3 -- END
- o Columns 4-72 -- Blank
- o Columns 73-80 -- Blank or serialization.

Example:

```
          COMMENT
COMMON ECIVEH:  VEHICLE DATA
                VDFACT-DEGRAD FACTOR          VLEN-VEH LENGTH(FT)
                VCAP-VEH CAP(PASS)
                END
```

PARAM, OPTION, SELECT, DATA, FAIL, AFSM

These data input types provide the capability for modifying simulator parameters and data arrays on a time dependent basis. The beginning of each input request is identified by one of these six types of header statements. The request must be terminated with an END follower card. As many sets of input data as desired can be entered in time order, providing the above requirements for identifying the beginning and end of data are satisfied. The follower cards identifying the input data consist of:

- o Card 1 -- Data Identifier
 - Columns 1-7 -- The name of a simulator parameter, left-justified.
 - Columns 8-9 -- N, the number of data items on a single follower card.
 - Columns 10-15 -- F, the format of a single data item (e.g., I4, L2, F10.5, etc.). This format must be compatible with the data mode of the variable.
 - Columns 16-20, 21-25 -- The lower and upper bounds on the first subscript (if any), respectively.
 - Columns 26-30, 31-35 -- The lower and upper bounds on the second subscript (if two or more).

- Columns 36-40, 41-45 -- The lower and upper bounds on the third subscript (if three or more).
- Columns 46-50, 51-55 -- The lower and upper bounds on the fourth subscript (if four).
- Columns 56-72 -- Ignored.
- Columns 73-80 -- Blank or serialization.

Entries of an array are loaded with the first subscript varying most rapidly within the range specified; the last subscript varies slowest.

o Cards 2 through M -- Data Cards

- Columns 1-2 -- R, the repetition factor (0 or blank means 1).
- Columns 3-72 -- N fields of the format F.
- Columns 73-80 -- Blank or serialization.

If R is greater than 1, then R replications of the set of N data items on the card are used to load the specified array. A data identifier card and data card(s) are entered for each parameter to be input. After all input associated with the data type card has been entered, the following card is required:

- Columns 1-3 -- END
- Columns 4-72 -- Blank
- Columns 73-80 -- Blank or serialization.

Examples:

```

          DATA
VLEN      115
  1       40
VCAP      115
  1       20
END

```

```

          OPTION
NEWNET    111
  1T

```

```

DTRPFL  1L1
  IT
END
  1020.FAIL
AFALRE 5F5.0      1      5
  1  5.  0.  0.  1.  2.
END

```

FLAG

This statement represents an auxiliary output request which initiates the simulator trace facility for mapping progress through the simulation system. The data displayed during the trace operation is controlled by the indicators specified by the user on the FLAG follower cards. The FLAG follower cards cause the specified trace indicators to be activated while resetting any previous trace specifications. Each follower card is processed with a format of 18I4 where,

- o A zero field terminates reading of followers,
- o For two fields F1 and F2, then

F1 = 0 ends input

F2 {

- > 0 Flags F1 and F2 set 'on' and continue reading flag input
- =0 Flag F1 set 'on' and end input
- < 0 Flags F1 through F2 inclusive turned on and continue reading flag input.

Examples:

3800.FLAG = Flags 1 through 299 'on' begining at time
 1-299 3800 seconds

4000.FLAG = All flags reset at time = 4000 seconds
 0

5000.FLAG = Flags 1, 2, 81, 82 'on' (and only these)
 1 2 81 82 0 beginning at time 5000 seconds.

A summary of processing performed by the IP for the various header definitions as input via the SYSTEM and RNTIM files is shown in Table 4-1.

TABLE 4-1. IP PROCESSING SUMMARY (page 1 of 2)

<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Input Source</u>	<u>RNTIM</u>
AFSM	SYSTEM	Perform Active Fleet Size Management processing. Generate Fleet Redefinition, Empty Distribution, etc., data and write to MP Runtime File.
CKPT		Write request to MP Runtime File.
COMMENT	Copy comment to SYSOUT	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Time = 0 -- Copy comment to SYSOUT. 2. Time > 0 -- Copy comment to SYSOUT and MP Runtime File.
DATA OPTION PARAM SELECT	Update item with input value (Only time = 0 data definitions allowed)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Time = 0 -- Update item with input value. 2. Time > 0 -- Write request to SYSOUT and MP Runtime File.
EOD		Copy card image to MP Runtime File, terminate data input and processing.
FAIL		Process network failure/repair request. Write request to SYSOUT. Write request and updated network data to Runtime output.
FLAG		<p>Time = 0 -- Set appropriate flags.</p> <p>Time > 0 -- Copy request to SYSOUT and Runtime output.</p>

TABLE 4-1. IP PROCESSING SUMMARY (Page 2 of 2)

INDEX		Write run description to SYSOUT and Run Index File.
REST		
STOP		Copy request to MP Runtime File
TEXT	Copy text to SYSOUT	Copy text to SYSOUT and MP Runtime File

Notes: Where no action is specified, the data type is invalid.

4.1.2 Network and Demand Input

These data are input to the DESM as sequences of fixed format records that require fixed placement of input parameters as shown in Tables 4-2 and 4-3.

4.1.3 Output Processor Commands

Output Processor input data within the AGT.IANDD.RNTIM file consist of a sequence of user command requests which control the acquisition, processing, and display of raw statistics data.

Two basic command requests are input by the user to direct processing within the Output Processor as follows:

- o REQU -- Request for a specific item of data by major category specification.
- o READ -- Begin data acquisition cycle over a specific time interval and output the requested data.

The Output Processor automatically recycles itself, so several scans of the raw statistics file can be made by using one set of REQU cards followed by a READ card, then a second set of REQU card followed by a second READ card, etc. Time intervals on the READ cards may or may not be overlapping depending upon the user's requirements.

Seven display modes may be specified on the REQU cards:

1. LIST -- A simple time-series listing of the sampled values (10F13.3 format).
2. SUMM -- A statistical summary of the sampled values, which gives the following with and without zero-values being considered:
 - a. Number of samples
 - b. Sum of sampled values
 - c. Average value
 - d. Standard deviation
 - e. Minimum value
 - f. Sample time of the minimum

TABLE 4-2. NETWORK INPUT

<u>Description</u>	<u>Format*</u>
Link Definition 1	
Node ID at start of Link 1	I4
Station indicator (0 = no station on link, 1 = station on link)	I2
Node ID at end of Link 1	I4
Link length in meters	I6
.	.
.	.
.	.
Link Definition n	
Node ID at start of Link n	I4
Station indicator	I2
Node ID at end of Link n	I4
Link length in meters	I6

*Note -- Four link definitions per card image.

TABLE 4-3. DEMAND INPUT (Page 1 of 2)

<u>Data</u>	<u>Format</u>
DNSTA DTMBAS	2I5
DPDMND(1,1) DPDMND(2,1)	14I5
. DPDMND(DNSTA,1) DPDMND(1,2)	14I5
DPDMND(2,2)	14I5
DPDMND(DNSTA,2)	14I5
. DPDMND(1,DNSTA), DPDMND(2,DNSTA)	14I5
. DPDMND(DNSTA,DNSTA)	14I5
DNSTD2 DNSTD3	2I5
DIS20D(1) DIS20D(2)	18I4
. DIS20D(2*DNSTD2)	18I4
DIS30D(1) DIS30D(2)	18I4
. DIS30D(2*DNSTD3)	18I4
KNG	I3
DTRDST(1,1) DTRDST(2,1)	12F6.4
. DTRDST(KNG,1) DTRDST(1,2)	12F6.4
. DTRDST(KNG,2)	12F6.4
DTRDST(1,3) DTRDST(2,3)	12F6.4
. DTRDST(KNG,3)	12F6.4

where:

DNSTA -- Number of stations in the network.

DTMBAS -- The period of time (in minutes) over which the demand matrix is valid.

DPDMND(i,j) -- The total number of patrons traveling from station i to station j during the interval DTMBAS.

DNSTD2 -- The number of O/D pairs that are to use the second of three group size distributions (the first distribution is a default).

DNSTD3 -- The number of O/D pairs that are to use the third of three group size distributions.

TABLE 4-3. DEMAND INPUT (Page 2 of 2)

DIS200(2*DNSD2) - List of station O/D pairs that are to use the second group size distribution. If there are no entries, then DNSD2 must be zero.

DIS300(2*DNSD3) -- List of station O/D pairs that are to use the third group size distribution. If there are no entries, then DNSD3 must be zero.

KNG - The maximum trip group size, considering all three group size distributions.

DTRDST(i,j) -- The probability that a trip consists of i ($i=1$ to KNG) patrons in group size distribution j ($j=1$ to 3).

Notes:

1) The user may enter DNSD2, DNSD3, DIS200, DIS300, DIS300, KNG, and DTRDST in the System Characteristics or the Runtime (time=0, only) files instead of the Demand file if he desires. If the group size parameters change when time is greater than zero, these data items must be entered in the Demand input file.

2) Multiple sets of demand data may be placed in the same file. The individual sets must be separated by a card image containing a negative number (format is I5). Do not use the separator card image after the last set.

3) The group size definition data (DNSD2, DNSD3, DIS200, DIS300, KNG and DTRDST) only need to be entered if a change in the data is desired. It must be entered initially (see note 1).

- g. Maximum value
 - h. Sample time of the maximum.
3. PLOT -- A time-series printer-plot of the sampled values (time running down the page).
 4. HIST - A class-interval frequency distribution histogram of the sampled values.
 5. PERF -- Performance summary file generation and standard report (RPT1) listing.
 6. RPT1 -- Predefined standard report listing the performance summary statistics.
 7. RPT2 -- Predefined standard report listing system performance measures.
 8. RPT3 or STOS or S-S -- Predefined standard report listing station-to-station performance measures.

The format of a REQU card is as follows:

- o Columns 1-4 -- REQU
- o Column 5 -- Blank
- o Columns 6-9 -- Output format: LIST, HIST, SUMM, PLOT, PERF
RPT1, RPT2, RPT3, STOS, S-S
- o Column 10 -- Blank
- o Columns 11-14 -- Major Category -- Not required for PERF, RPT1,
or RPT2
- o Columns 15-16 -- Blank
- o Columns 17-20 -- Name of requested item (mnemonic left justified)
- o Column 21 -- Blank
- o Columns 22-26 -- Major entity number (Integer)
- o Columns 27-31 -- First or only variable entity number or zero (Integer)
- o Columns 32-36 -- Last variable entity number or zero (Integer)
- o Columns 37-41 -- Histogram class interval -- Required only for
HIST (Integer)
- o Column 42 -- Blank
- o Columns 43-50 -- Low Plot limit or zero (Real)
- o Columns 51-58 -- High Plot limit or zero (Real)

Specification for major category, requested item, entity ranges, and plot limits are described in subsection 4.3.2.

The format of a read command is as follows:

- o Columns 1-4 -- READ
- o Columns 27-31 -- Start time for data acquisition (≥ 0), integer seconds, right justified.
- o Columns 31-36 -- End time for data acquisition (> 0), integer seconds, right justified.

4.2 TERMINAL ENTRY INPUT

The DESM is not designed for online or interactive execution. All data input to the DESM must be entered via the data base or standard system input device in the case of batch mode operation. However, any input within the AGT data base can be manipulated by the user via terminal supported editing procedures prior to model execution.

4.3 DATA BASE DEFINITION INPUT

The input data definitions for the DESM are described in this section according to the categories used to discuss the DESM capabilities (subsection 1.3) and options (subsection 2.4). This organization should aid the user in determining the necessary data elements required for the particular modes of operation or options desired for a particular simulation experiment. Subsection 4.3.1, describing the simulation-related data, consists of tables which include the input data element descriptions as well as data type, units, default values, option dependencies, etc., for all of the system characteristics and simulation control parameters input to the Input Processor and/or Model Processor. Note is made within the appropriate tables of the demand input data (described in subsection 4.1.2), which may be entered with the system characteristics parameters. The data descriptions for the Output Processor are discussed in subsection 4.3.2.

4.3.1 Simulation Related Data

The simulation data definitions are included in the following tables:

1. Model Configuration, Table 4-4.
2. Service Mode, Table 4-5.

TABLE 4-4. MODEL CONFIGURATION DATA (page 1 of 3)

VARIABLE NAME	DIMENSION	DATA TYPE	DESCRIPTION	UNITS IPMP	MODEL PROCESSOR NAME	DEFAULT VALUE	FORMAT TYPE G,F	TIME DEPENDENT	OPTION DEPENDENCIES
STYPE	KNS	L	Type of station F = offline T = online		STYPE	F	G		Online only for asynchronous control
SLCFIG	13 KNSL	R	Descriptors for each link in station Col 1 = Link Type (see SLIYPE description below) Col 2 = Travel Time Col 3 = Length Col 4 = Default capacity (see SLCAP description below) Col 5 = First event on link (1 to 6) 1 = Headway 4 = Board 2 = Travel 5 = Store 3 = Deboard 6 = Launch (See SLEVL (required as an descriptions) event) Col 6 = Second event on link Col 7 = Third event on link Col 8 = Fourth event on link Col 9 = Fifth event on link Col 10 = Diverge function ID (See SLDIVC description) Col 11 = Upstream link ordering option OPT = Order of upstream links 1 = Guideway, storage 2 = Storage, guideway Col 12 = Headway time train (See SLHTB description) Col 13 = Headway time vehicle (See SLHTA description)	Seconds Meters No. Vehicles		0	G		Computed station configuration Not required if user elects to have simulation compute travel time Required if travel time = 0 and computation of travel time desired Store event restricted to storage link only, mutually exclusive of any other event
SLVEL		R	Station Link velocity	Meter/Second			G		Online stations or computed station configuration if travel time = 0
KNSL		I	Number of station links		KNSL		G		User-explicit station configuration
SLIYPE	KNSL	I	Station link type (1 to 10) 1 = IR-Input Ramp 6 = S-Storage 2 = IQ-Input Queue 7 = IS-Input to Storage 3 = I-Dock 4 = OQ-Output Queue 8 = SI-Storage to Input 5 = OR-Output Ramp 9 = DS-Dock to Storage 10 = SO-Storage to Output		SLIYPE SLIR SLOR SLSTOR		G		User-explicit station configuration
SLTTIM	KNSL	R	Travel time on station link	Seconds/Clock Units	SLTTIM		G		User-explicit station configuration
SLCAP	KNSL, KMS	I	Capacity (must be > maximum train length if entrainment enabled)	No. Vehicles	SLCAP		G		User-explicit station configuration

TABLE 4-4. MODEL CONFIGURATION DATA (Page 2 of 3)

VARIABLE NAME	DIMENSION	DATA TYPE	DESCRIPTION	UNITS I/IMP	MODEL PROCESSOR NAME	DEFAULT VALUE	FORMAT TYPE G,F	TIME DEPENDENT	OPTION DEPENDENCIES
SLEVL	KNSLE	I	Concatenated list of sublists each of which lists the events from the canonical SL that are to occur on the link being described. The starting entry in each sublist is pointed to by SLEVP and the last entry in each sublist is 0. The events must be in the order H/T/D/B/S/L/O. In the model, the events will be represented as numbers 1 = Headway 4 = Board 2 = Travel 5 = Store 3 = Deboard 6 = Launch 0 = End The store and launch events must be the last events on the links on which they appear. A launch event is required and a store event is restricted to a storage link. The board and deboard events can appear only on a dock link.	Event Numbers	SLEVL SLEVP KNSLE		G		User-explicit station configuration
SLUSL	KNSLU	I	Concatenated list of sublists each of which lists the upstream station links that feed into each station link. The last entry of each sublist is "0". The starting entry of each sublist will be pointed to by SLVSP.	Station Link IDS	SLVSL SLUSP KNSLU		G		User-explicit station configuration
SLDSL	KNSLD	I	Concatenated list of sublists each of which lists the downstream station links feeds into. The last entry of each sublist is "0". The starting entry of each sublist will be pointed to by SLDSP.	Station Link IDS	SLOS SLDSP KNSLD		G		User-explicit station configuration
SLHTA	KNSL	R	Time to travel the headway zone (total headway zone travel time = SLHTA = (train length) + SLHTB)	Seconds/Clock Units	SLHTA	0	G		User-explicit station configuration
SLHTB	KNSL	R	Time to travel the headway zone (See SLHTA)	Seconds/Clock Units	SLHTB	0	G		User-explicit station configuration
SLD1VC	KNSL	I	Diverge function number (if more than one downstream station link). The number is user assigned to correspond with the appropriate user implemented code. (No user function is currently available.)		SLD1VC	0	G		User-explicit station configuration
SLPF	KNSL	I	Priority/FIFO indicator (DQ from upstream SLs in FIFO or priority order. If priority then list in order). 0 = FIFO, 1 = Priority		SLPF SLAVAL	0 T	G G		
SLAVAL	KNSL, KNS	L	Indicates whether SL is available in this run. F = not available, T = available			F	G		
NEWNET		L	Process network definition data F = Use previously defined network definition data						

TABLE 4-4. MODEL CONFIGURATION DATA (Page 3 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
PSPEED		R	Default vehicle speed on guideway	Meters/Second		15	G		
GLBLK		I	Block length for fixed headway regulation	Meters	GLBLK GLCAP*	75	G		Only for fixed block position regulation scheme
GLHDHY	KNL	R	Time separation between vehicles at line speed	Seconds/Clock Units	GLHDHY	5 seconds	G	X	Only for variable headway position regulation scheme, it is computed for fixed block
GLVEL	KNL	R	Nominal line speed	M/Sec/M/c.u.	GLVEL	PSPEED	G	X	Can only be entered for asynchronous control. For all other cases or non-entry, it is set to PSPEED
NCSEL		I	Selection of cost for least cost path determination 0, use link travel time 1, use link length			0	G		New network definition
MLNPRI	KNL	I	List of node pairs defining the links that have priority at merges. Ddd subscripts, node at beginning of link; even subscripts, node at end of link			0	G		Priority merge policy
SLBVEL		R	Speed of vehicle through an on-line station if no stop is required	M/Sec	SLBFAC*	PSPEED	G	X	Online stations
GLVSD		R	Standard deviation of vehicle speed on guideway	M/Sec/M/c.u	GLVSD	0	G	X	Asynchronous Control
SLOTYP	KNSL, KNS	I	Station link dock type		SLOTYP		G		Timeout/group demand responsive service
SLPLAT	KNSL, KNS	I	Station link dock platform assignment table		SLPLAT		G		Timeout/group demand responsive service
SNCAP1	KNS	I	Total station capacity	No. of vehicles	SNCAP1	Sum of station link capacities	G		
SBAPH	KNS	L	Station maintenance barn indicator		SBARN	F	G		
STMGFL	KNS	L	Switchback station indicator		STMGFL	F	G		

TABLE 4-5. SERVICE MODE DATA (Page 1 of 2)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
POLSER		I	Service policy in effect 1 Demand responsive, single-party 2 Demand responsive, multi-party 3 Scheduled 4 Timeout/group demand responsive		POLSER	1	G		
PRIDEF		I	Source of route definition in scheduled service 0 User defined routes 1 Routes generated by input processor (cyclic)			0	G		Scheduled service
PVRLST	KNRT	I	Scheduled route list - A concatenation of all scheduled routes. First entry of each route pointed to by PVRPTR. A "0" must separate each route definition with an additional "0" at the end of the table. Input processor will strip out zeros and build pointer vector.	Station node/Station ID	PVRLST PVRPTR* KNR* KNRT*		G		User-defined scheduled service
PRTLEN	KNR	I	Train length on each route (0 = no trains)	No. Vehicles	PRTLEN	0	G		User-defined scheduled service
PRTEHM	KNR	I	Desired headway between vehicles on the same route	Seconds/Clock Units	PRTEHM KNV*		G		User-defined level of service in scheduled service. Not required if user enters PNV RTE
PNV RTE	KNR	I	Number of vehicles on each route	No. Vehicles	PNV RTE KNV* PRTEHM* PNXSLV* PNVDIS*		G		User-defined level of service in scheduled service. Not required if user enters PRTEHM
PMAXWT		I	Maximum wait time that a person should wait for a vehicle in scheduled service	Seconds		900	G		Computed level of service
PLOSBS		I	Source of level of service definition 0 Defined by user n Defined by simulation using the nth demand matrix			1	G		
KNV		I	Fleet size. Total number of vehicles available for service.	No. Vehicles	KNV		G		User-defined level of service, demand responsive
SLOCC	KNSL, KNS	I	Occupancy, actual count of number of vehicles on the station link	No. Vehicles	SLOCC	0	G		User-defined level of service, demand responsive
GLOCC	KNL	I	Link occupancy	No. Vehicles	GLOCC	0	G		User-defined level of service, demand responsive
PLDFAC		R	Estimated achievable vehicle load factor (ratio of occupancy to capacity)			75	G		Computed level of service, demand responsive multi-party or scheduled service

TABLE 4-5. SERVICE MODE DATA (Page 2 of 2)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
SPLTOD	KNS, KNS	I	Station platform type used by 0/0 trip.		SPLTOD		G		Timeout/Group Demand Responsive Service
PMXTIM		I	Maximum wait time to request vehicle	Seconds/Clock units	PMXTIM	300	G		Timeout/Group Demand Responsive Service
PMNGRP		I	Minimum size group to request vehicle	No. Passengers	PMNGRP	1	G		Timeout/Group Demand Responsive Service
PNTVEH	KNR	I	Number of transition vehicles	No. Vehicles	PNTVEH	0	G	X	Scheduled Service
PSADSP		I	Station overfull protection; adequate vehicle space	No. Vehicles	PSADSP	1	G		Timeout-Group Demand Responsive Service
PSDIRT		L	Multi-party single stop service indicator		PSDIRT	F	G		Multi-party Demand Responsive Service
SMINIV	KNS, 4	I	Minimum inventory goal for directional platform	No. Vehicles	SMINIV	0	G		Timeout/Group Demand Responsive Service

3. Trip Management, Table 4-6.
4. Vehicle Control, Table 4-7.
5. Vehicle Operational Strategies, Table 4-8.
6. Simulation Control, Table 4-9.

Table 4-10 is an alphabetized listing of all of the simulation data items. Reference is made to the definition table (Tables 4-4 - 4-9) where each item is further described.

The specific information contained within each table, by column, including the meaning of any special notation consists of:

1. Variable Name -- The name of the simulator variable read by the Input Processor. Demand internal variables are enclosed in parentheses since they are typically read from the AGT.IANDD.DEMAND file. However, they may be read as part of the systems characteristics input.
2. Dimension -- The variable mnemonics used within this column signifies the extent or array size of a given variable. Many of these sizing values are computed by the Input Processor as it reads and processes the input data. Others are directly input by the user. A list of the meanings of these "KN" or run time maximum values is included in Table 4-11.
3. Data Type -- This column indicates if the variable is to be processed as an integer (I), real (R), or a logical (L) quantity.
4. Description -- This column contains a description of the variable specified. If specific values assigned to the variable or array have fixed meaning, then each option, whether T or F, 1, 2 or 3, etc., and its definition is discussed.
5. Units -- This column specifies the units, if appropriate, associated with the input variable. If the Input Processor converts the particular value from user specified units to internal modeling units, e.g., seconds to clock units, the resulting units of the field is also noted.
6. Model Processor Name -- This field specifies the related output variable name, which would be entered as an input directly to the Model Processor via the run time data set. In most cases, this column name is identical to the variable listed in Column 1. However, in a few cases, the Input Processor assigns a new variable name(s) to the entity as it is being

TABLE 4-6. TRIP MANAGEMENT DATA (Page 1 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
DTRPFL		L	Demand generation request F = Do not generate trips T = Generate trips			F	G		
DNDMND		I	Number of demand profile intervals to process			1	G		New trip generation or level of service defined by Input processor
PHIST1		I	First threshold for excess travel time histogram	Seconds/clock units	PHIST1	300	G		
PHIST2		I	Second threshold for excess travel time histogram	Seconds/clock units	PHIST2	900	G		
(DNSD2)		I	No. of station pairs using second trip group size distribution				F-D,G		New trip generation
(DNSD3)		I	No. of station pairs using third trip group size distribution				F-D,G		New trip generation
(DIS200)	KHMOD	I	Origin/destination pairs that use 2nd group size distribution. Odd subscripts = origins, even subscripts = destinations	Mode ID			F-D,G		New trip generation
(DIS300)	KHNOO	I	Origin/destination pairs that use 3rd group size distribution. Odd subscripts = origins, even subscripts = destinations	Mode ID			F-D,G		New trip generation
(KNG)		I	Entries in group size distributions				F-D,G		New trip generation
(OTRDST)	KNG,3	R	As entered by user, each column is probability distribution trip group size (Co 1 is primary distribution). Each column is converted to a cumulative distribution by the Input Processor				F-D,G		New trip generation
SBOCAP	KNS	I	Capacity of boarding queue used to turn away arrivals, if exceeded. May be violated with transfers entering boarding queue	No passengers	SBOCAP		G	X	
PTSPLT		I	Trip split size. Any trip of size N will be split into K trips of size PTSPLT and one trip consisting of the remainder		PTSPLT	VCAP	G	X	
STDBA		R	Deboard time function: Time per passenger	Sec./pass./c.u./pass.	STDBA	0	G	X	
STDHFF		R	Estimated dwell adjustment factor for nominal travel time	Seconds/Clock Units	STDHFF	0	G	X	
STBA		R	Board time function: Time per passenger	Sec./pass./c.u./pass.	STBA	0	G	X	
SMHDBT		R	Minimum door open time	Seconds/Clock Units	SMHDBT	0	G	X	
VCAP		I	Maximum number of passengers vehicle can accommodate	No. passengers	VCAP	6	G	X	
VHCAP		I	Maximum handicapped passenger vehicle capacity	No. passengers	VHCAP	0	G	X	Handicapped passenger active

TABLE 4-6. TRIP MANAGEMENT DATA (Page 2 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
PXFER		L	Transfer policy selection F = No transfers T = Transfers permitted		PXFER	F	G	X	Not valid for cyclic scheduled service
PHALKT	KNS,KNS	I	Walk time applied to trips that transfer	Seconds/Clock Units	PHALKT	-2	G	X	When transfers allowed
PRASGN	KNS,KNS	I	Station route assignment table: Element (i,j) identifies route to use for travel from i to j	Route Number	PRASGN		G	X	User-defined scheduled service
PVSPR	KNSVP	I	Ordered list of where to look for empty: PVSPR(1)=First place to look. PVSPR (KNSVP) = last place to look. <u>Values</u> <u>Place</u> 1 A noncircuitous vehicle (occupied/empty) about to arrive/bypass the station (i.e., on the station's arrival list) 2 use PSLIST 3 Local storage 4 Regional storage 5 An empty circulating on guideway (i.e., on the station's arrival list) 6 Earliest available 7 Any expected arrival 8 Empty from closest station storage		PVSPR KNSVP*	6	G	X	Demand responsive service
PEVALM		I	Empty vehicle arrival limit. If an empty vehicle is expected within this time interval, it will be considered for trip assignment	Seconds/Clock Units	PEVALM	600	G	X	Demand responsive service, if a PVSPR value = 1,5,6 or 7
PSLIST	KNSL	I	List of station link types where empty is to be looked for	Station Link Type/ Station Link Number	PSLIST		G	X	Demand responsive service, if a PVSPR value = 2
PSRCFM	KNS	I	Number of the station that acts as the regional center from which this station gets empties when getting them from a regional center	Node/Station ID	PSRCFM		G	X	Demand responsive service, if a PVSPR value = 4
PVRES		L	Logic variable for indicating vehicle reservations allowed F = No reservations T = Reservations allowed		PVRES	F	G		Demand responsive service
PALTET		I	Alternate station egress time	Seconds/Clock Units	PALTET	0	G	X	

TABLE 4-6. TRIP MANAGEMENT DATA (Page 3 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
SHXDBT		R	Maximum boarding time limit assuming no deboarding passengers	Seconds/clock units	SHXDBT SHXDBP*	Time to fill an empty vehicle	G	X	
PRGLST	KHGT	I	Route group list. List of lists of routes comprising groups. Zeros separate the lists		PRGLST PRGPTR*		G		Scheduled service, user-defined routes
DMPDRF	3, KMDPRF	R	Demand scaling profile element (1,i) - scale factor for ith interval element (2,i) - time base for ith interval (if 0, time base stored with input matrix used) element (3,i) - 0, use matrix currently in memory > 0, read a new matrix	1 none 2 min 3 none		1 0 1	G		Demand generation or service planning by input processor
PXFLST	4, KMXFER	I	Transfer list element (1,i) - origin station element (2,i) - destination station element (3,i) - station to deboard at element (4,i) - station to walk to before reboarding	Mode ID/Station ID	PTSTN* PHSTN*		G		Transfers allowed
VSEAT		I	Number of seats on vehicle		VSEAT	VCAP	G		
PHLKTS		I	System-wide default transfer walk time	Seconds/Clock Units		0	G		Transfers allowed
HCBOLD		L	Deboard/board time limit check override			F	G		Handicapped passengers active
HCPASS		L	Handicapped passenger processing indicator		HCPASS	F	G		
SHCDA		R	Handicapped passenger board door time	Seconds/clock units	SHCBA SHCPA*	0	G		Handicapped passengers active
SHCDBA		R	Handicapped passenger deboard door time	Seconds/clock units	SHCDBA	0	G		Handicapped passengers active
SHCBB		R	Handicapped passenger board secure time	Seconds/clock units	SHCBB SHCPB*	0	G		Handicapped passengers active
SHCDBB		R	Handicapped passenger deboard release and move to door time	Seconds/clock units	SHCDBB	0	G		Handicapped passengers active
UNFDMD		L	Uniform demand generation indicator			F	G		
TSZARR	3, KMDPRF	I	Trip site array for uniform demand generation			1	G		Uniform demand active

TABLE 4-7. VEHICLE CONTROL DATA (Page 1 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
POLLC		I	Longitudinal control policy in effect: 1 - Synchronous 2 - Quasi-synchronous 3 - Asynchronous		POLLC	3	G		
POLVPR		I	Vehicle position regulation scheme in effect: 1 - Fixed block 2 - Variable block 3 - User specified model		POLVPR	2	G		Variable block requires asynchronous control
VLEN		I	Vehicle length	Meters	VLEN	6	G		Variable headway position regulation scheme
PVDVRT		L	Vehicle diversion from guideway to board trips when station is not the vehicle destination F = No diversion T = Diversion permitted		PVDVRT	T	G	X	Demand responsive service
GLRTIM		R	Reaction time for accelerating to line speed from stop	Seconds/Clock Units	GLRTIM	0	G	X	Asynchronous and quasi-synchronous control
PENTS		L	Logic variable to indicate static (in station) entrainment is to be done T = Entrainment allowed F = No entrainment		PENTS	F	G		Demand responsive service
PENTD		L	Logic variable to indicate dynamic (on guideway) entrainment/detrainment is to be done T = Entrainment allowed F = No entrainment		PENTD	F	G		Demand responsive service and asynchronous control
PMXTRL		I	Limit on the no. of vehicles in train (0=no entrainment)		PMXTRL	1	G	X	Demand responsive service
POLMRG		I	Merge policy indicator 1 - FIFO 2 - Maneuvers based on delay table (heuristic) 3 - Priority 4 - First arrival at merge		POLMRG	1	G	X	Asynchronous and quasi-synchronous control
GLMDLY	KMDLY1, KMDLY2	R	Merge delay table	Seconds/Clock Units	GLMDLY		G	X	Asynchronous control, heuristic merge policy
PBERTH		I	Berth assignment policy 1 - To most downstream available berth ASAP 2 - Form platoons, send when berth area clear 3 - Ripple berth advancement		PBERTH	1	G	X	Platooning requires one input queue for each dock. Ripple for timeout/group demand responsive service only
STM0V1		R	Ripple advance time if moving	Seconds/Clock Units	STM0V1	0	G	X	Ripple berth advancement
STM0V2		R	Ripply advance time if stopped	Seconds/Clock Units	STM0V2	0	G	X	Ripple berth advancement

TABLE 4-7. VEHICLE CONTROL DATA (Page 3 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
AFIDEG		R	Tow vehicle speed degradation factor				G	X	Tow vehicle recovery
	KNFAIL	R			AFMDEG*		G	X	
AFITOW		I	Tow vehicle path link ID sequence				G	X	Tow vehicle recovery
	KML, KNFAIL	I			AFMTON*		G	X	
AFIRSP		I	Other vehicle failure response				G	X	
	KNR, KNFAIL	I			AFMRSP*		G	X	
PARMAX		I	Maximum vehicle maneuver at merge	Slots		0	G	X	Quasi-synchronous control
					PARMAX PARTIM*		G		
PADVNC		I	Vehicle advance maneuver indicator =0 - no advance >0 - advance permitted			0	G	X	Quasi-synchronous control
					PADVNC		G		
PMRGWH		R	Merge reservation window width	Seconds/Clock Units		GLHDWY	G		Quasi-deterministic dispatch
					PMRGWH PMRGTT*		G		
PMRGTH		R	Fraction of merge window to be reserved	No. of vehicles		10	G		Quasi-deterministic dispatch
					PNMVRG*		G		

TABLE 4-7. VEHICLE CONTROL DATA (Page 2 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies																																																																				
AFALRE	11	R	<p>Failure/Recovery Request Data</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td><u>Index</u></td> <td><u>Guideway</u></td> <td><u>Station</u></td> <td><u>Vehicle</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>Stn node ID</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Start node ID</td> <td>=0, station</td> <td>Start node ID</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>End node ID</td> <td>>0, link type</td> <td>End node ID</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>=0, entire link</td> <td>=1, link entry</td> <td>=1, link entry</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>=1, link entry</td> <td>=2, link exit</td> <td>=2, link exit</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=1, failure</td> <td>=1, failure</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=2, recovery</td> <td>=2, recovery</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=3, degrade</td> <td>=3, degrade</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=4, recovery</td> <td>=4, recovery</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>-</td> <td>Degrad. factor</td> <td>Degrad. factor</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>Detection delay</td> <td>-</td> <td>Detection delay</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>-</td> <td>Recov. method</td> <td>Recov. method</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>-</td> <td>Delay after detection</td> <td>Delay after detection</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>-</td> <td>Delay until replacement</td> <td>Delay until replacement</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11</td> <td>Minimum path redone</td> <td>-</td> <td>Minimum path redone</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=0, no; #0, yes</td> <td></td> <td>=0, no; #0, yes</td> </tr> </table>	<u>Index</u>	<u>Guideway</u>	<u>Station</u>	<u>Vehicle</u>	1	0	Stn node ID	0	2	Start node ID	=0, station	Start node ID	3	End node ID	>0, link type	End node ID	4	=0, entire link	=1, link entry	=1, link entry	5	=1, link entry	=2, link exit	=2, link exit		=1, failure	=1, failure			=2, recovery	=2, recovery			=3, degrade	=3, degrade			=4, recovery	=4, recovery		6	-	Degrad. factor	Degrad. factor	7	Detection delay	-	Detection delay	8	-	Recov. method	Recov. method	9	-	Delay after detection	Delay after detection	10	-	Delay until replacement	Delay until replacement	11	Minimum path redone	-	Minimum path redone		=0, no; #0, yes		=0, no; #0, yes				G	X	Must follow FAIL header. No fail in synchronous mode. No vehicle degradation in quasi-synchronous mode.
<u>Index</u>	<u>Guideway</u>	<u>Station</u>	<u>Vehicle</u>																																																																										
1	0	Stn node ID	0																																																																										
2	Start node ID	=0, station	Start node ID																																																																										
3	End node ID	>0, link type	End node ID																																																																										
4	=0, entire link	=1, link entry	=1, link entry																																																																										
5	=1, link entry	=2, link exit	=2, link exit																																																																										
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8	-	Recov. method	Recov. method																																																																										
9	-	Delay after detection	Delay after detection																																																																										
10	-	Delay until replacement	Delay until replacement																																																																										
11	Minimum path redone	-	Minimum path redone																																																																										
	=0, no; #0, yes		=0, no; #0, yes																																																																										
10, KNFAIL		I	<p>Failure/Recovery Processing Data</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td><u>Index</u></td> <td><u>Guideway</u></td> <td><u>Station</u></td> <td><u>Vehicle</u></td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>0</td> <td>Station no.</td> <td>0</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>Link number</td> <td>=0, station</td> <td>link number</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>=0, entire link</td> <td>>0, sta. link no.</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>=1, link entry</td> <td>=1, link entry</td> <td>=1, link entry</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=2, link exit</td> <td>=2, link exit</td> <td>=2, link exit</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=1, failure</td> <td>=1, failure</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=2, recovery</td> <td>=2, recovery</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=3, degrade</td> <td>=3, degrade</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>=4, recovery</td> <td>=4, degrad. removed</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>Det. delay</td> <td>-</td> <td>Det. delay</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>-</td> <td>Recov. method</td> <td>Recov. method</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>-</td> <td>Restart delay</td> <td>Restart delay</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>-</td> <td>Delay til repl.</td> <td>Delay til repl.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>Minimum path table number</td> <td>-</td> <td>Minimum path table number</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>Refer recovery to fail data</td> <td>-</td> <td>Refer recovery to fail data</td> </tr> </table>	<u>Index</u>	<u>Guideway</u>	<u>Station</u>	<u>Vehicle</u>	1	0	Station no.	0	2	Link number	=0, station	link number	3	=0, entire link	>0, sta. link no.		4	=1, link entry	=1, link entry	=1, link entry		=2, link exit	=2, link exit	=2, link exit		=1, failure	=1, failure			=2, recovery	=2, recovery			=3, degrade	=3, degrade			=4, recovery	=4, degrad. removed		5	Det. delay	-	Det. delay	6	-	Recov. method	Recov. method	7	-	Restart delay	Restart delay	8	-	Delay til repl.	Delay til repl.	9	Minimum path table number	-	Minimum path table number	10	Refer recovery to fail data	-	Refer recovery to fail data		AFAIL*		G	X					
<u>Index</u>	<u>Guideway</u>	<u>Station</u>	<u>Vehicle</u>																																																																										
1	0	Station no.	0																																																																										
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10	Refer recovery to fail data	-	Refer recovery to fail data																																																																										
KNSL, KNS		R	Station link travel time penalty factor		SLPENT*		G	X	Station link degradation																																																																				
KNFAIL		R	Vehicle degradation factor		VDFACT*		G	X	Vehicle degradation																																																																				

TABLE 4-8. VEHICLE OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES DATA (Page 1 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
PVSPAC		I	Algorithm selection spacing veh. on same sched. route 1 Fixed departure time 2 Midway between previous vehicle and following vehicle 3 Fixed interval after previous 4 Midway interval after previous 5 Immediate		PVSPAC	1	G	X	Scheduled service
PNTRLM		I	Maximum wait time for entrainment in station	Sec/c.u.	PNTRLM	15	G	X	Static entrainment
PVEPR	KNEVP	I	Ordered list of where to send an empty vehicle PVEPR(1) = First place to try PVEPR(KNEVP) = Last place to try Values 1 Local storage 2 Regional storage 3 Distribute according to anticipated need without considering current availability of empties 4 Distribute according to anticipated need while considering current availability of empties 5 Circulate on the guideway on a predetermined route 6 Circulate to next best station, station with most requests 7 User empty vehicle algorithm Place		PVEPR KNEVP*	1,3	G	X	Demand responsive service
PSRCTD	KNS	I	No. of the station that acts as a regional center to which this station sends empties when sending them to a regional center	Node/Station ID	PSRCTD		G	X	Demand responsive service, if a PVEPR value = 2
PANEED	KNANT	I	Concatenated list containing a sublist for each station. The sublist contains anticipated no. of empty vehicles needed at corresponding PANSTN entry. (Note: A value is required for each station with a '0' defining the end of the station entries. A station with no entry will be represented with only the delimiting '0'. While determining PANPTR, the IP strips the delimiting zeros from the list, except for the null stations)	No. of Vehicles	PANEED PANPTR* PANCD* KNANT* KNST*		G	X	Demand responsive service, if a PVEPR value = 3 or 4 and user-defined level of service (otherwise automatically computed)
PANSTN	KNANT	I	Receiving stations corresponding to PANCD and PANEED. (Note: Must have the same no. of entries corresponding with each entry in PANEED)	Nodes/Station IDs	PANSTN		G	X	Demand responsive service, if a PVEPR value = 3 or 4 and user-defined level of service (otherwise automatically computed)
PECPTR	KNCRS	I	Circuitous empty route list - a concatenation of empty vehicle circulation routes (lists of station IDs) (A '0' must separate each route definition with an additional '0' at the end of the table.)	Nodes/Station IDs	PECPTR PECPTR*		G	X	Demand responsive service if PVEPR value = 5
PECRTN	KNS	I	No. of empty vehicle circulation route onto which this station sends empties when sending them on circulation route (pointer to PECPTR)	Route Number	PECRTN		G	X	Demand Responsive Service, if PVEPR value = 5

TABLE 4-8. VEHICLE OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES DATA (Page 2 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
POLDIS		I	Dispatch policy in effect: 1 Deterministic 2 Quasi-deterministic 3 Non-deterministic		POLDIS	3	G		Choice related to longitudinal control policy in effect (see option diagram for Vehicle Control Strategies).
PSMETH		I	Path selection method: 1 Apriori (in the station) 2 Realtime (at diverge)		PSMETH	1	G	X	Choice only valid for asynchronous non-deterministic dispatch, demand responsive service, single party or scheduled service. Apriori routing is assured for all other cases
PSTYPE		I	Path selection type: 1 Table look-up 2 Algorithmic		PSTYPE	1	G	X	Choice only valid for demand responsive single party and scheduled service, table look-up assumed for demand responsive multi-party
PSALGM		I	Path selection algorithm indicator: 1 Nominal travel time 2 Link length 3 Utilization 4 Weighted combination of 1 and 3		PSALGM	1	G	X	Algorithmic path selection
PSTWT		R	Weighting factor for nominal travel time		PSTWT	D	G	X	Algorithmic path selection with selection with weighted combination indicated
PSUWT		R	Weighting factor for utilization		PSUWT	D	G	X	Algorithmic path selection with selection with weighted combination indicated
PALTRT	KNALT	I	User's definition of alternate path node sequences. May be entered to be used with an already defined network. Concatenated list containing a sublist for each common diverge point. First entry in each sublist is node ID of destination station. This is followed by a sequence of nodes defining the path. If more than one alternate path to the same destination from the same common diverge, separate the node sequences by -1. Each sublist ends with zero.	Nodes/Link IDs	PALRTE KNALT* PLSLT*		G		Algorithmic path selection
PMDWT		R	Weighting factor for merge scheduling delay	Per sec./Per c.u.	PMDWT	D	G	X	Alternate paths and Quasi-deterministic or deterministic dispatch

TABLE 4-8. VEHICLE OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES DATA (Page 3 of 3)

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
POLDMS		L	Demand stop indicator F - stop at each scheduled stop T - stop only if demand exists		POLDMS	F	G	X	Scheduled service not synchronous control
PMRGL	2,2	I	Local merge priority table 1, 1 is priority of empty vehicle on guideway 2, 1 is priority of full vehicle on guideway 1, 2 is priority of empty vehicle in station 2, 2 is priority of full vehicle in station Value of 1 is highest priority		PMRGL	2,4 1,3	G	X	
PVBMP		L	Vehicle bumping indicator		PVBMP	F	G	X	Demand Responsive Service

TABLE 4-9. SIMULATION CONTROL DATA

Variable Name	Dimension	Data Type	Description	Units IP/MP	Model Processor Name	Default Value	Format Type G, F	Time Dependent	Option Dependencies
AVLOG		I	Indicates whether or not vehicles are to be logged as they approach a station. 0 = no log required. N = log vehicles as they arrive at diverge to station n.	Mode/station ID	AVLOG	0	G	X	
AKSEED		I	User input seed to the random number generator, must be an odd integer ≥ 3 .		AKSEED	14825	G		
ATRPLG		L	User's indication as to whether or not trips are to be written to a file as they exit the simulated area. T = log trips. F = do not.		ATRPLG	F	G	X	
ACKPTI		I	Periodic checkpoint interval	Seconds/Clock units	ACKPTI	0	G	X	
ASAMPI		I	Sampling interval	Seconds/Clock units	ASAMPI	60	G		
ASTATU		I	Number of sampling intervals between snapshot outputs		ASTATU	5	G	X	
APCOMI		I	Time interval for periodic computation of merge delay parameters.	Seconds/Clock units	APCOMI	0	G	X	Merge policy indicator - heuristic table
ATREAD		I	Time to begin reading trip records	Seconds/Clock Units	ATREAD	0	G		
Csize		I	Clock units/minute		Csize	60	G		
CLOOP		I	Number of entries/clock table entry		CLOOP	KMX-KMT	G		
CLSMAL		I	Increment in time between successive clock table intervals	Clock Units *10	CLSMAL	100	G		
CLSIZE		I	Number of entries in clock table		CLSIZE	KMCLTA	G		
ANOMIT		L	Nominal travel time file request T, write file			F	G		
ALLOG		L	Link statistics log indicator T = write file, F = do not		ALLOG	F	G		
ASLOG		L	Station statistics log indicator T = write file, F = do not.		ASLOG	F	G		

TABLE 4-10. ALPHABETIZED LISTING OF INPUT DATA (Page 1 of 3)

<u>NAME</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>TABLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
ACKPTI	PERIODIC CHECKPOINT INTERVAL	4-9	4-32
AFALRE	FAILURE/RECOVERY REQUEST	4-7	4-27
AFIDEG	TOW VEHICLE SPEED DEGRADATION	4-7	4-28
AFIRSP	OTHER VEHICLE FAILURE RESPONSE	4-7	4-28
AFITOW	TOW VEHICLE PATH LINK SEQUENCE	4-7	4-28
AKSEED	SEED, RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR	4-9	4-32
ALLOG	LINK STATISTICS LOG INDICATOR	4-9	4-32
ANOMTT	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FILE INDICATOR	4-9	4-32
APCOMI	TIME INTERVAL, PERIODIC COMPUTATIONS	4-9	4-32
ASAMPI	SAMPLING INTERVAL	4-9	4-32
ASLOG	STATION STATISTICS LOG INDICATOR	4-9	4-32
ASTATU	SAMPLING INTERVALS BETWEEN SNAPSHOTS	4-9	4-32
ATREAD	TIME TO BEGIN READING TRIP RECORDS	4-9	4-32
ATRPLG	TRIP LOG INDICATOR	4-9	4-32
AVLOG	VEH LOG INDICATOR	4-9	4-32
CLOOP	ENTRIES/CLOCK TABLE ENTRY	4-9	4-32
CLSIZE	ENTRIES IN CLOCK TABLE	4-9	4-32
CLSMAL	TIME BETWEEN CLOCK TABLE INTERVALS	4-9	4-32
CSIZE	CLOCK UNITS/MINUTE	4-9	4-32
DIRPFL	DEMAND GENERATION REQUEST INDICATOR	4-6	4-23
(DIS20D)	O/D PAIRS, 2ND GROUP DISTRIBUTION	4-6	4-23
(DIS30D)	O/D PARIS, 3RD GROUP DISTRIBUTION	4-6	4-23
DMPROF	DEMAND SCALING PROFILE	4-6	4-25
DNDMND	# DEMAND PROFILE INTERVALS	4-6	4-23
(DNSD2)	# STN PAIRS USING 2ND DISTRIBUTION	4-6	4-23
(DNSD3)	# STN PAIRS USING 3RD DISTRIBUTION	4-6	4-23
(DTRDST)	PROB. DIST. OF TRIP GROUP SIZE	4-6	4-23
GLBLK	BLOCK LENGTH--FIXED HEADWAY REG.	4-4	4-19
GLHDWY	TIME SEPARATION BETWEEN VEHICLES	4-4	4-19
GLMDLY	MERGE DELAY TABLE	4-7	4-26
GLOCC	LINK OCCUPANCY	4-5	4-20
GLRTIM	REACTION TIME FROM STOP	4-7	4-26
GLVEL	NOMINAL LINE SPEED	4-4	4-19
GLVSD	STANDARD DEVIATION, VEH SPEED VAR.	4-4	4-19
HCBDO	DEBOARD/BOARD TIME CHECK OVERRIDE	4-6	4-25
HCPASS	HANDICAPPED PROCESSING INDICATOR	4-6	4-25
(KNG)	ENTRIES IN GROUP SIZE DISTRIBUTIONS	4-6	4-22
KNSL	NUMBER OF STATION LINKS	4-4	4-17
KNV	FLEET SIZE	4-5	4-20
NCSEL	COST SELECTION FOR PATH DETER.	4-4	4-19
NEWNET	PROCESS NETWORK INDICATOR	4-4	4-18
NLNPRI	PRIORITY NODE PAIRS AT MERGES	4-4	4-19
PADVNC	VEHICLE ADVANCE MANEUVER INDICATOR	4-7	4-27
PALTET	ALTERNATE STATION EGRESS TIME	4-6	4-24
PALTRT	ALTERNATE PATH NODE SEQUENCES	4-8	4-30
PANEED	ANTICIPATED # OF VEH NEEDED	4-8	4-29
PANSTN	RESERVING STATONS, RELATED TO ABOVE	4-3	4-29
PARMAX	MAXIMUM VEH MANEUVER AT MERGE	4-7	4-27

TABLE 4-10. ALPHABETIZED LISTING OF INPUT DATA (Page 2 of 3)

<u>NAME</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>TABLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
PBERTH	BERTH ASSIGNMENT POLICY	4-7	4-26
PECRTE	CIRCUITOUS EMPTY ROUTE LIST	4-8	4-29
PECRTN	STN CIRCUITOUS ROUTE #	4-8	4-29
PENTD	DYNAMIC ENTRAINMENT/DETRAINMENT IND.	4-7	4-26
PENTS	STATIC ENTRAINMENT INDICATOR	4-7	4-26
PEVALM	EMPTY VEHICLE ARRIVAL TIME LIMIT	4-6	4-24
PHIST1	1ST THRESHOLD, EXCESS TT HISTOGRAM	4-6	4-23
PHIST2	2ND THRESHOLD, EXCESS TT HISTOGRAM	4-6	4-23
PLDFAC	ESTIMATED VEH LOAD FACTOR	4-5	4-20
PLOSBS	SOURCE OF LEVEL OF SERVICE	4-5	4-20
PMAXWT	MAXIMUM WAIT TIME FOR VEH. SCHED SER.	4-5	4-20
PMDWT	WEIGHTING FAC. MERGE SCHEDULING DELAY	4-8	4-30
PMNGRP	MINIMUM GROUP SIZE TO REQUEST VEHICLE	4-5	4-21
PMRGL	LOCAL MERGE PRIORITY TABLE	4-8	4-31
PMRGTH	FRACTION OF MERGE WINDOW TO BE RES.	4-7	4-27
PMRGWW	MERGE RESERVATION TABLE WINDOW WIDTH	4-7	4-27
PMXTIM	MAXIMUM WAIT TIME TO REQUEST VEHICLE	4-5	4-21
PMXTRL	MAX # OF VEHS IN TRAIN	4-7	4-26
PNTRLM	MAX WAIT TIME, ENTRAINMENT	4-8	4-29
PNTVEH	NUMBER OF TRANSITION VEHICLES	4-5	4-21
PNV RTE	VEHICLES/ROUTE	4-5	4-20
POLDIS	DISPATCH POLICY	4-8	4-30
POLDMS	DEMAND STOP INDICATOR	4-8	4-31
POLLC	LONGITUDINAL CONTROL POLICY	4-7	4-26
POLMRG	MERGE POLICY	4-7	4-26
POLSER	SERVICE POLICY	4-5	4-20
POLVPR	VEHICLE POSITION REGULATION SCHEME	4-7	4-26
PRASGN	STATION ROUTE ASSIGNMENT TABLE	4-6	4-24
PRGLST	ROUTE GROUP LIST	4-6	4-25
PRTDEF	SOURCE OF ROUTE DEF., SCHEDULED SER.	4-6	4-20
PRTEHY	ROUTE HEADWAY	4-5	4-20
PRTLEN	TRAIN LENGTH, BY ROUTE	4-5	4-20
PSADSP	STATION OVERFULL PROTECTION ADEQUATE SPACE	4-5	4-21
PSALGM	PATH SEL AGORITHM INDICATOR	4-8	4-30
PSDIRT	MULTIPARTY SINGLE STOP DR INDICATOR	4-5	4-21
PSLIST	SL TYPES WHERE EMPTIES SOUGHT	4-6	4-24
PSMETH	PATH SELECTION METHOD	4-8	4-30
PSPEED	VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY	4-4	4-19
PSRCFM	REGIONAL CENTER FOR EMPTY SELECTION	4-6	4-24
PSRCTO	REGIONAL CENTER FOR EMPTY DISPURSMNT	4-8	4-29
PSTWT	WEIGHTING FAC. NOMINAL TT	4-8	4-30
PSTYPE	PATH SELECTION TYPE	4-8	4-30
PSUWT	WEIGHTING FAC. UTILIZATION	4-8	4-30
PTSPLT	TRIP SPLIT SIZE	4-8	4-22
PVBMP	VEHICLE BUMPING INDICATOR	4-8	4-31
PVDVRT	VEHICLE GUIDEWAY DIVERSION INDICATOR	4-7	4-26
PVEPR	EMPTY VEH DISPURSEMENT LIST	4-8	4-29
PVRES	RESERVATION INDICATOR	4-6	4-24
PVRLST	SCHEDULED ROUTE LIST	4-5	4-20

TABLE 4-10. ALPHABETIZED LISTING OF INPUT DATA (Page 3 of 3)

<u>NAME</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>	<u>TABLE</u>	<u>PAGE</u>
PVSPAC	ALGORITHM SELECTION, VEH SPACING	4-8	4-29
PVSPR	EMPTY VEH SEARCH LIST	4-6	4-24
PWALKT	TRANSFER WALK TIME	4-6	4-24
PWLKTS	DEFAULT TRANSFER WALK TIME	4-6	4-25
PXFER	TRANSFER POLICY INDICATOR	4-6	4-24
PXFLST	TRANSFER LIST	4-6	4-25
SBARN	STATION MAINTENANCE BARN INDICATOR	4-4	4-19
SBQCAP	BOARDING QUEUE CAPACITY	4-6	4-23
SHCBA	HANDICAPPED BOARD DOOR TIME	4-6	4-25
SHCBB	HANDICAPPED BOARD SECURE TIME	4-6	4-25
SHCDBA	HANDICAPPED DEBOARD DOOR TIME	4-6	4-25
SHCDBB	HANDICAPPED BOARD RELEASE TIME	4-6	4-25
SLAVAL	SL AVAILABILITY	4-4	4-18
SLBVEL	VEH SPEED THROUGH ON-LINE SINS. NO STP	4-4	4-19
SLCAP	STATION LINK CAPACITY	4-4	4-17
SLCFIG	STATION LINK DESCRIPTORS	4-4	4-17
SLDIVC	DIVERGE FUNCTION NUMBER	4-4	4-18
SLDSL	DOWNSTREAM STATION LINKS	4-4	4-18
SLDTYP	STATION LINK DOCK TYPE	4-4	4-19
SLEVL	LISTS OF LINK EVENTS	4-4	4-18
SLHTA	SL HEADWAY TIME--'A' FACTOR	4-4	4-18
SLHTB	SL HEADWAY TIME--'B' FACTOR	4-4	4-18
SLOCC	SL OCCUPANCY	4-5	4-20
SLPF	PRIORITY/FIFO DQ INDICATOR	4-4	4-18
SLPLAT	STATION LINK PLATFORM ASSIGNMENT	4-4	4-19
SLTTIM	TRAVEL TIME ON STATION LINK	4-4	4-17
SLTYPE	STATION LINK TYPE	4-4	4-17
SLUSL	UPSTREAM STATION LINKS	4-4	4-18
SLVEL	STATION LINK VELOCITY	4-4	4-17
SMNDBT	MINIMUM DOOR OPEN TIME	4-6	4-23
SMNINV	MINIMUM INVENTORS GOAL	4-5	4-21
SMXDBT	MAXIMUM BOARD TIME	4-6	4-25
SNCAP1	TOTAL STATION CAPACITY	4-4	4-19
SPLTOD	STATION PLATFORM TYPE FOR O/D TRIP	4-5	4-21
STBA	BOARD TIME FUNC., TIME/PASS	4-6	4-23
STDBA	DEBOARD TIME FUNC., TIME/PASS	4-6	4-23
STDHFF	ESTIMATED DWELL ADJUSTMENT TIME	4-6	4-23
STMOV1	RIPPLE ADVANCE TIME IF MOVING	4-7	4-26
STMOV2	RIPPLE ADVANCE TIME IF STOPPED	4-7	4-26
STNGFL	SWITCHBACK STATION INDICATOR	4-4	4-19
STYPE	TYPE OF STATION	4-4	4-17
TSZARR	UNIFORM DEMAND TRIP SIZE ARRAY	4-6	4-25
UNFDMD	UNIFORM DEMAND GENERATION INDICATOR	4-6	4-25
VCAP	VEHICLE CAPACITY	4-6	4-23
VHCAP	VEHICLE HANDICAPPED PASSENGER CAPACITY	4-6	4-23
VLEN	VEHICLE LENGTH	4-7	4-26
VSEAT	NUMBER OF SEATS ON VEH	4-6	4-25

TABLE 4-11. PROBLEM SIZE DEFINITION

KNALT	-	Entries in alternate route list
KNANT	-	Entries in empty vehicle anticipated need lists
KNCRS	-	Entries in circuitous empty route table
KNEVP	-	Entries in user's ordered empty vehicle priority list of where to put empties
KNG	-	Entries in group size distribution
KNL	-	Number of guideway links
KNR	-	Number of routes
KNRT	-	Entries in scheduled route list
KNS	-	Number of stations
KNSL	-	Number of station links
KNSLD	-	Entries in station link downstream station link list
KNSLE	-	Entries in station link event list
KNSLU	-	Entries in station link upstream station link list
KNSVP	-	Entries in user's ordered list of where to search for empties
KMDPRF	-	Number of demand profile intervals
KMGT	-	Number of route groups
KMNOD	-	Entries in list of O/D pairs using the second or third group size distribution
KMDLY1	-	Number of rows in merge delay table
KMDLY2	-	Number of columns in merge delay table
KMXFER	-	Number of O/D pairs requiring transfer data

processed. If a variable is absent from this column, it is not a Model Processor variable, but a data element used only by the Input Processor, and thereby not subject to MP runtime input.

Variables noted with a "*" are created by the Input Processor for use by the Model. (For example, when a user enters a table, the Input Processor often computes the number of elements entered and pointers to the various starting points within the table. A description of these additional data elements can be found in the output data descriptions of the Input Processor, Section 5.) Thus, this column contains a listing of all of the structured system characteristic variables which are required as input to the Model Processor. Computed network structured data are not included.

7. Default Value -- The default values are those assigned to the variable by the Input Processor at initialization prior to reading user specified values. Only those initialization values that have a particular meaning are listed. (For example, a transfer station table initialized to '0' would not be listed but a variable initialized to '0' which can have a value of '0' or '1' would be included.)
8. Format Type -- The "G" or "F" specified with each data element in this column designates the variable is a "GDIP" variable or a Fixed Formatted variable. Fixed formatted items are further noted with a "D" for demand input data.
9. Time Dependent -- An 'X' in this column indicates that it is possible for this variable to be altered at a specified time within the simulation run. In other words, the variable can be a time-tagged variable in the run time data set. However, it must be emphasized that data changes entered in this manner may produce unpredictable results, because of the system definition and related data dependencies. With the exception of failure entry and active fleet size management data, the Input Processor does not check any MP related data entry for reasonableness or completeness if it is time-tagged with a value greater than zero. This type of checking is also bypassed by the MP.
10. Option Dependencies -- This column identifies any unique conditions that dictate the use of the particular variable. (For example, some variables are only used by the model for scheduled service while others are referenced for demand responsive service policy.) If nothing is specified in this column, then the variable must be entered under all conditions.

Some of the system characteristics parameters affect the calculation of the network structured data. Therefore, when varying these parameters in a related set of simulation experiments, network processing must be requested (NEUNET = T) so that the desired characteristics are reflected in the network structured data. Table 4-12 lists the system characteristics parameters which affect the network characteristics.

4.3.2 Output Processor Data

Sampled data items for LIST, SUMM, PLOT, and HIST formats within the Output Processor are classified by major category which define the component or entity set of the simulation to which it pertains as follows:

- o System (SYST) -- Items related to overall system performance recorded on a single item basis each sampling interval. Retrieval does not require specification of either a major entity number or variable entity range.
- o Station (STN) -- Items related to station performance recorded on an individual station basis. Retrieval requires specification of the station(s) (variable entity range) for which statistics are desired.
- o Station Link (STNL) -- Items related to activity on individual station configuration elements. Retrieval requires two levels of qualification, where the major entity ID corresponds to the network station number of interest, and the variable entity range specifies the desired station link numbers.
- o Guideway Links (LINK) -- Items related to activity on individual guideway configuration elements. Retrieval requires specification of the links (variable entity range) for which output is desired.
- o Routes (RTE) -- Items related to individual scheduled service route and route group performance. Retrieval requires specification of the route or route group ID's (variable entity range) for which retrieval is required. Additional specification of a major entity number, corresponding to a guideway link ID, is required for retrieval of statistics recorded on a route by link basis.

Specification of a variable entity range of zero for non-system related items (STN, STNL, LINK, RTE) results in data being retrieved and displayed for the entire range of available entities. If only one entity in the variable entity range is desired, the first or lower index value in the range should be specified.

TABLE 4-12. SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS PARAMETERS AFFECTING NETWORK CHARACTERISTICS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
CSIZE	Clock units/minute
GLBLK	Block length for fixed headway regulation
GLHDWY	Time separation between vehicles at line speed
GLVEL	Nominal line speed
KNSL	Number of station links (if an STYPE=T)
NCSEL	Cost selection for path determination
NLNPRI	Priority link definition
POLLC	Longitudinal control policy
POLVPR	Vehicle position regulation scheme
PSPEED	Default vehicle speed on guideway
SLAVAL	Station link availability (if an STYPE=T)
SLBVEL	Online station bypass velocity (if an STYPE=T)
SLCAP	Station link capacity (if an STYPE=T)
SLCFIG	Station configurator input (if an STYPE=T)
SLEVL	Station link event list (if an STYPE=T)
SLTTIM	Station link travel time (if an STYPE=T)
SLTYPE	Station link type (if an STYPE=T)
SLVEL	Station link speed (if an STYPE=T)
STYPE	Station type
VLEN	Vehicle length

Station-to-station performance measures reports are requested by output format RPT3, STOS, or S-S along with specification of major category as shown below. The report for each station-to-station measure will display total, average, standard deviation, maximum, and minimum by O-D station pair, by origin station, by destination station, and system-wide. For each measure, only total or average by O-D pair is written to the J-file (when requested) as shown by the J-file column in the table below.

<u>Major Category</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>J-File</u>
PASS	Number of passengers served	Total
IVEH	Total time in vehicle - board-to-deboard	Average
INIT	Initial wait time - arrival-to-launch	Average
XFRS	Total number of passenger transfers	Average
XTIM	Total time for passenger transfers - intermediate deboard to intermediate board	Average
TVLT	Total travel time - arrival-to-completion	Average
TVLD	Passenger speed	Average

(The following categories are not station-to-station measures but rather request special functions)

PAGE	Set report page size: lines (in 22-26), cols. (in 27-31)
RPT	Suppress print of station-to-station report for all measures
FILE	Generate UTPS J-file for all requested station-to-station measures
STNS	Set maximum number of stations (in 22-26)
DBG } DEBU }	Turn on debugging output; the subcategories (17-20) are: FMTS - Run time formats KEYS - Temporary file keys RAW - Display raw data items SUMS - Display totals used to compute stats

At user option, scale limits may be input for time series data requests (PLOT). The user input scale definition is used in displaying sampled values on the output plot instead of the scale automatically generated by the Output Processor in the absence of user specification. Sampled values which fall outside the range of input scale values are plotted with the special character "#" at the low or high end of the output plot. The time of occurrence for the off scale sampled item is displayed on the time varying plot axis.

The particular item names which can be requested for output, and a description of the statistic available by retrieval of that item, are summarized in Tables 4-13 and 4-14. Table 4-14 lists additional measures which are derived from the raw statistics by the Output Processor. Specific examples of coding output processor command input data are provided in Section 6.

TABLE 4-13. (1 of 8) DESM STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
SYSTEM STATISTICS		
SYSTEM DATA		
ANIR	AVERAGE # OF VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE (OCCUPIED)	VEH.
ANDH	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES TRAVELLING EMPTY OR DEADHEADING IN D.R. SERVICE	VEH.
ANSV	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION STORAGE AREAS	VEH.
ANTV	AVERAGE NUMBER OF TRIPS ON VEHICLES	TRIPS
ANPV	AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	TRIPS
ANSP	AVERAGE NUMBER SEATED PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	PASS
TSDC	SUM TIME DEMAND TO TRIP COMPLETION FOR TRIPS	SEC
XRTT	MAXIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	-
MRTT	MINIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	-
PDST	SUM OF COMPLETED PASSENGER DISTANCE ON GUIDEWAY	KM.
DDST	SUM OF EMPTY OR DEADHEADING DISTANCE TRAVELLED ON GUIDEWAY	KM.
RDST	SUM OF REVENUE (OCCUPIED) DISTANCE TRAVELLED ON GDWY	KM.
DIST	TOTAL VEHICLE DISTANCE TRAVELLED (STN & GDWY)	KM.
NTOV	CURRENT # OF TRIPS ON VEHICLES (INCLUDING BOARDING)	TRIPS
NPOV	CURRENT # OF PASSENGERS ON VEHS (INCLUDING BOARDING)	PASS.
VRVS	CURRENT # OF VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE (OCCUPIED)	VEH.
VDEH	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES TRAVELLING EMPTY OR DEAD-HEADING	VEH.
VSTO	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION STORAGE AREAS	VEH.
THT1	# COMPLETED TRIPS EXCESS TRAVEL TIME <=FIRST CUTOFF	TRIP
THT2	# COMPLETED TRIPS EXCESS TRAVEL TIME >FIRST CUTOFF & <=SECOND CUTOFF	TRIP
THT3	# COMPLETED TRIPS EXCESS TRAVEL TIME >SECOND CUTOFF & <=SECOND CUTOFF	TRIP
PHT1	# COMPLETED PASS. EXCESS TRAVEL TIME <=FIRST CUTOFF	PASS
PHT2	# COMPLETED PASS. EXCESS TRAVEL TIME >FIRST CUTOFF & <=SECOND CUTOFF	PASS
PHT3	# COMPLETED PASS. EXCESS TRAVEL TIME >SECOND CUTOFF & <=SECOND CUTOFF	PASS
TVRS	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING REVENUE (OCCUPIED) STATE	VEH.
TVDH	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING DEADHEADING (EMPTY) STATE	VEH.
TVST	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES ENTERING STORAGE STATE	VEH.
PSER	TOTAL NUMBER PASSENGERS SERVED (BOARDED & CURRENTLY BOARDING VEHICLES) EXCLUDING TRANSFERS	PASS
XFLT	MAXIMUM FLEET SIZE	VEH.
MFLT	MINIMUM FLEET SIZE	VEH.
NPSV	CURRENT NUMBER OF SEATED PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	PASS.
MVLF	MINIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR AS PERCENT CAPACITY	-
XVLF	MAXIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR AS PERCENT CAPACITY	-
STATION DATA (TOTALLED ACCROSS ALL STATIONS)		
VANS	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATIONS	VEH.
ANWT	AVERAGE NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING IN STATIONS	TRIPS
ANWP	AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAITING PASSENGERS IN STATIONS	PASS
AVIR	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES ON INPUT RAMPS	VEH.
AVIQ	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES ON INPUT QUEUES	VEH.
AVDK	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES AT DOCKS	VEH.
AVOQ	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES ON OUTPUT QUEUES	VEH.
AVOR	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES ON OUTPUT RAMPS	VEH.
AVST	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES IN STORAGE AREAD	VEH.
AQIR	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS	VEH.
AQIQ	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES	VEH.
AQDK	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED AT DOCKS	VEH.
AQOQ	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES	VEH.
AQOR	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS	VEH.
AQST	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE AREAS	VEH.
VATS	AVERAGE TIME IN STATIONS OF VEHICLES LEAVING	SEC.
VXTS	MAXIMUM TIME IN A STATION OF VEHICLES LEAVING	SEC.

TABLE 4-13. (2 of 8) DESM STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
VTMC	SUM OF TIME DELAY FOR MERGE CONFLICT RESOLUTION (LAUNCH DELAY TIME FOR MERGE SCHEDULING)	SEC.
TDXS	MAX TRIP GROUP WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME PER PARTY FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
TSDS	SUM OF TRIP WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME FOR PARTIES FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
PDXS	MAX PASS WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME PER PASSENGER FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
PSDS	SUM OF PASS WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME FOR ALL PASSENGERS FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
TSAS	SUM OF ACTUAL TRAVEL TIMES FOR COMPLETED TRIPS (INCLUDING SUBGROUPS & TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	SEC.
TSNS	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIMES FOR COMPLETED TRIPS (INCLUDING SUBGROUPS & TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	SEC.
METS	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME TRIPS (INCLUDING SUB- GROUPS & TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	SEC.
TCAS	SUM OF ACTUAL TRAVEL TIMES FOR COALESCED TRIPS	SEC.
TCNS	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIMES FOR COALESCED TRIPS	SEC.
SDIR	SUM VEHICLE DELAY TIME LEAVING INPUT RAMPS	SEC.
SIDIQ	SUM VEHICLE DELAY TIME LEAVING INPUT QUEUES	SEC.
SDDK	SUM VEHICLE DELAY TIME LEAVING DOCKS	SEC.
SDOQ	SUM VEHICLE DELAY TIME LEAVING OUPUT QUEUES	SEC.
SDOR	SUM VEHICLE DELAY TIME LEAVING OUPUT RAMPS	SEC.
SDST	SUM VEHICLE DELAY TIME LEAVING STORAGE AREAS	SEC.
MCES	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME COALESCED TRIPS	SEC.
PDMS	MINIMUM PASSENGER TIME DEMAND TO DISPATCH (TIME PER PASSENGER FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
VMTS	MINIMUM TIME IN STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	SEC.
XDIR	MAXIMUM DELAY TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING IR Q	SEC.
XDIQ	MAXIMUM DELAY TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING IQ Q	SEC.
XDDK	MAXIMUM DELAY TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING DK Q	SEC.
XDOQ	MAXIMUM DELAY TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING OQ Q	SEC.
XDOR	MAXIMUM DELAY TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING OR Q	SEC.
XDST	MAXIMUM DELAY TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING ST Q	SEC.
TDST	SUM OF COMPLETED TRIP GUIDEWAY DISTANCES	KM.
SSVD	SUM OF STATION DISTANCE FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	KM.
ANIS	AVERAGE NUMBER OF INTERMEDIATE STOPS/COMPLETED PASS.	STPS/P.
VNES	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING STATIONS	VEH.
VNLS	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATIONS	VEH.
VNIS	CURRENT # OF VEHICLES IN STATIONS	VEH.
VALT	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ASSIGNED ALTERNATE STATIONS (DENIED TIMELY ENTRY)	VEH.
VNLN	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LAUNCHED FROM STATION (COMPLETED ANY REQUIRED LAUNCH DELAYS FOR MERGE SCHEDULING OR SCHEDULE ADHERENCE)	VEH.
VXNS	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN ANY NETWORK STATION	VEH.
TNIS	CURRENT # OF TRIPS IN STATION (INCLUDING XFERS)	TRIPS
TNRS	TOTAL # OF TRIPS REJECTED FROM STATIONS FOR VIOLATION OF BOARDING QUEUE CAPACITY)	TRIPS
TNDS	TOTAL # OF TRIPS DISPATCHED FROM STATIONS (VEHICLE LAUNCH PROCESSING & ASSOCIATED DELAYS COMPLETE)	TRIPS
PNIS	CURRENT # OF PASSENGERS IN STATIONS (INCLUDING XFERS)	PASS.
PNRS	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS REJECTED FROM STATIONS	PASS.
PNDS	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS DISPATCHED FROM STATIONS (VEHICLE LAUNCH PROCESSING & ASSOCIATED DELAYS COMPLETE)	PASS.
VREQ	TOTAL # OF UNSATISFIED EMPTY VEHICLE REQUESTS	REQ.
VEDC	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED ON CIRCUITOUS ROUTES	VEH.
VELS	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO LOCAL STORAGE	VEH.

TABLE 4-13. (3 of 8) DESM STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
VERC	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO REGIONAL CENTER	VEH.
VEAN	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPATED NEED NOT CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION IN NETWORK)	VEH.
VENB	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION IN NETWORK	VEH.
VEDR	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON OUTSTANDING REQUESTS (UNSATISFIED DEMAND REQUESTS AT NETWORK STATIONS)	VEH.
VED	NUMBER OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED FROM STATIONS	VEH.
TNES	TOTAL # OF TRIPS REQUESTING SERVICE (INCLUDING ALL ARRIVALS REGARDLESS OF REJECTION)	TRIPS
TNLS	TOTAL NUMBER TRIPS SERVED (BOARDED & CURRENTLY BOARDING VEHICLES) INCLUDING TRANSFERS	TRIPS
PNLS	TOTAL NUMBER PASSENGERS SERVED (BOARDED & CURRENTLY BOARDING VEHICLES) INCLUDING TRANSFERS	PASS
PNES	TOAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS REQUESTING SERVICE (INCLUDING ALL ARRIVALS REGARDLESS OF REJECTION)	PASS.
TNCS	TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS AT STATIONS (INCLUDING THOSE DEBOARDING)	TRIPS
PNCS	TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS AT STATIONS (INCLUDING THOSE DEBOARDING)	PASS.
TCNC	TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPLETED COALESCED TRIPS	TRIPS
TSXS	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING XFERRING PASSENGERS	XFERS
TXXF	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRANSFERS FOR ANY COMPLETED TRIP INCLUDING SUBGROUPS (SPLIT PARTIES)	XFERS
NTAR	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING TRIPS (INCLUDING XFERS)	TRIPS
NPAR	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING PASSENGERS (INCLUDING XFERS)	PASS.
NTWT	CURRENT NUMBER OF WAITING TRIPS IN NETWORK STATIONS (INCLUDING TRANSFERS)	TRIPS
XTWT	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING IN NETWORK STATIONS	TRIPS
NPWT	CURRENT NUMBER OF WAITING PASSENGERS IN NETWORK STATIONS (INCLUDING TRANSFERS)	PASS.
XPWT	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF WAITING PASSENGERS IN NETWORK STNS	PASS
TNSS	TOTAL NUMBER OF TRIP SUBGROUPS (SPLIT PARTIES) CREATED IN NETWORK STATIONS	SUBGRPS
TNGS	NUMBER OF COMPLETED SUBGROUPS (SPLIT PARTIES)	SUBGRPS
VNNS	TOTAL NUMBER OF ENTRAINED VEHICLES LEAVING STATIONS	VEH.
XOIR	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES ON AN INPUT RAMP	VEH.
XOIQ	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES ON AN INPUT QUEUE	VEH.
XODK	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES AT A DOCK	VEH.
XOOQ	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES ON AN OUTPUT QUEUE	VEH.
XOOR	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES ON AN OUTPUT RAMP	VEH.
XOST	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES IN A STORAGE AREA	VEH.
XQIR	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON AN INPUT RAMP	VEH.
XQIQ	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON AN INPUT QUEUE	VEH.
XQDK	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED AT A DOCK	VEH.
XQOQ	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON AN OUTPUT QUEUE	VEH.
XQOR	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON AN OUTPUT RAMP	VEH.
XQST	MAXIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED IN A STORAGE AREA	VEH.
NLIR	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT RAMPS	VEH.
NLIQ	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT QUEUES	VEH.
NLDK	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING DOCKS	VEH.
NLOQ	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT QUEUES	VEH.
NLOR	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT RAMPS	VEH.
NLST	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING STORAGE AREAS	VEH.
NEIR	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING INPUT RAMPS	VEH.
NEIQ	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING INPUT QUEUES	VEH.
NEDK	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING DOCKS	VEH.
NEOQ	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING OUTPUT QUEUES	VEH.
NEOR	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING OUTPUT RAMPS	VEH.
NEST	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING STORAGE AREAS	VEH.
VRNT	TOTAL NUMBER EMPTIES REQUESTED FROM NON-LOCAL STORAGE	VEH.
VRLS	TOTAL NUMBER EMPTIES REQUESTED FROM LOCAL STORAGE	VEH.

TABLE 4-13. (4 of 8) DESM STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
TTXS	TOTAL NUMBER TRANSFERS FOR COMPLETED TRIPS (INCLUDING EACH TIME A TRIP REQUIRED A TRANSFER)	XFERS
TPXS	TOTAL NUMBER PASSENGER TRANSFERS FOR COMPLETED TRIPS (TOTAL NUMBER OF XFERS FOR TRIP * NUMBER OF PASSENGERS)	XFERS
MPWT	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING IN NETWORK STATIONS	PASS.
MQIR	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON AN INPUT RAMP	VEH.
MQIQ	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON AN INPUT QUEUE	VEH.
MQDK	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED AT A DOCK	VEH.
MQQQ	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON AN OUTPUT QUEUE	VEH.
MQOR	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON AN OUTPUT RAMP	VEH.
MQST	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED IN A STORE AREA	VEH.
XFER	NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS HAVING TO TRANSFER AT LEAST ONE TIME ENROUTE TO DESTINATION	PASS.
GUIDEWAY DATA (TOTALED ACROSS ALL GUIDEWAY LINKS)		
XQDV	MAX AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY/VEHICLES LEAVING A LINK	SEC/VEH.
XQQV	MAX AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY/QUEUED VEHICLE LEAVING A LNK	SEC/VEH.
HDWY	SUM GUIDEWAY LINK HEADWAY TIMES	SEC.
GANO	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON GUIDEWAY	VEH.
GANQ	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON GUIDEWAY	VEH.
GAPL	AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON GUIDEWAY	PASS.
GSVT	SUM OF COMPLETED GUIDEWAY LINK VEHICLE TRAVEL TIMES	SEC.
GSVD	SUM OF COMPLETED GUIDEWAY LINK VEHICLE DISTANCES	KM.
GVNO	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON GUIDEWAY	VEH.
GVNQ	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON GUIDEWAY	VEH.
GXTQ	MAXIMUM WAIT TIME OF VEHICLES CURRENTLY QUEUED ON GUIDEWAY	SEC.
GXNO	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON GUIDEWAY	VEH.
GNE	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES ENTERING GUIDEWAY LINKS	VEH.
GNL	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINKS	VEH.
GNVE	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES ENTRAINED ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	VEH.
GNVD	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES DETRAINED ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	VEH.
GXNQ	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF QUEUED VEHICLES ON A GUIDEWAY LINK	VEH.
GNLQ	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINK QUEUES	VEH.
GXDQ	MAXIMUM DELAY TIME FOR ANY VEHICLE LEAVING A GUIDEWAY LINK QUEUE	SEC.
GSDQ	SUM OF DELAY TIMES FOR VEHICLES LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINK QUEUES	SEC.
GCAP	TOTAL GUIDEWAY CAPACITY	VEH.
GMOL	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES OCCUPYING ANY GUIDEWAY LINK	VEH.
GXPL	MAXIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON ANY GUIDEWAY LINK	PASS.
GMPL	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON ANY GUIDEWAY LINK	PASS.
GNPL	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON GUIDEWAY	PASS.
ROUTE STATISTICS (TOTALED ACROSS ALL ROUTES)		
RATR	AVG NUMBER OF TRIPS USING ROUTES (INCLUDING TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING VEHICLES)	TRIPS
RAPR	AVG NUMBER OF PASSENGERS USING ROUTES (INCLUDING PASSENGERS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING VEHICLES)	PASS.
RXSD	MAX SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ANY ROUTE (FIXED SCHEDULE) (AMOUNT OF TIME OR BEHIND OR AHEAD OF FIXED SCHEDULE STATION DEPARTURE TIME)	SEC.
RVTD	TOTAL ACCUMULATED SCHEDULE DEVIATION (SUM OF TIMES BEHIND OR AHEAD OF FIXED SCHEDULE STATION DEPARTURE TIME)	SEC.
RTID	TOTAL INTERDISPATCH TIME (VARIABLE SCHEDULE) (SUM OF TIMES BETWEEN VEHICLE DEPARTURES)	SEC.
RXID	MAX INTERDISPATCH TIME ON ANY ROUTE (MAXIMUM TIME BETWEEN VEHICLE DEPARTURES)	SEC.
RMID	MIN INTERDISPATCH TIME ON ANY ROUTE (MINIMUM TIME BETWEEN VEHICLE DEPARTURES)	SEC.

TABLE 4-13. (5 of 8) DESM STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
RMSD	MIN SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ANY ROUTE (FIXED SCHEDULE) (AMOUNT OF TIME OR BEHIND OR AHEAD OF FIXED SCHEDULE STATION DEPARTURE TIME)	SEC.
RTSE	NUMBER OF TRIPS SERVED ON ROUTES (BOARDED & CURRENTLY BOARDING VEHICLES) INCLUDING TRANSFERS	TRIPS
RPSE	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS SERVED ON ROUTES (BOARDED & CURRENTLY BOARDING VEHICLES) INCLUDING TRANSFERS	PASS.
RTN	NUMBER OF TRIPS CURRENTLY IN PROCESS ON ROUTE (INCLUDES TRIPS ONBOARD & BOARDING VEHICLES)	TRIPS
RPN	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS CURRENTLY IN PROCESS ON ROUTE (INCLUDES PASSENGERS ONBOARD & BOARDING VEHICLES)	PASS.
RVDI	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLE DEPARTURES ON ROUTES (COMPLETED ANY REQUIRED LAUNCH DELAYS FOR MERGE SCHEDULING OR SCHEDULE ADHERENCE)	VEH.
STATION STATISTICS (AVAILABLE FOR EACH STATION IN NETWORK)		
VANS	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION	VEH.
VATS	AVERAGE TIME IN STATION OF VEHICLES LEAVING	SEC.
ANWT	AVERAGE NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING	TRIPS
ANWP	AVERAGE NUMBER OF WAITING PASSENGERS	PASS
VSTS	SUM OF TIMES IN STATION OF VEHICLES LEAVING	SEC.
VXTS	MAXIMUM TIME IN STATION OF VEHICLES LEAVING	SEC.
VTMC	SUM OF TIME DELAY FOR MERGE CONFLICT RESOLUTION (LAUNCH DELAY TIME FOR MERGE SCHEDULING)	SEC.
TDXS	MAX TRIP GROUP WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME PER PARTY FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
TSDS	SUM OF TRIP WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME FOR PARTIES FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
PDXS	MAX PASS WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME PER PASSENGER FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
PSDS	SUM OF PASS WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME FOR ALL PASSENGERS FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
TSAS	SUM OF ACTUAL TRAVEL TIMES FOR COMPLETED TRIPS (INCLUDING SUBGROUPS & TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	SEC.
TSNS	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIMES FOR COMPLETED TRIPS (INCLUDING SUBGROUPS & TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	SEC.
METS	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME TRIPS (INCLUDING SUB- GROUPS & TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	SEC.
TCAS	SUM OF ACTUAL TRAVEL TIMES FOR COALESCED TRIPS	SEC.
TCNS	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIMES FOR COALESCED TRIPS	SEC.
MCES	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME COALESCED TRIPS	SEC.
VMTS	MINIMUM TIME IN STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	SEC.
PDMS	MINIMUM PASSENGER TIME DEMAND TO DISPATCH (TIME PER PASSENGER FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME OF VEHICLE LAUNCH FROM STATION)	SEC.
TDST	SUM OF COMPLETED TRIP GUIDEWAY DISTANCE	KM.
VNES	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING STATION	VEH.
VNLS	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION	VEH.
VNIS	CURRENT # OF VEHICLES IN STATION	VEH.
VALT	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ASSIGNED ALTERNATE STATION (DENIED TIMELY ENTRY)	VEH.
VNLN	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LAUNCHED FROM STATION (COMPLETED ANY REQUIRED LAUNCH DELAYS FOR MERGE SCHEDULING OR SCHEDULE ADHERENCE)	VEH.
VXNS	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN ANY NETWORK STATION	VEH.
TNIS	CURRENT # OF TRIPS IN STATION (INCLUDING XFERS)	TRIPS
TNRS	TOTAL # OF TRIPS REJECTED FROM STATION FOR VIOLATION OF BOARDING QUEUE CAPACITY)	TRIPS

TABLE 4-13. (6 of 8) DESM STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
TNDS	TOTAL # OF TRIPS DISPATCHED FROM STATIONS (VEHICLE LAUNCH PROCESSING & ASSOCIATED DELAYS COMPLETE)	TRIPS
PNIS	CURRENT # OF PASSENGERS IN STATION (INCLUDING XFERS)	PASS.
PNRS	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS REJECTED FROM STATION	PASS.
PNDS	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS DISPATCHED FROM STATIONS (VEHICLE LAUNCH PROCESSING & ASSOCIATED DELAYS COMPLETE)	PASS.
VREQ	TOTAL # OF UNSATISFIED EMPTY VEHICLE REQUESTS	REQ.
VEDC	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED ON CIRCUITOUS ROUTES	VEH.
VELS	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO LOCAL STORAGE	VEH.
VERC	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO REGIONAL CENTER	VEH.
VEAN	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPATED NEED NOT CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION IN NETWORK)	VEH.
VENB	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION IN NETWORK	VEH.
VEDR	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON OUTSTANDING REQUESTS (UNSATISFIED DEMAND REQUESTS AT NETWORK STATIONS)	VEH.
VED	NUMBER OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED FROM STATION	VEH.
TNES	TOTAL # OF TRIPS REQUESTING SERVICE (INCLUDING ALL ARRIVALS REGARDLESS OF REJECTION)	TRIPS
TNLS	TOTAL NUMBER TRIPS SERVED (BOARDED & CURRENTLY BOARDING VEHICLES) INCLUDING TRANSFERS	TRIPS
PNLS	TOTAL NUMBER PASSENGERS SERVED (BOARDED & CURRENTLY BOARDING VEHICLES) INCLUDING TRANSFERS	PASS
PNES	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS REQUESTING SERVICE (INCLUDING ALL ARRIVALS REGARDLESS OF REJECTION)	PASS.
TNCS	TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS AT STATION (INCLUDING THOSE DEBOARDING)	TRIPS
PNCS	TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS AT STATION (INCLUDING THOSE DEBOARDING)	PASS.
TCNC	TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPLETED COALESCED TRIPS	TRIPS
TSXS	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING XFERRING PASSENGER	XFERS
TXXF	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRANSFERS FOR ANY COMPLETED TRIP INCLUDING SUBGROUPS (SPLIT PARTIES)	XFERS
NTAR	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING TRIPS (INCLUDING XFERS)	TRIPS
NPAR	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING PASSENGERS (INCLUDING XFERS)	PASS.
NTWT	CURRENT NUMBER OF WAITING TRIPS IN NETWORK (INCLUDING TRANSFERS)	TRIPS
XTWT	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING IN NETWORK	TRIPS
NPWT	CURRENT NUMBER OF WAITING PASSENGERS IN NETWORK (INCLUDING TRANSFERS)	PASS.
XPWT	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF WAITING PASSENGERS IN NETWORK	PASS
TNSS	TOTAL NUMBER OF TRIP SUBGROUPS (SPLIT PARTIES) CREATED IN STATION	SUBGRPS
TNGS	NUMBER OF COMPLETED SUBGROUPS (SPLIT PARTIES)	SUBGRPS
VNNS	TOTAL NUMBER OF ENTRAINED VEHICLES LEAVING STATION	VEH.
VRNT	TOTAL NUMBER EMPTIES REQUESTED FROM NON-LOCAL STORAGE	VEH.
VRLS	TOTAL NUMBER EMPTIES REQUESTED FROM LOCAL STORAGE	VEH.
TTXS	TOTAL NUMBER TRANSFERS FOR COMPLETED TRIPS (INCLUDING EACH TIME A TRIP REQUIRED A TRANSFER)	XFERS
TPXS	TOTAL NUMBER PASSENGER TRANSFERS FOR COMPLETED TRIPS (TOTAL NUMBER OF XFERS FOR TRIP * NUMBER OF PASSENGERS)	XFERS
MPWT	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING IN NETWORK	PASS.
NPEG	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ENTERING STATION FROM GUIDEWAY	PASS.
NPLG	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS EXITING STATION ON VEHICLES	PASS.
VMNS	MINIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION	VEH.

STATION LINK STATISTICS (AVAILABLE FOR EACH STATION LINK IN EACH STATION)

VANO	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON STATION LINK J	VEH.
VATO	AVERAGE TIME OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION LINK J	SEC.
VTIO	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE OCCUPANCY	VEHSEC

TABLE 4-13. (7 of 8) DESM STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
VSTO	SUM OF TIMES OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION LINK J	SEC.
VXTO	MAXIMUM TIME OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION LINK J	SEC.
VNEO	NUMBER OF VEHICLES ENTERING STATION LINK J	VEH.
VNLO	NUMBER OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION LINK J	VEH.
VNIO	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON STATION LINK J	VEH.
VXNO	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION LINK J	VEH.
VANQ	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION LINK J QUEUE	VEH.
VATQ	AVERAGE TIME OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION LINK J QUEUE	SEC.
VTIQ	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE QUEUE OCCUPANCY	VEHSEC
VSTQ	SUM OF TIMES OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION LINK J QUEUE	SEC.
VXTQ	MAXIMUM TIME OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION LINK J QUEUE	SEC.
VNEQ	NUMBER OF VEHICLES ENTERING STATION LINK J QUEUE	VEH.
VNLQ	NUMBER OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION LINK J QUEUE	VEH.
VNIQ	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION LINK J QUEUE	VEH.
VXNQ	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION LINK J	VEH.
VQDV	MINIMUM NUMBER OCCUPYING LINK	VEH.
VQDQ	MINIMUM NUMBER OCCUPYING LINK QUEUE	VEH.

GUIDEWAY LINK DATA (AVAILABLE FOR EACH LINK IN NETWORK)

HDWY	GUIDEWAY LINK HEADWAY	SEC.
GANO	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON LINKS	VEH.
GANQ	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED ON LINK	VEH.
GAPL	AVERAGE NUMBER PASSENGERS ON LINK	PASS.
GSVT	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK TRAVEL TIMES	SEC.
GSVD	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK DISTANCES	KM.
GVNO	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON LINKS	VEH.
GVNQ	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON LINKS	VEH.
GXTQ	MAXIMUM WAIT TIME OF VEHICLES CURRENTLY QUEUED	SEC.
GXNO	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON LINK	VEH.
GNE	NUMBER OF VEHICLES ENTERING LINK	VEH.
GNL	NUMBER OF VEHICLES LEAVING LINK	VEH.
GNVE	NUMBER OF VEHICLES ENTRAINED ON LINK	VEH.
GNVD	NUMBER OF VEHICLES DETRAINED ON LINK	VEH.
GXNQ	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF QUEUED VEHICLES ON LINK	VEH.
GNLQ	NUMBER OF VEHICLES LEAVING LINK QUEUE	VEH.
GXDQ	MAXIMUM DELAY TIME FOR THOSE LEAVING QUEUE	SEC.
GSDQ	SUM OF DELAY TIMES FOR THOSE LEAVING QUEUE	SEC.
GSTA	GUIDEWAY LINK STATUS - 0==>AVAILABLE, 1==>FAILED	-
GCAP	GUIDEWAY LINK CAPACITY	VEH.
GMNO	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES ON LINK	VEH.
GXPL	MAXIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON LINK	PASS.
GMPL	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON LINK	PASS.
GNPL	CURRENT NUMBER PASSENGERS ON LINK	PASS.

ROUTE STATISTICS (AVAILABLE FOR EACH DEFINED ROUTE OR ROUTE GROUP IN NETWORK)

RATR	AVG NUMBER OF TRIPS USING ROUTES (INCLUDING TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	TRIPS
RAPR	AVG NUMBER OF PASSENGERS USING ROUTES (INCLUDING TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	PASS.
RAVS	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES IN SERVICE	VEH.
RASP	AVERAGE NUMBER SEATED PASSENGERS	PASS.
RAPW	AVERAGE NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING	PASS.
RMSD	MIN SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ANY ROUTE (FIXED SCHEDULE) (AMOUNT OF TIME OR BEHIND OR AHEAD OF FIXED SCHEDULE STATION DEPARTURE TIME)	SEC.
TSAS	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	SEC.
TSNS	SUM NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	SEC.
XRTT	MAXIMUM RATIO ACTUAL TT / NOMINAL TT	-
MRTT	MINIMUM RATIO ACTUAL TT / NOMINAL TT	-
GVST	SUM VEHICLE TIME ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	SEC.
SVTS	SUM VEHICLE TIMES IN STATIONS	SEC.

TABLE 4-13. (8 of 8) DESM STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
PSDS	SUM OF PASS WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME FOR ALL PASSENGERS FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME VEHICLE IS LAUNCHED FROM STATION)	SEC.
PDXS	MAX PASS WAIT TIME (DEMAND TO DISPATCH) (TIME PER PASSENGER FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME VEHICLE IS LAUNCHED FROM STATION)	SEC.
PDMS	MINIMUM PASSENGER TIME DEMAND TO DISPATCH (TIME PER PASSENGER FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME VEHICLE IS LAUNCHED FROM STATION)	SEC.
RXSD	MAX SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ANY ROUTE (FIXED SCHEDULE) (AMOUNT OF TIME OR BEHIND OR AHEAD OF FIXED SCHEDULE STATION DEPARTURE TIME)	SEC.
RVTD	TOTAL ACCUMULATED SCHEDULE DEVIATION (SUM OF TIMES BEHIND OR AHEAD OF FIXED SCHEDULE STATION DEPARTURE TIME)	SEC.
RTID	TOTAL INTERDISPATCH TIME (VARIABLE SCHEDULE) (SUM OF TIMES BETWEEN VEHICLE DEPARTURES)	SEC.
RXID	MAX INTERDISPATCH TIME ON ANY ROUTE (MAXIMUM TIME BETWEEN VEHICLE DEPARTURES)SEC.	SEC.
RMID	MIN INTERDISPATCH TIME ON ANY ROUTE (MINIMUM TIME BETWEEN VEHICLE DEPARTURES)	SEC.
GVSD	SUM VEHICLE DISTANCE ON GUIDEWAY	KM.
PDST	SUM PASSENGER DISTANCE ON GUIDEWAY	KM.
SDST	SUM COMPLETED STATION DISTANCE	KM.
RTSE	NUMBER OF TRIPS SERVED ON ROUTES (BOARDED & CURRENTLY BOARDING VEHICLES) INCLUDING TRANSFERS	TRIPS
RPSE	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS SERVED ON ROUTES (BOARDED & CURRENTLY BOARDING VEHICLES) INCLUDING TRANSFERS	PASS.
RTN	NUMBER OF TRIPS CURRENTLY IN PROCESS ON ROUTE (INCLUDES TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	TRIPS
RPN	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS CURRENTLY IN PROCESS ON ROUTE (INCLUDES TRIPS CURRENTLY DEBOARDING)	PASS.
RVDI	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLE DEPARTURES ON ROUTES (COMPLETED ANY REQUIRED LAUNCH DELAYS FOR MERGE SCHEDULING OR SCHEDULE ADHERENCE)	VEH.
XFLT	MAXIMUM FLEET SIZE	VEH.
MFLT	MINIMUM FLEET SIZE	VEH.
TSXS	NUMBER ARRIVING XFERRING PASSENGERS	PASS.
NPAR	NUMBER OF ARRIVING PASSENGERS	PASS.
NPCS	NUMBER COMPLETED PASSENGERS	PASS.
NPWT	TOTAL NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING	PASS.
XPWT	MAXIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING	PASS.
MPWT	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING	PASS.
PNDS	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS DISPATCHED	PASS.
NPSV	CURRENT NUMBER OF SEATED PASSENGERS	PASS.
RNV	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON ROUTE	VEH.
MVLF	MINIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR AS PERCENT CAPACITY	-
XVLF	MAXIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR AS PERCENT CAPACITY	-

TABLE 4-14. (1 of 2) DERIVED STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
DERIVED SYSTEM STATISTICS		
RVSP	PROPORTION VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE	-
DEHP	PROPORTION VEHICLES TRAVELLING EMPTY OR DEADHEADING	-
STOP	PROPORTION OF VEHICLES IN STATION STORAGE AREAS	-
ATPV	AVERAGE NUMBER OF TRIPS/VEHICLE	TRIP/VEH
APPV	AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS/VEHICLE	PASS/VEH
AVLF	% VEHICLE LOAD (OCCUPANCY AS A PERCENT OF CAPACITY)	-
ADIR	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT RAMPS	SEC.
ADIQ	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT QUEUES	SEC.
ADDK	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING DOCKS	SEC.
ADOQ	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT QUEUES	SEC.
ADOR	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING STORAGE AREAS	SEC.
ADST	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT RAMPS	SEC.
ADVH	AVERAGE PASSENGER DISTANCE/VEH HR	KM./VEH*HR.
ADV D	AVERAGE PASSENGER DISTANCE/VEHICLE UNIT DISTANCE	-
ADV	AVERAGE DISTANCE/VEHICLE	KM./VEH
ADCT	AVERAGE DISTANCE/COMPLETED TRIP	KM./TRIP
ADRS	AVERAGE DISTANCE/REVENUE SERVICE VEHICLE	KM.
ADDH	AVERAGE DISTANCE/DEADHEADING OR EMPTY VEHICLE	KM.
AVSP	AVERAGE VEHICLE GUIDEWAY SPEED	KM./SEC
ADVQ	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY / VEHICLES LEAVING GDWY LINKS	SEC/VEH.
ADVL	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY / QUEUED VEHICLE LEAVING LINKS	SEC/VEH.
AVFR	AVERAGE VEHICLE FLOW RATE LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINKS	VEH/HR
AFIR	AVERAGE VEHICLE FLOW RATE LEAVING INPUT RAMPS	VEH/HR
AFIQ	AVERAGE VEHICLE FLOW RATE LEAVING INPUT QUEUES	VEH/HR
AFDK	AVERAGE VEHICLE FLOW RATE LEAVING DOCKS	VEH/HR
AFOQ	AVERAGE VEHICLE FLOW RATE LEAVING OUTPUT QUEUES	VEH/HR
AFOR	AVERAGE VEHICLE FLOW RATE LEAVING OUTPUT RAMPS	VEH/HR
AFST	AVERAGE VEHICLE FLOW RATE LEAVING STORAGE AREAS	VEH/HR
PALT	PROPORTION OF VEHICLES DENIED TIMELY STATION ENTRY (ASSIGNED AN ALTERNATE STATION)	-
ADMC	AVERAGE DELAY FOR MERGE CONFLICT RESOLUTION	SEC.
ADRT	AVERAGE NUMBER OF DISPATCHES/ROUTE	VEH/RT
ASRT	AVERAGE SCHEDULE DEVIATION/ROUTE	SEC/RT
APWT	AVERAGE NUMBER CURRENTLY WAITING PASS / STATION	PASS
ATWT	AVERAGE NUMBER CURRENTLY WAITING TRIPS / STATION	TRIPS.
AATT	AVERAGE ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME	SEC.
ANNT	AVERAGE NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME	SEC.
AETT	AVERAGE EXCESS TRAVEL TIME	SEC.
ANXF	AVERAGE NUMBER OF TRANSFERS / COMPLETED TRIP	-
VOGP	PROPORTION VEHICLES ON GUIDEWAY	-
VISP	PROPORTION VEHICLES IN STATIONS	-
ALLF	AVERAGE % LINK LOAD (VEHICLES AS PERCENT CAPACITY)	-
ATV	AVERAGE NUMBER TRIPS/VEHICLE	TRPS/VEH
AVRT	AVERAGE NUMBER VEHICLES/ROUTE	VEH.
APRT	AVERAGE NUMBER PASSENGERS/ROUTE	PASS.
ATRT	AVERAGE NUMBER TRIPS/ROUTE	TRIPS
APDD	AVERAGE DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH PASSENGERS	SEC.
ATTS	AVERAGE TRIP TRAVEL SPEED	M/SEC.
ATDD	AVERAGE DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH TRIPS (WAIT TIME) (TIME PER TRIP FROM STATION ARRIVAL TO TIME VEHICLE IS ASSIGNED A STATION LAUNCH TIME)	SEC.
AFLT	AVERAGE VEHICLE FLEET SIZE	VEH.
SCAP	TOTAL VEHICLE SEAT CAPACITY	SEATS
SAVL	TOTAL SEAT AVAILABILITY	SEATS
VTVL	TOTAL VEHICLE DISTANCE TRAVELLED ON GUIDEWAY	KM.
AVSD	AVERAGE VEHICLE SPEED INCLUDING DWELL IN STATIONS	M/SEC
PCPT	PERCENT COMPLETED PASSENGER XFRS	-
NPIS	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS IN SYSTEM	PASS
RTT	RATIO OF NOMINAL TO ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME	-

TABLE 4-14. (2 of 2) DERIVED STATISTICS

NAME	DESCRIPTION	UNITS
DERIVED STATION STATISTICS		
NTSH	TRIPS SERVED / HOUR	TRIP/HR.
NPSH	PASSENGERS SERVED / HOUR	PASS/HR.
APDD	AVERAGE PASSENGER WAIT TIME	SECS.
VLFI	VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR AS PERCENT CAPACITY ENTERING STN	-
VLFO	VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR AS PERCENT CAPACITY EXITING STN	-
DERIVED STATION LINK STATISTICS		
VQDV	QUEUE DELAY / VEHICLE	SEC/VEH.
VQDQ	QUEUE DELAY / QUEUED VEHICLE	SEC/VEH.
VFLW	VEHICLE FLOW RATE	VEH/HR.
DERIVED ROUTE STATISTICS		
SCAP	SEAT CAPACITY	SEATS
SAVL	SEAT AVAILABILITY	SEATS
AVLF	AVERAGE VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR AS PERCENT CAPACITY	-
APDD	AVERAGE PASSENGER DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH	SECS.
RTT	RATIO OF NOMINAL TO ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME	-
AVSP	AVERAGE VEHICLE SPEED EXCLUDING STATION DWELL	M/SEC.
AVSD	AVERAGE VEHICLE SPEED INCLUDING STATION DWELL	M/SEC.
PAPX	PERCENT ARRIVING TRANSFERS	-
AVLL	AVERAGE VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR AS PERCENT CAPACITY BY GUIDEWAY LINK	-
DERIVED GUIDEWAY LINK STATISTICS		
GQDV	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY / VEHICLE	SEC.
GQDQ	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY / QUEUED VEHICLE	SEC.
AVSP	AVERAGE LINK SPEED	M/SEC.
AVLL	AVG % LINK LOAD (OCCUPANCY AS % CAPACITY)	-
GVFR	AVERAGE VEHICLE FLOW RATE LEAVING LINK	VEH/HR.
AVLF	AVERAGE VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR AS PERCENT CAPACITY	-

5. OUTPUT DATA

The DESM produces various output files which are used for formatted data transfer between the IP, MP, and OP. These files are used for establishing the basis for modeling and resultant analysis of a given simulation experiment. The DESM MP can produce output data suitable for input to the Detailed Station Model (DSM) for conducting individual station performance analysis. Each component of the DESM updates a run index file which is used to record descriptive information reflecting each execution of the DESM. This run index can be used to assist the user in correlating data base files with experimental output for planning simulation run setup and results analysis.

5.1 DATA SET DESCRIPTIONS

The output files within the AGT data base are organized as partitioned data sets with the exception of the run index file which is maintained as a sequential file. In general, the member names of output files created by the DESM, are specified by the user at execution time as described in Section 6. The specific output files produced by the three components of the DESM are described in the following sections. The sizes of the output files described in the following sections are given in terms of the simulation compile-time parameters. These parameters and their current values are defined in Table 5-1.

5.1.1 Input Processor

The DESM IP creates the following files for use by the MP:

1. System Characteristics
2. Network Definition
3. Run Time Input
4. Trip.

These files provide the necessary information for establishing the characteristics (options, policies, etc.), network configuration, asynchronous stimuli, and demand requirements for a given simulation run. The IP also creates an initial index file entry, identifying the generation of DESM simulation data and a station to station performance file for use by the Feeder System Model. The contents of these files are summarized in Tables 5-2 through 5-7.

TABLE 5-1. COMPILE TIME MAXIMA (Page 1 of 2)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Current Value</u>
KMS	Stations	120
KML	Guideway Links	350
KMV	Vehicles	2000
KMT	Simultaneous Trips	10000
KMX	Transactions (KMV + KMT + number of system service transactions)	15000
KMCLTA	Entries in Clock Table	1000
KMMSGS	Messages of any kind issued before termination	25
KMMSGI	Information Messages Before Termination	15
KMMSGW	Warning Messages Before Termination	15
KMMTYP	Message of Any Type Before Termination	10
KMFLAG	Auxiliary Output Flags	400
KMSL	Station Links	20
KMR	Routes	30
KMRT	Entries in Scheduled Route List	300
KMEVP	Entries in Priority List of Where to Put Empty Vehicles	10
KMSVP	Entries in Priority List of Where to Search for Empty Vehicles	10
KMSLE	Entries in Station Link Event List	120
KMSLD	Entries in Downstream Station Link List	100
KMSLU	Entries in Upstream Station Link List	100
KMSLDS	Entries in List of Station Links Downstream from a Station Link Diverge	20

TABLE 5-1. COMPILE TIME MAXIMA (Page 2 of 2)

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Current Value</u>
KMG	Passengers per Trip	10
KMN	Network Nodes	300
KMNID	Network Node ID Range	300
KMNOD	Entries in list of O/D Pairs Using the Second or Third Group Size Distribution	150
KMHDR	Data Card Header Types	14
KMDLY1	Rows in Merge Delay Table	10
KMDLY2	Columns in Merge Delay Table	10
KMM	Merges	200
KMCR	Empty Vehicle Circulation Routes	20
KMCRS	Entries in Empty Vehicle Circulation Route List	400
KMANT	Entries in Empty Vehicle Anticipated Need Lists	1000
KMLSLT	Simultaneous Minimum Path Tables	4
KMALT	Entries in Alternate Route List	50
KMWMAX	Intervals in Merge Reservation Table	720
KMGT	Entries in Route Group List	100
KMDPRF	Intervals in Demand Profile	25
KMXFER	Origin/Destination Pairs Requiring Transfer	8000
KMTR	Number of Uniform Demand Trips Generated	1000
KMFAIL	Number of Failure/Recovery Cards	10

TABLE 5-2. (1 of 6) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS FILE

```
*****
*          SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS DATA          *
* FILE NAME: AGT.STRUC.SYSTEM                    TYPE: BINARY *
*****
```

```
-----
SIZE (BYTES)  DESCRIPTION                                     VARIABLE
-----
```

RUN-TIME MAXIMA:

THE FOLLOWING VARIABLE NAMES DEFINE THE ACTUAL NUMBER OF ENTITIES USED IN A GIVEN RUN. THESE ARE READ IN AT RUN-TIME AND MUST BE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO THEIR COMPILE-TIME MAXIMA COUNTERPARTS.

2	NUMBER OF STATION LINKS	KNSL
2	NUMBER OF VEHICLES ACTIVE IN SIMULATION RUN	KNV
2	MAXIMUM FLEET SIZE	KNFLT
2	NUMBER OF SIMULTANEOUS TRIP TRANSACTIONS	KNT
2	NUMBER OF ROUTES	KNR
2	ENTRIES IN PVRPTR = KNR+1	KNR1
2	ENTRIES IN CIRCUITOUS EMPTY ROUTE TABLE (PECRTE)	KNCRS
2	ENTRIES IN EMPTY VEHICLE ANTICIPATED NEED LISTS (PANSTN,PANEED,PANCD)	KNANT
2	ENTRIES IN SCHEDULED SERVICE ROUTE LIST	KNRT
2	ENTRIES IN USER'S ORDERED EMPTY VEHICLE PRIORITY LIST OF WHERE TO PUT EMPTIES (PVEPR)	KNEVP
2	ENTRIES IN USER'S ORDERED LIST OF WHERE TO SEARCH FOR EMPTIES (PVSPR)	KNSVP
2	MIN PATH ROUTE TABLES THERE ARE IN SIMULATION SIMULTANEOUSLY	KNLSLT
2	ENTRIES IN STATION LINK EVENT LIST (SLEVL)	KNSLE
2	ENTRIES IN STATION LINK DOWNSTREAM SL LIST (SLDSL)	KNSLD
2	ENTRIES IN STATION LINK UPSTREAM SL LIST (SLUSL)	KNSLU
2	NUMBER OF FAILURE/RECOVERY CARDS PROCESSED	KNFAIL
2	NUMBER OF LINKS IN FAILURE RESPONSE TOW PATH	KNTOW

TIME CONTROL VARIABLES:

THE FOLLOWING VARIABLE NAMES DEFINE THE FUTURE EVENTS LIST ALLOCATION & USAGE REQUIREMENTS.

4	CLOCK SCALE FACTOR (CLOCK UNITS/MINUTE)	CSIZE
4	NUMBER OF ENTRIES ALLOWED IN ANY CLOCK TABLE INTERVAL	CLOOP
4	INCREMENT IN TIME BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE CLOCK TABLE INTERVALS (CLOCK UNITS*10)	CLSMAL
4	NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN CLOCK TABLE	CLSIZE

STATION LINK CHARACTERISTICS:

THE FOLLOWING VARIABLE NAMES DEFINE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE STATION LINKS FOR EACH REQUIRED NETWORK STATION

4*KMSL*	PENALTY FACTOR TO BE APPLIED TO LINK TRAVERSAL	SLPENT
KMS		
4*KMSL	TRAVEL TIME ON STATION LINK, INCLUDING HEADWAY ZONE	SLTTIM
4*KMSL	TIME TO TRAVEL THE HEADWAY ZONE (VARIABLE TERM) <TOTAL HEADWAY ZONE TRAVEL TIME = SLHJA*(TRAIN LENGTH) + SLHTB >	SLHTA
4*KMSL	TIME TO TRAVEL THE HEADWAY ZONE (CONSTANT TERM)	SLHTB
4	TRAVEL TIME ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR VEHICLES NOT STOPPING AT ON-LINE STATION	SLBFAC
2*KMSL*	STATION LINK CAPACITY (#VEHICLES)	SLCAP
KMS		
2*KMSL*	INITIAL STATION LINK OCCUPANCY (# VEH IN STORAGE)	SLOCC
KMS		

TABLE 5-2. (2 of 6) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
2*KMSL	STATION LINK GENERIC TYPE SLTYPE 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	SLTYPE USER IR IQ D (THE DEBOARD & BOARD EVENTS CAN APPEAR ONLY ON THIS TYPE) OQ OR S IS SI DS SO
2*KMSL 2*KMSLE	POINTER TO STARTING ENTRY IN SLEVL FOR EACH SL STATION LINK EVENT LISTS LISTS OF THE EVENTS FROM THE CANONICAL SL THAT ARE TO OCCUR ON THE LINK BEING DESCRIBED. THE STARTING ENTRY IN EACH SUBLIST IS POINTED TO BY SLEVP AND THE LAST ENTRY IN EACH SUBLIST IS 0. THE EVENTS MUST BE IN THE ORDER H/T/D/B/S/L/O. IN THE MODEL PROCESSOR THE EVENTS WILL BE REPRESENTED AS NUMBERS: (1,H) (2,T) (3,D) (4,B) (5,S) (6,L) (0,END OF EVENTS ON SL). THE STORE AND LAUNCH EVENTS MUST BE THE LAST EVENTS ON THE LINKS ON WHICH THEY APPEAR. (SLEVL(SLEVP(I))-1)=0 ,I=2,KNSL) (SLEVL(SLEVP(I))--=0 ,I=1,KNSL) (SLEVL(KMSLE)=0)	SLEVP SLEVL
2*KMSL 2*KMSLU	POINTER TO STARTING ENTRY IN SLUSL FOR EACH SL LIST OF UPSTREAM SL'S THAT FEED THIS SL STARTING ENTRY IN EACH SUBLIST IS POINTED TO BY SLUSP AND THE LAST ENTRY IN EACH SUBLIST IS 0. (SLUSL(SLUSP(I))-1)=0 ,I=2,KNSL) (SLUSL(SLUSP(I))--=0 ,I=1,KNSL) (SLUSL(KMSLU)=0)	SLUSP SLUSL
2*KMSL 2*KMSLD	POINTER TO START ENTRY IN SLDSL FOR SL LIST OF DOWNSTREAM SL'S THAT THIS SL FEEDS STARTING ENTRY IN EACH SUBLIST IS POINTED TO BY SLDSP AND THE LAST ENTRY IN EACH SUBLIST IS 0. (SLDSL(SLDSP(I))-1)=0 ,I=2,KNSL) (SLDSL(SLDSP(I))--=0 ,I=1,KNSL) (SLDSL(KMSLD)=0)	SLDSP SLDSL
2*KMSL	DIVERGE FN # (IF MORE THAN 1 DOWNSTREAM SL) (USER ASSIGNED TO COINCIDE WITH USER IMPLEMENTED CODE)	SLDIVC
2*KMSL 2*KMSL*KMS	PRIORITY/FIFO INDICATOR (DQ FROM UPSTREAM SLS) TIMEOUT/GROUP DEMAND RESPONSIVE STATION LINK DOCK TYPE	SLPF SLDTYP
2*KMSL*KMS	TIMEOUT/GROUP DEMAND RESPONSIVE DOCK LINK PLATFORM ASSIGNMENT	SLPLAT
KMSL*KMS	STATION LINK AVAILABILITY	SLAVAL

TABLE 5-2. (3 of 6) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
GUIDEWAY LINK CHARACTERISTICS: THE FOLLOWING VARIABLE NAMES DEFINE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE GUIDEWAY LINKS DEFINED IN THE SIMULATED NETWORK		
4	STANDARD DEVIATION OF VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY	GLVSD
4	REACTION TIME FOR ACCELERATING TO LINE SPEED FROM STOP	GLRTIM
4*KMDLY1*	MERGE DELAY TABLE FOR HEURISTIC MERGE POLICY.	GLMDLY
KMDLY2	EACH ENTRY CONTAINS A TIME DELAY	
2*KML	INITIAL LINK OCCUPANCY FOR VEHICLE INITIALIZATION	GLOCC
VEHICLE CHARACTERISTICS: THE FOLLOWING VARIABLE NAMES DEFINE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE VEHICLES USED IN THE SIMULATION		
4*KMFAIL	VEHICLE DEGRADATION FACTOR	VDFACT
2	VEHICLE LENGTH	VLEN
2	VEHICLE CAPACITY	VCAP
2	VEHICLE SEAT CAPACITY	VSEAT
2	VEHICLE HANDICAPPED CAPACITY	VHCAP
STATION CHARACTERISTICS: THE FOLLOWING VARIABLE NAMES DEFINE THE CHARACTERISTICS OF THE STATIONS DEFINED IN THE SIMULATED NETWORK		
4	DEBOARD TIME PER DEBOARDING PASSENGER (INPUT BY USER IN SEC. & CONVERTED BY IP TO C.U.)	STDBA
4	ESTIMATED DWELL ADJUSTMENT FACTOR FOR NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (INPUT BY USER IN SEC. & CONVERTED BY IP TO C.U.)	STDHFF
4	BOARD TIME PER BOARDING PASSENGER (INPUT BY USER IN SEC. & CONVERTED BY IP TO C.U.)	STBA
4	MINIMUM DOOR OPEN TIME (INPUT BY USER IN SEC. & CONVERTED BY IP TO C.U.)	SMNDBT
4	MAXIMUM BOARDING TIME LIMIT ASSUMING NO BOARDING BOARDING PASSENGERS.	SMXDBT
4	HANDICAPPED PASSENGER BOARD DOOR TIME	SHCBA
4	HANDICAPPED PASSENGER DEBOARD DOOR TIME	SHCDBA
4	HANDICAPPED PASSENGER BOARD SECURE TIME	SHCBB
4	HANDICAPPED PASSENGER DEBOARD RELEASE AND MOVE TO DOOR TIME	SHCDBB
4	TIMEOUT/GROUP DEMAND RESPONSIVE RIPPLE BERTH ADVANCEMENT TIME IF MOVING	STMOV1
4	TIMEOUT/GROUP DEMAND RESPONSIVE RIPPLE BERTH ADVANCEMENT TIME IF STOPPED.	STMOV2
2*KMS	NUMBER OF THE STATION THAT ACTS AS THE REGIONAL CENTER TO WHICH THIS STATION SENDS EMPTIES	PSRCTO
2*KMS	NUMBER OF THE STATION THAT ACTS AS THE REGIONAL CENTER FROM WHICH THIS STATION GETS EMPTIES	PSRCFM
2*KMS	NUMBER OF THE EMPTY VEHICLE CIRCUITOUS ROUTE ONTO WHICH THIS STATION SENDS EMPTIES	PECRTN
2*KMS	CAPACITY OF BOARDING QUEUE (# PASSENGERS)	SBQCAP
2	NUMBER OF THE SL ACTING AS THE INPUT RAMP	SLIR
2	NUMBER OF THE SL ACTING AS THE OUTPUT RAMP	SLOR
2	NUMBER OF THE SL DESIGNATED AS STORAGE	SLSTOR
2	STATION LINK TRAVEL TIME FROM LAUNCH TO EXIT	SENTIM
2	NUMBER OF SLOTS FROM LAUNCH EVENT TO STATION EXIT	SEMSLT

TABLE 5-2. (4 of 6) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
2	MAXIMUM BOARDING PASSENGERS LIMIT ASSUMING NO DEBOARDING PASSENGERS	SMXDBP
2*KMS	TOTAL STATION CAPACITY	SHCAP1
2	HANDICAPPED PASSENGER BOARD DOOR TIME ORDINARY PASSENGER EQUIVILENT COUNT	SHCPA
2	HANDICAPPED PASSENGER BOARD SECURE TIME ORDINARY PASSENGER EQUIVILENT COUNT	SHCPB
2*KMS*4	TIMEOUT/GROUP DEMAND RESPONSIVE MINIMUM INVENTORY GOAL FOR EACH DIRECTIONAL PLATFORM	SMNINV
KMS	STATION TYPE INDICATOR	STYPE
KMS	STATION MAINTENANCE BARN INDICATOR	SBARN
KMS	SWITCHBACK STATION INDICATOR	STNGFL

GENERAL SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS:

4	WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR LINK NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME	PSTWT
4	WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR LINK UTILIZATION	PSUWT
4	WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR MERGE SCHEDULING DELAY	PMDWT
4*KMANT	CUMULATIVE DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS OF ANTICIPATED NEED FOR EVM OPTION #3	PANCD
4	MERGE RESERVATION TABLE WINDOW WIDTH	PMRGWW
4	TOTAL TIME COVERED BY MERGE RESERVATION TABLE	PMRGTT
4*KMRT	CONTAINS THE TIME AT WHICH THE NEXT VEHICLE ON THIS ROUTE SHOULD LEAVE	PNXSLV
4*KMRT	THE NUMBER OF VEHICLES REQUIRED FOR SCHEDULING FROM EACH STATION ON EACH DEFINED SCHEDULED ROUTE	PNVDIS
4*KMR	DESIRED HEADWAY BETWEEN VEHICLES ON THE SAME ROUTE (SECONDS) (FOR SCHEDULED)	PRTEHW
4	TRANSFER WALK TIME SYSTEM-WIDE DEFAULT VALUE	PWLKTS
4*KMS*KMS	TRANSFER WALK TIME PRIOR TO BOARDING QUEUE ENTRY	PWALKT
4	ALTERNATE STATION EGRESS TIME	PALLET
4	FIRST THRESHOLD FOR EXCESS TRAVEL TIME HISTOGRAM	PHIST1
4	SECOND THRESHOLD FOR EXCESS TRAVEL TIME HISTOGRAM	PHIST2
2	LONGITUDINAL CONTROL POLICY IN EFFECT	POLLC
2	DISPATCH POLICY IN EFFECT	POLDIS
2	VEHICLE POSITION REGULATION SCHEME IN EFFECT	POLVPR
2	THE SERVICE POLICY TO BE USED FOR THIS RUN	POLSER
2	ALGORITHM SELECTION FOR SPACING BETWEEN VEHICLES ON THE SAME SCHEDULED ROUTE (USED ONLY WHEN POLSER=3=SCHEDULED)	PVSPAC
2*KMRT	SCHEDULED ROUTE LIST - A CONCATENATION OF ALL THE SCHEDULED ROUTES; HEAD ENTRY OF EACH ROUTE POINTED TO BY PVRPTR	PVRLST
2*KMR1	POINTER TO STARTING ENTRY (HOME STATION) FOR EACH ROUTE IN PVRLST: I < KNR+1 ==> ENTRY IN PVRLST OF FIRST STN STOP ON ROUTE I I = KNR+1 ==> (LENGTH OF PVRLST)+1	PVRPTR
2	BERTH ASSIGNMENT POLICY	PBERTH
2*KMR	NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON EACH ROUTE	PNVRTE
2*KMR	TRAIN LENGTH ON EACH ROUTE	PRTLEN
2*KMCRS	CONCATENATION OF LISTS OF STATION NUMBERS THAT FORM ROUTES ON WHICH TO CIRCULATE EMPTY VEHICLES	PECRTE
2*KMCR	POINTER TO STARTING ENTRY IN PECRTE PECPTR(I) = ENTRY IN PECRTE OF FIRST STN STOP ON ROUTE I	PECPTR
2	PATH SELECTION METHOD	PSMETH
2	PATH SELECTION TYPE	PSTYPE
2	PATH SELECTION ALGORITHM INDICATOR	PSALGM
2*KMEVP	ORDERED LIST OF WHERE TO PUT EMPTY	PVEPR
2*KMSVP	ORDERED LIST OF WHERE TO LOOK FOR EMPTY	PVSPR
2*KMSL	LIST OF SL'S WHERE EMPTY IS TO BE LOOKED FOR	PSLIST

TABLE 5-2. (5 of 6) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
2*KMS1	POINTER TO START OF LIST OF STATIONS TO RECEIVE EMPTIES FROM THIS STATION BASED ON ANTICIPATED NEED	PANPTR
2*KMANT	ANTICIPATED NEED FOR EMPTY VEHICLE MANAGEMENT OPTION 4	PANEED
2*KMANT	STATION LIST CORRESPONDING TO PANEED	PANSTN
2*KMS*KMS	TRANSFER STATION TABLE	PTSTN
2*KMS*KMS	STATION TO WALK TO BEFORE REBOARDING A VEHICLE WHEN TRANSFERRING	PWSTN
2	MAXIMUM TRAIN LENGTH	PMXTRL
2	TRIP SPLIT SIZE; ANY TRIP OF SIZE N WILL BE SPLIT INTO: K TRIPS OF SIZE (PTSPLT) AND 1 TRIP OF SIZE L	PTSPLT
2	THE LENGTH OF A TIME INTERVAL SUCH THAT WHEN THE ETA OF A VEHICLE IN THE ARRIVAL LIST OF A STATION IS GREATER THAN THE CURRENT CLOCK PLUS THIS INTERVAL, THE VEHICLE WILL NOT BE CONSIDERED	PEVALM
2	MERGE POLICY INDICATOR	POLMRG
2*KMS*KMS	STATION ROUTE ASSIGNMENT TABLE: ELEMENT I,J IDENTIFIES ROUTE TO USE FOR TRAVEL FROM I TO J	PRASGN
2*KMR	POINTER TO STARTING ENTRY IN LIST OF ROUTES COMPRISING A GROUP OF ROUTES THAT CAN SERVE A TRIP	PRGPTR
2*KMGT	LIST OF LISTS OF ROUTES COMPRISING GROUPS OF ROUTES THAT CAN SERVE A TRIP	PRGLST
2*KMS*KMS	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME TABLE (STATION TO STATION)	PNOMTM
2	MAXIMUM VEHICLE MANEUVER AT MERGE IN SLOTS	PARMAX
2	MAXIMUM VEHICLE MANEUVER AT MERGE IN C.U.	PARTIM
2	VEHICLE ADVANCE MANEUVER INDICATOR	PADVNC
2*KMM	NUMBER OF MERGE RESERVATIONS ALLOWED PER WINDOW	PNVMRG
8	LOCAL MERGE PRIORITY TABLE	PMRGL
2	TIME ALLOWABLE TO ACCOMPLISH STATIC ENTRAINMENT	PNTRLM
2*KMS*KMS	TIMEOUT/GROUP DEMAND RESPONSIVE PLATFORM TYPE USED BY ORIGIN/DESTINATION TRIPS	SPLTOD
2	TIMEOUT/GROUP DEMAND RESPONSIVE MAXIMUM PASSENGER WAIT TIME PRIOR TO VEHICLE REQUEST	PMXTIM
2	TIMEOUT/GROUP DEMAND RESPONSIVE MINIMUM PASSENGER GROUP SIZE PRIOR TO VEHICLE REQUEST	PMNGRP
2*KMR	NUMBER OF TRANSITION VEHICLES FOR SCHEDULED SERVICE ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT	PNTVEH
2*KMR	MAINTENANCE BARN ASSIGNED TO EACH ROUTE (CALCULATED BY INPUT PROCESSOR)	PRBARN
2*KMR	LAST STATION STOP ON ROUTE BEFORE VEHICLE SENT TO BARN FOR SCHEDULED SERVICE ACTIVE FLEET SIZE CHANGE (CALCULATED BY INPUT PROCESSOR)	PRSTOP
2*KMR	POINTER TO FIRST STATION STOP (IN PVRLST) ON ROUTE AFTER RELAUNCH FROM BARN FOR SCHEDULED SERVICE ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT (CALCULATED BY INPUT PROCESSOR)	PRNTRY
2	TIMEOUT/GROUP DEMAND RESPONSIVE STATION OVERFULL PROTECTION ADEQUATE SPACE FOR VEHICLE STATION STATION ENTRY	PSADSP
1	TRANSFER POLICY SELECTION	PXFER
1	VEHICLE DIVERSION FROM GUIDEWAY TO BOARD	PVDVRT
1	RESERVATIONS REQUIRED INDICATOR	PVRES
1	IN STATION ENTRAINMENT INDICATOR	PENTS
1	DYNAMIC ENTRAINMENT/DETRAINMENT INDICATOR	PENTD
1	DEMAND STOP INDICATOR	POLDMS
1	VEHICLE BUMPING INDICATOR (DEMAND RESPONSIVE SERVICE)	PVBMP

TABLE 5-2. (6 of 6) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
1	SINGLE STOP INDICATOR FOR DEMAND RESPONSIVE MULTI-PARTY SERVICE	PSDIRT
1	DEBOARD/BOARD TIME LIMIT CHECK OVERRIDE	HCBDLO
1	HANDICAPPED PASSENGER PROCESSING INDICATOR	HCPASS
CONTROL VARIABLES: THE FOLLOWING VARIABLES DEFINE THE CONTROL OPTIONS FOR THE SIMULATION RUN		
4*KMFAIL	TOW VEHICLE SPEED DEGRADATION FACTOR	AFMDEG
4	INITIALLY CONTAINS THE USER SEED TO THE RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR; THIS STARTING MUST BE AN ODD INTEGER >= 3	AKSEED
4	SAMPLING INTERVAL (0==>NO SAMPLING) (INPUT BY USER IN SEC. & CONVERTED BY IP TO C.U.)	ASAMPI
4	PERIODIC CHECKPOINT INTERVAL (0==>NO CHECKPT) (INPUT BY USER IN SEC. & CONVERTED BY IP TO C.U.)	ACKPTI
4	TIME TO BEGIN READING TRIP ARRIVAL DATA	ATREAD
40*KMFAIL	FAILURE DATA	AFAIL
2	RECORD VEHICLE ARRIVALS AT STATION N	AVLOG
2	NUMBER OF SAMPLING INTERVALS PER INTERMEDIATE SAMPLING REPORT	ASTATU
2	PERIODIC COMPUTATION INTERVAL FOR VELOCITY ADJUSTMENTS IN APPLYING HEURISTIC MERGE POLICY	APCOM1
2*KML*	TOW VEHICLE PATH LINK SEQUENCE	AFMTOW
KMFAIL		
2*KMR*	OTHER VEHICLE RESPONSE CHOICE (BY ROUTE)	AFMRSP
KMFAIL		
1	COMPLETED TRIP LOG RECORDING INDICATOR	ATRPLG
KMFLAG	AUXILIARY OUTPUT CONTROL FLAGS	AFLAG
1	LINK STATISTICS LOG INDICATOR	ALLOG
1	STATION STATISTICS LOG INDICATOR	ALLOG

TABLE 5-3. NETWORK DEFINITION DATA

```

*****
* NETWORK CHARACTERISTICS DATA *
* FILE NAME: AGT.STRUC.NETWORK TYPE: BINARY *
*****

```

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
4*KML	GUIDEWAY LINK VELOCITY	GLVEL
4*KML	GUIDEWAY LINK HEADWAY	GLHDWY
4*KML	GUIDEWAY LINK TRAVEL TIME	GLTTIM
4*KML	GUIDEWAY LINK LENGTH IN METERS (AN INTEGER MULTIPLE OF BLOCK LENGTH IF FIXED BLOCK REGULATION)	GLLEN
4*KML*KMS *KMLS LT	MINIMUM PATH ROUTING TABLE	PLSLT
2	NUMBER OF GUIDEWAY LINKS	KNL
2	NUMBER OF NETWORK STATIONS	KNS
2	NUMBER OF NETWORK STATIONS+1	KNS1
2	NUMBER OF GUIDEWAY MERGES	KNM
2*KML	DIVERGE ID AT EXIT OF GUIDEWAY LINK	GLDVGN
2*KML	MERGE ID AT ENTRY OF GUIDEWAY LINK	GLMRGN
4*KML	UPSTREAM GUIDEWAY LINK POINTERS	GLENTY
2*KMM	GUIDEWAY MERGE OUTPUT LINKS	GMENTY
2*KML	STATION ID AT EXIT OF GUIDEWAY LINK	GLSTN
2	NUMBER OF CURRENTLY ACTIVE MINIMUM PATH ROUTING TABLE	PLSLTN
2*KMALT	ALTERNATE ROUTE TABLE	PALRTE
2*KMS*KMS	SUCCESSOR STATION TABLE: ELEMENT I,J IS NEXT STATION ON MINIMUM PATH FROM I TO J	PSSTN
2*KMS	GUIDEWAY LINK ID AT STATION ENTRY	SILINK
2*KMS	GUIDEWAY LINK ID AT STATION EXIT	SELINK
2*KMS	NEXT DOWNSTREAM STATION FROM ANY STATION	SNXDSS
2*KML	GUIDEWAY LINK CAPACITY	GLCAP
2	FIXED HEADWAY LENGTH IN METERS	GLBLK
2*KML	COMPETING LINK ID ENTERING NETWORK MERGE	GLMRGC

THE FOLLOWING PARAMETERS ARE USED BY THE INPUT PROCESSOR FOR
PLANNING TRANSIT SERVICE AND PROCESSING FAILURE/REPAIR
REQUESTS USING A PREVIOUSLY PROCESSED NETWORK

4*KMS*KMS	STATION TO STATION TRAVEL TIME TABLE	NODTIM
4	NOMINAL GUIDEWAY LINK SPEED METERS/SEC	PSPEED
2	NUMBER OF NETWORK NODES	KNN
2*KML	ID OF NODE AT END OF LINK	NLDEST
2*KML	ID OF NODE AT BEGINNING OF LINK	NLORIG
2*KMNID	MAPS USER NODE ID'S TO A CONTIGUOUS SET OF NODE ID'S BEGINNING WITH 1	NMAPUS
2*KMN	MAPS INTERNAL NODE ID'S TO USER NODE ID'S	NMAPSU
4*KMN	DEFINES LINK(S) LEAVING EACH NODE	NLLIST
4*KMN	DEFINES LINK(S) ENTERING EACH NODE	NDLLST
2*KMN	NODE LIST IN WHICH STATION NODES ARE ASSIGNED UNIQUE ID'S	NSLIST
2	MINIMUM PATH COMPUTATION METHOD SELECTION	NCSEL

TABLE 5-4. TRIP ARRIVAL FILE

```

1 *****
1 * TRIP ARRIVAL FILE FORMAT *
1 * FILE NAME: AGT.STRUC.DEMAND TYPE: EBCDIC *
1 *****
1 -----
1 SIZE (BYTES) DESCRIPTION FORMAT
1 -----
2 10 ARRIVAL TIME (SECS) F10.3
3 4 ORIGIN STATION I4
3 4 DESTINATION STATION I4
3 4 NUMBER OF PASSENGERS I4
3 4 HANDICAPPED TRIP FLAG I4
3 8 UNUSED

```

TABLE 5-5. (1 of 2) ASYNCHRONOUS RUN TIME FILE

```

*****
* ASYNCHRONOUS RUN TIME DATA *
* FILE NAME: AGT.STRUC.RNTIM TYPE: EBCDIC *
*****
-----
SIZE (BYTES) DESCRIPTION FORMAT
-----
HEADER RECORDS
6 TIME FOR PROCESSING REQUEST F6.0
7 REQUEST NAME (TYPE) AS FOLLOWS: A7
  CKPT - DEMAND CHECKPOINT
  REST - PERFORM SYSTEM RESTART
  STOP - TERMINATE SIMULATION ACTIVITY
  EOD - END OF ASYNCHRONOUS DATA DEFINITIONS
  TEXT - COMMENT TO BE REPRODUCED ON SYSTEM
        OUTPUT DEVICE
  PARAM - PARAMETER DEFINITION
  OPTION - OPTION SELECTION
  SELECT - POLICY SELECTION
  DATA - DATA INITIALIZATION OR SPECIFICATION
  FAIL - ASYNCHRONOUS GUIDEWAY OR STATION
        FAILURE OCCURRENCE
  AFSM - ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT
  FLAG - AUXILIARY OUTPUT REQUEST
  COMMENT - ANY SET OF USER DEFINED COMMENTS
  INDEX - USER DEFINED RUN DESCRIPTION COPIED TO INDEX FILE
59 UNUSED
8 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A8
-----
FOLLOWER RECORDS (DATA INITIALIZATION)
-----
SIZE (BYTES) DESCRIPTION FORMAT
-----
  THE FOLLOWING ASYNCHRONOUS REQUEST TYPES REQUIRE FORMATTED INPUT
  SPECIFICATIONS FOLLOWING HEADER DESIGNATIONS:
  TEXT - 1 FOLLOWER
72 ANY USER DESIRED COMMENT A72
8 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A8
  COMMENT - A SET OF FOLLOWERS TERMINATED BY AN END CARD
72 ANY USER DESIRED COMMENT A72
8 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A8
72 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A72
8 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A8
3 END A3
69 UNUSED
8 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A8

  INDEX - A SET OF FOLLOWERS TERMINATED BY AN END CARD
72 ANY USER DESIRED DESCRIPTIVE INFORMATION A72
8 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A8
72 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A72
8 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A8
3 END A3
69 UNUSED
8 BLANK OR SERIALIZATION A8

```

TABLE 5-5. (2 of 2) ASYNCHRONOUS RUN TIME FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
	PARAM, OPTION, SELECT, DATA, AFSM, FAIL - N SETS OF VARIABLE DEFINITION DATA	
	VARIABLE, ARRAY OR PARAMETER SELECTION:	
7	SIMULATION PARAMETER NAME	A7
2	THE NUMBER OF DATA ITEMS DEFINED ON EACH DATA SPECIFICATION CARD	A2
6	FORMAT OF DATA ITEMS ON FOLLOWING SPECIFICATIONS	A6
5	LOWER INDEX RANGE OF FIRST SUBSCRIPT	I5
5	UPPER INDEX RANGE OF FIRST SUBSCRIPT	I5
5	LOWER INDEX RANGE OF SECOND SUBSCRIPT	I5
5	UPPER INDEX RANGE OF SECOND SUBSCRIPT	I5
5	LOWER INDEX RANGE OF THIRD SUBSCRIPT	I5
5	UPPER INDEX RANGE OF THIRD SUBSCRIPT	I5
5	LOWER INDEX RANGE OF FOURTH SUBSCRIPT	I5
5	UPPER INDEX RANGE OF FOURTH SUBSCRIPT	I5
17	UNUSED	
8	BLANK OR SERIALIZATION	A8
	VARIABLE, ARRAY OR PARAMETER DEFINITION:	
2	REPETITION FACTOR	I2
70	N FIELDS OF SPECIFIED FORMAT	
8	BLANK OR SERIALIZATION	A8
	AFTER LAST VARIABLE:	
3	END	A3
69	UNUSED	
8	BLANK OR SERIALIZATION	A8
	FLAG - AUXILIARY OUTPUT REQUEST INDICATORS:	
4	FLAG ID 1	I4
.	: :	.
.	: :	.
4	FLAG ID N	I4

TABLE 5-6. (1 of 2) INDEX FILE WRITTEN BY INPUT PROCESSOR

```

*****
* INDEX FILE FORMAT
* FILE NAME: AGT.INDEX.DENAME TYPE: EBCDIC
* NAME=USER DEFINED
*****

```

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
	INPUT PROCESSOR MODULE IDENTIFIER	
7	DESM-IP	A7
2	UNUSED	
22	AGT.AGT.LOAD(MEMBER)	A22
8	UNUSED	
2	MONTH	I2
1	/	A1
2	DAY	I2
1	/	A1
2	YEAR	I2
2	UNUSED	
2	HOUR	I2
1	:	A1
2	MINUTE	I2
26	UNUSED	
	DESCRIPTION ENTERED VIA INDEX SPECIFICATION TO IP:	
72	RUN DESCRIPTION TEXT 1	A72
8	UNUSED	
72	RUN DESCRIPTION TEXT 2	A72
8	UNUSED	
72	RUN DESCRIPTION TEXT 3	A72
8	UNUSED	
72	. . . .	A72
8	UNUSED	
72	RUN DESCRIPTION TEXT N	A72
8	UNUSED	
	INPUT FILE TYPE IDENTIFIER	
14	UNUSED	
11	INPUT FILES	A11
55	UNUSED	
	FILE DEFINITIONS (ONE RECORD/INPUT FILE):	
26	AGT.IANDD.SYSTEM(MEMBER)	A26
54	UNUSED	
25	AGT.IANDD.RNTIM(MEMBER)	A25
55	UNUSED	
27	AGT.IANDD.NETWORK(MEMBER)	A27
53	UNUSED	
27	AGT.STRUC.NETWORK(MEMBER)	A27
53	UNUSED	
26	AGT.IANDD.DEMAND(MEMBER)	A26
54	UNUSED	

TABLE 5-6. (2 of 2) INDEX FILE WRITTEN BY INPUT PROCESSOR

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
	OUTPUT FILE TYPE IDENTIFIER	
14	UNUSED	
12	OUTPUT FILES	A12
54	UNUSED	
	FILE DEFINITIONS (ONE RECORD/OUTPUT FILE):	
26	AGT.STRUC.SYSTEM(MEMBER)	A26
54	UNUSED	
25	AGT.STRUC.RNTIM(MEMBER)	A25
55	UNUSED	
27	AGT.STRUC.NETWORK(MEMBER)	A27
53	UNUSED	
26	AGT.STRUC.DEMAND(MEMBER)	A26
54	UNUSED	
23	AGT.IANDD.SSP(MEMBER)	A23
57	UNUSED	

TABLE 5-7. STATION TO STATION PERFORMANCE FILE

```

*****
*          STATION TO STATION PERFORMANCE FILE FORMAT          *
*  FILE NAME: AGT.IANDD.SSP(NAME)          TYPE: EBCDIC        *
*          NAME=USER DEFINED                                     *
*****
-----
SIZE (BYTES)  DESCRIPTION                                     FORMAT
-----
5*KNS*KNS    NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME BETWEEN ALL STATION PAIRS  1415
10           BLANK AFTER EACH GROUP OF 14 VALUES

```

5.1.2 Model Processor

The DESM MP creates the following output files:

1. Checkpoint
2. Vehicle Log
3. Raw Statistics
4. Completed Trips Log
5. Link Statistics Log
6. Station Statistics Log

The checkpoint file contains a copy of all simulation status data recorded on either a demand or periodic basis. These data can be used to restart execution of the MP at a specified point in time at which a checkpoint is available. The vehicle log is used to record all vehicle arrivals at a particular network station in a format compatible for input to the DSM. The raw statistics file is written on a periodic basis to provide simulation status and historical statistics for processing and summarization by the OP. The completed trips log provides a detailed supplement to the raw statistics containing origination and termination data related to individual trips completing during a given simulation run. The link and station statistics logs provide data needed to drive the dynamic display processors on the Tektronix 4081. In addition, the MP updates the run index file to reflect the data files input and output as the result of current model execution. The contents of these files are summarized in Tables 5-8 through 5-14.

5.1.3 Output Processor

The DESM OP can produce a performance summary file for subsequent use in comparative run analysis via the Comparison Output Processor. The OP updates the run index to reflect the raw statistics input and, if requested, the performance summary file generated. The contents of these files are summarized in Tables 5-15 and 5-16.

5.2 STANDARD REPORTS

The content of the preformatted reports generated by the DESM are described in this section. Sample reports and the derivations of the measures included in the reports are included in Appendix B.

5.2.1 Input Processor Reports

As each of the major IP functions is completed, the IP writes a report summarizing the parameters related to the function. The following is a list of the reports provided:

TABLE 5-8. (1 of 2) CHECKPOINT FILE

```

*****
*                               CHECKPOINT FORMAT                               *
*   FILE NAME: AGT.CHKPT.DESM                                     TYPE: BINARY   *
*****
-----
SIZE (BYTES)                                DESCRIPTION
-----
SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS

34                                           RUN TIME MAXIMUM VALUES
16                                           TIME CONTROL PARAMETERS
4+24*KMSL+13*(KMSL*KMS)+                     STATION LINK DATA
2*KMSLE+2*KMSLU+2*KMSLD
8+2*KML+4*(KMDLY1*KMDLY2)                   GUIDEWAY LINK DATA
8+4*KMFAIL                                   VEHICLE DATA
60+21*KMS                                    STATION DATA
98+8*KMANT+10*KMRT+20*KMR+                  GENERAL SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS
2*KMS+12*(KMS*KMS)+2*KMCR+
2*KMEVP+2*KMSVP+2*KMSL+
2*KMCRS+2*KMGT+2*KMM
25+KMFLAG+44*KMFAIL+                         CONTROL OPTIONS
2*(KML*KMFAIL)+
2*(KMR*KMFAIL)

NETWORK CHARACTERISTICS

12+30*KML+2*KMM+6*KMS+                       NETWORK DEFINITION
2*KMALT+4*(KML*KMS*KMLSLT)+
2*(KMS*KMS)

MODEL DATA

147+2*KMCLTA                                 TIME CONTROL VARIABLES
31*KML+KMS                                   GUIDEWAY LINK VARIABLES
32+12*KMM+(KMM+2)*KMWMAX+                    POLICY VARIABLES
2*(KMS*KMS)+4*KMR
10*(KMSL*KMS)                                STATION LINK VARIABLES
20+64*KMS                                    STATION VARIABLES
200+2*KMSLDS+4*KMFAIL                       SYSTEM VARIABLES
37*KMT                                       TRIP VARIABLES
137*KMV                                       VEHICLE VARIABLES
10+14*KMX                                    TRANSACTION VARIABLES
11+4*KMMSGS                                  MESSAGE CONTROL VARIABLES

```

TABLE 5-8. (2 of 2) CHECKPOINT FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION
MODEL STATISTICS	
102	SYSTEM WIDE STATISTICS
336	SYSTEM WIDE STATISTICS - STATIONS
82	SYSTEM WIDE STATISTICS - GUIDEWAY
60	SYSTEM WIDE STATISTICS - ROUTES
188*KMS	STATION STATISTICS
60*KMSL*KMS	STATION LINK STATISTICS
70*KML	GUIDEWAY LINK STATISTICS
136*KMR+12*(KML*KMR)	ROUTE STATISTICS
30*KMV	VEHICLE STATISTICS
32*KMT	TRIP STATISTICS

TABLE 5-9. VEHICLE ARRIVAL LOG

```

*****
*          VEHICLE ARRIVAL LOG FORMAT          *
*  FILE NAME: AGT.STRUC.DEMANDVG              *
*                                          TYPE: EBCDIC *
*****
  
```

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
VEHICLE RECORD		
10	ARRIVAL TIME (SECS)	F10.3
3	DESTINATION STATION	I3
2	DIVERT TO STORAGE	I2
2	SINK=1=GUIDEWAY	I2
2	ROUTE ID	I2
3	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	I3
2	TRAIN LENGTH	I2
3	NUMBER OF TRIPS (FOLLOWER RECORDS)	I3
13	UNUSED	

TRIP FOLLOWER RECORDS		
SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
3	ORIGIN STATION	I3
3	DESTINATION STATION	I3
3	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	I3
31	UNUSED	

TABLE 5-10. LINK STATISTICS LOG

```

*****
*          LINK STATISTICS LOG FORMAT          *
*  FILE NAME: AGT.STRUC.DESMLLOG              *
*                                          TYPE: EBCDIC *
*****
-----
SIZE (BYTES)  DESCRIPTION                                FORMAT
-----
HEADER RECORDS
  2          CHARACTER STRING 'HE'                      A2
  3          CURRENT NUMBER OF LINKS                    I3
 12          CURRENT TIME IN SECONDS                    F12.3

FOLLOWER RECORDS
 5*KML      GUIDEWAY LINK CAPACITY (FOR EACH LINK)      14I5
 7*KML      GUIDEWAY LINK OCCUPANCY (FOR EACH LINK)     10F7.2

```

TABLE 5-11. STATION STATISTICS LOG

```

*****
*          STATION STATISTICS LOG FORMAT          *
*  FILE NAME: AGT.STRUC.DESMSLOG                TYPE: EBCDIC *
*****
  
```

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
HEADER RECORDS		
2	CHARACTER STRING 'HE'	A2
3	CURRENT NUMBER OF STATIONS	I3
12	CURRENT TIME IN SECONDS	F12.3
FOLLOWER RECORDS		
5*KMS	STATION BOARDING QUEUE CAPACITY (BY STATION)	14I5
10*KMS	AVERAGE NUMBER PASSENGERS IN STATION BOARDING QUEUE (BY STATION)	7F10.2

TABLE 5-12. (1 of 8) RAW STATISTICS FILE

```
*****
* RAW STATISTICS FILE FORMAT *
* FILE NAME: AGT.STATS.DESM TYPE: BINARY *
*****
```

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE

SYSTEM CONSTANTS		
4	NUMBER OF GUIDEWAY LINKS	NUML
4	NUMBER OF STATIONS	NUMS
4	NUMBER OF STATION LINKS	NUMSL
4	NUMBER OF ROUTES	NUMR
4	CLOCK UNITS/MINUTE	CSIZE
4	SAMPLING INTERVAL (C.U.)	CSAMPL
2	VEHICLE CAPACITY	VCAP
4	HISTOGRAM CUTOFF VALUES	PHIST1
		PHIST2
4	NUMBER OF ROUTE GROUPS	NUMRG
2	VEHICLE SEAT CAPACITY	VSEAT
2	FLEET SIZE	KNFLT
2*KMSL	SL GENERIC TYPE DESIGNATIONS	KTYPE

--SYSTEM WIDE STATISTICS--

SYSTEM DATA

4	TIME INTEGRAL OF REVENUE SERVICE (OCCUPIED) VEHS	ZTTIRV
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF DEADHEADING (EMPTY) VEHS	ZTTIDH
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES IN STORAGE	ZTTISV
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS ON VEHICLES	ZTTITV
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	ZPTITV
4	TIME INTEGRAL SEATED PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	ZTSEAT
4	SUM TIMES DEMAND TO COMPLETION FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTSDCS
4	MAXIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	ZTXRTT
4	MINIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	ZTMRTT
4	SUM OF PASSENGER DISTANCE TRAVELLED ON GUIDEWAY	ZDTDST
4	SUM OF VEHICLE DEADHEADING (EMPTY) DISTANCE	ZDDDST
4	SUM OF REVENUE SERVICE (OCCUPIED) DISTANCE	ZDRDST
4	TOTAL VEHICLE DISTANCE TRAVELLED (GDWY & STN)	ZTVDST
4	UNDEFINED	
4	UNDEFINED	
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS ON VEHICLES	ZNTOV
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	ZNPOV
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHS IN REV SERVICE (OCCUPIED)	ZNVRVS
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHS DEADHEADNG (EMPTY)	ZNVDEH
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STORAGE	ZNVSTO
	COMPLETED TRIPS HISTOGRAM VALUES	
2	# TRIPS EXCESS TRAVEL TT <= PHIST1	ZNTT1
2	# TRIPS EXCESS TRAVEL TT >PHIST1 & <=PHIST2	ZNTT2
2	# TRIPS EXCESS TRAVEL TIME >PHIST2	ZNTT3
	COMPLETED PASSENGER HISTOGRAM VALUES	
2	# PASSENGERS EXCESS TRAVEL TT <= PHIST1	ZNPP1
2	# PASSENGERS EXCESS TRAVEL TT >PHIST1 & <=PHIST2	ZNPP2
2	# PASSENGERS EXCESS TRAVEL TIME >PHIST2	ZNPP3
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHS ENTERING REVENUE STATE	ZTVRVS
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHS ENTERING EMPTY STATE	ZTVDEH
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHS ENTERING STORAGE STATE	ZTVSTO
2	TOTAL PASSENGERS SERVED EXCLUDING ARRIVING XFERS	ZTPSVD
2	MAXIMUM FLEET SIZE	ZTXFLT
2	MINIMUM FLEET SIZE	ZTMFLT
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF SEATED PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	ZNPSV
2	MINIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	ZTMVLF
2	MAXIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	ZTXVLF

TABLE 5-12. (2 of 8) RAW STATISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
2	UNDEFINED	
	STATION-WIDE STATISTICS	
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES IN STATIONS	ZTVTIS
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS WAITING IN STATIONS	ZTTTIS
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATIONS	ZTPTIS
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES ON INPUT RAMPS	ZVTIIR
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES ON INPUT QUEUES	ZVTIIQ
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES AT DOCKS	ZVTIDK
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES ON OUTPUT QUEUES	ZVTIOQ
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES ON OUTPUT RAMPS	ZVTIOR
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES IN STATION STORAGES	ZVTIST
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS	ZQTIIR
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES	ZQTIQ
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT DOCKS	ZQTIDK
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT	ZQTIOQ
	QUEUES	
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS	ZQTIOR
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGES	ZQTIST
4	SUM OF TIMES IN STATIONS FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZTVSTS
4	MAXIMUM TIME IN A STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZTVMTS
4	SUM OF TIME FOR MERGE CONFLICT RESOLUTIONS	ZTVTMC
4	MAX DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR ANY TRIP GROUP	ZTTDXS
4	SUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR TRIPS	ZTTSDS
4	MAX DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH ANY PASSENGER	ZTPDXS
4	SUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR PASSENGERS	ZTPSDS
4	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTTSAS
4	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTTSNS
4	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTMETS
4	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COALESCED TRIPS	ZTTCAS
4	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COALESCED TRIPS	ZTTCNS
4	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT RAMP	ZDTIR
4	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT QUEUES	ZDTIQ
4	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING DOCKS	ZDTDK
4	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT QUEUES	ZDTOQ
4	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT RAMPS	ZDTOR
4	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING STORAGE AREAS	ZDTST
4	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME FOR COALESCED TRIPS	ZTMCES
4	MINIMUM TIME DEMAND TO DISPATCH PASSENGERS	ZTPDMS
4	MINIMUM TIME IN ANY STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZTVNTS
4	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING IR QUEUE	ZXDIR
4	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING IQ QUEUE	ZXDIQ
4	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING DK QUEUE	ZXDDK
4	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING OQ QUEUE	ZXDOQ
4	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING OR QUEUE	ZXDOR
4	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING ST QUEUE	ZXDST
4	TOTAL DISTANCE TRAVELLED FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTTDST
4	TOTAL STATION DISTANCE FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZTSDST
4	TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERMDIATE PASSENGER STOPS	ZTSTOP
4	UNDEFINED	
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING STATIONS	ZTVNES
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATIONS	ZTVNLS
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATIONS	ZTVNIS
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES DENIED TIMELY ENTRY	ZTVALT
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LAUNCHED FROM STATIONS	ZTVNLS
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN ANY STATION	ZTMVNS
2	CURRENT # OF TRIPS IN STATIONS INCLUDING THOSE ON VEHICLES IN STATION	ZTTNIS
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS REJECTED (BOARDING Q CAPACITY)	ZTTNRS
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS DISPATCHED FROM STATIONS	ZTTNDS
2	CURRENT # PASSENGERS IN STATIONS INCLUDING THOSE ON VEHICLES IN STATION	ZTPNIS

TABLE 5-12. (3 of 8) RAW STATISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS REJECTED (BOARDING Q CAPACITY)	ZTPNRS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS DISPATCHED FROM STATIONS - EXCLUDING TRANSFERS	ZTPNDS
2	TOTAL # OF UNSATISFIED EMPTY REQUESTS	ZTVREQ
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCH ON CIRCUITOUS ROUTES	ZTVEDC
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO LOCAL STORAGES	ZTVELS
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHD TO REGIONAL CENTERS	ZTVERC
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPA- TED NEED (NOT CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION)	ZTVEAN
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPA- TED NEED (CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION)	ZTVENB
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED OUTSTANDING REQS	ZTVEDR
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED	ZTVED
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS ENTERING STATIONS INCLUDING TRANSFERS & REJECTIONS FOR CAPACITY	ZTTNES
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS SERVED IN STATIONS	ZTTNLS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS SERVED IN STATIONS	ZTPNLS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ENTERING STATIONS IN- CLUDING TRANSFERS & THOSE REJECTED FOR CAPACITY	ZTPNES
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS COMPLETED AT STATIONS	ZTTNCS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS COMPLETED AT STATIONS	ZTPNCS
2	TOTAL # OF COALESCED TRIPS COMPLETED AT STATIONS	ZTTNCN
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING TRANSFERS AT STATIONS	ZTTSXS
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRANSFERS FOR ANY COMPLETED TRIP	ZTTMXS
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS ARRIVING AT STATIONS & ENTERING BOARDING QUEUE INCLUDING TRANSFERS	ZTNTAR
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ARRIVING AT STATIONS & ENTERING BOARDING QUEUE INCLUDING TRANSFERS	ZTNPAR
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING AT STATIONS	ZTNTWT
2	MAX NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING IN ALL STATIONS	ZTXTWT
2	CURRENT NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATIONS	ZTNPWT
2	MAX NUMBER OF PASSENGER WAITING IN ALL STATIONS	ZTXPWT
2	TOTAL # OF SPLIT TRIPS CREATED (SUBGROUPS)	ZTTNSS
2	TOTAL # OF COMPLETED TRIP SUBGROUPS AT STATIONS	ZTTNGS
2	TOTAL # OF ENTRAINED VEHICLES LEAVING STATIONS	ZTVNNS
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON INPUT RAMPS	ZMOIR
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON INPUT QUEUES	ZMOIQ
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES AT DOCKS	ZMODK
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON OUTPUT QUEUES	ZMOOQ
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON OUTPUT RAMPS	ZMOOR
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STORAGE AREAS	ZMOST
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS	ZMQIR
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES	ZMQIQ
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT DOCKS	ZMQDK
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES	ZMQOQ
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS	ZMQOR
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE	ZMQST
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT RAMP	ZNQIR
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT QUEUES	ZNQIQ
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING DOCKS	ZNQDK
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT QUEUES	ZNQOQ
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT RAMPS	ZNQOR
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING STORAGE AREAS	ZNQST
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING INPUT RAMP	ZNEIR
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING INPUT QUEUES	ZNEIQ
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING DOCKS	ZNEDK
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING OUTPUT QUEUES	ZNEOQ
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING OUTPUT RAMPS	ZNEOR

TABLE 5-12. (4 of 8) RAW STATISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
2	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING STORAGE AREAS	ZNEST
2	TOTAL NUMBER EMPTIES REQUESTED NON-LOCAL STORE	ZTVRNT
2	TOTAL NUMBER EMPTIES REQUESTED LOCAL STORE	ZTVRLS
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSFERS COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTTTXS
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGER TRANSFERS FOR COM- PLETED TRIPS (# XFERS X # PASSENGERS)	ZTTPXS
2	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATIONS	ZTMPWT
2	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED INPUT RAMP	ZTMQIR
2	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED INPUT QUEUES	ZTMQIQ
2	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED DOCK AREAS	ZTMQDK
2	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED OUTPUT QUEUES	ZTMQOQ
2	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED OUTPUT RAMP	ZTMQOR
2	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED STORAGE AREAS	ZTMQST
2	TOTAL # OF COMPLETED PASSENGER HAVING XFERRER AT LEAST ONCE	ZTXFER
2	UNDEFINED	
2	UNDEFINED	
GUIDEWAY LINK STATISTICS		
4	MAX AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY/VEH FOR ANY LINK	ZTQDV
4	MAX AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY/QUEUED VEH FOR ANY LINK	ZTQDQV
4	SUM OF GUIDEWAY LINK HEADWAY TIMES	GTHDWY
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE OCCUPANCY ON GUIDEWAY	ZTTIOL
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE Q OCCUPANCY ON GUIDEWAY	ZTTIQL
4	TIME INTEGRAL PASSENGERS ON GUIDEWAY	ZTTIPL
4	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK TRAVEL TIMES ON GUIDEWAY	ZTTSCL
4	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK DISTANCES ON GUIDEWAY	ZTDSCL
4	UNDEFINED	
4	UNDEFINED	
4	UNDEFINED	
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING GUIDEWAY	ZTVNOL
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON GUIDEWAY	ZTVNQL
2	MAXIMUM TIME OF VEHICLE OCCUPANCY FOR VEHICLES CURRENTLY QUEUED ON ANY GUIDEWAY LINK	ZTMTQL
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON THE GUIDEWAY	ZTMNOL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING ALL GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTNEL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING ALL GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTNLL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTRAINED ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTNVEL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES DETRAINED ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTNVDL
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON ANY LINK	ZTMNQL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINK QUEUES	ZTNLQL
2	MAXIMUM TIME DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING ANY Q	ZTMDQL
2	SUM OF DELAY FOR VEH LEAVING GUIDEWAY QUEUES	ZTSDQL
2	TOTAL GUIDEWAY CAPACITY	GTCAP
2	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES OCCUPYING ANY LINK	ZTMXOL
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON ANY LINK	ZTGXPL
2	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON ANY LINK	ZTGMPL
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTGNPL
2	UNDEFINED	
2	UNDEFINED	
ROUTE STATISTICS		
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS ON ALL ROUTES	ZTTSTI
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS ON ALL ROUTES	ZTPSTI
4	MAXIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ANY ROUTE	ZTVMDV
4	SUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ALL ROUTES	ZTVTVDV
4	SUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ALL ROUTES	ZTTIDT
4	MAXIMUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ANY ROUTE	ZTXIDT
4	MINIMUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ANY ROUTE	ZTMIDT
4	MINIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ANY ROUTE	ZTVXDV
4	UNDEFINED	

TABLE 5-12. (5 of 8) RAW STATISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
4	UNDEFINED	
4	UNDEFINED	
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS SERVED ON ROUTES	ZTTSER
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS SERVED ON ROUTES	ZTPSER
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS TRAVELLING ALL ROUTES	ZTTNO
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS TRAVELLING ROUTES	ZTPNO
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES DISPATCHED ON ALL ROUTES	ZTVDIS
2	UNDEFINED	
2	UNDEFINED	
2	UNDEFINED	
--STATION-WIDE STATISTICS-- (ONE RECORD/STATION)		
4	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVANS
4	AVERAGE TIME OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVATS
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVTIS
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS WAITING IN STATION	ZSTTIS
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATION	ZSPTIS
4	SUM OF TIMES FOR VEHICLES LEAVING STATION	ZSVSTS
4	MAXIMUM TIME IN STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVMTS
4	SUM OF TIMES FOR MERGE CONFLICT RESOLUTION	ZSVTMC
4	MAX DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR ANY TRIP GROUP (= DELAY * # PASSENGERS)	ZSPDXS
4	SUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR ALL TRIPS	ZSTSDS
4	MAX DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR ANY PASSENGER (= MAX DELAY TRIP GROUP/# PASS IN GROUP)	ZSTDXS
4	SUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH ALL PASSENGERS	ZSPSDS
4	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZSTASAS
4	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZSTNSNS
4	MAX EXCESS TRAVEL TIME FOR ANY COMPLETED TRIP	ZSMETS
4	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME FOR ALL COALESCED TRIPS	ZSTCAS
4	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COALESCED TRIPS	ZSTCNS
4	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME FOR A COALESCED TRIP	ZSMCES
4	MINIMUM TIME IN STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVNTS
4	MINIMUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR A PASSENGER	ZSPDMS
4	TOTAL DISTANCE TRAVELLED FOR ALL COMPLETING TRPS	ZSTDST
4	UNDEFINED	
4	UNDEFINED	
4	UNDEFINED	
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING STATION	ZSVNES
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION	ZSVNLS
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVNIS
2	TOTAL # VEHICLES DENIED TIMELY ENTRY	ZSVALT
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LAUNCHED FROM STATION	ZSVNLN
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVMNS
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS IN STATION INCLUDING THOSE ON VEHICLES CURRENTLY IN STATION	ZSTNIS
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS REJECTED (BOARDING Q CAPACITY)	ZSTNRS
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS DISPATCHED FROM STATION	ZSTNDS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS IN STATION INCLUDING THOSE ON VEHICLES CURRENTLY IN STATION	ZSPNIS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS REJECTED (BOARDING Q CAPACITY)	ZSPNRS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS DISPATCHED FROM STATION	ZSPNDS
2	TOTAL # OF UNSATISFIED EMPTY REQUESTS	ZSVREQ
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCH ON CIRCUITOUS ROUTES	ZSVEDC
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO LOCAL STORAGE	ZSVELS
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO REGIONAL CENTER	ZSVERC
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPATED NEED (NOT CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION)	ZSVEAN
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPATED NEED (CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION)	ZSVENB

TABLE 5-12. (6 of 8) RAW STATISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED FOR UNSATISFD REQS	ZSVEDR
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED FROM STATION	ZSVED
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS ENTERING STATION INCLUDING TRANSFERS & THOSE REJECTED FOR CAPACITY	ZSTNES
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS SERVED IN STATION	ZSTNLS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS SERVED IN STATION	ZSPNLS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ENTERING STATION INCLUDING TRANSFERS & THOSE REJECTED FOR CAPACITY	ZSPNES
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS COMPLETED AT STATION	ZSTNCS
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS COMPLETED AT STATION	ZSPNCS
2	TOTAL # OF COALESCED TRIPS COMPLETED AT STATION	ZSTCNC
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING TRANSFERS AT STATION	ZSTSXS
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRANSFERS FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZSTMXS
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS ARRIVING & ENTERING BOARDING QUEUE	ZSNTAR
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ARRIVING & ENTERING BOARDING QUEUE	ZSNPAR
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING AT STATION	ZSNTWT
2	MAX NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING AT STATION	ZSXTWT
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING AT STATION	ZSNPWT
2	MAX NUMBER OF PASSENGER WAITING AT STATION	ZSXPWT
2	TOTAL # OF SPLIT TRIPS CREATED	ZSTNSS
2	TOTAL # OF COMPLETED TRIP SUBGROUPS	ZSTNGS
2	TOTAL # OF ENTRAINED VEHICLES LEAVING STATION	ZSVNNS
2	TOTAL # EMPTIES REQUESTED NON-LOCAL STORAGE	ZSVRNT
2	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES REQUESTED LOCAL STORAGE	ZSVRLS
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSFERS FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZSTTXS
2	TOTAL NUMBER PASSENGER XFERS COMPLETED TRIPS (= TOTAL XFERS FOR TRIPS X # PASSENGERS)	ZSTPXS
2	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING AT STATION	ZSMPWT
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ENTERING STATION FROM GDWY	ZSNPEG
2	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS EXITING STATION TO GDWY	ZSNPLG
2	MINIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVXNS
--STATION LINK STATISTICS--		
(ONE RECORD/STATION LINK -- FOR EACH STATION)		
4	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVAN
4	AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVAT
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE OCCUPANCY	ZSVTI
4	SUM OF TIME FOR VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVST
4	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANY VEHICLE OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVMT
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING LINK	ZSVNE
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING THE LINK	ZSVNL
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVNI
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVMN
2	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING QUEUE	ZSVAN
2	AVERAGE TIME IN QUEUE FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVAT
2	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE QUEUE OCCUPANCY	ZSVTI
2	SUM OF QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVST
2	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVMT
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING QUEUE	ZSVNE
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING THE QUEUE	ZSVNL
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING QUEUE	ZSVNI
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING QUEUE	ZSVMN
2	MINIMUM NUMBER OCCUPYING LINK	ZSMXQ
2	MINIMUM NUMBER OCCUPYING LINK QUEUE	ZSMXQ
--GUIDEWAY LINK STATISTICS--		
(ONE RECORD/GUIDEWAY LINK)		
4	GUIDEWAY LINK HEADWAY	GLHDWY
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE OCCUPANCY	ZGTIOL
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE QUEUE OCCUPANCY	ZGTIQL

TABLE 5-12. (7 of 8) RAW STATISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
4	TIME INTEGRAL PASSENGERS ON LINK	ZGTIPL
4	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK TRAVEL TIMES	ZGTSCSL
4	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK DISTANCES	ZGDSCL
4	UNDEFINED	
4	UNDEFINED	
4	UNDEFINED	
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZGVNOL
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING QUEUE	ZGVNQL
2	MAXIMUM TIME OF OCCUPANCY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZGMTQL
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON THE LINK	ZGMNOL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING THE LINK	ZGNEL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING THE LINK	ZGNLL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTRAINED ON LINK	ZGNVEL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES DETRAINED ON LINK	ZGNVDL
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON LINK	ZGMNQL
2	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING QUEUE	ZGNLQL
2	MAXIMUM TIME DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING QUEUE	ZGMDQL
2	SUM OF DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING QUEUE	ZGSDQL
2	GUIDEWAY LINK STATUS	ZGSTAL
2	GUIDEWAY LINK CAPACITY	GLCAP
2	MINIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZGMXOL
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON LINK	ZGXPL
2	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZGMPL
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGER ON GUIDEWAY LINK	ZGNPL
2	UNDEFINED	
2	UNDEFINED	
--ROUTE STATISTICS--		
(ONE RECORD/ACTIVE ROUTE)		
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS ON ROUTE	ZRTSTI
4	TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS ON ROUTE	ZRPSTI
4	TIME INTEGRAL VEHICLES IN SERVICE ON ROUTE	ZRTIVF
4	TIME INTEGRAL SEATED PASSENGERS ON ROUTE	ZRTISP
4	TIME INTEGRAL PASSENGERS WAITING ON ROUTE	ZRTIPW
4	MINIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ROUTE	ZRVXDV
4	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME COMPLETED TRIPS ON ROUTE	ZRTSAS
4	SUM NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME COMPLETED TRIPS ON ROUTE	ZRTSNS
4	MAXIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	ZRXRTT
4	MINIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	ZRMRTT
4	SUM VEHICLE TIMES ON GUIDEWAY	ZRGVST
4	SUM TIME IN STATIONS FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZRSVTS
4	SUM TIME PASSENGERS DEMAND TO DISPATCH	ZRPSDS
4	MAXIMUM PASSENGER TIME DEMAND TO DISPATCH	ZRPDXS
4	MINIMUM PASSENGER TIME DEMAND TO DISPATCH	ZRPDMS
4	MAXIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ROUTE	ZRVMDV
4	SUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ROUTE	ZRVTDV
4	SUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ROUTE	ZRTIDT
4	MAXIMUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ROUTE	ZRXIDT
4	MINIMUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ROUTE	ZRMIDT
4	SUM VEHICLE DISTANCE ON GUIDEWAY	ZRGVSD
4	SUM PASSENGER DISTANCE TRAVELLED	ZRPDST
4	TOTAL DISTANCE TRAVELLED BY VEH LEAVING STNS	ZRSdst
4	UNDEFINED	
4	UNDEFINED	
2	TOTAL # OF TRIPS SERVED ON ROUTE	ZRTSER
2	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS SERVED ON ROUTE	ZRPSEr
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS TRAVELLING ROUTE	ZRTNO
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS TRAVELLING ROUTE	ZRPNO
2	NUMBER OF VEHICLES DISPATCHED ON ROUTE	ZRVDIS
2	MAXIMUM FLEET SIZE	ZRXFLT
2	MINIMUM FLEET SIZE	ZRMFLT
2	TOTAL # OF ARRIVING TRANSFER PASSENGERS	ZRTSXS

TABLE 5-12. (8 of 8) RAW STATISTICS FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
2	TOTAL # OF ARRIVING PASSENGERS	ZRNPAR
2	TOTAL # OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS	ZRNPCS
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	ZRNPWT
2	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	ZRXPWT
2	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	ZRMPWT
2	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS DISPATCHED	ZRPNDS
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF SEATED PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	ZRNPSV
2	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON ROUTE	ANVRTE
2	MINIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	ZRMVLF
2	MAXIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	ZRXVLF
	--LINK-ROUTE STATISTICS--	
	(ONE RECORD/ROUTE--FOR EACH LINK	
	LINK 1, ROUTE 1	
	LINK 1, ROUTE 2 ETC.)	
4	TIME INTEGRAL VEHICLE OCCUPANCY GDWY LINK N, ROUTE M	ZRTIVL
4	TIME INTEGRAL PASSENGER OCCUPANCY GDWY LINK N, ROUTE M	ZRTIPL
2	NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON GDWY LINK N, ROUTE M	ZRVNOL
2	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON GDWY LINK N, ROUTE M	ZRNPL

TABLE 5-13. COMPLETED TRIPS LOG

```

*****
*          COMPLETED TRIPS LOG FORMAT          *
*  FILE NAME: AGT.STRUC.TRIPLOG                TYPE: EBCDIC *
*****
  
```

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
10	TERMINATION TIME (SECS)	F10.3
10	ORIGINATION TIME (SECS)	F10.3
10	TRIP DISPATCH TIME FROM ORIGIN STATION (SECS)	F10.3
10	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SECS)	F10.3
10	ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME (SECS)	F10.3
3	ORIGIN STATION	I3
3	DESINATION STATION	I3
3	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	I3
7	TRAVEL DISTANCE (METERS)	F7.3
2	NUMBER OF TRANSFERS	I2
10	TOTAL TRIP TRANSFER TIME (SECS)	F10.3
2	UNUSED	

TABLE 5-14. (1 of 2) INDEX FILE WRITTEN BY MODEL PROCESSOR

```

*****
*           MP INDEX FILE UPDATE FORMAT           *
* FILE NAME: AGT.INDEX.DENAME                     TYPE: EBCDIC *
*           NAME=USER DEFINED                     *
*****

```

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
	MODEL PROCESSOR MODULE IDENTIFIER	
7	DESM-MP	A7
2	UNUSED	
22	AGT.AGT.LOAD(MEMBER)	A22
8	UNUSED	
2	MONTH	I2
1	/	A1
2	DAY	I2
1	/	A1
2	YEAR	I2
2	UNUSED	
2	HOUR	I2
1	:	A1
2	MINUTE	I2
26	UNUSED	
	DESCRIPTION ENTERED VIA INDEX SPECIFICATION TO MP:	
72	RUN DESCRIPTION TEXT 1	A72
8	UNUSED	
72	RUN DESCRIPTION TEXT 2	A72
8	UNUSED	
72	RUN DESCRIPTION TEXT 3	A72
8	UNUSED	
72	UNUSED	A72
8	UNUSED	
72	RUN DESCRIPTION TEXT N	A72
8	UNUSED	
	INPUT FILE TYPE IDENTIFIER	
14	UNUSED	
11	INPUT FILES	A11
55	UNUSED	
	FILE DEFINITIONS (ONE RECORD/INPUT FILE):	
24	AGT.CHKPT.DESM(MEMBER)	A24
56	UNUSED	
26	AGT.STRUC.SYSTEM(MEMBER)	A26
54	UNUSED	
27	AGT.STRUC.NETWORK(MEMBER)	A27
53	UNUSED	
26	AGT.STRUC.DEMAND(MEMBER)	A26
54	UNUSED	
25	AGT.STRUC.RNTIM(MEMBER)	A25
55	UNUSED	

TABLE 5-14. (2 of 2) INDEX FILE WRITTEN BY MODEL PROCESSOR

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
	OUTPUT FILE TYPE IDENTIFIER	
14	UNUSED	
12	OUTPUT FILES	A12
54	UNUSED	
	FILE DEFINITIONS (ONE RECORD/OUTPUT FILE):	
24	AGT.STATS.DESM(MEMBER)	A24
56	UNUSED	
24	AGT.CHKPT.DESM(MEMBER)	A24
56	UNUSED	
27	AGT.STRUC.TRIPLLOG(MEMBER)	A27
53	UNUSED	
28	AGT.STRUC.DEMANDVG(MEMBER)	A28
52	UNUSED	
28	AGT.STRUC.DESMLLOG(MEMBER)	A28
52	UNUSED	
28	AGT.STRUC.DESMSLOG(MEMBER)	A28
52	UNUSED	

TABLE 5-15. (1 of 3) PERFORMANCE SUMMARY FILE

```

*****
* PERFORMANCE SUMMARY FILE FORMAT *
* FILE NAME: AGT.PERSUM.DESM TYPE: EBCDIC *
*****
-----
SIZE (BYTES) DESCRIPTION FORMAT (1)
-----
RESOURCE UTILIZATION
SYSTEM RELATED
10 PERFORMANCE SUMMARY REQUEST INTERVAL (SECS.) F10.3
10 NUMBER OF VEHICLES REQUIRED (# VEHICLES AVAILABLE) F10.3
10 VEHICLE CAPACITY (PASSENGERS) F10.3
10 AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS / VEHICLE F10.3
10 AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS / REVENUE SERVICE F10.3
VEHICLE
10 MAXIMUM AVERAGE OF THE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS / REVENUE F10.3
SERVICE VEHICLE
10 AVERAGE PROPORTION OF VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE F10.3
10 AVERAGE PROPORTION OF VEHICLES DEADHEADING F10.3
10 AVERAGE PROPORTION OF VEHICLES IN STORAGE F10.3
10 PASSENGERS SERVED / VEHICLE HOUR F10.3

LINK RELATED (AVERAGED ACROSS ALL LINKS)
10 AVERAGE PROPORTION OF VEHICLES ON GUIDEWAY F10.3
10 AVERAGE DISTANCE TRAVELLED / VEHICLE (KM/VEH) F10.3
10 TOTAL VEHICLE DISTANCE TRAVELLED / HOUR (KM/HR) F10.3
10 TOTAL VEHICLE REVENUE SERVICE DISTANCE / HOUR (KM/HR) F10.3
10 TOTAL PASSENGER DISTANCE TRAVELLED / HOUR (KM/HR) F10.3
10 NUMBER OF VEHICLES LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINKS / HOUR F10.3
10 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINKS / F10.3
HOUR
10 TOTAL REVENUE SERVICE VEHICLE HOURS F10.3
10 TOTAL DEADHEADING VEHICLE HOURS F10.3

STATION RELATED (AVERAGED ACROSS ALL STATIONS)
10 TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES DISPATCHED F10.3
10 AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING / STATION F10.3
10 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATIONS F10.3

ROUTE RELATED (AVERAGED ACROSS ALL ROUTES)
10 AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES / ROUTE F10.3

PERFORMANCE
SYSTEM RELATED
10 AVERAGE DISTANCE / COMPLETED TRIP (KM/TRP) F10.3
10 AVERAGE VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC) F10.3
10 AVERAGE TRIP TRAVEL SPEED (M/SEC) F10.3
10 AVERAGE PASSENGER DISTANCE / VEHICLE HOUR (KM/VHR) F10.3
10 AVERAGE PASSENGER DISTANCE / VEHICLE UNIT DISTANCE F10.3

LINK RELATED (AVERAGED ACROSS ALL LINKS)
10 MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON GUIDEWAY F10.3
10 AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON GUIDEWAY F10.3
10 AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY / QUEUED VEHICLE (SEC/V) F10.3
10 AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY / VEHICLE (SEC/V) F10.3
10 MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY / QUEUED VEHICLE (SEC) F10.3
10 MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY / VEHICLE (SEC) F10.3

STATION RELATED (AVERAGED OVER ALL STATIONS)
10 AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS F10.3
10 AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES F10.3

```

TABLE 5-15. (2 of 3) PERFORMANCE SUMMARY FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
10	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT BERTHING AREAS	F10.3
10	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES	F10.3
10	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS	F10.3
10	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE AREAS	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT BERTHING AREAS	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE AREAS	F10.3
10	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT RAMPS (SEC/V)	F10.3
10	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT QUEUES (SEC/V)	F10.3
10	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY AT BERTHING AREAS (SEC/V)	F10.3
10	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT QUEUES (SEC/V)	F10.3
10	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT RAMPS (SEC/V)	F10.3
10	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY IN STORAGE AREAS (SEC/V)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT RAMPS (SEC)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT QUEUES (SEC)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY AT BERTHING AREAS (SEC)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT QUEUES (SEC)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT RAMPS (SEC)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY IN STORAGE AREAS (SEC)	F10.3
10	AVERAGE FLOW RATE FROM BERTHING AREA (V/HR)	F10.3
10	PROPORTION OF VEHICLES DENIED TIMELY ENTRY	F10.3
10	NUMBER OF EMPTIES REQUESTED FROM LOCAL STORAGE	F10.3
10	NUMBER OF EMPTIES REQUESTED FROM ELSEWHERE IN NETWRK	F10.3
10	AVERAGE STATION DELAY DUE TO MERGE CONFLICT RESOLU- TION (SEC/V)	F10.3
ROUTE RELATED		
10	AVERAGE SCHEDULE DEVIATION (SEC/V)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION (SEC)	F10.3
10	MINIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION (SEC)	F10.3
10	AVERAGE INTER-DISPATCH TIME (SEC/V)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM INTER-DISPATCH TIME (SEC)	F10.3
10	MINIMUM INTER-DISPATCH TIME (SEC)	F10.3
LEVEL OF SERVICE		
10	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING PASSENGERS	F10.3
10	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS SERVED	F10.3
10	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS COMPLETING TRIPS	F10.3
10	AVERAGE PASSENGER DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH (SEC/P)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM PASSENGER DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH (SEC)	F10.3
10	AVERAGE ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME / COMPLETED TRIP (SEC/T)	F10.3
10	AVERAGE EXCESS TRAVEL TIME / COMPLETED TRIP (SEC/T)	F10.3
10	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME / COMPLETED TRIP (SEC)	F10.3
10	NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME <= THRESHOLD 1	F10.3
10	NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME > THRESHOLD 1 AND <= THRESHOLD 2	F10.3
10	NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME > THRESHOLD 2	F10.3
10	NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME <= THRESHOLD 1	F10.3
10	NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME > THRESHOLD 1 AND <= THRESHOLD 2	F10.3
10	NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME > THRESHOLD 2	F10.3

TABLE 5-15. (3 of 3) PERFORMANCE SUMMARY FILE

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
10	AVERAGE NUMBER OF TRANSFERS / COMPLETED TRIPS	F10.3
10	RATIO OF COMPLETED PASSENGER TRANSFERS TO TOTAL COMPLETED PASSENGERS	F10.3
10	AVERAGE TRIP TIME DEMAND TO TRIP COMPLETION (SEC/T)	F10.3

NOTE: (1) THERE ARE 5 UNUSED 10-BYTE FIELDS AT THE END OF THE FILE FOR ANALYSIS USE.

TABLE 5-16. INDEX FILE WRITTEN BY OUTPUT PROCESSOR

```

*****
*           OP INDEX FILE UPDATE FORMAT           *
* FILE NAME: AGT.INDEX.DENAME                     TYPE: EBCDIC *
*           NAME=USER DEFINED                     *
*****

```

SIZE (BYTES)	DESCRIPTION	FORMAT
	OUTPUT PROCESSOR MODULE IDENTIFIER	
7	DESM-OP	A7
2	UNUSED	
22	AGT.AGT.LOAD(MEMBER)	A22
8	UNUSED	
2	MONTH	I2
1	/	A1
2	DAY	I2
1	/	A1
2	YEAR	I2
2	UNUSED	
2	HOUR	I2
1	:	A1
2	MINUTE	I2
26	UNUSED	
	INPUT FILE TYPE IDENTIFIER	
14	UNUSED	
11	INPUT FILES	A11
55	UNUSED	
	FILE DEFINITIONS (ONE RECORD/INPUT FILE):	
24	AGT.STATS.DESM(MEMBER)	A24
56	UNUSED	
25	AGT.IANDD.RNTIM(MEMBER)	A25
55	UNUSED	
	OUTPUT FILE TYPE IDENTIFIER	
14	UNUSED	
12	OUTPUT FILES	A12
54	UNUSED	
	FILE DEFINITIONS (ONE RECORD/OUTPUT FILE):	
25	AGT.PERSUM.DESM(MEMBER)	A25
55	UNUSED	

- o Network Definition
 - Initial Network Configuration
 - Alternate Path Summary
 - Failure/Repair Summary
- o Trip Demand Generation
- o System Characteristics
- o Service Planning
 - Initial Level of Service
 - Active Fleet Size Management

Initial Network Configuration Report

This report will be prepared when network input and description data are processed. It includes:

- o Network configuration summary - link, station, merge and diverge connectivity
- o Link characteristics - length, capacity, nominal travel time, headway and linespeed
- o Station to station summary - closest downstream station, nominal guideway travel time to each station from each station and next station on path from each station to each station
- o Successor link table - next link on least cost path from each link to each station.

Alternate Path Summary

This report will be prepared when alternate path data are processed. It includes for each alternate path:

- o Common diverge point identification
- o Destination station
- o Link sequence.

Failure/Repair Summary

This report will be prepared each time a failure is inserted or removed. It includes:

- o Time
- o Location (guideway link, station number and link)
- o Type (link exit, link entry, degradation)
- o Inserted/Removed
- o Failure response selection and delay times
- o Other vehicle response selections
- o Tow vehicle path link sequence
- o Vehicle degradation factor
- o Successor link table (if guideway link failure exists).

Trip Demand Generation Report

This report will be prepared for each demand interval that is processed. It includes:

- o Trip size probability distributions and mean trip sizes (only if a new demand matrix was read)
- o Origin and destination probability distributions (only if a new demand matrix was read)
- o Summary of input trip/hour demand for each origin-destination pair
- o Summary of passenger demand generated for each origin-destination pair.

System Characteristics Report

This report will summarize the attributes of the system configured for the simulation experiment. It includes:

- o Position regulation policy
- o Longitudinal control policy
- o Dispatch policy
- o Merge policy
- o Empty vehicle management policy (if demand responsive service)

- o Path selection policy
- o Entrainment policy
- o Vehicle characteristics
- o Station characteristics
 - Trip split size
 - Deboard/board time data
 - Alternate station egress time
 - Excess travel time histogram class intervals
 - Nominal travel information
 - Berth assignment policy
 - Link characteristics and connectivity
 - For each station:
 - Online/Offline
 - Available links and capacity
 - Boarding queue capacity
 - Number of input queues
 - Number of parallel docks
 - Capacity of dock area
 - Number of output queues.

Data related to the selected policies will also be listed.

Initial Level of Service Report

This report will summarize the transit service characteristics established for the simulation experiment. It includes:

- o Source of level of service
- o Type of service
 - Demand responsive service:
 - Vehicle reservation option
 - Vehicle diversion option
 - Vehicle fleet size and placement

- Timeout/Group Demand Response Service

Vehicle request parameters
Platform summary

- Scheduled service:

Source of route definition
Vehicle spacing policy
Demand stop option
Route data (each route):

Number of vehicles
Train length
Route headway
Station stop sequence
Initial vehicle dispatch schedule

Trip to route assignment data

- Transfer policy

- Nominal travel time between each pair of stations.

Active Fleet Size Management Report

This report will summarize the key parameters associated with a change in the level of service. It includes:

- o Time
- o Source of level of service
- o Type of service

- Demand responsive service:

Vehicle fleet size
Empty vehicle management revisions

- Scheduled service:

Route data (each route):

Number of vehicles
Train length
Route headway
Station stop sequence
Initial vehicle dispatch schedule
Transition vehicles
Maintenance barn identification.

5.2.2 Model Processor Reports

The Model Processor produces the following reports:

- o Initial Conditions Report
- o Restart Conditions Report
- o Intermediate Sampling Report
- o Termination Status Report .

Initial Conditions Report

This report provides a summary of system characteristics used to initiate the simulation experiment. The information is organized according to the following classifications:

1. System and simulation control parameters
2. Vehicle characteristics
3. Route control parameters (for a scheduled service simulation)
4. Guideway link characteristics
5. Station characteristics .

The type of data provided reflects such items as initial entity occupancies, fleet size, general system constants, service policy options and network configuration.

Restart Conditions Report

This report provides a summary of the system characteristics and status data associated with a restarted simulation experiment. The system characteristics provide a summary of options and parameters active in the restarted simulation run. Status data reflects conditions on both guideway links and in network stations at the point of simulation resumption.

Intermediate Sampling Report

This report provides a "snapshot" of simulation status at the end of a specific data recording interval. In addition to providing current or "at the moment" status information, data which have been accumulated over the interval such as the maximum number of vehicles to occupy the

guideway links at any one time, etc. are reported. Statistics are displayed according to the following major categories:

1. General vehicle summary
2. Link statistics
 - Occupancy and queue summaries
3. Route statistics (for scheduled service)
4. Station statistics
 - Vehicle, trip, and passenger summaries
 - Station link occupancy and queue summaries.

Termination Status Report

This report summarizes the status of the model at the moment of simulation termination. Snapshot statistics are displayed in categories identical to the intermediate sampling reports. A summary of error messages is provided as is a summary of input and output files and timing mechanism usage.

5.2.3 Output Processor Reports

Under user control, the Output Processor will provide two pre-formatted reports listing a selected list of performance measures to support system analysis and another report listing sample size, average, standard deviation, maximum, and minimum value for selected station to station measures. In addition, the Output Processor will compute a set of effectiveness measures and write the results to the Performance Summary file.

The first pre-formatted report contains performance summary information derived from available system level raw statistics and summarized over a user specified time interval. This report is automatically generated when a performance summary file request is entered, or when standard report 1 (RPT1) is requested. The derivation of measures contained in this pre-formatted report and the report format are shown in Appendix B.

The second pre-formatted report contains selected performance related statistics and derived performance measures on both a system wide and individual guideway, station and scheduled route basis. The information displayed is accumulated over a user specified time interval in response to a request for standard report 2 (RPT2). A summary of the

information available, a derivation of measures in this report, and the report format are provided in Appendix B.

5.3 GENERAL PARAMETER OUTPUT

The Output Processor provides four basic display formats for individual variables retrieved from the raw statistics file.

1. Time series listing of sampled values
2. Statistical Summary (including and excluding zero values)
 - a. Number of samples
 - b. Sum of values
 - c. Mean
 - d. Standard deviation
 - e. Minimum value
 - f. Time of minimum
 - g. Maximum value
 - h. Time of maximum .
3. Histogram
 - a. Mean
 - b. Variance
 - c. Class interval frequency distribution.
4. Time series printer plot.

Examples of these formats are shown in Figure 5-1. The variables that can be requested are listed in Tables 4-13 and 4-14.

```

.....CATEGORY= SYST ID= ANOV ENTITY ID= 1 SAMPLED VALUES
          0.750          32.117          39.850          45.600          57.133          62.417          71.667          84.250
          95.117          69.667          89.233          85.833          86.483          68.333          90.850          89.550
          87.883          103.533          113.900          119.700          124.783          129.250          130.300          122.200
          AVG # TRPS ON V
          8.800          12.600          39.850          45.600          57.133          62.417          71.667          84.250
          98.133          88.400          89.233          85.833          86.483          68.333          90.850          89.550
          91.700          95.163          113.900          119.700          124.783          129.250          130.300          122.200

```

I.IST - Listing of Consecutive Sample Values

.....CATEGORY= SKST ID= ANOV ENTITY ID= 1

```

          AVG # TRPS ON V          VALUES          ZEROS EXCLUDED
NUMBER OF SAMPLES          ALL          30.000          30.000
SUM OF VALUES          2433.114          2433.114
SPAN PER SAMPLE          61.104          61.104
STD. DEV. FROM MEAN          34.682          34.682
MINIMUM VALUE          0.750          0.750
TIME OF MIN (SECS)          60.000          60.000
MAXIMUM VALUE          130.300          130.300
TIME OF MAX (SECS)          1740.000          1740.000

```

SUMM - Summary of Sample Values

.....CATEGORY= SYST ID= APPV ENTITY ID= 1 (HISTOGRAM)

```

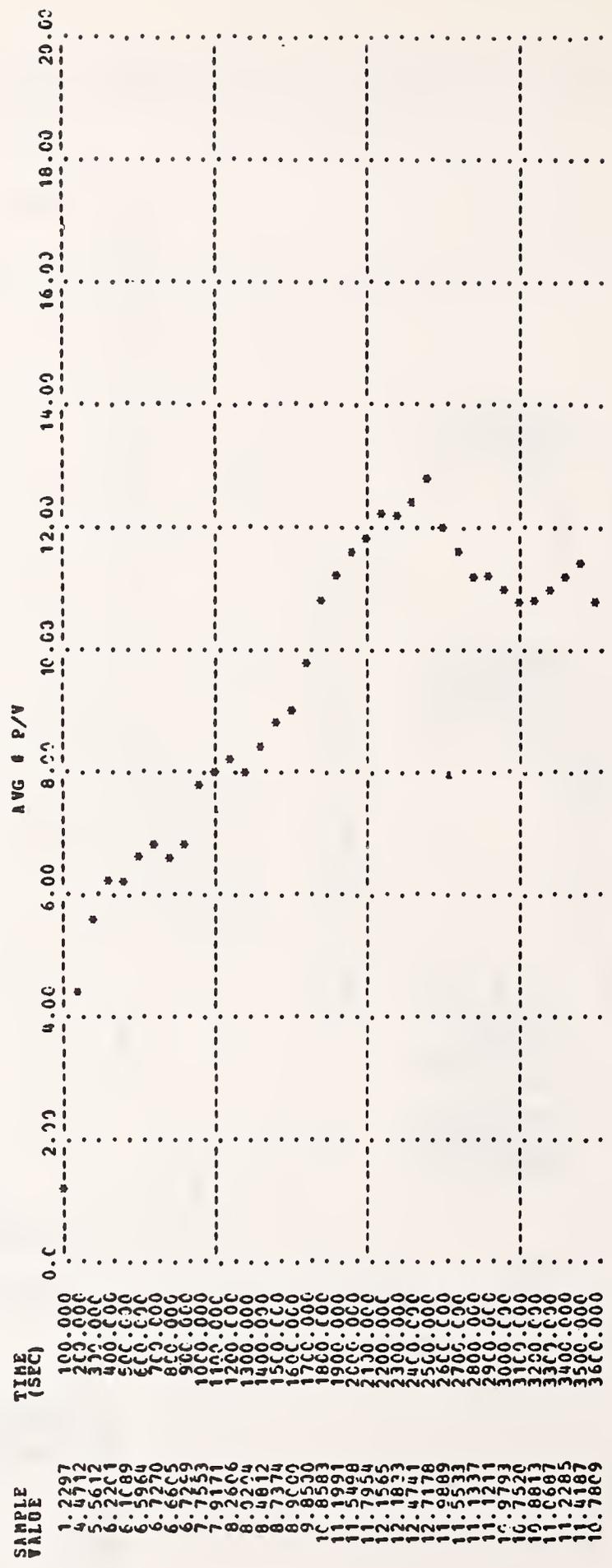
          AVG # P/V          MEAN =          9.335          VARIANCE =          7.043          AMPLITUDE PER INTERVAL MARKER =          1.000
VARIABLE VALUE          COUNT          -0-
INTERVAL BOUNDARY
1.000          1          XX
2.000          0          Y
3.000          0          Y
4.000          1          XX
5.000          1          XXXXXX
6.000          6          XXXXXX
7.000          2          XXXX
8.000          3          XXXX
9.000          3          XXXX
10.000          10          XXXXXXXXXX
11.000          10          XXXXXXXXXX
12.000          0          XX
13.000          0          Y

```

HIST - Histogram (Frequency Distribution) of Sample Values

FIGURE 5-1. DISPLAY FORMATS (Page 1 of 2)

.....CATEGORY= SYST ID= APPV ENTITY ID= 1 (PLOT SYMBOL'*) (OFF SCALE SYMBOL'*)



PLOT -- Time Series Plot of Sample Values

FIGURE 5-1. DISPLAY FORMATS (Page 2 of 2)

6. OPERATING PROCEDURES

Prior to executing the DESM, the user must determine if the size definitions assumed by the model are appropriate for the problem size to be executed and that installation requirements (core and peripheral storage availability) are satisfied (see Limitations, subsection 1.4). If changes are required, the user may decrease or increase the compile maximum values and perform the system generation procedures discussed in subsection 6.1. This procedure must also be followed if additional user defined algorithm alternatives or modeling features are to be exercised. Once the user is ready to execute the components of the model, a logical sequence of general procedures as described below should be followed. Batch mode and terminal mode procedural differences are discussed in subsections 6.2 and 6.3, respectively.

1. Input Processor Procedures -- The steps required to run the Input Processor include:
 - a. Decide which IP functions in addition to transit service planning are to be executed:
 - (1) Trip generation
 - (2) Network configuration
 - b. If trip generation is required, create a Trip Demand File member (AGT.IANDD.DEMAND (.....)) describing the characteristics of the Trip Arrival File member (AGT.STRUC.DEMAND (.....)) to be generated. (See Figure 6-1 for a sample of user supplied demand input.)
 - c. If network generation is required, create a Network Definition File member (AGT.IANDD.NETWORK (.....)) describing the Network Configuration File member (AGT.STRUC.NETWORK (.....)) to be generated. (Sample user input required to define a network is shown in Figure 6-2. Figure 6-3 portrays the station guideway link connectivity defined by the network input.)
 - d. Create a System Characteristics Input File member (AGT.IANDD.SYSTEM (.....)) describing the station configuration and system parameters (AGT.STRUC.SYSTEM (.....)) necessary for a Model Processor run. (A sample input System Characteristics File member is shown in Figure 6-4.)
Note: The output structured system characteristics will

5	5		DESM	DEMAND	FOR	IP	TESTING				2/21/78		
0	8	10	10	8	4	0	11	8	15	10	3	0	12
12	10	12	9	0	13	6	4	0	14	0			

Demand input contains 7 types of data:

1. number of stations in network and time interval (min.) of this demand input
2. number of passengers traveling between each origin-destination during the time interval
3. number of origin-destination pairs using trip size distribution 2 and 3
4. origin-destination pairs using trip size distribution 2
5. origin-destination pairs using trip size distribution 3
6. maximum trip size for all distributions
7. trip size distributions.

See Section 4 for further discussion of variables and for input format.

FIGURE 6-1. DEMAND INPUT

1	0	2	1177	2	1	3	645	3	0	4	1177	4	0	5	3000
5	0	6	3000	6	0	7	1177	7	1	8	645	8	0	9	1177
9	0	10	1177	10	1	11	645	11	0	12	1177	12	0	1	3000
1	0	13	3000	13	0	14	1177	14	1	15	645	15	0	16	1177
12	0	16	3000	16	0	17	1177	17	1	18	645	18	0	19	1177
19	0	9	3000	5	0	12	3000								

Each four items above defines one link as follows:

- o identification of node at start of link
- o station indicator (0 = no station on link, 1 = station on link)
- o identification of node at end of link
- o length of link in meters.

The format for each line of input is 4(I4, I2, I4, I6). All links and stations are assigned numbers based on the order of input by the Input Processor.

FIGURE 6-2. NETWORK DEFINITION

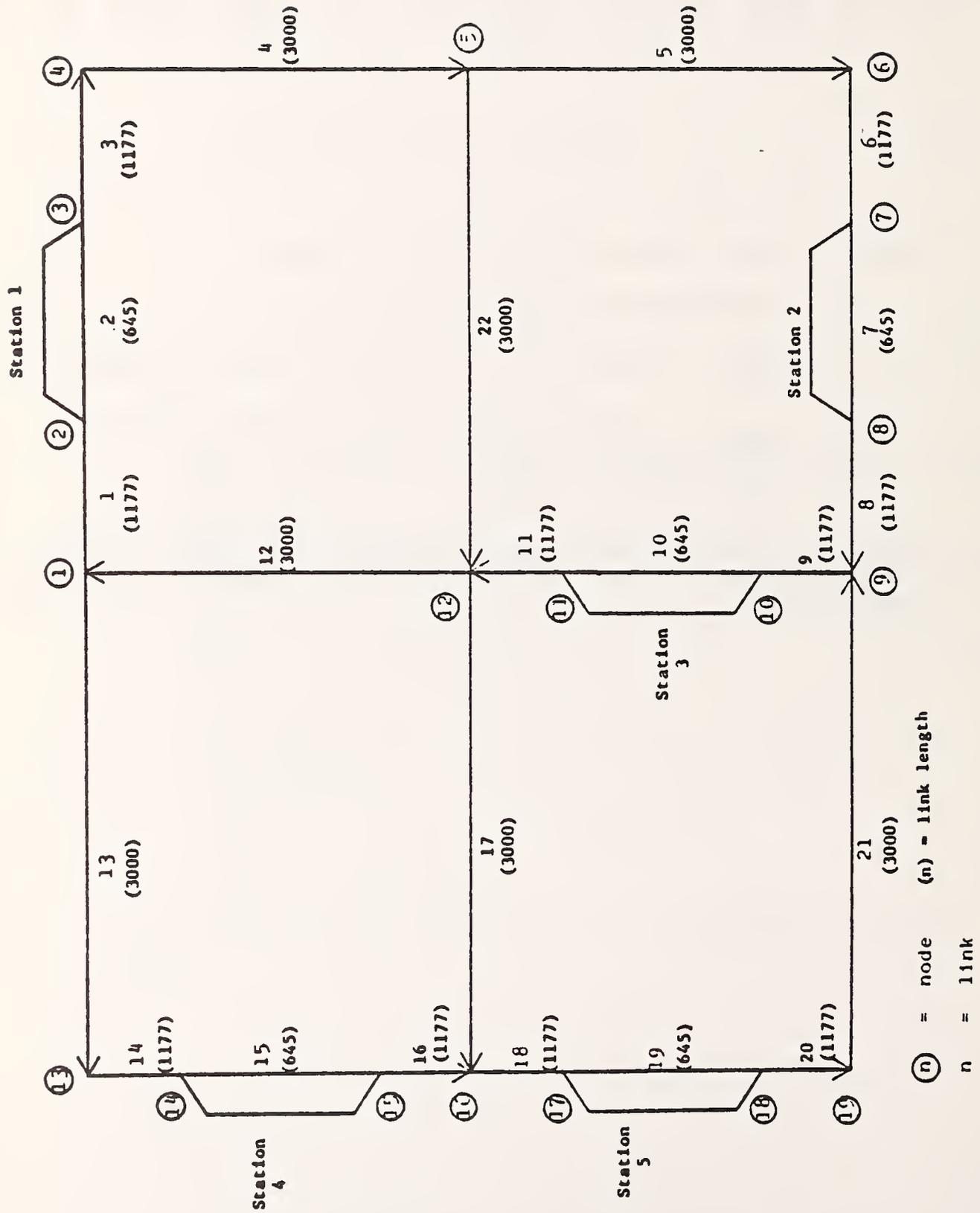


FIGURE 6-3. NETWORK CONNECTIVITY

NAME	COMMENT	MODEL CONFIGURATION DATA DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
NEUNET		NETWORK DEFINITION (F=EXISTING NETWORK, T=NEW NETWORK)	F
NCSEL		COST BASIS FOR PATH CALCULATION (0=TRAVEL TIME, 1=LENGTH)	0
PSPEED		NOMINAL SPEED ON GUIDEWAY	15
GLVEL		LINE SPEED BY LINK	PSPEED
GLVSD		STANDARD DEVIATION OF LINE SPEED	0
GLHDWY		VEHICLE HEADWAY	5
GLBLK		BLOCK LENGTH FOR FIXED BLOCK REGULATION	75
NLNPRI		END POINTS OF LINKS THAT HAVE PRIORITY	-
STYPE		STATION TYPE (F=OFFLINE, T=ONLINE)	F
SLBVEL		SPEED THROUGH ONLINE STATION WHEN NOT STOPPING	GLVEL
SLPF		STATION LINK FIFO/PRIORITY DEQUEUE (0=FIFO, 1=PRIORITY)	0
SLAVAL		STATION LINK AVAILABILITY (F= NOT, T=AVAILABLE)	T
SLVEL		VELOCITY ON STATION LINKS	-
SLCFIG		STATION CONFIGURATOR DATA	
		COL 1 - LINK TYPE (SEE SLTYPE)	-
		COL 2 - LINK TRAVEL TIME	0
		COL 3 - LINK LENGTH	-
		COL 4 - LINK CAPACITY	-
		COL 5 - FIRST EVENT ON LINK	-
		COL 6 - SECOND EVENT ON LINK	-
		COL 7 - THIRD EVENT ON LINK	-
		COL 8 - FOURTH EVENT ON LINK	-
		COL 9 - FIFTH EVENT ON LINK	-
		COL 10 - DIVERGE FUNCTION SELECTION (SEE SLDIVC)	-
		COL 11 - UPSTREAM LINK ORDERING OPTION	1
		COL 12 - HEADWAY TIME PER TRAIN (SEE SLHTA)	0
		COL 13 - HEADWAY TIME PER VEHICLE IN TRAIN (SEE SLHTB)	0

THE FOLLOWING PARAMETERS MUST BE ENTERED IF THE STATION CONFIGURATOR IS NOT USED

KNSL	NUMBER OF STATION LINKS	-
SLTYPE	STATION LINK TYPE (1=IR, 2=IQ, 3=D, 4=OQ, 5=OR, 6=S, 7=IS, 8=SI, 9=DS, 10=SO)	-
SLTTIM	STATION LINK TRAVEL TIME	-
SLCAP	STATION LINK CAPACITY	-
SLEVL	STATION LINK EVENT LIST (1=H, 2=T, 3=DB, 4=B, 5=S, 6=L)	-
SLUSL	STATION LINK UPSTREAM LINK LIST	-
SLDSL	STATION LINK DOWNSTREAM LINK LIST	-
SLDIVC	STATION LINK DIVERGE FUNCTION (USER DEFINED) SELECTION	-
SLHTA	STATION LINK HEADWAY ZONE TRAVEL TIME PER VEHICLE	0
SLHTB	STATION LINK HEADWAY ZONE TRAVEL TIME CONSTANT TERM	0
END		

```

TEXT
MODEL CONFIGURATION DATA
OPTION
NEUNET 111
T
NCSEL 111
1
END
PARAM
GLHDWY 1F5.0 1 22
22 2
KNSL 1I5
8
END
DATA
SLTYPE 8I5 1 8 3 3 4 5
1 2 2 3 3 4 5
SLTTIM 8F5.0 1 8 3 3 4 5
10 8 8 12 12 12 8 10
SLCAP 8I5 1 8 1 5

```

FIGURE 6-4. (1 of 4) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS INPUT

```

5      5      8      8      1      1      1      8      5
SLEVL 30I2      1      30
1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 6 0 1 2
SLUSL 19I2      1      19
0 1 0 1 0 2 3 0 2 3 0 2 3 0 4 5 6 0 7
SLDSL 18I2      1      18
2 3 0 4 5 6 0 4 5 6 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 8
SLHTA 1F5.0      1      8
8
SLHTB 1F5.0      1      8
8
END

```

NAME	COMMENT	SERVICE MODE DATA DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
POLSER		SERVICE POLICY (1=DRSP, 2=DRMP, 3=SCHED)	1
PLOSBS		LEVEL OF SERVICE BASIS (0=USER, N=NTH DEMAND INTERVAL)	1
KNV		FLEET SIZE	-
PRTDEF		ROUTE DEFINITION (0=BY USER, 1=BY INPUT PROCESSOR)	0
PVRLST		SCHEDULED SERVICE ROUTE LIST	-
PRTEHW		HEADWAY ON EACH ROUTE	-
PNV RTE		NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON EACH ROUTE	-
PRTLEN		TRAIN LENGTH ON EACH ROUTE (0=NO TRAINS)	0
PLDFAC		ESTIMATED ACHIEVABLE VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	.75
PMAXWT		MAXIMUM WAIT TIME IN SCHEDULED SERVICE (IP PLANNED)	900
SLOCC		STATION LINK INITIAL OCCUPANCY	0
GLOCC		GUIDEWAY LINK INITIAL OCCUPANCY	0

```

END
TEXT
SERVICE MODE DATA
SELECT
POLSER 1I2
3
PRTDEF 1I2
1
PMAXWT 1I3
450
END

```

NAME	COMMENT	TRIP MANAGEMENT DATA DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
DTRPFL		DEMAND GENERATION REQUEST (T=GENERATE TRIPS, F=DO NOT)	F
DNDMND		NUMBER OF DEMAND PROFILE INTERVALS TO PROCESS	1
DMPROF		DEMAND SCALING PROFILE	
		ELEMENT(1,I) - SCALE FACTOR FOR ITH INTERVAL	1
		ELEMENT(2,I) - TIME BASE OVERRIDE FOR ITH INTERVAL (0=NO OVERRIDE)	0
		ELEMENT(3,I) - =0, USE THE MATRIX CURRENTLY IN MEMORY >0, READ A NEW MATRIX	1
PTSPLT		TRIP SPLIT SIZE	VCAP
SBQCAP		BOARDING QUEUE CAPACITY	-
STDBA		DEBOARD TIME PER PASSENGER	0
STDHFF		ESTIMATED DWELL ADJUSTMENT FACTOR	0
STBA		BOARD TIME PER PASSENGER	0
SMNDBT		MINIMUM DOOR OPEN TIME	0
SMXDBT		MAXIMUM BOARDING TIME	TIME TO FILL AN EMPTY VEHICLE
VCAP		VEHICLE CAPACITY	6
VSEAT		NUMBER OF SEATS ON VEHICLE	VCAP
PRASGN		ROUTE ASSIGNMENT TABLE	-
PRGLST		ROUTE GROUP LIST FOR TRIPS SERVED BY MULTIPLE ROUTES	-
PXFER		TRANSFER POLICY (F=NO TRANSFERS, T=TRANSFERS)	F
PXFLST		TRANSFER LIST	-
		ELEMENT(1,I) - ORIGIN STATION	

FIGURE 6-4. (2 of 4) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS INPUT

```

ELEMENT(2,I) - DESTINATION STATION
ELEMENT(3,I) - STATION AT WHICH TO DEBOARD
ELEMENT(4,I) - STATION TO WHICH TO WALK BEFORE REBOARDING
                (0=REBOARD AT STATION GIVEN IN (3,I))
PWALKT WALK TIME FOR TRANSFERING TRIPS 0
PVRES VEHICLE RESERVATIONS INDICATOR (F=NO RESERVATIONS, F
      T=RESERVATIONS)
PALTET ALTERNATE STATION EGRESS TIME 0
PVSPR ORDERED LIST OF WHERE TO OBTAIN AN EMPTY VEHICLE 6
      (1=AN EXPECTED ARRIVAL, 2=VEHICLE CURRENTLY IN
      STATION, 3=LOCAL STORAGE, 4=REGIONAL STORAGE,
      5=CIRCULATING EMPTY, 6=EARLIEST AVAILABLE)
PEVALM EMPTY VEHICLE ARRIVAL LIMIT 600
PSLIST LIST OF STATION LINKS WHERE EMPTY IS TO BE SOUGHT -
PSRCFM REGIONAL STORAGE FOR OBTAINING EMPTY VEHICLES -
PHIST1 FIRST THRESHOLD FOR EXCESS TRAVEL TIME HISTOGRAM 300
PHIST2 SECOND THRESHOLD FOR EXCESS TRAVEL TIME HISTOGRAM 900
END

```

TEXT TRIP MANAGEMENT DATA

```

OPTION
DTRPFL 1L1
T
END

```

```

DATA
SBQCAP 1I5 1 5
5 1000
STDHFF 1F5.0
10
SMNDBT 1F5.0
10
VCAP 1I5
20
END

```

COMMENT VEHICLE CONTROL DATA

NAME	DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
POLLC	LONGITUDINAL CONTROL POLICY (1=SYNC, 2=QSYNC, 3=ASYNCR)	3
POLVPR	VEHICLE POSITION REGULATION SCHEME (1=FB, 2=VB, 3=USER)	2
POLMRG	MERGE POLICY INDICATOR (1=FIFO, 2=HEURISTIC, 3=PRIORITY)	1
VLEN	VEHICLE LENGTH	6
GLRTIM	REACTION TIME FOR ACCELERATION TO LINE SPEED FROM STOP	0
GLMDLY	HEURISTIC MERGE DELAY TABLE	-
PMRGWW	MERGE RESERVATION TABLE WINDOW WIDTH	GLHDWY
PMRGTH	FRACTION OF MERGE WINDOW TO BE RESERVED	1.0
PARMAX	MAXIMUM MANEUVER AT MERGE (QSYNC CONTROL)	0
PADVNC	VEHICLE ADVANCE MANEUVER INDICATOR (0=NO, >0=YES)	0
PVDVRT	VEHICLE GUIDEWAY DIVERSION INDICATOR (T=YES, F=NO)	T
PBERTH	BERTH ASSIGNMENT INDICATOR (1=MOST DOWNSTREAM, 2=PLATOON)	1
PENTS	STATIC (IN STATION) ENTRAINMENT INDICATOR (T=YES, F=NO)	F
PENTD	DYNAMIC (ON GUIDEWAY) ENTRAINMENT INDICATOR (T=YES, F=NO)	F
PMXTRL	MAXIMUM TRAIN LENGTH	1
PNTRLM	MAXIMUM WAIT TIME FOR STATIC ENTRAINMENT	15
PVSPAC	SCHEDULED SERVICE DISPATCH ALGORITHM (1=FIXED, 2=MIDPOINT)	1
PVEPR	ORDERED LIST OF EMPTY DISPERSAL PRIORITIES (1=LOCAL STORE, 2=REGIONAL STORE, 3=ANTICIPATED NEED, 4=CURRENT NEED, 5=CIRCUITOUS RTE, 6=STN WITH MOST OUTSTANDING REQUESTS)	1,3
PSRCTO	REGIONAL CENTER DESIGNATION FOR EMPTY DISTRIBUTION	-
PANEED	ANTICIPATED NUMBER OF EMPTIES REQUIRED/STATION	-
PANSTN	RECEIVING STATIONS FOR PANEED	-
PECRTE	CIRCUITOUS EMPTY ROUTE LISTS	-
PECRTN	CIRCUITOUS EMPTY ROUTE STATION ASSIGNMENT LIST	-
AFALRE	FAILURE/RECOVERY REQUEST DATA (STATION AND GUIDEWAY)	-

TEXT

FIGURE 6-4. (3 of 4) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS INPUT

VEHICLE CONTROL DATA

```

DATA
VLEN 1I5
5
END
COMMENT
NAME          VEHICLE OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES
              DESCRIPTION
              -----
POLDIS        DISPATCH POLICY (1=DETERMINISTIC, 2=QUASI-DETERMINISTIC,
              3=NON-DETERMINISTIC)
              3
POLDMS        SCHEDULED SERVICE DEMAND STOP INDICATOR (F=STOP, T=SKIP)
              F
PMRGL         LOCAL MERGE PRIORITY TABLE
              (1,1)=GUIDEWAY EMPTY PRIORITY
              (2,1)=GUIDEWAY IN SERVICE VEHICLE PRIORITY
              (1,2)=STATION EMPTY PRIORITY
              (2,2)=STATION IN SERVICE VEHICLE PRIORITY
              2
              1
              4
              3
PSMETH        PATH SELECTION METHOD (1=APRIORI, 2=REAL TIME)
              1
PSTYPE        PATH SELECTION TYPE (1=TABLE LOOK-UP, 2=ALGORITHMIC)
              1
PSALGM        PATH SELECTION ALGORITHM (1=NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME,
              2=DISTANCE, 3=UTILIZATION (OCCUPANCY/CAPACITY),
              4=WEIGHTED COMBINATION OF 1 & 3)
              1
PSTWT         WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME
              0
PSUWT         WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR UTILIZATION
              0
PMDWT         WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR MERGE SCHEDULING DELAY
              0
PALTRT        USER DEFINED ALTERNATE PATH LISTS
              -
END

```

```

COMMENT
NAME          SIMULATION CONTROL DATA
              DESCRIPTION
              -----
AKSEED        RANDOM NUMBER SEED
              14825
ATREAD        TIME TO BEGIN READING TRIP ARRIVALS
              0
ASAMPI        PERIODIC SAMPLING INTERVAL
              60
ASTATU        SAMPLING INTERVALS BETWEEN ON-LINE SNAPSHOT REPORTS
              5
APCOMI        PERIODIC COMPUTATION INTERVAL FOR HEURISTIC MERGE DELAY
              0
ACKPTI        PERIODIC CHECKPOINT INTERVAL
              0
AVLOG         VEHICLE ARRIVAL LOG (0=NO, >0=STATION # FOR LOGGING)
              0
ATRPLG        LOG COMPLETED TRIPS INDICATOR (T=YES, F=NO)
              F
ANOMTT        NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FILE OUTPUT INDICATOR (T=YES, F=NO)
              F
CSIZE         CLOCK GRANULARITY (C.U./MINUTE)
              60
CLOOP         MAXIMUM NUMBER OF XTNS ALLOWED IN CLOCK TABLE INTERVAL
              500
CLSMAL        TIME INCREMENT ENCOMPASSED BY EACH CLOCK TABLE INTERVAL
              100
CLSIZ        NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN CLOCK TABLE
              1000
END

```

```

TEXT
SIMULATION CONTROL DATA
PARAM
AKSEED 1I5
91577
ASAMPI 1I5
100
ASTATU 1I5
1
ANOMTT 1L1
T
END

```

FIGURE 6-4. (4 of 4) SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS INPUT

NAME	COMMENT	VEHICLE CONTROL DATA DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
POLLC		LONGITUDINAL CONTROL POLICY (1=SYNC, 2=OSYNC, 3=ASYNC)	3
POLVPR		VEHICLE POSITION REGULATION SCHEME (1=FR, 2=VP, 3=USER)	2
POLMPG		MERGE POLICY INDICATOR (1=FIFO, 2=HEURISTIC, 3=PRIORITY)	1
VLEN		VEHICLE LENGTH	6
GLRTIM		REACTION TIME FOR ACCELERATION TO LINE SPEED FROM STOP	0
GLMDLY		HEURISTIC MERGE DELAY TABLE	-
PMRGWF		MERGE RESERVATION TABLE WINDOW WIDTH	GL HDWY
PMRGTH		FRACTION OF MERGE WINDOW TO BE RESERVED	1.0
PAPMAX		MAXIMUM MANEUVER AT MERGE (OSYNC CONTROL)	0
PADVNC		VEHICLE ADVANCE MANEUVER INDICATOR (T=NO, >=YES)	0
PVDVPT		VEHICLE GUIDEWAY DIVERSION INDICATOR (T=YES, F=NO)	1
PREFPTH		DEPTH ASSIGNMENT INDICATOR (1=MOST DOWNSTREAM, 2=PLATOON)	1
PFNES		STATIC (IN STATION) ENTRAINMENT INDICATOR (T=YES, F=NO)	1
PENTD		DYNAMIC (ON GUIDEWAY) ENTRAINMENT INDICATOR (T=YES, F=NO)	1
PMTL		MAXIMUM TRAIN LENGTH	1
PNTSLM		MAXIMUM WAIT TIME FOR STATIC ENTRAINMENT	15
PVSPAC		SCHEDULED SERVICE DISPATCH ALGORITHM (1=FIXED, 2=MIDPOINT)	1
PVEPR		ORDERED LIST OF EMPTY DISPERSAL PRIORITIES (1=LOCAL STORE, 2=REGIONAL STORE, 3=ANTICIPATED NEED, 4=CURRENT NEED, 5=CIRCUITOUS RTE, 6=STN WITH MOST OUTSTANDING REQUESTS)	1, 3
PSPCTO		REGIONAL CENTER DESIGNATION FOR EMPTY DISTRIBUTION	-
PANED		ANTICIPATED NUMBER OF EMPTIES REQUIRED/STATION	-
PANSTN		RECEIVING STATIONS FOR ANEED	-
PECTE		CIRCUITOUS EMPTY ROUTE LISTS	-
PECTM		CIRCUITOUS EMPTY ROUTE STATION ASSIGNMENT LIST	-
AFALRE		FAILURE/RECOVERY REQUEST DATA (STATION AND GUIDEWAY)	-
END			
	TEXT		
	VEHICLE CONTROL DATA		
	DATA		
VLEN	20	115	
END			

FIGURE 6-4. SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS INPUT (Page 5 of 6)

NAME	COMMENT	VEHICLE OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES DESCRIPTION	DEFAULT
POLDIS		DISPATCH POLICY (1=DETERMINISTIC, 2=QUASI-DETERMINISTIC, 3=NON-DETERMINISTIC)	3
POLDMS		SCHEDULED SERVICE DEMAND STOP INDICATOR (F=STOP, T=SKIP)	F
PMRGL		LOCAL MERGE PRIORITY TABLE	
		(1,1)=GUIDEWAY EMPTY PRIORITY	2
		(2,1)=GUIDEWAY IN SERVICE VEHICLE PRIORITY	1
		(1,2)=STATION EMPTY PRIORITY	4
		(2,2)=STATION IN SERVICE VEHICLE PRIORITY	3
PSMETH		PATH SELECTION METHOD (1=APRIORI, 2=REAL TIME)	1
PSTYPE		PATH SELECTION TYPE (1=TABLE LOOK-UP, 2=ALGORITHMIC)	1
PSALGM		PATH SELECTION ALGORITHM (1=NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME, 2=DISTANCE, 3=UTILIZATION (OCCUPANCY/CAPACITY), 4=WEIGHTED COMBINATION OF 1 & 3)	1
PSWT		WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME	0
PSUWT		WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR UTILIZATION	0
PMDWT		WEIGHTING FACTOR FOR MERGE SCHEDULING DELAY	0
PALTRT		USER DEFINED ALTERNATE PATH LISTS	1

TEXT
VEHICLE OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES

DATA
PMRGL 4 1 2 1 2
1 3 0 2

NAME	COMMENT	SIMULATION CONTROL DATA DESCRIPTION	DE	LT
AKSEED		RANDCM NUMBER SEED	14825	
ATPEAD		TIME TO BEGIN READING TRIP ARRIVALS		
ASAMPI		PERIODIC SAMPLING INTERVAL	60	
ASTATU		SAMPLING INTERVALS BETWEEN ON-LINE SNAPSHOT REPORTS	5	
APCOM1		PERIODIC COMPUTATION INTERVAL FOR HEURISTIC MERGE DELAY	60	
ACKPTI		PERIODIC CHECKPOINT INTERVAL	60	
AVLOG		VEHICLE ARRIVAL LOG (0=NO, >0=STATION # FOR LOGGING)	0	
ATBPLG		LOG COMPLETED TRIPS INDICATOR (T=YES, F=NO)	F	
ANOMTT		NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FILE OUTPUT INDICATOR (T=YES; F=NO)	F	
CSIZE		CLOCK GRANULARITY (C.N./MINUTE)	60	
CLOOP		MAXIMUM NUMBER OF XTNS ALLOWED IN CLOCK TABLE INTERVAL	500	
CLSMAL		TIME INCREMENT ENCOMPASSED BY EACH CLOCK TABLE INTERVAL	100	
CLSIZE		NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN CLOCK TABLE	1000	

TEXT
SIMULATION CONTROL DATA

DATA
AKSEED 115
01577
ASAMPI 115
100
ASTATU 115
1
ATBPLG 111
T
END

FIGURE 6-4. SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS INPUT (PAGE 6 of 6)

always be generated. If an input System Characteristics File member is not created, all of the essential parameters must be input via the Runtime File (see Step e).

- e. Create a Runtime Input File member (AGT.IANDD.RNTIM (.....)) containing run index data, requests for IP functions determined in Step a (for new demand or network definition), system characteristics overrides, non-zero time data (e.g., failures), and action requests passed on to the Model Processor (AGT.STRUC.RNTIM (.....)). (See Figures 6-5 and 6-6 for sample input and output Runtime data members.)
- f. Verify that there are no conflicting data in Steps b through e, e.g., trip generation is requested in step e but no demand input is created in step b.
- g. Set up Job Control Language (JCL) to invoke the IP.
 - (1) Supply a job card conforming to local computer installation standards.
 - (2) Follow the job card with a JCL statement containing all of the substitutable parameters (and comments) necessary to execute the IP cataloged procedure, AGTEIP. Cataloged procedure AGTEIP is listed in subsection 6.4. (Figure A-4 contains an example of Input Processor JCL.)
- h. Submit the JCL for execution. This step is dependent upon the method of job submission (i.e., batch or terminal).
- i. When the IP run has completed, perform the following:
 - (1) Verify that the Trip Arrival, Network Configuration, System Characteristics, and Runtime output files were generated as requested. The existence of a new Index file entry should also be verified.
 - (2) Check the IP summary reports (see Appendix B) to verify that the IP has read and interpreted all user input correctly.

```

TEXT
DEMO 1, IP DEMAND GENERATION AND NETWORK PROCESSING OPTIONS
INDEX
DEMO 1, INPUT PROCESSOR OPTIONS:
      DEMAND GENERATION
      NETWORK PROCESSING
END
DATA
GLVEL 1F5.0      17      17
5
DNSD2 1I5
3
DNSD3 1I5
2
DIS2OD 6I5      1      6
1      3      2      4      4      1
DIS3OD 4I5      1      4
3      4      5      2
KNG 1I5
8
DTRDST 14F5.2    1      8      1      3
      .60      .20      .10      .03      .03      .02      .01      .01      .40      .30      .20      .02      .02      .02
      .02      .02      .70      .20      .10      .00      .00      .00      .00      .00
DMPROF 3F5.1    1      3      3      5
      1.5      0.0      0.0
      1.0      5.0      0.0
      6.0      18.0      0.0
PLOSBS 1I5
5
NCSEL 1I5
0
DNDMND 1I5
9
ANOMTT 1L1
F
ATRPLG 1L1
T
ALLOG 1L1
T
ASLOG 1L1
T
END
1200.CKPT
3601.STOP
3601.EOD

```

FIGURE 6-5. INPUT RUNTIME DATA

```

0.TEXT
TEST 30, USER-DEFINED SCHEDULED SERVICE, AFSM MODIFICATIONS
600.FLAG
161 162 113 114 165-170 313 314 307-310 303 304 298 299 317 318 0 0
600.AFSM
KNV 115
1 39
PNVRTE 1415 1 3
1 9 12 18
PRTEHW 1415 1 3
1 300 225 189
PRTLEN 1415 1 3
1 3 3 3
PNTVEH 1415 1 3
1 0 0 3
PRBARN 1415 1 3
1 3 3 3
PRSTOP 1415 1 3
1 3 3 3
PRNTRY 1415 1 3
1 3 4 9
END
1800.STOP
1800.EOD

```

FIGURE 6-6. OUTPUT RUNTIME DATA

- j. If any errors are found in step i, correct the input and rerun only the function in error.
2. Model Processor Procedures -- The steps required to run the Model Processor include:
- a. Decide which model definitions are to be used for the simulation experiment. A member name must be chosen for the following input files:
 - (1) System characteristics (AGT.STRUC.SYSTEM (.....))
 - (2) Network definition (AGT.STRUC.NETWORK (.....))
 - (3) Trip arrival. (AGT.STRUC.DEMAND (.....))
 - b. Determine the Runtime file member to be input (AGT.STRU RNTL1 (.....)) to the run. At this time, any required modifications to the data for direct input to the model should be performed noting previous restrictions on this activity mentioned earlier in this document. Since these alterations are not edited for correctness, all unit specifications must be correct and all dependent data must be changed in order that no conflict with the remaining system definition exists.
 - c. If statistics are to be recorded throughout the simulation (AGT.STATS.DESM (.....)), a name for the file member to be created must be determined so it can later be selected for use by the Output Processor.
 - d. Set up JCL to invoke the model processor
 - (1) Supply a job card conforming to local computer installation standards.
 - (2) Follow the job cards with a JCL statement containing all of the substitutable parameters (and comments) necessary to execute the MP cataloged procedure, AGTEMP. Cataloged procedure AGTEMP is listed in subsection 6.4. (Figure A-5 contains an example of Model Processor JCL.)
 - e. Submit the JCL for execution (method dependent on whether batch or terminal submission is required).
 - f. When the MP run has completed, operational analysis should be performed to determine if any inconsistencies

exist due to improper data definition. Several model output reports can be scanned as follows:

- (1) Check the Initial Conditions Report and the Sampling Reports to verify that the MP read the intended model definition file members and interpreted the input correctly.
 - (2) Scan the output for the termination report to determine if the simulation exercise terminated as requested.
- g. If any errors or unexpected results are found, review the substitutable parameters in the cataloged procedure, the parameter values specified in the JCL, and the input data specifications.
3. Output Processor Procedures -- The steps required to run the Output Processor include:
- a. Decide which set of raw statistics (AGT.STATS.DESM (.....)) is to be used as input to the run.
 - b. Create a request input file member (AGT.IANDD.RNTIM (.....)) containing command requests used to direct processing within the OP. (A sample request member is shown in Figure 6-7).
 - c. Verify that there is not a conflict between the statistical member used and the requests generated, e.g., requests for route statistical output and a raw statistics file generated from a demand responsive run.
 - d. Set up JCL to invoke the Output Processor
 - (1) Supply a job card conforming to local computer installation standards.
 - (2) Follow the job card with a JCL statement containing all of the substitutable parameters (and comments) necessary to execute the OP cataloged procedures, AGTEOP (see subsection 6.4). (Figure A-6 contains an example of Output Processor JCL.)
 - e. Submit the JCL according to batch or terminal submission procedures.
 - f. Review the general parameter output (see subsection 5.3).

REQU	SUMM	SYST	PHT1			
REQU	SUMM	SYST	PHT2			
REQU	SUMM	SYST	PHT3			
REQU	LIST	SYST	ANPV			
REQU	LIST	SYST	ANSP			
REQU	LIST	SYST	MRTT			
REQU	LIST	SYST	XVLF			
REQU	LIST	SYST	ANWT			
REQU	LIST	SYST	ANWP			
REQU	LIST	SYST	PDXS			
REQU	LIST	SYST	METS			
REQU	LIST	SYST	TNDS			
REQU	LIST	SYST	PNDS			
REQU	LIST	SYST	NTAR			
REQU	LIST	SYST	NPAR			
REQU	LIST	SYST	NTWT			
REQU	LIST	SYST	XTWT			
REQU	LIST	SYST	XQDV			
REQU	LIST	SYST	XQQV			
REQU	LIST	SYST	GANO			
REQU	LIST	SYST	GVNO			
REQU	LIST	SYST	RAPR			
REQU	LIST	SYST	RXSD			
REQU	LIST	SYST	ATPV			
REQU	PLOT	SYST	APPV		0.	20.
REQU	HIST	SYST	APPV	1		
REQU	LIST	SYST	AVLF			
REQU	PLOT	SYST	ADVH		0.	1000.
REQU	PLOT	SYST	ADVD		0.	20.
REQU	LIST	SYST	AETT			
REQU	LIST	SYST	ATV			
REQU	PLOT	SYST	ATTS		0.	20.
REQU	HIST	SYST	ATDD	10		
REQU	PLOT	SYST	SAVL		0.	1000.
REQU	LIST	SYST	RTT			
READ				1	3600	
REQU	LIST	STN	ANWP			
REQU	LIST	STN	PNDS			
REQU	LIST	STN	NPAR			
REQU	LIST	STN	XPWT			
REQU	LIST	STN	NPSH			
REQU	LIST	STN	APDD			
READ				1	3600	
REQU	LIST	RTE	RAPR			
REQU	LIST	RTE	RAPW			
REQU	LIST	RTE	SAVL			
REQU	LIST	RTE	AVLF			
REQU	LIST	RTE	APDD			
READ				1	3600	
REQU	RPT1					
READ				1	3600	
REQU	RPT2					
READ				1	3600	
REQU	S-S	PASS				
REQU	STOS	IVEH				
REQU	RPT3	INIT				
READ				1	3600	

FIGURE 6-7. OUTPUT PROCESSOR SAMPLE REQUEST COMMANDS

6.1 SYSTEM GENERATION

System Generation of the DESM must be performed if redefinition of system capacity or the inclusion of user coded algorithmic alternatives is required. The redefinition of system capacity involves the modification of SYSGEN values as defined in Table 5-1, recompilation, and the link editing of new executable load modules. The inclusion of user coded algorithmic alternatives involves only the link editing of the DESM MP after proper object module substitutions or replacement has been performed.

6.1.1 Redefinition Requirements

Updates to SYSGEN values for the DESM require modification of both FORTRAN and Assembler source members which are used to define problem size limits to all routines in the system. These size-definition members are:

- o ESYSMAX
- o ECOMMAX

contained in AGT.DESM.FORT and AGT.DESM.ASM, respectively. Once updates to these source members are performed, the source modules identified in Tables 6-1 through 6-3, must be recompiled or assembled as required to generate new object code which can be used to create executable load modules for the IP, MP, and OP components of the system. Executable load module creation requires the link editing of all DESM object modules. The link edit procedure involves three submissions to create separate executable versions of the IP, MP, and OP. The linkage control input necessary for directing the link edit process is provided in Appendix A of this document.

6.1.2 Algorithm Replacement Requirements

The DESM MP provides a direct interface for the inclusion of user defined and coded algorithmic alternatives. Specifically, the following modules contained in the MP can be replaced by the user:

- o EUEVA -- Empty Vehicle Management
- o EUEVB -- Empty Vehicle Bumping
- o EUDIVF -- Station Link Diverge Function Definitions
- o EUPCMP -- Periodic Computation Processing
- o EGUNTR --
User Defined Guideway Link Headway Regulation Scheme
- o EGUTVL --

TABLE 6-1. INPUT PROCESSOR SOURCE MODULES TO COMPILE/ASSEMBLE

ROUTINE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
EACOMN	FORTRAN	FORCE ORDERING COMMONS FOR INTERFACE TO MP
EINPUT	FORTRAN	INPUT PROCESSOR CONTROL
EIBWRT	FORTRAN	BINARY INPUT/OUTPUT
EICHCK	FORTRAN	INPUT PARAMETER CHECKING
EISCHD	FORTRAN	SCHEDULED SERVICE PLANNING
EIDRSP	FORTRAN	DEMAND RESPONSIVE SERVICE PLANNING
EIEMTY	FORTRAN	EMPTY VEHICLE ALLOCATION
EIMORG	FORTRAN	MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE SERVICE PLANNING
EIINIT	FORTRAN	INPUT PROCESSOR INITIALIZATION
EIMNAM	FORTRAN	PARAMETER LIST DECODE
EIMPTH	FORTRAN	LEAST COST PATH DETERMINATION
EIMNTP	FORTRAN	TRANSPORTATION ALGORITHM
EINDPP	FORTRAN	NETWORK DEFINITION PREPROCESSING
EINTWK	FORTRAN	NETWORK PROCESSING CONTROL
EINRPT	FORTRAN	NETWORK SUMMARY REPORT
EIALTP	FORTRAN	ALTERNATE PATH TABLE GENERATION
EIFAIL	FORTRAN	FAILURE/RECOVERY PROCESSING
EISCFG	FORTRAN	STATION CONFIGURATOR
EITNIT	FORTRAN	TRIP DEMAND INITIALIZATION
EITRIP	FORTRAN	TRIP DEMAND GENERATION
EIUDGN	FORTRAN	DETERMINISTIC TRIP DEMAND GENERATION
EINFMT	FORTRAN	NETWORK DATA FORMATTING
EINSLT	FORTRAN	BUILD SUCCESSOR LINK TABLE
EIDRPT	FORTRAN	TRIP DEMAND SUMMARY REPORT
EISRPT	FORTRAN	SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARY REPORT
EIARPT	FORTRAN	ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT REPORT
EIRNG	FORTRAN	RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR
EIRSEL	FORTRAN	SAMPLE FROM CUMULATIVE PROBABILITY DIST.
EISERV	FORTRAN	SERVICE PLANNING CONTROL
EINERR	FORTRAN	ERROR MESSAGES
EIGDIP4	ASSEMBLER	DEFINE GENERALIZED DATA INPUT VARIABLES
EAFLAG	FORTRAN	PROCESS AN AUXILIARY OUTPUT REQUEST
EIERROR	FORTRAN	PROCESS AN ERROR MESSAGE

TABLE 6-2. (1 of 2) MODEL PROCESSOR SOURCE MODULES TO COMPILE/ASSEMBLE

ROUTINE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
EACOMN	FORTTRAN	FORCE ORDERING DATA IN CHECKPOINT REGION
EAINDX	FORTTRAN	DECODE PARM FIELD & WRITE INDEX FILE
EANTSA	FORTTRAN	INITIALIZE SYS CHAR & NETWORK DATA
EACKR	FORTTRAN	PERFORM CHECKPOINT/RESTART
EADADD	FORTTRAN	OBTAIN COMMON AREA ADDRESSES
EAASYN	FORTTRAN	PERFORM ASYNCHRONOUS DATA PROCESSING
EAFLAG	FORTTRAN	PROCESS AN AUXILLARY OUTPUT REQUEST
EATORG	FORTTRAN	PROCESS A TRIP ARRIVAL
EANMDL	FORTTRAN	PERFORM MODEL INITIALIZATION
EANRPT	FORTTRAN	DISPLAY INITIAL CONDITIONS REPORT
EARRPT	FORTTRAN	DISPLAY RESTART CONDITIONS REPORT
EAPLNK	FORTTRAN	PERFORM A GUIDEWAY DEQUEUEING EVENT
EAPSTN	FORTTRAN	PERFORM A STATION DEQUEUEING EVENT
EAPCMP	FORTTRAN	PERFORM PERIODIC COMPUTATION EVENT
EAAFMS	FORTTRAN	PERFORM ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT
EAIVEH	FORTTRAN	INITIALIZE NEW SCHED SERVICE VEHICLES
EASTOR	FORTTRAN	SEARCH STORAGE FOR AVAILABLE VEHICLES
EANTRN	FORTTRAN	COUPLE AND LAUNCH NEW SCHED SERV TRAINS
EAFTRN	FORTTRAN	COUPLE FOR PUSH BY TRAILING VEHICLE
EGNEXT	FORTTRAN	DETERMINE THE NEXT ENTITY FOR GUIDEWAY VEH
EGVLOG	FORTTRAN	LOG VEHICLE ARRIVALS AT STATION ENTRY
EGGNXT	FORTTRAN	DETERMINE NEXT GUIDEWAY LINK
EGTEST	FORTTRAN	TEST AVAILABILITY OF A GUIDEWAY LINK
EASAMP	FORTTRAN	PERFORM PERIODIC SAMPLING
EASRPT	FORTTRAN	DISPLAY INTERMEDIATE SAMPLING REPORT
EAFRPT	FORTTRAN	DISPLAY TERMINATION REPORT
EAZNIT	FORTTRAN	PERFORM STATISTICS INITIALIZATION
EZINT	FORTTRAN	COMPUTE TIME INTEGRALS
EZZERO	FORTTRAN	ZERO STATUS STATISITCS FOR NEXT SAMPLE
EZHDR	FORTTRAN	WRITE A HEADER REOCD TO RAW STATS FILE
EANDR	FORTTRAN	PERFORM DR SERVICE INITIALIZATION
EANSCD	FORTTRAN	PERFORM SCHEDULED SERVICE INITIALIZATION
EANMRG	FORTTRAN	PERFORM MORGANTOWN DEM MODE INITIALIZATION
EMODEL	FORTTRAN	MODELLING CONTROL
EAINIT	FORTTRAN	INITIALIZATION CONTROL
EANFEL	FORTTRAN	PERFORM FUTURE EVENTS LIST INITIALIZATION
EANXTN	FORTTRAN	PERFORM TRANSACTION DATA INITIALIZATION
EAPFEL	FORTTRAN	PLACE A TRANSACTION ON FUTRE EVENTS LIST
EAERR	FORTTRAN	PROCESS AN ERROR MESSAGE
ESFAIL	FORTTRAN	PERFORM STATION FAILURE PROCESSING
EGFAIL	FORTTRAN	PERFORM GUIDEWAY FAILURE PROCESSING
EGLEAV	FORTTRAN	GUIDEWAY LINK EXIT PROCESSING
EGLMDL	FORTTRAN	GUIDEWAY LINK MODEL CONTROL
EGLNTR	FORTTRAN	GUIDEWAY LINK ENTRY PROCESSING
EGLWTQ	FORTTRAN	QUEUE A VEHICLE ON A GUIDEWAY LINK
EGASTN	FORTTRAN	ALTERNATE STATION ASSIGNMENT
EGQMRG	FORTTRAN	QUASI-SYNCHRONOUS CONTROL
EGFNTR	FORTTRAN	FIXED HEADWAY TRAVEL SEGMENT ENTRY
EGVNTR	FORTTRAN	VARIABLE HEADWAY TRAVEL SEGMENT ENTRY
EGFTVL	FORTTRAN	FIXED BLOCK TRAVEL SEGMENT TRAVERSAL
EGVTVL	FORTTRAN	VARIABLE BLOCK TRAVEL SEGMENT TRAVERSAL
EGDTRN	FORTTRAN	DYNAMIC (ON GUIDEWAY) DETRAINMENT
EGETRN	FORTTRAN	DYNAMIC (ON GUIDEWAY) ENTRAINMENT
EGTRNC	FORTTRAN	TRAIN COMPATIBILITY CHECK
EGSCHD	FORTTRAN	SCHEDULE VEHICLE FOLLOWER
EGRESV	FORTTRAN	GUIDEWAY LINK EMPTY & RESERVED VEHICLE PR.
EGEMTY	FORTTRAN	GUIDEWAY LINK EMPTY VEHICLE PROCESSING
EGCNXT	FORTTRAN	NEXT STATION - CIRCUITOUS EMPTY
EGVALS	FORTTRAN	VEHICLE ETA & ARRIVAL LIST RECORDING
EGHTRN	FORTTRAN	TRAIN HEADWAY TRAVERSAL PROCESSING
EGTCTL	FORTTRAN	TRIP COMPATIBILITY CHECK CONTROL
EGTCHK	FORTTRAN	TRIP COMPATIBILITY CHECK
EGDSTP	FORTTRAN	DEMAND STOP SERVICE PROCESSING

TABLE 6-2. (2 of 2) MODEL PROCESSOR SOURCE MODULES TO COMPILE/ASSEMBLE

ROUTINE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
EGQNTR	FORTTRAN	ADVANCE POSITIONING PROCESSING
EGPATH	FORTTRAN	REAL-TIME PATH SELECTION
EGPRMY	FORTTRAN	PRIMARY PATH COST COMPUTATION
EGALT	FORTTRAN	ALTERNATE PATH COST COMPUTATION
ESVALS	FORTTRAN	RECORD VEHICLES PREDICTED STATION ARRIVAL
ESTEST	FORTTRAN	STATION LINK ENTRY PROCESSING
ESTABQ	FORTTRAN	PERFORM TIRP STATION ARRIVAL PROCESSING
ESVREQ	FORTTRAN	MORGANTOWN REQUEST VEHICLE PROCESSING
ESAREQ	FORTTRAN	MORGANTOWN ASSIGN VEHICLE PROCESSING
ESEVA	FORTTRAN	PERFORM EMPTY VEHICLE ASSIGNMENT
ESEVB	FORTTRAN	PERFORM EMPTY VEHICLE BUMPING
ESVRES	FORTTRAN	RESERVE A VEHICLE FOR AN ARRIVING TRIP
ESNEXT	FORTTRAN	DETERMINE NEXT ENTITY FOR VEH IN STATION
ESDIVF	FORTTRAN	USER STATION DIVERGE FUNCTION SELECTION
ESDIVO	FORTTRAN	USER DIVERGE ORDERING OF STATION LINKS
ESLWTQ	FORTTRAN	QUEUE A VEH ON A STATION LINK
ESLMDL	FORTTRAN	STATION MODEL CONTROL
ESMDLN	FORTTRAN	DETERMINE NEXT STATION MODEL EVENT
ESMDLA	FORTTRAN	PERFORM AFTER STATION EVENT PROCESSING
ESMDLB	FORTTRAN	PERFORM BEFORE STATION EVENT PROCESSING
ESSDLY	FORTTRAN	COMPUTE SCHEDULE DELAY
ESLDLY	FORTTRAN	COMPUTE LAUNCH DELAY
ESMDLY	FORTTRAN	PERFORM MERGE RESERVATION
ESNTRN	FORTTRAN	PERFORM STATIC VEHICLE ENTRAINMENT
ESLEAV	FORTTRAN	PERFORM STATION LINK EXIT PROCESSING
ESBDL	FORTTRAN	CREATE A LIST OF BOARDING TRIPS
ESTCHK	FORTTRAN	MULTI-PARTY COMPATIBILITY CHECK
ESDBL	FORTTRAN	CREATE A LIST OF DEBOARDING TRIPS
ESTLOG	FORTTRAN	CREATE A COMPLETED TRIP LOG ENTRY
ESNSTN	FORTTRAN	DETERMINE THE NEXT STATION FOR A VEH
ESPATH	FORTTRAN	SELECT A VEHICLE PATH
EAFINS	FORTTRAN	PERFORM MODEL TERMINATION PROCESSING
EMGDIP4	ASSEMBLER	DEFINE GENERALIZED DATA INPUT VARIABLES
EUEVA	FORTTRAN	USER DEFINED EMPTY VEHICLE ASSIGNMENT
EUEVB	FORTTRAN	USER DEFINED EMPTY VEHICLE BUMPING
EUDIVF	FORTTRAN	USER DEFINED DIVERGE FUNCTION
EUPCMP	FORTTRAN	USER DEFINED PERIODIC COMPUTATION PROCESS
EGUNTR	FORTTRAN	USER DEFINED GUIDEWAY LINK ENTRY
EGUTVL	FORTTRAN	USER DEFINED GUIDEWAY LINK TRAVEL

TABLE 6-3. OUTPUT PROCESSOR SOURCE MODULES TO COMPILE

ROUTINE	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
EOUTPT	FORTTRAN	OUTPUT PROCESSOR CONTROL
EOINDX	FORTTRAN	WRITE INDEX FILE
EOZNIT	FORTTRAN	OUTPUT PROCESSOR INITIALIZATION
EOFLAG	FORTTRAN	PROCESS AN AUXILLARY OUTPUT REQUEST
EDBIN	FORTTRAN	PERFORM INITIAL BIN ALLOCATIONS
EOERR	FORTTRAN	PROCESS AN ERROR MESSAGE
EODATA	FORTTRAN	DEFINE OUTPUT PROCESSOR DATA
ESKIPFO	FORTTRAN	SKIP FOLLOWER RECORDS
EHEADER	FORTTRAN	READ A HEADER RECORD
ESETUP	FORTTRAN	PERFORM DATA TABLE INITIALIZATION
EREQTLU	FORTTRAN	PERFORM REQUEST CORRELATION
EREQU	FORTTRAN	PROCESS A USER DATA REQUEST
ESHIFT	FORTTRAN	SHIFT CONTENTS OF A BIN TO ACQUIRE SPACE
EBNCHK	FORTTRAN	CHECK BIN FOR SUFFICIENT STORAGE SPACE
EABIN	FORTTRAN	PERFORM BIN AREA REALLOCATION
EDUMBIN	FORTTRAN	DUMP THE CONTENTS OF A BIN
EZREAD	FORTTRAN	CONTROL READING OF RAW STATISTICS FILE
ESTORE	FORTTRAN	STORE A SAMPLED ITEM IN A BIN
EZPLOT	FORTTRAN	PLOT CONTROL
EZLIST	FORTTRAN	LIST CONTROL
ELIST	FORTTRAN	DISPLAY TIME SERIES LIST OR STAT. SUMMARY
EZHIST	FORTTRAN	HISTOGRAM CONTROL
EMNMX	FORTTRAN	DETERMINE MIN MAX OF SAMPLED ITEMS
EHIST	FORTTRAN	DISPLAY A HISTOGRAM OF SAMPLED ITEMS
EGRAPH	FORTTRAN	DISPLAY TIME SERIES PLOT OF SAMPLED ITEMS
EREAD02	FORTTRAN	PROCESS SYSTEM STATISTICS
EREAD03	FORTTRAN	PROCESS STATION STATISTICS
EREAD04	FORTTRAN	PROCESS STATION LINK STATISTICS
EREAD05	FORTTRAN	PROCESS GUIDEWAY STATISTICS
EREAD06	FORTTRAN	PROCESS ROUTE STATISTICS
EOPSUM	FORTTRAN	PERFORMANCE SUMMARY GENERATION
EOPRPT	FORTTRAN	PERFORMANCE SUMMARY REPORT
EOSSUM	FORTTRAN	SYSTEM SUMMARY STATISTICS GENERATION
EOSRPT	FORTTRAN	SYSTEM SUMMARY STATISTICS REPORT
AADATE	FORTTRAN	GET DATE IN CHARACTER FORMAT
DERROR	FORTTRAN	ERROR TERMINATION ROUTINE
ETACUM	FORTTRAN	ACCUMULATE THE RAW STATISTICS
ETCAPT	FORTTRAN	CAPTURE THE RAW DATA
ETCOMP	FORTTRAN	COMPUTE THE MEASURE REQUESTED
ETMERG	FORTTRAN	CONVERT STATISTICS TO UTPS FORMAT
ETMEAS	FORTTRAN	COMPUTE RAW DATA FOR MEASURE
ETNMBR	FORTTRAN	CONVERT A NUMBER TO EBCDIC
ETRPTS	FORTTRAN	GENERATE THE STATION REPORT
ETSSPM	FORTTRAN	STN TO STN PERFORMANCE MEASURES CONTROL
ETSTID	FORTTRAN	CONVERT STATION ID TO EBCDIC
ETSTAT	FORTTRAN	COMPUTE STATISTICS
ETTOTL	FORTTRAN	TOTAL THE RAW STATISTICS

The implementation of a user headway model requires the replacement of two modules in order to satisfy architecture restrictions with the MP. These two routines correspond to the initial entry processing for vehicles entering a guideway link and the processing required for actual link traversal. Once the object modules corresponding to user developed code have been replaced in the system, linkage editing of the DESM MP can be performed to produce a new executable load module.

6.2 BATCH MODE

Batch mode execution of the DESM involves performing the procedural steps as described in Section 6 via the use of standard system utilities and batch job submission procedures. The characteristics of the user modifiable input files contained in the AGT data base are defined to permit direct user update via the IEBUPDTE utility program (see IBM Publication GC35-005). Using this system utility, the sample JCL shown in Figure 6-8 can be used to create new members within the data base files or to modify existing data.

The cataloged procedures provided for invoking the DESM IP, MP, and OP are designed for direct interface to the AGT data base for the input of all model related data during execution. The user need only define the member names and specify the cataloged procedure to execute, to invoke execution of the DESM, as described in Section 6. However, any file reference contained within the cataloged procedures can be overridden via standard JCL procedures to allow the submission of in-stream data which uses the system input device as the source medium. Figure A-7 provides a sample of the job setup required for instream specification of user defined demand input. Any card image formatted (EBCDIC) file used by the DESM can be overridden in this manner. The specific file assignments which must be specified in overriding a particular input file are shown in subsection 6.4.

6.3 TERMINAL MODE

The procedures for terminal assisted operation of the DESM are identical to those for batch operation. However, data base modification can be performed via the TSO supported editing capability (see IBM Publication GC 28-0645). This feature permits online user entry of data and eliminates the need for maintaining card decks which are required in batch mode operation.

The job control language for executing the DESM via the terminal is placed in the AGT.DESM.CNTL library. This library can be updated via the TSO editing procedure and submitted for execution via TSO job submission

```

//JOB CARD
//NULL1 EXEC PGM=IEBUPDTE,PARM=NEW
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
//SYSUT2 DD DSN=PROJECT.LIBRARY.TYPE, (SEE NOTE 1)
// DISP=OLD
//SYSIN DD *
// ADD NAME=MEMNAME
// NUMBER NEW1=100,INCP=100

```

USER CODED DATA

/*

INITIAL MEMBER CREATION JCL

```

//JOB CARD
//NULL2 EXEC PGM=IEBUPDTE
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=A
//SYSUT1 DD DSN=PROJECT.LIBRARY.TYPE, (SEE NOTE 1)
// DISP=OLD
//SYSUT2 DD DSN=PROJECT.LIBRARY.TYPE, (SEE NOTE 1)
// DISP=OLD
//SYSIN DD *
// CHANGE NAME=MEMNAME

```

UTILITY CONTROL & USER CODED CHANGES

E.G.
./ DELETE SEQ1=100,SEQ2=100

/*

FILE UPDATE JCL

NOTE 1 THE FOLLOWING FILES ARE ELIGIBLE FOR CREATION AND/OR UPDATE

```

AGT.IANDD.NETWORK
AGT.IANDD.SYSTEM
AGT.IANDD.DEMAND
AGT.IANDD.RNTIM
AGT.STRUC.DEMAND
AGT.STRUC.RNTIM
AGT.INDEX.DEINDEX

```

FIGURE 6-8. JCL FOR FILE MEMBER CREATION/UPDATE

commands. Execution of the model via the terminal provides identical outputs to those obtained by batch mode operation. Direct or interactive use of the DESM during execution is not provided by the model.

6.4 CATALOGED PROCEDURES

The user interface for execution of the DESM processors is provided via cataloged procedures and the JCL (identified in Section 6). The procedures require minimum information from the user related to required files in order to invoke the various functions.

The cataloged procedures for invoking the DESM Input Processor (AGTEIP), Model Processor (AGTEMP), and Output Processor (AGTEOP) are shown in Figures 6-9, 6-10, and 6-11, respectively. These procedures are installed in the system procedure library on an installation dependent basis. Overrides for any of the data base input referenced by the procedure may be included as part of the JCL job input stream. As mentioned in subsection 6.2, this is accomplished by coding an appropriate override card or card image of the form:

```
// (DD NAME) DD*
```

following the execute statement. The user-specified input data must then follow. All overrides specified in this manner must be sequenced within job control by the order in which they occur in the cataloged procedures.

```

//* JOHN F. DUKE 5-8430 TSC-TOP OFTROY
//* NAME--AGTEIP
//* EXAMPLE--
//* // EXEC AGTEIP,SYSTEM=PRT,DEMAND=AMPEAK,NETIN=GRID,
//* // RUNTIME=PRTX
//* NOTE** ALL DATA SETS EXCEPT INDEX MUST BE CATALOGUED PRIOR TO
//* INVOKING THE PROC FOR A SIMULATION EXPERIMENT.
//* EACH SUBSTITUTABLE PARAMETER SPECIFIED BELOW IS NOTED
//* AS 'REQUIRED' OR 'OPTIONAL'. OPTIONAL PARAMETER VALUES
//* REMAIN 'NULL' UNLESS OVERRIDEN BY USER-SPECIFIED FILE
//* NAMES. REQUIRED PARAMETERS WITHOUT DEFAULT VALUES IDENTI-
//* FIED REQUIRE EXPLICIT USER DEFINITION. DEFAULT VALUES MAY
//* ALSO BE OVERRIDEN VIA THE JCL INVOKING THE PROCEDURE.
//* FUNCTION--
//* INVOKE THE DISCRETE EVENT SIMULATION MODEL INPUT PROCESSOR TO
//* CREATE THE DATA NECESSARY TO SUPPORT A GIVEN DEMAND AND SYSTEM
//* CONFIGURATION TO PERFORM A SIMULATION EXPERIMENT VIA THE DESM
//*****
AGTEIP PROC PROJECT=AGT, PROJECT NAME (REQUIRED)
LIBRARY=AGT, LIBRARY NAME (REQUIRED)
MODULE=EINPUT, DESM IP LOAD MODULE (REQUIRED)
IREGION=2200K, MODEL EXECUTION REGION
// * (REQUIRED)
// * IPTIME='(0,5)', MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME
// * (REQUIRED)
// * OUTPUT=A, SYSOUT CLASS (REQUIRED)
// * SYSTEM=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR SYSTEM CHARAC-
// * INDEX=INDEX, TERISTICS INPUT (OPTIONAL)
// * SIX CHARACTER INDEX FILE
// * DEMAND=NULL, IDENTIFIER (REQUIRED)
// * MEMBER NAME FOR FIRST DEMAND
// * MATRIX AND TRIP ARRIVAL DATA
// * (OPTIONAL)
// * DEMAND2=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR SECOND DEMAND
// * MATRIX (OPTIONAL)
// * DEMAND3=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR THIRD DEMAND
// * MATRIX (OPTIONAL)
// * DEMAND4=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR FOURTH DEMAND
// * MATRIX (OPTIONAL)
// * DEMAND5=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR FIFTH DEMAND
// * MATRIX (OPTIONAL)
// * NETIN='', MEMBER NAME FOR NETWORK DATA
// * INPUT (REQUIRED)
// * RUNTIME='', MEMBER NAME FOR RUN TIME DATA
// * (REQUIRED)
// * NETWORK=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR NETWORK DATA
// * OUTPUT (OPTIONAL)
// * NOMTIME=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR NOMINAL TRAVEL
// * TIME MATRIX (OPTIONAL)
// *
// EIP EXEC PGM=&MODULE,
// TIME=&IPTIME,
// REGION=&IREGION,
// PARM=(&MODULE,&SYSTEM,&RUNTIME,&NETIN,&NETWORK,
// &NOMTIME,&DEMAND,&DEMAND2,&DEMAND3,&DEMAND4,
// &DEMAND5)
// STEPLIB DD DSN=&PROJECT..&LIBRARY..LOAD,DISP=SHR,VOLUME=PRIVATE
// FT05F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.SYSTEM(&SYSTEM),
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
// FT05F002 DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.RNTIM(&RUNTIME),
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
// FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=&OUTPUT
// FT10F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.NETWORK(&NETIN),
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
// FT11F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.DEMAND(&DEMAND),
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
// FT11F002 DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.DEMAND(&DEMAND2),
//
//
//

```

FIGURE 6-9. (1 of 2) INPUT PROCESSOR CATALOG PROCEDURE

```

//      DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,,IN)
//FT11F003 DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.DEMAND(&DEMAND3),
//      DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,,IN)
//FT11F004 DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.DEMAND(&DEMAND4),
//      DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,,IN)
//FT11F005 DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.DEMAND(&DEMAND5),
//      DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,,IN)
//FT12F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.NETWORK(&NETIN),
//      VOLUME=PRIVATE,
//      DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,,IN)
//FT13F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..INDEX.DE&INDEX,
//      DISP=(MOD,CATLG),
//      DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=80,   IN CASE WE ABEND WITHOUT
//      BLKSIZE=3120),           OPENING THE FILE
//      UNIT=SYSDA,             ALLOCATION PARAMETERS IF NEW
//      SPACE=(TRK,(1,1))
//FT14F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.NETWORK(&NETWORK),
//      VOLUME=PRIVATE,
//      DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,,OUT)
//FT15F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.DEMAND(&DEMAND),
//      VOLUME=PRIVATE,
//      DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,,OUT)
//FT16F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.SYSTEM(&RUNTIME),
//      VOLUME=PRIVATE,
//      DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,,OUT)
//FT17F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.RNTIM(&RUNTIME),
//      DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,,OUT)
//FT18F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.SSP(&NOMTIME),
//      DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,,OUT)

```

FIGURE 6-9. (2 of 2) INPUT PROCESSOR CATALOG PROCEDURE

```

/** JOHN F. DUKE 5-8430 TSC-TOP OFTROY
/** NAME--AGTEMP
/** EXAMPLE--
/** // EXEC AGTEMP,SYSTEM=PRT,NETWORK=GRID,DEMAND=TRIPD,
/** // RUNTIME=PRTX
/** NOTE** ALL DATA SETS MUST BE CATALOGED PRIOR TO INVOKING
/** THE PROC FOR A SIMULATION EXPERIMENT
/** EACH SUBSTITUTABLE PARAMETER SPECIFIED BELOW IS NOTED
/** AS 'REQUIRED' OR 'OPTIONAL'. OPTIONAL PARAMETER VALUES
/** REMAIN 'NULL' UNLESS OVERRIDDEN BY USER-SPECIFIED FILE
/** NAMES. REQUIRED PARAMETERS WITHOUT DEFAULT VALUES IDENTI-
/** FIED REQUIRE EXPLICIT USER DEFINITION. DEFAULT VALUES
/** MAY ALSO BE OVERRIDDEN VIA THE JCL INVOKING THE PROCEDURE.
/** FUNCTION--
/** INVOKE THE DETAILED EVENT SIMULATION MODEL TO PERFORM AN
/** EXPERIMENT FOR A GIVEN STATION CONFIGURATION AND DEMAND
/** LEVEL.
/*******
//AGTEMP PROC PROJECT=AGT, PROJECT NAME (REQUIRED)
// LIBRARY=AGT, LIBRARY NAME (REQUIRED)
// MODULE=EMODEL, DESM LOAD MODULE (REQUIRED)
// MREGION=3400K, MODEL EXECUTION REGION
// (REQUIRED)
// MPTIME='(0,10)', MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME
// (REQUIRED)
// OUTPUT=A, SYSOUT CLASS (REQUIRED)
// SYSTEM='', MEMBER NAME FOR SYSTEM
// CHARACTERISTICS (REQUIRED)
// NETWORK='', MEMBER NAME FOR NETWORK
// CHARACTERISTICS (REQUIRED)
// INDEX=INDEX, SIX CHARACTER INDEX FILE
// IDENTIFIER (REQUIRED)
// SAMPLE=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR RAW STATISTICS
// DEMAND='', & CHECKPOINT FILE (OPTIONAL)
// MEMBER NAME FOR TRIP ARRIVAL
// RUNTIME='', (REQUIRED)
// MEMBER NAME FOR RUN TIME DATA
// RESTART=NULL INPUT (REQUIRED)
// MEMBER NAME FOR CHEKPOINT DATA
// FOR RESTART (OPTIONAL)
//EMP EXEC PGM=&MODULE,
// TIME=&MPTIME,
// REGION=&MREGION,
// PARM=(&MODULE,&RESTART,&SYSTEM,&NETWORK,&DEMAND,
// &RUNTIME,&SAMPLE)
//STEPLIB DD DSN=&PROJECT..&LIBRARY..LOAD,
// DISP=SHR,VOLUME=PRIVATE
//FT05F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.RNTIM(&RUNTIME),
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=&OUTPUT
//FT13F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..INDEX.DE&INDEX,
// DISP=MOD
//FT14F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.NETWORK(&NETWORK),
// VOLUME=PRIVATE,
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//FT15F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.DEMAND(&DEMAND),
// VOLUME=PRIVATE,
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//FT16F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.SYSTEM(&SYSTEM),
// VOLUME=PRIVATE,
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//FT18F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..CHKPTPVT.DESM(&SAMPLE),
// VOLUME=PRIVATE,
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,OUT)
//FT19F001 DD DSN=&&STATS, RAW STATISTICS FILE
// DISP=(MOD,PASS,DELETE),
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)),
// DCB=(RECFM=VBS,LRECL=0,BLKSIZE=19069)
//F

```

FIGURE 6-10. (1 of 2) MODEL PROCESSOR CATALOG PROCEDURE

```

UNIT=SYSQA,
SPACE=CYL,
DCB=(RECFM=FB,LRECL=100)
FT21F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.TRIPLDG(&SAMPLE),
          VOLUME=PRIVATE,
          DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,,OUT)
FT22F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.DEMANDVG(&SAMPLE),
          DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,,OUT)
FT23F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.DESMLLOG(&SAMPLE),
          DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,,OUT)
FT24F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.DESMSLOG(&SAMPLE),
          DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,,OUT)
FT27F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..CHKTPVT.DESM(&RESTART),
          VOLUME=PRIVATE,
          DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,,IN)

```

FIGURE 6-10. (2 of 2) MODEL PROCESSOR CATALOG PROCEDURE

```

//* JOHN F. DUKE 5-8430 TSC-TOP OFTROY
//* NAME--AGTEMPTL
//* EXAMPLE--// EXEC AGTEMPTL,OUTPUT=X,SYSTEM=PRT,NETWORK=GRID,
// DEMAND=TRIPD,RUNTIME=PRTX
//* NOTE** ALL DATA SETS MUST BE CATALOGED PRIOR TO
// INVOKING THE PROC FOR A SIMULATION EXPERIMENT
// EACH SUBSTITUTABLE PARAMETER SPECIFIED BELOW IS NOTED
// AS 'REQUIRED' OR 'OPTIONAL'. OPTIONAL PARAMETER VALUES
// REMAIN 'NULL' UNLESS OVERRIDDEN BY USER-SPECIFIED FILE
// NAMES. REQUIRED PARAMETERS WITHOUT DEFAULT VALUES IDENTI-
// FIED REQUIRE EXPLICIT USER DEFINITION. DEFAULT VALUES
// MAY ALSO BE OVERRIDDEN VIA THE JCL INVOKING THE PROCEDURE.
//** FUNCTION--
//** INVOKE THE DETAILED EVENT SIMULATION MODEL TO PERFORM AN
//** EXPERIMENT FOR A GIVEN STATION CONFIGURATION AND DEMAND
//** LEVEL.
//*****
//AGTEMPTL PROC PROJECT=AGT, PROJECT NAME (REQUIRED) X
// LIBRARY=AGT, LIBRARY NAME (REQUIRED) X
// MODULE=EMODEL, DESM LOAD MODULE X
// MREGION=3400K, MODEL EXECUTION REGION X
// MPTIME='(0,10)', MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME X
// OUTPUT=A, SYSOUT DEVICE X
// SYSTEM='', MEMBER NAME FOR SYSTEM X
//** CHARACTERISTICS (REQUIRED)
// NETWORK='', MEMBER NAME FOR NETWORK X
//** CHARACTERISTICS (REQUIRED)
// INDEX=INDEX, SIX CHARACTER INDEX FILE X
//** IDENTIFIER (OPTIONAL)
// SAMPLE=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR RAW STATISTICS X
//** & CHECKPOINT FILE (OPTIONAL)
// DEMAND=, MEMBER NAME FOR TRIP ARRIVAL X
//** (REQUIRED)
// RUNTIME=, MEMBER NAME FOR RUN TIME DATA X
//** INPUT (REQUIRED)
// RESTART=NULL MEMBER NAME FOR CHEKPOINT DATA
//** FOR RESTART (OPTIONAL)
//EMP EXEC PGM=&MODULE,
// TIME=&MPTIME,
// REGION=&MREGION,
// PARM=(&MODULE,&RESTART,&SYSTEM,&NETWORK,&DEMAND,
// &RUNTIME,&SAMPLE)
//STEPLIB DD DSN=&PROJECT.&LIBRARY..LOAD,
// DISP=SHR,VOLUME=PRIVATE
//FT05F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.RNTIM(&RUNTIME),
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=&OUTPUT
//FT13F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..INDEX.DE&INDEX,
// DISP=MOD
//FT14F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.NETWORK(&NETWORK),
// VOLUME=PRIVATE,
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//FT15F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.DEMAND(&DEMAND),
// VOLUME=PRIVATE,
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//FT16F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUCPVT.SYSTEM(&SYSTEM),
// VOLUME=PRIVATE,
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//FT18F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..CHKPTPVT.DESM(&SAMPLE),
// VOLUME=PRIVATE,
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,OUT)
//FT19F001 DD DSN=&&STATS, RAW STATISTICS FILE
// DISP=(MOD,PASS,DELETE),
// UNIT=SYSDA,
// SPACE=(CYL,(2,2)),
// DCB=(RECFM=VBS,LRECL=0,BLKSIZE=19069)

```

FIGURE 6-11. (1 of 2) MODEL PROCESSOR (WITH SORTED TRIP LOG) CATALOG PROCEDURE

```

//FT21F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.TRIPLOG(&SAMPLE).
                DISP=(NEW,PASS,DELETE),UNIT=SYSDA,
                SPACE=(CYL,(1,1)),DCB=(RECFM=FB,
                LRECL=80,BLKSIZE=3120)
//
//FT22F001 DD DSNNAME=&PROJECT..STRUC.DEMANDVG(&SAMPLE),
                DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,OUT)
//FT23F001 DD DSNNAME=&PROJECT..STRUC.DESMLLOG(&SAMPLE),
                DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,OUT)
//FT24F001 DD DSNNAME=&PROJECT..STRUC.DESMSLOG(&SAMPLE),
                DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,OUT)
//FT27F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..CHKPTPVT.DESM(&RESTART),
                VOLUME=PRIVATE,
                DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//SORT EXEC PGM=ICEMAN,REGION=240K,COND=(0,NE,EMP)
//SORTLIB DD DSNNAME=SYS1.SORTLIB,DISP=SHR
//SYSOUT DD SYSOUT=&OUTPUT,DCB=BLKSIZE=133
//SYSIN DD DSNNAME=&PROJECT..IANDD.SYSIN(ASORT01),
                DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//SORTIN DD DSNNAME=*.EMP.FT21F001,DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//SORTOUT DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.TRIPLOG(&SAMPLE),
                VOLUME=PRIVATE,
                DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,OUT)
//SORTWK01 DD UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1),,CONTIG)
//SORTWK02 DD UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1),,CONTIG)
//SORTWK03 DD UNIT=SYSDA,SPACE=(CYL,(1,1),,CONTIG)
//SYSUDUMP DD DUMMY

```

FIGURE 6-11. (2 of 2) MODEL PROCESSOR (WITH SORTED TRIP LOG) CATALOG PROCEDURE

```

//* JOHN F. DUKE 5-8430 TSC-TOP OFTROY
//* NAME--AGTEOP
//* EXAMPLE--// EXEC AGTEOP,PROJECT=AGT,SAMPLE=PRT,REQUEST=PRT1
//* NOTE** ALL DATA SETS MUST BE CATALOGED PRIOR TO
//* INVOKING THE PROC FOR A SIMULATION EXPERIMENT
//* EACH SUBSTITUTABLE PARAMETER SPECIFIED BELOW IS NOTED
//* AS 'REQUIRED' OR 'OPTIONAL'. OPTIONAL PARAMETER VALUES
//* REMAIN 'NULL' UNLESS OVERRIDDEN BY USER-SPECIFIED FILE
//* NAMES. REQUIRED PARAMETERS WITHOUT DEFAULT VALUES IDENTI-
//* FIED REQUIRE EXPLICIT USER DEFINITION. DEFAULT VALUES MAY
//* ALSO BE OVERRIDDEN VIA THE JCL INVOKING THE PROCEDURE.
//* FUNCTION--
//* INVOKE THE DETAILED EVENT SIMULATION MODEL OUTPUT PROCESSOR
//* TO PROCESS A RAW STATISTICS FILE CREATED FROM A GIVEN SIMULATION
//* EXPERIMENT.
//*****
//AGTEOP PROC PROJECT=AGT, PROJECT NAME (REQUIRED) X
// LIBRARY=AGT, LIBRARY NAME (REQUIRED) X
// MODULE=EOUTPT, OUTPUT PROCESSOR LOAD MODULE X
// OREGION=1450K, O.P. EXECUTION REGION X
// OPTIME='(0,1)', MAXIMUM EXECUTION TIME X
// OUTPUT=A, SYSOUT DEVICE X
// INDEX=INDEX, SIX CHARACTER INDEX FILE X
// IDENTIFIER (OPTIONAL)
// COLS=137, PRINTED OUTPUT LOGICAL RECORD
// LENGTH (5 GREATER THAN SIZE
// SPECIFIED ON PAGE CARD)
// TEMP=SYSDA, TEMPORARY STORAGE
// SAMPLE='', MEMBER NAME FOR RAW STATISTICS X
// FILE (REQUIRED)
// TRIPLOG=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR TRIP LOG FILE X
// (OPTIONAL)
// PERSUM=NULL, MEMBER NAME FOR PERFORMANCE X
// SUMMARY FILE (OPTIONAL)
// REQUEST='', MEMBER NAME FOR USER REQUESTS
// (REQUIRED)
//EOP EXEC PGM=&MODULE, X
// TIME=&OPTIME, X
// REGION=&OREGION, X
// PARM=(&MODULE,&SAMPLE,&REQUEST,&PERSUM)
//STEPLIB DD DSN=&PROJECT.&LIBRARY..LOAD,DISP=SHR,VOLUME=PRIVATE
//FT02F001 DD DDNAME=UTPS
//FT03F001 DD UNIT=TEMP,SPACE=(480,840) 4*NSTN, 7*NSTN
//FT04F001 DD DSN=&STATS, RAW STATISTICS FILE
// DISP=(OLD,DELETE)
//FT05F001 DD DDNAME=SYSIN
//FT06F001 DD SYSOUT=&OUTPUT,
// DCB=(RECFM=VBA,LRECL=&COLS,BLKSIZE=4096)
//FT13F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..INDEX.DE&INDEX,DISP=MOD
//FT14F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..PERSUM.DESM(&PERSUM),
// DISP=OLD,LABEL=(,,OUT)
//FT21F001 DD DSN=&PROJECT..STRUC.TRIPLOG(&TRIPLOG),
// VOLUME=PRIVATE,
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//SYSIN DD DSN=&PROJECT..IANDD.RNTIM(&REQUEST),
// DISP=SHR,LABEL=(,,IN)
//UTPS DD DUMMY,DCB=(RECFM=VBS,LRECL=1604,BLKSIZE=1608)

```

FIGURE 6-12. OUTPUT PROCESSOR CATALOG PROCEDURE

7. MESSAGES

Error messages are issued by the DESM whenever anomalous or unacceptable conditions are detected during program execution. These conditions can arise as a result of inconsistent or incorrect user input specifications, user runtime data specifications which inappropriately alter program execution via runtime overrides, or as the result of user expansion or substitution for modeling or output processing features. Several messages which can be issued are related strictly to program code modification and maintenance functions and are intended to serve merely as debug aids for future program expansion.

All messages output by the DESM have the same basic format which includes descriptive information, an indication of corrective action required, or termination status and in the case of the MP and OP, an indication of the simulated time at which the error condition was detected. Each message is formatted as follows:

```
* * * * *
*   EXXnnnT - Description
*               Action or Termination Status
*
* * * * *
```

where:

XX -- identifies the DESM processor issuing the message as follows:
IP, MP, OP

nnn -- message number

T -- Severity

I - information

W -- warning

S - severe (immediate termination required)

Description -- Message text providing a brief statement of the error condition

Action Termination Status -- a brief statement of required user action or execution status as follows:

1. Condition may be acceptable to the user
2. Condition must be corrected prior to the next run
3. Program execution cannot proceed beyond this point.

Time -- The current clock time as related to the MP and OP as follows:

1. MP -- Current simulated time XXXXX seconds
2. OP -- Time of last record read XXXXX seconds.

During error message processing, counts of all type I and W messages are maintained and if the number issued for a particular message or type exceeds sysgen limits, automatic program termination is performed. If this occurs, the user is notified of termination by issuance of one of the following messages:

1. TOO MANY OCCURRENCES OF THIS ERROR -- RUN FORCED TO TERMINATE
2. TOO MANY OCCURRENCES OF THIS TYPE OF ERROR -- RUN FORCED TO TERMINATE.

In many cases errors detected during execution can lead to other anomalous conditions which preclude graceful termination activities. If such a condition is noted in attempting to terminate execution after the occurrence of an error, automatic shutdown is performed and the user is notified by issuance of the following message:

- o ERROR NOTED IN PROCESSING AFTER AN ERROR OCCURRENCE -- RUN ABRUPTLY TERMINATED.

7.1 INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

The following categories of messages are defined for the DESM IP:

- o Message number
 - 000-099 -- Control parameters
 - 100-199 -- System characteristics parameters
 - 200-299 -- Network definition processing
 - 300-399 -- Trip demand processing

- 400-499 -- Service Planning
- 500-599 -- Failure/repair requests
- 600-699 -- Active fleet size management
- 700-799 -- Station configuration.

Table 7-1 summarizes the messages which can be issued by the IP.

7.2 MODEL PROCESSOR MESSAGES

Table 7-2 summarizes by processing component the messages which can be issued by the MP.

7.3 OUTPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

Table 7-3 summarizes the messages which can be issued by the OP.

7.4 ERROR MESSAGE SOURCE ROUTINES

Table 7-4 lists the name of the routine which generates each error message keyed by the MSGID for each error message in Tables 7-1, 7-2, or 7-3. An "*" indicates that the error message is not used in the final version of the DESM. Some error messages may be called by more than one routine. Also, some error codes are generated by PL/1 macros (indicated by (PLI) after the source name) and can thus actually be generated by any routine using the specified macro.

TABLE 7-1. (1 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

CONTROL PARAMETER ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
1	S	'RUN MODEL PROCESSOR FOR RESTART' RESTART IS AN INVALID REQUEST IN IP.
2	S	'INVALID DATA HEADER' RUNTIME OR SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS DATA HAS INVALID DATA HEADER.
3	S	'DATA TIME TAG OUT OF SEQUENCE' RUNTIME DATA MUST BE IN INCREASING TIME ORDER.
4	W	'MISSING RUN DESCRIPTION' NO RUN INDEX DESCRIPTION DATA WAS SUPPLIED. INSERT RUN DESCRIPTION DATA INTO RUN INDEX FILE VIA EDIT.
5	S	'TIME FIELD MUST BE ZERO FOR INITIALIZATION' SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS DATA MUST BE ENTERED WITH TIME EQUAL TO ZERO.
6	S	'INVALID SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS DATA TYPE' ILLEGAL DATA HEADER TYPE.
7	S	'INVALID LEVEL OF SERVICE BASIS' THE DESIGNATED DEMAND MATRIX IS GREATER THAN THE NUMBER OF DEMAND INTERVALS TO PROCESS.
8	W	'NAME NOT FOUND IN TABLE' PARAMETER NAME IS MISSPELLED OR IS NOT A VALID INPUT.

SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
101	S	'NOMINAL GUIDEWAY SPEED UNREASONABLE' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
102	S	'INVALID VEHICLE HEADWAY' VEHICLE HEADWAY MUST BE LESS THAN TRAVEL TIME ON SHORTEST LINK.
103	S	'INVALID VEHICLE LENGTH' VEHICLE LENGTH MUST BE SHORTER THAN SHORTEST LINK.
104	W,S	'UNREASONABLE VEHICLE CAPACITY' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
105	S	'INVALID REGULATION/CONTROL POLICY COMBINATION' REVIEW OPTION SELECTION CAPABILITY IN USER'S MANUAL.
106	S	'INVALID DISPATCH/CONTROL POLICY COMBINATION' REVIEW OPTION SELECTION CAPABILITY IN USER'S MANUAL.
107	S	'INVALID ENTRAINMENT/CONTROL POLICY COMBINATION' REVIEW OPTION SELECTION CAPABILITY IN USER'S MANUAL.
108	S	'INVALID ENTRAINMENT/SERVICE POLICY COMBINATION' REVIEW OPTION SELECTION CAPABILITY IN USER'S MANUAL.

TABLE 7-1. (2 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
109	S	'INVALID MERGE/CONTROL POLICY COMBINATION' REVIEW OPTION SELECTION CAPABILITY IN USER'S MANUAL.
110	S	'INVALID PATH SELECTION/CONTROL POLICY COMBINATION' REVIEW OPTION SELECTION CAPABILITY IN USER'S MANUAL.
111	S	'INVALID PATH SELECTION/SERVICE POLICY COMBINATION' REVIEW OPTION SELECTION CAPABILITY IN USER'S MANUAL.
112	S	'INVALID PATH SELECTION METHOD' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
113	S	'INVALID PATH SELECTION ALGORITHM' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
114	S	'INVALID VEHICLE SPACING METHOD' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
115	W,S	'INVALID DISPOSITION OF EMPTY VEHICLES' MUTUALLY EXCLUSIVE SELECTIONS APPEAR IN PVEPR. CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS. HIGHER PRIORITY SELECTIONS TAKE PRECEDENCE.
116	S	'INVALID EMPTY VEHICLE SOURCE LIST' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
117	S	'INVALID STATION LINK MERGE POLICY' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
118	S	'INVALID STATION LINK DIVERGE FUNCTION SELECTION' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
120	W	'INVALID VEHICLE MANEUVER' MAXIMUM ADVANCE WAS GREATER THAN, IS NOW EQUAL TO, THE NUMBER OF SLOTS ON THE SHORTEST LINK.
121	W	'ONLINE STATIONS NOT PERMITTED WITH SYNCHRONOUS OR QUASISYNCHRONOUS CONTROL, STATION MADE OFFLINE'
122	W	'GUIDEWAY SPEED DEFAULTED TO PSPEED FOR SYNCHRONOUS AND QUASI-SYNCHRONOUS CONTROL'
123	W	'UNREASONABLE VEHICLE SPEED THROUGH ONLINE STATION' SPEED IS EXPECTED TO BE LE THE SPEED ON THE UPSTREAM LINK.
124	W	'UNREASONABLE VEHICLE SPEED STANDARD DEVIATION' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
125	W	'VEHICLE SPEED VARIATION NOT PERMITTED WITH SYNCHRONOUS OR QUASI-SYNCHRONOUS CONTROL' STANDARD DEVIATION WILL BE SET TO ZERO.
126	W	'UNREASONABLE BOARDING QUEUE CAPACITY' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
127	I,W,S	'UNREASONABLE BOARD/DEBOARD PARAMETERS' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE OF STDBA, SMNDBT, STBA AND STDHFF IN EILIMITS.
128	W	'UNREASONABLE TRANSFER WALK TIME' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.

TABLE 7-1. (3 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
129	S	'INVALID LONGITUDINAL CONTROL POLICY SELECTION' VALUE MUST BE 1, 2 OR 3.
130	W	'UNREASONABLE VEHICLE REACTION TIME TO ACCELERATE TO LINESPEED FROM STOP' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
131	W	'UNREASONABLE VALUE(S) IN MERGE DELAY TABLE' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
132	S	'INVALID BERTH ASSIGNMENT POLICY SELECTION' VALUE MUST BE 1 OR 2.
133	W	'UNREASONABLE MERGE RESERVATION TABLE WINDOW WIDTH' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
134	S	'UNREASONABLE FRACTION OF MERGE WINDOW TO BE RESERVED' VALUE MUST BE BETWEEN ZERO AND ONE INCLUSIVE.
135	W	'DEMAND STOP NOT PERMITTED WITH SYNCHRONOUS CONTROL, REQUEST IGNORED'
136	S	'UNREASONABLE LOCAL MERGE PRIORITY VALUE(S)' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
137	S	'UNREASONABLE WEIGHTING FACTOR(S) FOR PATH SELECTION ALGORITHM' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
138	S	'INVALID VEHICLE ARRIVAL LOG REQUEST' THE SPECIFIED NODE IS NOT A STATION ENTRY.
139	S	'INVALID RANDOM NUMBER SEED' VALUE MUST BE ODD AND GE 3.
140	S	'UNREASONABLE CHECKPOINT INTERVAL' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
141	S	'UNREASONABLE SAMPLING INTERVAL' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
142	S	'UNREASONABLE SNAPSHOT INTERVAL' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
143	S	'UNREASONABLE PERIODIC COMPUTATION INTERVAL' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
144	W	'UNREASONABLE TIME TO BEGIN READING TRIP RECORDS' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
145	W	'UNREASONABLE CLOCK SCALE FACTOR' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
146	W	'UNREASONABLE THRESHOLD ON TRANSACTIONS PER CLOCK TABLE ENTRY' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
147	W	'UNREASONABLE TIME INCREMENT BETWEEN SUCCESSIVE CLOCK TABLE INTERVALS' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.

TABLE 7-1. (4 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
148	W	'UNREASONABLE NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN CLOCK TABLE' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
149	S	'SERIOUS ERROR FOUND IN PARAMETER CHECKS' SEE MESSAGES PRINTED ABOVE.
150	I	'EMPTY VEHICLE SOURCE OPTION 6 PRECLUDES OTHER OPTIONS'
151	S	'INVALID STATION LINK TRAVEL TIME' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS. TRAVEL TIME MUST BE EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN THE HEADWAY ZONE TRAVEL TIME.
152	W	'CLOCK TABLE PARAMETERS MAY RESULT IN INEFFICIENT CLOCK TABLE UTILIZATION' EITHER TOO FEW EVENTS WILL BE SCHEDULED IN THE CLOCK TABLE, RESULTING IN EXCESSIVE USE OF THE MULTIPLE THREAD LIST OR TOO MANY EVENTS WILL BE SCHEDULED IN THE CLOCK TABLE, RESULTING IN EXCESSIVE MANIPULATION OF THE CLOCK TABLE.
153	S	'FIRST EVENT IN STATION MUST HAVE TIME GREATER THAN ZERO' HEADWAY(SLHTA OR SLHTB), TRAVEL(SLTTIM OR SLCFIG(2,*)) OR DEBOARD(STDBB), IF FIRST EVENT, MUST HAVE NONZERO TIME.
154	W	'INVALID TOTAL STATION CAPACITY, DEFAULTS TO SUM OF ACTIVE LINKS'
155	S	'INVALID HANDICAPPED PASSENGER BOARD/DEBOARD PARAMETERS' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
156	S	'INVALID VEHICLE HANDICAPPED PASSENGER CAPACITY' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
157	S	'UNREASONABLE MORGANTOWN BERTH ADVANCEMENT PARAMETERS' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.

NETWORK CONFIGURATION ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
200	S	'NETWORK DEFINITION DATA NOT SUPPLIED' USER REQUESTED A NEW NETWORK TO BE PROCESSED BUT DID NOT ENTER NETWORK DEFINITION DATA.
201	S	'INVALID ORIGIN NODE IDENTIFICATION' DATA CHECKING WILL CONTINUE BUT MESSAGE 216 WILL BE GENERATED.
202	S	'INVALID DESTINATION NODE IDENTIFICATION' DATA CHECKING WILL CONTINUE BUT MESSAGE 216 WILL BE GENERATED.
203	S	'INVALID NODE TYPE' DATA CHECKING WILL CONTINUE BUT MESSAGE 216 WILL BE GENERATED.

TABLE 7-1. (5 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
204	S	'EXCESSIVE NUMBER OF LINKS DEFINED' NETWORK SIZE EXCEEDS SIMULATION CAPABILITY.
205	S	'UNREASONABLE LINK LENGTH' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
206	S	'ORIGIN NODE MULTIPLE OCCURRENCE' A NODE APPEARS AS AN ORIGIN MORE THAN TWICE. DATA CHECKING WILL CONTINUE BUT MESSAGE 216 WILL BE GENERATED.
207	S	'DESTINATION NODE MULTIPLE USE' A NODE APPEARS AS A DESTINATION MORE THAN TWICE. DATA CHECKING WILL CONTINUE BUT MESSAGE 216 WILL BE GENERATED.
208	S	'STATION MULTIPLE OCCURRENCE' A STATION NODE APPEARS AS AN ORIGIN OR AS A DESTINATION MORE THAN ONCE. DATA CHECKING WILL CONTINUE BUT MESSAGE 216 WILL BE GENERATED.
209	S	'EXCESSIVE MERGES' NUMBER OF MERGES EXCEEDS SIMULATION CAPABILITY. DATA CHECKING WILL CONTINUE BUT MESSAGE 216 WILL BE GENERATED.
210	S	'EXCESSIVE STATIONS' NUMBER OF STATIONS EXCEEDS SIMULATION CAPABILITY. DATA CHECKING WILL CONTINUE BUT MESSAGE 216 WILL BE GENERATED.
211	S	'NETWORK NOT CONNECTED' AN ORIGIN DOES NOT APPEAR AS A DESTINATION OR A DESTINATION DOES NOT APPEAR AS AN ORIGIN. DATA CHECKING WILL CONTINUE BUT MESSAGE 216 WILL BE GENERATED.
216	S	'NETWORK DEFINITION ERROR' ONE OR MORE SERIOUS ERRORS DETECTED IN NETWORK DEFINITION DATA, FURTHER PROCESSING PRECLUDED.
217	S	'TOO MANY NETWORK NODES' NETWORK SIZE EXCEEDS SIMULATION CAPABILITY.
218	S	'MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CIJ EXCEEDED' NETWORK CONFIGURATION EXCEEDS SIMULATION CAPABILITY.
219	S	'TOO MANY BASIC VARIABLES' NETWORK CONFIGURATION EXCEEDS SIMULATION CAPABILITY.
220	S	'CELL INDEX CANNOT BE FOUND,PGM INDEX' CHECK NETWORK CONFIGURATION.
221	S	'CELL INDEX CANNOT BE FOUND,PGM CELLNR' CHECK NETWORK CONFIGURATION.
222	S	'LOOP CANNOT CONNECT' CHECK NETWORK CONFIGURATION.

TABLE 7-1. (6 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
223	S	'PARAMETRIC MODIFICATION ERROR' PROGRAM ERROR IN EIMPTH.
224	S	'DUAL VARIABLES CANNOT BE FOUND' CHECK NETWORK CONFIGURATION.
225	S	'INPUT VECTORS NOT EQUAL IN SUM' PROGRAM ERROR IN EIMPTH.
226	S	'NOT AT LEAST ONE COST PER ROW' PROGRAM ERROR IN EIMPTH.
227	S	'STATION EXITS TO A MERGE OR DIVERGE' STATION MUST EXIT TO LINK UPSTREAM FROM MERGE OR DIVERGE.
228	S	'ALTERNATE PATH DESTINATION INVALID' THE SPECIFIED NODE IS NOT A STATION.
229	S	'ALTERNATE PATH NODE INVALID' SPECIFIED NODE IS NOT ON THE NETWORK.
230	S	'ALTERNATE PATH NODE SEQUENCE INVALID' TWO CONSECUTIVE NODES IN INPUT DATA ARE NOT ADJACENT ON THE NETWORK.
231	S	'ALTERNATE PATH EXTENDS BEYOND DESTINATION' PATH WILL BE TERMINATED AT THE DESTINATION.
232	S	'INVALID SELECTION OF COST FOR LEAST COST PATH DETERMINATION' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
233	I	'INVALID PRIORITY LINK DEFINITION' NODE LIST CONTAINS NON-EXISTENT NODES, NON-ADJACENT NODES OR DEFINE A LINK THAT DOES NOT END AT A MERGE. THE INVALID NODE PAIR WILL BE IGNORED.
234	I	'SECOND ALTERNATE PATH DEFINITION FOR SAME COMMON DIVERGE' SECOND DEFINITION WILL OVERRIDE THE FIRST.
235	S	'ONE OR MORE SEVERE ERRORS DETECTED PROCESSING NETWORK PARAMETERS' SEE MESSAGE(S) LISTED PREVIOUSLY.

DEMAND GENERATION ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
300	S	'DEMAND DATA NOT SUPPLIED' DEMAND GEN REQUESTED BUT NO DEMAND DATA WAS ENTERED.
301	S	'DEMAND AND NETWORK ARE NOT COMPATIBLE' NUMBER OF STATIONS IN NETWORK DATA DOES NOT EQUAL NUMBER OF STATIONS IN DEMAND DATA.

TABLE 7-1. (7 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
302	S	'DEMAND TIMEBASE UNREASONABLE' TIME PERIOD FOR DEMAND GENERATION IS NOT WITHIN LIMITS ALLOWED. CHECK DEMAND.
305	S	'MAXIMUM TRIP GROUP SIZE UNREASONABLE' TRIP GROUP SIZE MAX IS NOT WITHIN LIMITS ALLOWED. CHECK DEMAND DATA.
306	S	'INSUFFICIENT GROUP SIZE DATA' CHECK DEMAND INPUT DATA.
307	S	'AT LEAST ONE DEMAND DATA SET REQD' USER REQUESTED DEMAND GENERATION OR SERVICE PLANNING BUT DID NOT SUPPLY DEMAND DATA INPUT.
308	S	'INSUFFICIENT DEMAND DATA' PREMATURE END OF DEMAND DATA. CHECK INPUT.
309	S	'TRIP GROUP SIZE DATA NOT SUPPLIED' CHECK DEMAND INPUT.
310	S	'INSUFFICIENT GROUP SIZE SELECTION DATA' CHECK DEMAND INPUT DATA.
311	W	'GROUP SIZE DISTRIBUTIONS 2 AND 3 SPECIFIED FOR ONE O-D PAIR. 3 WILL BE USED' USER INPUT SPECIFIED BOTH TRIP SIZE DISTRIBUTION 2 AND 3 FOR THE SAME ORIG-DEST. 3 WILL OVERLAY THE 2 SPECIFICATION.
312	S	'INVALID ORIGIN OR DESTINATION SPECIFIED FOR GROUP SIZE DISTRIBUTION 2' INVALID STATION NO.
313	S	'ONE OR MORE INVALID STATIONS SPECIFIED IN GROUP SIZE DISTRIBUTION DATA'
314	S	'INVALID NUMBER OF PASSENGERS PER TIME INTERVAL'
315	S	'INPUT DATA RESULTS IN INVALID NUMBER OF TRIPS PER HOUR'
316	S	'INVALID ORIGIN OR DESTINATION SPECIFIED FOR GROUP SIZE SIZE DISTRIBUTION 3'
317	S	'ERROR IN GROUP SIZE DISTRIBUTION INPUT' GROUP SIZE DISTRIBUTION COULD NOT BE CONVERTED TO CUMULATIVE PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION
318	S	'UNEXPECTED ERROR WHILE TRYING TO SAMPLE DESTINATION DISTRIBUTION'
319	S	'ERROR IN DEMAND MATRIX GENERATES INVALID CUMULATIVE PROB. OR ORIGIN DISTRIBUTION'
320	S	'TOO MANY TRIPS/HR/ORIGIN OR TRIPS/HR HAVE BEEN SPECIFIED'
321	S	'ONE OR MORE SEVERE ERRORS FOUND IN TRIP DEMAND INPUT MATRIX'

TABLE 7-1. (8 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
322	S	'ERROR IN DEMAND MATRIX GENERATES INVALID CUMULATIVE PROB. OF DESTINATION DISTRIBUTION'
323	S	'UNEXPECTED ERROR WHILE TRYING TO SAMPLE CUMULATIVE PROBABILITY OF ORIGIN DISTRIBUTION'
324	S	'UNEXPECTED ERROR WHILE TRYING TO SAMPLE TRIP SIZE DISTRIBUTION'
325	S	'DEMAND MATRIX IS EMPTY' A DEMAND MATRIX WITH NO DEMAND WAS SPECIFIED.
326	S	'END OF FILE EXPECTED IN DEMAND INPUT AND DESCRIPTION FILE' MULTIPLE DEMAND MATRICES IN THE SAME DATA SET MUST BE SEPARATED BY AN END OF FILE INDICATOR (-1).

SERVICE PLANNING ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
400	S	'INVALID SERVICE TYPE'
401	S	'INVALID SYSTEM LOAD FACTOR' VALUE MUST BE GT 0 AND LE 1.
402	W	'INVALID TRIP SUBGROUP SIZE' VALUE MADE EQUAL TO VEHICLE CAPACITY.
403	S	'UNREASONABLE MAXIMUM WAIT TIME' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
404	S	'INVALID GUIDEWAY LINK OCCUPANCY' GUIDEWAY LINKS IMMEDIATELY UPSTREAM FROM STATIONS ARE THE ONLY LINKS ON WHICH TO PLACE VEHICLES. DISPATCH POLICY MUST BE NON-DETERMINISTIC.
405	S	'INVALID NUMBER OF VEHICLES' VALUE NOT ENTERED OR EXCEEDS SIMULATION CAPACITY.
406	S	'MISSING EMPTY VEHICLE ALLOCATION DATA' USER DEFINED LEVEL OF SERVICE AND DID NOT ENTER EMPTY ALLOCATION TABLE.
407	S	'INVALID EMPTY VEHICLE ALLOCATION DATA' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
408	I	'MISSING STATION IN EMPTY VEHICLE ALLOCATION DATA' AT LEAST ONE ENTRY SHOULD EXIST FOR EACH STATION.
409	S	'INVALID STATION ID' EMPTY VEHICLE RECEIVING NODE IS NOT A STATION.
410	S	'MISSING EMPTY VEHICLE CIRCULATION DATA' CIRCULATION ROUTES NOT ENTERED.

TABLE 7-1. (9 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
411	S	'INVALID STATION ID' EMPTY VEHICLE CIRCULATION ROUTE CONTAINS A NODE THAT IS NOT A STATION.
412	W	'COMPUTED FLEET SIZE EXCEEDS MAXIMUM. WILL USE MAX (KMOV)'
413	S	'INITIAL VEHICLE PLACEMENT INCONSISTENT WITH FLEET SIZE' THE TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES PLACED ON GUIDEWAY LINKS AND IN STATIONS MUST BE EQUAL TO KNV.
414	S	'USER REQUESTED EMPTIES BE SENT TO LOCAL STORAGE. THERE IS NO LOCAL STORAGE LINK'
415	S	'REGIONAL STORAGE NOT SPECIFIED OR INVALID VALUE' USER REQUESTED EMPTIES BE SENT TO REGIONAL STORAGE. THERE IS NO REGIONAL STORAGE SPECIFIED OR THE SPECIFIED NODE IS NOT A STATION.
416	S	'TOO MANY EMPTY VEHICLE CIRCULATION ROUTES' NUMBER OF ROUTES PERMITTED IS KMCR MINUS 1.
417	S	'VEHICLE NEED ARRAYS DIMENSIONED TOO SMALL (KMANT)'
418	S	'SERIOUS ERROR IN SERVICE PLANNING DATA. SEE MESSAGES ABOVE'
419	S	'INVALID NUMBER OF ROUTES IN SCHEDULED SERVICE INPUT' NO. OF ROUTES LESS THAN 1 OR GREATER THAN KMR
420	S	'SCHEDULED SERVICE INPUT NODE FOR A ROUTE COMPONENT IS NOT A STATION'
421	S	'SCHEDULED SERVICE INPUT DATA RESULT IN INVALID FLEET SIZE'
422	S	'MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CIJ EXCEEDED' NETWORK CONFIGURATION EXCEEDS SIMULATION CAPABILITY.
423	S	'TOO MANY BASIC VARIABLES' NETWORK CONFIGURATION EXCEEDS SIMULATION CAPABILITY.
424	S	'CELL INDEX CANNOT BE FOUND,PGM INDEX' CHECK NETWORK CONFIGURATION.
425	S	'CELL INDEX CANNOT BE FOUND,PGM CELLNR' CHECK NETWORK CONFIGURATION.
426	S	'LOOP CANNOT CONNECT' CHECK NETWORK CONFIGURATION.
427	S	'PARAMETRIC MODIFICATION ERROR' PROGRAM ERROR IN EIEMTY.
428	S	'DUAL VARIABLES CANNOT BE FOUND' CHECK NETWORK CONFIGURATION.
429	S	'INPUT VECTORS NOT EQUAL IN SUM' PROGRAM ERROR IN EIEMTY.

TABLE 7-1. (10 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
430	S	'NOT AT LEAST ONE COST PER ROW' PROGRAM ERROR IN EIEMTY.
431	W	'TRANSFER STATION TABLE CONTAINS A NODE THAT IS NOT A STATION. ZERO SUBSTITUTED'
432	W	'TRANSFER STATION TABLE CONTAINS AN INVALID NODE ID. ZERO SUBSTITUTED'
433	I	'TRANSFERS NOT NECESSARY' TRANSFERS ARE NOT NECESSARY IN CYCLIC SCHEDULED SERVICE.
434	S	'STATION NOT SERVED' A STATION DOES NOT APPEAR IN USER DEFINED ROUTES.
435	S	'UNREASONABLE TRAIN LENGTH' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
436	S	'LEVEL OF SERVICE UNDEFINED' EITHER HEADWAY OR NUMBER OF VEHICLES MUST BE SPECIFIED FOR EACH ROUTE.
437	S	'INVALID ROUTE HEADWAY' VALUE IS LESS THAN VEHICLE HEADWAY OR GREATER THAN PERIOD OF ROUTE.
438	S	'INVALID NUMBER OF VEHICLES PER ROUTE' VALUE MUST BE AT LEAST 1 AND CANNOT BE MORE THAN THE NUMBER OF VEHICLE HEADWAYS PER ROUTE. VALUE MUST BE A MULTIPLE OF THE TRAIN LENGTH.
439	S	'INVALID SOURCE OF ROUTE DEFINITION' VALUE MUST BE 0 OR 1.
440	S	'INVALID STATION LINK OCCUPANCY' STORAGE LINK IS THE ONLY LINK ON WHICH TO PLACE VEHICLES. STORAGE LINK MUST BE AVAILABLE.
441	S	'GUIDEWAY LINK OCCUPANCY EXCEEDS CAPACITY'
442	S	'INVALID ROUTE ASSIGNMENT' ROUTE ASSIGNMENT TABLE SPECIFIES A ROUTE THAT DOES NOT EXIST.
443	S	'INVALID STATION LINK IN PSLIST' STATION DOES NOT INCLUDE ANY OF THE LINK TYPES ENTERED OR AN INVALID TYPE WAS ENTERED. VALID TYPES ARE: 1 (IR), 2 (IQ), 3 (DOCK WITHOUT BOARD EVENT), 8 (SI)
444	S	'INVALID REGIONAL STORAGE ID' THE REGIONAL STORAGE LISTS CONTAIN A NODE THAT IS NOT A STATION.
445	I	'RESERVATIONS PERMITTED ONLY IN DEMAND RESPONSIVE SERVICE, REQUEST IGNORED'
446	S	'ROUTE ARRAYS DIMENSIONED TOO SMALL' PROCESSING STATUS IS PRINTED TO AID IN SELECTING NEW VALUES FOR KMR AND/OR KMRT.

TALBE 7-1. (11 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
447	S	'NO STATION STORAGE AND TOTAL FLEET DOES NOT FIT ON GUIDEWAY' LINK CAPACITIES ARE TOO SMALL OR DEMAND TOO LARGE.
448	S	'SERIOUS ERROR FOUND DURING SERVICE PLANNING. SEE MESSAGES ABOVE'
449	S	'EMPTY VEHICLE SOURCE LIST INCLUDES LOCAL STORAGE, NONE DEFINED'
450	S	'EMPTY VEHICLE SOURCE LIST INCLUDES CIRCUITOUS ROUTES, EMPTY ALLOCATION DOES NOT'
451	S	'INVALID ROUTE IDENTIFICATION IN ROUTE GROUP LIST'
452	S	'INSUFFICIENT ROUTE GROUPS DEFINED' ROUTE ASSIGNMENT MATRIX CONTAINS AT LEAST ONE GROUP FOR WHICH THE ROUTES COMPRISING THE GROUP ARE NOT DEFINED.
453	W	'INVALID NUMBER OF VEHICLE SEATS' VALUE MADE EQUAL TO VEHICLE CAPACITY.
454	S	'INVALID EMPTY VEHICLE CIRCULATION ROUTE ASSIGNMENT' VALUE MUST BE GREATER THAN ZERO AND LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO THE NUMBER OF CIRCULATION ROUTES DEFINED.
455	I	'CIRCUITOUS EMPTY VEHICLES WITH STATIC ENTRAINMENT ALSO SELECTS DYNAMIC ENTRAINMENT' DYNAMIC DETRAINMENT IS REQUIRED TO PERMIT TRAIN SEPARATION AT STATION ENTRY FOR ONE VEHICLE TO ENTER. DYNAMIC ENTRAINMENT WILL BE ENABLED.
456	I	'CALCULATED ROUTE HEADWAY EXCEEDS ROUTE PERIOD, HEADWAY RESET TO EQUAL PERIOD'
457	I	'DUPLICATE EMPTY VEHICLE DISTRIBUTION SCHEME HAS BEEN IGNORED'
458	W	'ENTRAINMENT NOT ALLOWED FOR MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE'
459	S	'LEVEL OF SERVICE MUST BE USER DEFINED FOR MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE'
460	S	'INVALID PLATFORM ASSIGNMENT FOR ORIGIN-DESTINATION TRIP'
461	S	'INVALID MAXIMUM WAIT TIME FOR MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
462	S	'INVALID MINIMUM GROUP TO REQUEST VEHICLE FOR MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
463	S	'LEVEL OF SERVICE MUST BE MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE TO USE MORGANTOWN RIPPLE BERTHING'
464	S	'INVALID ADEQUATE SPACE IN CHANNELS FOR VEHICLES PARAMETER FOR MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.

TABLE 7-1. (12 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

FAILURE / RECOVERY ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
501	S	'GUIDEWAY LINK NODES SPECIFIED IN REQUEST ARE NOT ADJACENT'
502	S	'FOR FAILURE OR RECOVERY REQUEST, EITHER LINK ENTRY OR EXIT OPTION MUST BE SPECIFIED'
503	S	'REQUEST MUST BE FAILURE, RECOVERY, DEGRADATION, OR DEGRADATION RECOVERY'
504	S	'NODE SPECIFIED IN STATION REQUEST IS NOT A STATION NODE'
505	S	'INVALID STATION LINK TYPE SPECIFIED IN REQUEST'
506	S	'VEHICLE DEGRADATION FACTOR IS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS ALLOWED'
507	S	'STATION LINK DEGRADATION FACTOR IS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS ALLOWED'
508	S	'ILLEGAL LINK NODES ENTERED IN REQUEST' CORRECT AFALRE INPUT.
509	W	'TOO MANY FAILURE/RECOVERY REQUESTS. ADDITIONAL REQUESTS WILL BE IGNORED' CHANGE KNSLTN LIMIT TO ENABLE MODEL TO BUILD MORE LINK SUCCESSOR TABLES.
510	W	'GUIDEWAY LINK ENTRY/EXIT IS ALREADY IN FAILURE MODE. REQUEST WILL BE IGNORED'
511	W	'GUIDEWAY LINK ENTRY/EXIT IS NOT IN FAILURE MODE. RECOVERY REQUEST WILL BE IGNORED'
512	W	'VEHICLE DEGRADATION NOT PERMITTED IN SYNCHRONOUS OR QUASI-SYNCHRONOUS CONTROL, REQUEST IGNORED'
513	S	'MAXIMUM NUMBER OF FAILURES EXCEEDED'
514	S	'TOW VEHICLE DEGRADATION FACTOR IS NOT WITHIN THE LIMITS ALLOWED' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
515	S	'INVALID TOW PATH. BOTH LINKS FORMING MERGE ARE ON TOW PATH'
516	S	'INVALID TOW PATH. NEITHER LINK FORMING MERGE IS ON TOW PATH'
517	W	'INVALID RECOVERY METHOD. 1 = RESTART IS ASSUMED'
518	W	'INVALID OTHER VEHICLE RESPONSE. 1 = REVENUE SERVICE IS ASSUMED'
519	S	'NO PREVIOUS FAILURE REQUEST FOUND TO MATCH DEGRADATION RECOVERY'
520	W	'WAIT IN STATION OTHER VEHICLE RESPONSE INVALID WITH PUSH COUPLE RECOVERY. 1 = REVENUE SERVICE ASSUMED'

TABLE 7-1. (13 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
521	W	'INVALID LINK NUMBER ON TOW PATH'
522	S	'NO VALID LINKS ON TOW PATH'

ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
600	S	'INVALID DEMAND SELECTION' ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT MUST BE BASED ON A DEMAND MATRIX WHICH FOLLOWS THE MATRIX USED TO PLAN THE PREVIOUS LEVEL OF SERVICE. VALUE MUST NOT BE GREATER THAN THE NUMBER OF DEMAND INTERVALS TO PROCESS.

STATION CONFIGURATION ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
700	S	'INVALID STATION LINK TYPE' VALUE MUST BE BETWEEN ONE AND TEN INCLUSIVE.
701	W,S	'NO VALID INPUT RAMP LINK' INPUT RAMP OR LINK ACTING AS INPUT RAMP NOT DEFINED; DEFINE SINGLE LINK ENTERING STATION.
702	W,S	'NO VALID OUTPUT RAMP LINK' OUTPUT RAMP OR LINK ACTING AS OUTPUT RAMP NOT DEFINED; DEFINE SINGLE LINK EXITING THE STATION.
703	W,S	'NO LAUNCH EVENT DEFINED' DEFINE LAUNCH EVENT IN INPUT DATA.
704	W	'DEBOARD-BOARD LINKS NOT EQUAL' DOCK DEBOARD LINK NEEDS ONE-TO-ONE DEFINITION TO DOCK BOARD LINK; CORRECT ONE-TO-ONE DEFINITION IN SLCFIG USER DATA.
705	S	'NO DOCK LINK' NO DOCK DEBOARD LINK DEFINED; DEFINE DOCK IN INPUT DATA.
706	W	'NUMBER OF INPUT QUEUES AND PARALLEL DOCKS NOT EQUAL' MULTIPLE IQ'S NEED ONE-TO-ONE CORRESPONDENCE TO DOCKS; CORRECT INPUT DATA OR RECONFIGURE STATION.
707	W	'NUMBER OF PARALLEL DOCKS AND OUTPUT QUEUES NOT EQUAL' MULTIPLE OQ'S NEED ONE-TO-ONE CORRESPONDENCE TO DOCKS; CORRECT INPUT DATA OR RECONFIGURE STATION.
708	W	'MORE THAN TEN LINKS OF SAME TYPE IN PARALLEL' EITHER IQ, DOCK, OR OQ IS DEFINED TO BE GREATER THAN 10 PARALLEL LINKS.

TABLE 7-1. (14 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
709	W,S	'STORAGE EVENT NOT ON STORAGE LINK' DEFINE STORAGE EVENT ON STORAGE LINK IN INPUT DATA.
710	W,S	'STATION LINK EVENTS OUT OF ORDER' DEFINE EVENTS IN ASCENDING NUMERIC ORDER IN INPUT DATA
711	W	'MULTIPLE INPUT LINKS CONNECT TO GUIDEWAY' MISSING IR LINK OR INCORRECT NUMBER OF IQ LINKS; DEFINE SINGLE LINK TO ENTER STATION.
712	W	'NO UPSTREAM INPUT RAMP LINK' MISSING IR LINK FOR CONFIGURATION; DEFINE IR LINK OR RECONFIGURE STATION.
713	W	'NO STORAGE LINK' CONFIGURATION NEEDS STORAGE LINK; DEFINE STORAGE LINK OR RECONFIGURE STATION.
714	W	'MULTIPLE OUTPUT LINKS CONNECT TO GUIDEWAY' NO SINGLE LINK TO EXIT STATION ONTO NETWORK; DEFINE SINGLE LINK TO EXIT STATION.
715	W,S	'NO DOCK LINK' CONFIGURATION REQUIRES DOCK LINK; DEFINE DOCK LINK.
716	S	'INVALID NUMBER OF STATION LINKS (KNSL)' USER MUST ENTER KNSL IF STATION CONFIGURATOR IS NOT USED. VALUE MUST BE LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO KMSL.
717	S	'MAXIMUM TRAIN LENGTH AND STATION LINK CAPACITY ARE NOT COMPATIBLE' EACH STATION LINK MUST BE ABLE TO HOLD AN ENTIRE TRAIN
718	S	'INVALID STATION LINK CONNECTIVITY' UPSTREAM OR DOWNSTREAM CONNECTIVITY DATA CONTAIN AN INVALID STATION LINK.
719	S	'UNREASONABLE STATION LINK HEADWAY ZONE TRAVEL PARAMETERS' CHECK EXPECTED RANGE IN EILIMITS.
720	S	'INVALID STATION LINK EVENT SUBLIST DATA' THE NUMBER OF SUBLISTS DOES NOT EQUAL KNSL.
721	S	'UNREASONABLE SPEED ON STATION LINK' VALUE NOT SUPPLIED OR VALUE IS NOT REASONABLE.
722	S	'INVALID STATION LINK EVENT' VALUE MUST BE IN THE RANGE ONE THROUGH SIX INCLUSIVE.
723	S	'LAUNCH EVENT DEFINED ON LINK OF IMPROPER TYPE' VALID TYPES ARE: 3(DOCK), 4(OUTPUT QUEUE), 5(OUTPUT RAMP)
724	S	'NO DEBOARD AND/OR BOARD EVENT DEFINED'
725	S	'LAUNCH EVENT DEFINED ON MORE THAN ONE TYPE OF LINK'
726	S	'STORAGE TO OUTPUT LINK MUST LEAD TO A LAUNCH EVENT' REVIEW STATION LINK CONNECTIVITY.
727	S	'MAINTENANCE BARN MUST INCLUDE STORAGE LINK'

TABLE 7-1. (15 of 15) INPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
728	S	'SCHEDULED SERVICE FLEET MODIFICATION REQUIRES AT LEAST ONE BARN'
729	S	'INVALID STATION LINK DOCK TYPE FOR MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE'
730	S	'INVALID STATION LINK DOCK PLATFORM FOR MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE'

TABLE 7-2. (1 of 4) MODEL PROCESSOR MESSAGES

CODING & SPECIFICATION ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
100	S	'ATTEMPT TO REMOVE NULL ENTITY' AN ILLEGAL TRANSACTION ID WAS SPECIFIED IN ATTEMPTING TO DEQUEUE FROM A CHAINED LIST OF POINTERS IN A SIMULATION LIST MACRO DQUEM. PROBABLE USER CODING OR ASYNCHRONOUS DATA INPUT SPECIFICATION ERROR.
101	S	'ATTEMPT TO CHECK NULL ENTITY' AN ILLEGAL TRANSACTION ID WAS SPECIFIED IN ATTEMPTING TO CHECK FOR THE PRESENCE OF A PARTICULAR ID IN A SIMULATION LIST MACRO QCHECK. PROBABLE USER CODING OR ASYNCHRONOUS DATA INPUT SPECIFICATION ERROR.
102	S	'ATTEMPT TO RETURN 'TYPE' ENTITY WHEN STILL SOME CHAIN' IN ATTEMPTING TO RETURN A TRANSACTION OF 'TYPE' X-SYSTEM, V-VEHICLE, T-TRIP, THE TRANSACTION WAS STILL IN USE AS INDICATED BY ITS PRESENCE IN A SIMULATION LIST MACRO FREE. PROBABLE USER CODING OR ASYNCHRONOUS DATA INPUT SPECIFICATION ERROR.
104	S	'ALL AVAILABLE ENTITIES OF TYPE 'TYPE' IN USE - SYSTEM CAPACITY EXCEEDED' IN ATTEMPTING TO OBTAIN A TRANSACTION OF 'TYPE' X-SYSTEM, V-VEHICLE, T-TRIP, NONE WERE FOUND. PROBABLE USER ERROR IN SPECIFYING INITIAL SIMULATION REQUIREMENTS OR PROBLEM SIZE EXCEEDS SYSGEN LIMITS (MACRO GET).
106	S	'ATTEMPT TO PUT ENTITY 'TYPE' INTO CHAIN 'NAME' WHEN STILL IN SOME CHAIN' IN ATTEMPTING TO ENQUEUE A TRANSACTION OF 'TYPE' X-SYSTEM, V-VEHICLE, T-TRIP, INTO A SIMULATION LIST 'NAME' IT WAS FOUND TO ALREADY BELONG TO ANOTHER LIST. PROBABLE USER CODING OR ASYNCHRONOUS DATA INPUT SPECIFICATION ERROR.

MODEL ARCHITECTURE ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
108	W	'ATTEMPT TO SCHEDULE AN EVENT FOR A NEGATIVE TIME DELAY - ZERO ASSUMED' THE TIME DELAY ASSOCIATED WITH A SIMULATION EVENT RESULTS IN A NEGATIVE DELAY - ZERO IS SUBSTITUTED. PROBABLE CODING OR USER DATA SPECIFICATION ERROR.

TABLE 7-2. (2 of 4) MODEL PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
150	W	'ATTEMPT TO BOARD IN SERVICE DR VEHICLE'
200	I	'EMPTY DISTRIBUTION FAILED - VEHICLE ROUTED TO CURRENT STATION'
201	S	'SYSTEM EVENT N.G.- PGM ERROR' IN SCHEDULING A SYSTEM EVENT AN UNDEFINED PROCESS WAS SPECIFIED. PROBABLE USER CODING ERROR IN IMPLEMENTING USER DEFINED ALGORITHM OR MODEL.
204	I	'NO STOP CARD ENCOUNTERED - SIMULATION TERMINATED' THE END OF ALL SCHEDULED TRANSACTIONS WAS REACHED WITHOUT ENCOUNTERING A USER DEFINED SIMULATION TERMINATION REQUEST. THE SIMULATION EXPERIMENT IS TERMINATED AS COMPLETE.

GENERAL INPUT/OUTPUT ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
203	S	'ILLEGAL ASYNCHRONOUS INPUT REQUEST' AN ILLEGAL ASYNCHRONOUS DATA IDENTIFIER WAS ENCOUNTERED IN READING THE RUNTIME DATA SET. PROBABLE USER ERROR IN MODIFY RUNTIME FILE.
205	W	'NAME NOT FOUND IN TABLE' VARIABLE NAME NOT RECOGNIZED BY GDIP. CHECK TABLE IN USER'S MANUAL.
217	S	'CHECKPOINT NOT FOUND AT REQUESTED TIME' AN ILLEGAL RESTART REQUEST WAS ENTERED.
218	W	'UNEXPECTED END OF TRIP FILE DURING SYSTEM RESTART' IN ATTEMPTING TO REPOSITION THE DEMAND INPUT FILE DURING RESTART AN END FILE WAS READ. THE FILE IS REWOUND AND USED BEGINNING WITH THE FIRST RECORD. USER ERROR - INCONSISTENT FILE SPECIFICATION OR DEMAND INPUT DOESNT COINCIDE WITH THE REQUIRED SIMULATION INTERVAL.
219	W	'UNEXPECTED END OF RUNTIME FILE DURING SYSTEM RESTART' IN ATTEMPTING TO REPOSITION THE RUNTIME INPUT FILE DURING RESTART AN END FILE WAS READ. ASYNCHRONOUS RUNTIME DATA PROCESSING IS TERMINATED. USER ERROR - INCONSISTENT FILE SPECIFICATION.
220	S	'ILLEGAL HEADER TYPE ENCOUNTERED AT RESTART' IN REPOSITIONING THE ASYNCHRONOUS RUNTIME INPUT FILE, AN ILLEGAL INPUT REQUEST WAS ENCOUNTERED. USER ERROR - INCONSISTENT FILE SPECIFICATION.

TABLE 7-2. (3 of 4) MODEL PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
221	W	'UNEXPECTED END OF RUN TIME DATA' AN END FILE WAS ENCOUNTERED IN READING THE ASYNCHRONOUS RUNTIME FILE.
223	S	'ILLEGAL HANDICAPPED TRIP RECORD, PROCESS HALTED' PROBABLE USER ERROR - CHECK INPUT

INTIALIZATION ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
222	S	'UNEXPECTED END OF TRIP FILE DURING INITIALIZATION' IN SCHEDULING THE FIRST TRIP ARRIVAL, AN IMMEDIATE END FILE WAS ENCOUNTERED.
250	W	'CONNECTIVITY TO STATION STORAGE NOT COMPLETE - EMPTY DISTRIBUTION MAY FAIL' THE USER STATION DEFINITION IS INCOMPLETE AND MAY BE INCONSISTENT WITH EMPTY VEHICLE DISTRIBUTION REQUIREMENTS.
251	W	'CONNECTIVITY TO STATION STORAGE NOT COMPLETE - INTIALIZATION MAY FAIL'

MODELLING ERROR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
301	S	'USER EMPTY MANAGEMENT ALGORITHM NOT IMPLEMENTED' THE USER HAS SELECTED A USER DEFINED ALGORITHM NOT AVAILABLE.
302	S	'USER DIVERGE FUNCTION NOT IMPLEMENTED' THE USER HAS SELECTED A USER DEFINED ALGORITHM NOT AVAILABLE.
303	S	'USER HEADWAY MODEL NOT AVAILABLE' THE USER HAS SELECTED A USER DEFINED ALGORITHM NOT AVAILABLE.
304	S	'ILLEGAL SCHEDULED ROUTE' AN ILLEGAL ROUTE WAS ENCOUNTERED IN MODELLING VEHICLE TRAVERSAL OF A USER DEFINED ROUTE. PROBABLE USER ERROR IN SPECIFYING RUNTIME OVERRIDES.
305	W	'EMPTY DISTRIBUTION FAILED- VEHICLE ROUTED TO CURRENT STATION' IN PERFORMING EMPTY VEHICLE ASSINMENT FOR DEMAND RESPONSIVE SERVICE, ALL EMPTY VEHICLE NEEDS IN THE NETWORK WERE SATISFIED. THE VEHICLE IS ROUTED THROUGH THE NETWORK TO ITS CURRENT DESTINATION.

TABLE 7-2. (4 of 4) MODEL PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
306	S	'USER PERIODIC COMPUTATION PROCESSING NOT AVAILABLE' THE USER HAS SELECTED A USER DEFINED ALGORITHM NOT AVAILABLE.
307	S	'TRIP ARRIVAL AT WRONG STATION - INCONSISTENT DEMAND INPUT' AN ORIGINATING TRIP HAS ARRIVED AT STATION WHICH CAN ONLY BE REACHED BY FIRST TRANSFERRING AT ANOTHER STATION AS GIVEN BY THE USER INPUT TRANSFER TABLE.
308	I	'ATTEMPT TO INCREASE FLEET BEYOND AVAILABLE STORAGE CAPACITY' A DEMAND RESPONSIVE FLEET SIZE MODIFICATION REQUESTING MORE VEHICLES THAN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED IN LOCAL STATION STORAGE AREAS WAS ENTERED.
309	S	'ATTEMPT TO PERFORM FLEET MODIFICATION WHILE PRIOR REQUEST STILL ACTIVE' A PREVIOUSLY REQUESTED ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT REQUEST IS STILL BEING PERFORMED.
310	I	'SIMULATION CHECKPOINT PERFORMED' A CHECKPOINT RECORD HAS BEEN WRITTEN TO THE CHECKPOINT FILE.
312	I	'NOT ENOUGH BARN CAPACITY FOR AFSM' A SCHEDULED SERVICE FLEET MODIFICATION REQUESTED MORE VEHICLES TO BE DEFINED THAN CAN BE ACCOMODATED AT THE CLOSEST BARN.
313	S	'FAILURE EVENT OCCURENCE MIS-MATCH' A FAILURE OR DEGRADATION EVENT OR RECOVERY EVENT HAS OCCURRED OUT OF THE SEQUENCE IMPLIED BY THE INPUT CARDS. REVIEW FAILURE TIMES AND DELAYS.
314	S	'NO AVAILABLE PATH THRU ON-LINE STATION'
315	I	'NO VEHICLE CAPTURED BY DEGRADATION CONDITION' DEGRADATION RECOVERY CARD PROCESSED BEFORE ANY VEHICLE REACHED SPECIFIED DEGRADATION LOCATION.
316	S	'NO MAINTENANCE BARNS SPECIFIED WITH DEMAND RESPONSIVE DEGRADED VEHICLE RESPONSE'
317	S	'MODELING ERROR, TRIP IN READY GROUP WILL NOT FIT ON VEHICLE'
355	W	'CONNECTIVITY TO STATION STORAGE NOT COMPLETE - EMPTY DISTRIBUTION MAY FAIL' REVISE STATION LINK CONFIGURATION.
356	W	'CONNECTIVITY TO STATION STORAGE NOT COMPLETE - INITIALIZATION MAY FAIL' REVISE STATION LINK CONFIGURATION.

TABLE 7-3. (1 of 2) OUTPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
101	W	'FORM FIELD INVALID - TSER ASSUMED'
103	I	'NORMAL END OF RUN'
104	W	'NO READ REQUEST ENTERED' A SEQUENCE OF OUTPUT REQUESTS WERE ENTERED WITHOUT A SUBSEQUENT DATA ACQUISITION COMMAND - NO OUTPUT PROCESSING IS PERFORMED. USER DATA SPECIFICATION ERROR.
105	W	'NO DATA REQUESTS - OUTPUT FILE NOT READ'
106	S	'END OF FILE DURING INITIALIZATION' AN IMMEDIATE END FILE WAS ENCOUNTERED WHILE ATTEMPTING TO READ HEADER INFORMATION FROM THE RAW STATISTICS FILE. PROBABLE I/O OR USER FILE SPECIFICATION ERROR.
107	W	'TIME EXCEEDS TIME OF LAST RECORD' A DATA ACQUISITION REQUEST WAS ENTERED SPECIFYING A TIME INTERVAL FOR DATA ACCUMULATION WHICH EXCEEDS THE RECORDED DATA IN THE RAW STATISTICS FILE.
108	W	'NO RECORDS IN REQUESTED INTERVAL' NO SAMPLE RECORDS CONTAINING REQUESTED DATA WERE FOUND WITHIN THE REQUESTED ACCUMULATION INTERVAL SPECIFIED VIA A READ COMMAND.
109	W	'UNRECOGNIZED RECORD TYPE ON SIMULATION FILE' A SAMPLING RECORD FOR AN UNRECOGNIZED STATISTICAL TYPE WAS READ FROM THE RAW STATISTICS FILE. PROBABLE USER ERROR - INCORRECT MEMBER SPECIFICATION.
110	W	'BIN EMPTY' NO SAMPLED DATA FOR A REQUESTED STATISTIC WAS FOUND. PROBABLE USER ERROR IN SPECIFYING THE STATISTIC NAME OR INPUT FILE. SPECIFICATION.
301	W	'TOO MANY REQUESTS ENTERED - REQUEST IGNORED' MORE THAN 400 EXPLICIT OR GENERATED DATA REQUESTS WERE SPECIFIED WITHOUT AN INTERVENING READ COMMAND. ALL SUBSEQUENT DATA REQUESTS IGNORED UNTIL A READ COMMAND OR END FILE IS ENCOUNTERED.
302	W	'FORM INVALID - TSER HAS BEEN SUBSTITUTED' AN ILLEGAL DISPLAY FORMAT HAS BEEN SPECIFIED, TIME SERIES LIST IS ASSUMED.
307	S	'BAD FORM NUMBER IN REQUEST TABLE'
308	S	'LOOP DETECTED IN REQUEST TABLE ENTRY CHAINING' PROGRAM ERROR DUE TO CODE MODIFICATION OR MACHINE PROBLEM.
309	S	'REQTLU SHOULD NOT HAVE BEEN CALLED' DEBUG AID ONLY FOR PROGRAM MODIFICATION.

TABLE 7-3. (2 of 2) OUTPUT PROCESSOR MESSAGES

MSGID	SEVR	MESSAGE
310	W	'EXPECTED HEADER RECORD NOT FOUND' THE FORMAT OF THE RAW STATISTICS FILE IS INCORRECT. PROBABLE I/O OR USER FILE SPECIFICATION ERROR.
311	W	'ERROR DETECTED IN ATTEMPTING TO READ A HEADER' AN UNCORRECTABLE I/O ERROR HAS BEEN ENCOUNTERED IN READING THE RAW STATISTICS FILE.
312	W	'EXPECTED FOLLOWER DOES NOT EXIST'
313	S	'END OF DATA DURING SKIP OPERATION' IN SKIPPING RECORDS IN THE RAW STATISTICS FILE AN ERRONEOUS FILE FORMAT WAS DETECTED. PROBABLE I/O OR USER FILE SPECIFICATION ERROR.
314	S	'BAD SUB CATEGORY IN REQUEST TABLE'
315	S	'END OF DATA IN FOLLOWERS' UNEXPECTED END FILE ENCOUNTERED DURING READ OF THE RAW STATISTICS FILE. PROBABLE I/O OR USER FILE SPECIFICATION ERROR.
316	W	'NO FOLLOWER' EXPECTED FOLLOWER RECORD NOT FOUND DURING PROCESSING OF STATISTICS FILE. FILE FORMAT IS INCORRECT. PROBABLE I/O OR USER FILE SPECIFICATION ERROR.
400	S	'NO SPACE IN BIN AREA' DATA ACCUMULATION EXCEEDS SYSGEN SIZE OF OP.
401	S	'WRONG DIRECTION' DEBUG AID FOR PROGRAM MODIFICATION ONLY.
402	W	'ABOVE CARD NOT RECOGNIZED - IGNORED' AN ILLEGAL OP COMMAND REQUEST HAS BEEN ENTERED
404	S	'NOT PUSH' MODELLING ERROR IN BIN ALLOCATION.
405	S	'BAD BIN' AN ILLEGAL OP COMMAND REQUEST HAS BEEN ENTERED DEBUG AID FOR PROGRAM MODIFICATION ONLY.

TABLE 7-4. ERROR MESSAGE SOURCE (Page 1 of 7)

Input Processor

<u>MSGID</u>	<u>SOURCE ROUTINE</u>
1	EINPUT
2	EINPUT
3	EINPUT
4	EINPUT
5	EINPUT
6	EINPUT
7	EINPUT
8	EIGDIP4
101	EINDPP
102	EINDPP
103	EICHCK, EINDPP
104	EICHCK
105	EICHCK
106	EICHCK
107	EICHCK
108	EICHCK
109	EICHCK
110	EICHCK
111	EICHCK
112	EICHCK
113	EICHCK
114	EICHCK
115	EIDRSP
116	EICHCK
117	EICHCK
118	EICHCK
120	EICHCK
121	EINDPP
122	EINDPP
123	EINDPP
124	EICHCK
125	EICHCK
126	EICHCK
127	EICHCK
128	EICHCK
129	EICHCK
130	EICHCK
131	EICHCK
132	EICHCK
133	EICHCK
134	EICHCK
135	EICHCK
136	EICHCK
137	EICHCK
138	EICHCK
139	EICHCK
140	EICHCK

TABLE 7-4. ERROR MESSAGE SOURCE (Page 2 of 7)

Input Processor (Cont'd.)

<u>MSGID</u>	<u>SOURCE ROUTINE</u>
141	EICHCK
142	EICHCK
143	EICHCK
144	EICHCK
145	EICHCK
146	EICHCK
147	EICHCK
148	EICHCK
149	EICHCK
150	EICHCK
151	EICHCK
152	EICHCK
153	EICHCK
154	EICHCK
155	EICHCK
156	EICHCK
157	EICKCK
200	EINTWK
201	EINDPP
202	EINDPP
203	EINDPP
204	EINTWK
205	EINDPP
206	EINDPP
207	EINDPP
208	EINDPP
209	EINDPP
210	EINDPP
211	EINDPP
216	EIALTP
217	EINDPP
218	*
219	*
220	*
221	*
222	*
223	*
224	*
225	*
226	*
227	EINDPP
228	EIALTP
229	EIALTP
230	EIALTP
231	EIALTP
232	EINDPP
233	EINDPP
234	EIALTP

TABLE 7-4. ERROR MESSAGE SOURCE (Page 3 of 7)

Input Processor (Cont'd.)

<u>MSGID</u>	<u>SOURCE ROUTINE</u>
235	EINDPP
300	EINPUT
301	EINPUT
302	EINPUT
305	EINPUT
306	EINPUT
307	EINPUT
308	EINPUT
309	EINPUT
310	EINPUT
311	EITNIT
312	EITNIT
313	EITNIT
314	EITNIT
315	EITNIT
316	EITNIT
317	EITNIT
318	EITRIP
319	EITRIP
320	EITRIP
321	EINPUT, EITRIP
322	EITRIP
323	EITRIP
324	EITRIP
325	EITRIP
326	EINPUT
400	EISERV
401	EICHCK
402	EICHCK
403	EICHCK
404	EICHCK
405	EIDRSP
406	EIDRSP
407	EIDRSP
408	EIDRSP
409	EIDRSP
410	EIDRSP
411	EIDRSP
412	EIDRSP
413	EICHCK
414	EIDRSP
415	EIDRSP
416	EIDRSP
417	EIDRSP
418	*
419	EISCHD
420	EISCHD
421	EISCHD

TABLE 7-4. ERROR MESSAGE SOURCE (Page 4 of 7)

Input Processor (Cont'd.)

<u>MSGID</u>	<u>SOURCE ROUTINE</u>
422	EIEMTY
423	EIEMTY
424	EIEMTY
425	EIEMTY
426	EIEMTY
427	EIEMTY
428	EIEMTY
429	EIEMTY
430	EIEMTY
431	EICHCK
432	EICHCK
433	EICHCK
434	EISCHD
435	EICHCK
436	EISCHD
437	EISCHD
438	EISCHD
439	EICHCK
440	EICHCK
441	EICHCK
442	EISCHD
443	EICHCK
444	EICHCK
445	EICHCK
446	EISCHD
447	EIDRSP
448	EIDRSP, EIMORG, EISCHD
449	EICHCK
450	EICHCK
451	EISCHD
452	EISCHD
453	EICHCK
454	EIDRSP
455	EIDRSP
456	EISCHD
457	EIDRSP
458	EICHCK
459	EICHCK
460	EIMORG
461	EIMORG
462	EIMORG
463	EICHCK
464	EIMORG
501	EIFAIL
502	EIFAIL
503	EIFAIL
504	EIFAIL
505	EIFAIL

TABLE 7-4. ERROR MESSAGE SOURCE (Page 5 of 7)

Input Processor

<u>MSGID</u>	<u>SOURCE ROUTINE</u>
506	EIFAIL
507	EIFAIL
508	EIFAIL
509	EIFAIL
510	EIFAIL
511	EIFAIL
512	EIFAIL
513	EIFAIL
514	EIFAIL
515	EIFAIL
516	EIFAIL
517	EIFAIL
518	EIFAIL
519	EIFAIL
520	EIFAIL
521	EIFAIL
522	EIFAIL
600	EINPUT
700	EICHCK, EISCFG
701	EICHCK, EISCFG
702	EICHCK, EISCFG
703	EICHCK, EISCFG
704	EISCFG
705	EISCFG
706	EISCFG
707	EISCFG
708	EISCFG
709	EICHCK, EISCFG
710	EICHCK, EISCFG
711	EISCFG
712	EISCFG
713	EISCFG
714	EISCFG
715	EICHCK, EISCFG
716	EICHCK, EINDPP
717	EICHCK, EISCHD
718	EICHCK
719	EICHCK
720	EICHCK
721	EICHCK
722	EICHCK, EISCFG
723	EICHCK, EISCFG
724	EICHCK, EISCFG
725	EICHCK, EISCFG
726	EICHCK
727	EICHCK
728	EIFAIL, EISCHD
729	EICHCK
730	EICHCK

TABLE 7-4. ERROR MESSAGE SOURCE (Page 6 of 7)

Model Processor

<u>MSGID</u>	<u>SOURCE ROUTINE</u>
100	DQUEM (PLI)
101	*
102	FREE (PLI)
104	GET (PLI)
106	MULTICK (PLI)
108	EAPFEL
150	ESBDL
200	ESEVA, ESEVB
201	EMODEL
203	EAASYN
204	EMODEL
205	EMGDIP4
217	EACKR
218	EACKR
219	EACKR
220	EACKR
221	*
222	*
223	EACKR, EAINIT, EATORG
250	*
251	*
301	EUEVA, EUEVB
302	EUDIVF
303	EGSCHD, EGTEST, EGUNTR, EGUTVL
304	*
305	*
306	EUPCMP
307	*
308	EAAF SM, EAPCMP
309	EAASYN
310	EACKR
312	EAIVEH
313	EAPCMP, EGFAIL, EGSCHD
314	EAPCMP
315	EGFAIL
316	ESNSTN
317	ESBDL
355	EANMDL
356	EANMDL

Output Processor

<u>MSGID</u>	<u>SOURCE ROUTINE</u>
101	EOUTPT
103	EOUTPT
104	EOUTPT
105	EZREAD

TABLE 7-4. ERROR MESSAGE SOURCE (Page 7 of 7)

Output Processor (Cont'd.)

<u>MSGID</u>	<u>SOURCE ROUTINE</u>
106	EZREAD
107	EZREAD
108	EZREAD
109	*
110	*
301	EREQU
302	EREQU
307	ESETUP
308	EREQTLU
309	EREQTLU
310	EHEADER
311	EHEADER
312	ESKIPFO
313	ESKIPFO
314	EREAD02, EREAD03, EREAD04, EREAD05, EREAD06
315	EREAD02, EREAD03, EREAD04, EREAD05, EREAD06
316	CKFOLLOW (PLI)
400	EABIN, EBNCHK
401	ESHIFT
402	EOUTPT
404	EABIN
405	EABIN

APPENDIX A. SAMPLE RUN SETUPS

- o Input Processor Linkage Editor Input
- o Model Processor Linkage Editor Input
- o Output Processor Linkage Editor Input
- o Batch Mode Operation
 - Input Processor JCL
 - Model Processor JCL
 - Output Processor JCL
 - Instream Data Definition
- o Terminal Mode Operation

Terminal Mode Operation

To execute the DESM from a terminal, create data set members containing the same information shown for Batch Mode Operation (e.g., Figures A-4 through A-7). Submit the desired member to the job stream using the Time Sharing Option (TSO) SUBMIT command as follows:

```
SUBMIT 'AGT.AGT.CNTL(DESMIP)'
```

where

AGT.AGT.CNTL (DESMIP) contains the JCL shown in Figure A-4.

INCLUDE OBJECT(EIPSAV)	ESTABLISH COMMON AREA ADDRESSABILITY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EACOMN)	FORCE ORDERING COMMONS FOR INTERFACE TO MP
INCLUDE OBJECT(EINPUT)	INPUT PROCESSOR CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIBWRT)	BINARY INPUT/OUTPUT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EICHCK)	INPUT PARAMETER CHECKING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EISCHD)	SCHEDULED SERVICE PLANNING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIDRSP)	DEMAND RESPONSIVE SERVICE PLANNING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIEMTY)	EMPTY VEHICLE ALLOCATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIMORG)	MORGANTOWN DEMAND MODE SERVICE PLANNING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIINIT)	INPUT PROCESSOR INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIMNAM)	PARAMETER LIST DECODE
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIMPTH)	LEAST COST PATH DETERMINATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIMNTP)	TRANSPORTATION ALGORITHM
INCLUDE OBJECT(EINDPP)	NETWORK DEFINITION PREPROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EINTWK)	NETWORK PROCESSING CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EINRPT)	NETWORK SUMMARY REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIALTP)	ALTERNATE PATH TABLE GENERATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIFAIL)	FAILURE/RECOVERY PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIPARM)	ESTABLISH PARM FIELD ADDRESSABILITY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EISCFG)	STATION CONFIGURATOR
INCLUDE OBJECT(EITNIT)	TRIP DEMAND INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EITRIP)	TRIP DEMAND GENERATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIUDGN)	DETERMINISTIC TRIP DEMAND GENERATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EINFMT)	NETWORK DATA FORMATTING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EINSLT)	BUILD SUCCESSOR LINK TABLE
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIDRPT)	TRIP DEMAND SUMMARY REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EISRPT)	SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARY REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIARPT)	ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIRNG)	RANDOM NUMBER GENERATOR
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIRSEL)	SAMPLE FROM CUMULATIVE PROBABILITY DIST.
INCLUDE OBJECT(EISERV)	SERVICE PLANNING CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EINERR)	ERROR MESSAGES
INCLUDE OBJECT(DAYTIM)	OBTAIN DATE AND TIME
INCLUDE OBJECT(DTIMEL)	READ SYSTEM CLOCK
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIADDR)	ESTABLISH ADDRESSABILITY TO COMMONS
INCLUDE OBJECT(XNDBOR)	PERFORM GENERALIZED DATA INPUT PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(XPSEUDO)	PERFORM GENERALIZED DATA INPUT I/O
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIGDIP4)	DEFINE GENERALIZED DATA INPUT VARIABLES
INCLUDE OBJECT(XGDIPX4)	PROCESS BYTE DATA IN GDIP FORMAT
INCLUDE OBJECT(XGDIPF4)	PROCESS FULLWORD DATA IN GDIP FORMAT
INCLUDE OBJECT(XGDIPH4)	PROCESS HALFWORD DATA IN GDIP FORMAT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAFLAG)	PROCESS AN AUXILIARY OUTPUT REQUEST
INCLUDE OBJECT(EIERROR)	PROCESS AN ERROR MESSAGE
INCLUDE OBJECT(XTRACBK)	INTERRUPT HANDLER
INCLUDE OBJECT(XTRCBKP)	SAVE AREA TRACE FORMATTING
CHANGE FIOCS#(PFIOCS)	INTERCEPT FORTRAN I/O
INCLUDE SYSLIB(IBCOS#)	INCLUDE FORTRAN I/O ROUTINE
OVERLAY REGION1(REGION)	
INSERT BEGCOM	DEFINE START OF DATA COMMONS
OVERLAY REGION1A	PLACE IP DATA IN COMMON REGION
INSERT ECICFG	1 - STATION CONFIGURATION DATA
INSERT ECNSYS	2 - SYSTEM DATA
INSERT ECNDMD	3 - DEMAND DATA
INSERT ECNPOL	4 - POLICY DATA
INSERT ECNNET	5 - NETWORK DATA
INSERT ECAMSG	6 - MESSAGE DATA
OVERLAY REGION2	START OF STRUCTURED DATA REGION
INSERT IPNET	START OF NETWORK STRUCTURED DATA
OVERLAY REGION2A	
INSERT ECINET	1 - NETWORK STRUCTURED DATA
INSERT ECNSTR	2 - NETWORK STRUCTURED DATA USED BY IP
OVERLAY REGION3	
INSERT IPSYS	START OF SYS CHAR STRUCTURED DATA
OVERLAY REGION3A	
INSERT ECIMAX	1 - PROBLEM SIZE LIMITS
INSERT ECIFEL	2 - FUTURE EVENTS LIST DATA

FIGURE A-1. (1 of 2) INPUT PROCESSOR LINKAGE EDITOR INPUT

```
INSERT ECISL          3 - STATION LINK DATA
INSERT ECIGL          4 - GUIDEWAY LINK DATA
INSERT ECIVEH         5 - VEHICLE DATA
INSERT ECISTN         6 - STATION DATA
INSERT ECIPOL         7 - POLICY DATA
INSERT ECISYS         8 - SIMULATION SYSTEM DATA
OVERLAY REGION4
INSERT ENDCOM         DEFINE END OF DATA COMMONS
ENTRY EIPARM         DEFINE PSUEDO ENTRY TO GET PARM FIELD ADDR
NAME EINPUT(R)       NAME THE EXECUTABLE LOAD MODULE
```

FIGURE A-1. (2 of 2) INPUT PROCESSOR LINKAGE EDITOR INPUT

INCLUDE OBJECT(ESASAV)	ESTABLISH COMMON AREA ADDRESSABILITY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EACOMN)	FORCE ORDERING DATA IN CHECKPOINT REGION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANTIX)	ESTABLISH PARM FIELD ADDRESSABILITY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAINDX)	DECODE PARM FIELD & WRITE INDEX FILE
INCLUDE OBJECT(DAYTIM)	OBTAIN DATE & TIME
INCLUDE OBJECT(DTIMEL)	READ SYSTEM CLOCK
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANTSA)	INITIALIZE SYS CHAR & NETWORK DATA
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANSV)	INITIALIZE COMMON AREA ADDRESSES
INCLUDE OBJECT(EACKR)	PERFORM CHECKPOINT/RESTART
INCLUDE OBJECT(EADADD)	OBTAIN COMMON AREA ADDRESSES
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAASYN)	PERFORM ASYNCHRONOUS DATA PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAFLAG)	PROCESS AN AUXILLARY OUTPUT REQUEST
INCLUDE OBJECT(EATORG)	PROCESS A TRIP ARRIVAL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANMDL)	PERFORM MODEL INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANRPT)	DISPLAY INITIAL CONDITIONS REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EARRPT)	DISPLAY RESTART CONDITIONS REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAPLNK)	PERFORM A GUIDEWAY DEQUEUEING EVENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAPSTN)	PERFORM A STATION DEQUEUEING EVENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAPCMP)	PERFORM PERIODIC COMPUTATION EVENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAAFMS)	PERFORM ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAIVEH)	INITIALIZE NEW SCHED SERVICE VEHICLES
INCLUDE OBJECT(EASTOR)	SEARCH STORAGE FOR AVAILABLE VEHICLES
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANTRN)	COUPLE AND LAUNCH NEW SCHED SERV TRAINS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAFTRN)	COUPLE FOR PUSH BY TRAILING VEHICLE
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGNEXT)	DETERMINE THE NEXT ENTITY FOR GUIDEWAY VEH
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGVLOG)	LOG VEHICLE ARRIVALS AT STATION ENTRY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGGNXT)	DETERMINE NEXT GUIDEWAY LINK
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGTEST)	TEST AVAILABILITY OF A GUIDEWAY LINK
INCLUDE OBJECT(EASAMP)	PERFORM PERIODIC SAMPLING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EASRPT)	DISPLAY INTERMEDIATE SAMPLING REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAFRPT)	DISPLAY TERMINATION REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAZNIT)	PERFORM STATISTICS INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EZINT)	COMPUTE TIME INTEGRALS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EZZERO)	ZERO STATUS STATISTICS FOR NEXT SAMPLE
INCLUDE OBJECT(EZHDR)	WRITE A HEADER REOCD TO RAW STATS FILE
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANDR)	PERFORM DR SERVICE INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANSCD)	PERFORM SCHEDULED SERVICE INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANMRG)	PERFORM MORGANTOWN DEM MODE INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EMODEL)	MODELLING CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAINIT)	INITIALIZATION CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANFEL)	PERFORM FUTURE EVENTS LIST INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EANXTN)	PERFORM TRANSACTION DATA INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAPFEL)	PLACE A TRANSACTION ON FUTRE EVENTS LIST
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAERR)	PROCESS AN ERROR MESSAGE
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESFAIL)	PERFORM STATION FAILURE PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGFAIL)	PERFORM GUIDEWAY FAILURE PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGLEAV)	GUIDEWAY LINK EXIT PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGLMDL)	GUIDEWAY LINK MODEL CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGLNTR)	GUIDEWAY LINK ENTRY PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGLWTQ)	QUEUE A VEHICLE ON A GUIDEWAY LINK
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGASTN)	ALTERNATE STATION ASSIGNMENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGQMRG)	QUASI-SYNCHRONOUS CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGFNTR)	FIXED HEADWAY TRAVEL SEGMENT ENTRY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGVNTR)	VARIABLE HEADWAY TRAVEL SEGMENT ENTRY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGFTVL)	FIXED BLOCK TRAVEL SEGMENT TRAVERSAL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGVTVL)	VARIABLE BLOCK TRAVEL SEGMENT TRAVERSAL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGDTRN)	DYNAMIC (ON GUIDEWAY) DETRAINMENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGETRN)	DYNAMIC (ON GUIDEWAY) ENTRAINMENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGTRNC)	TRAIN COMPATIBILITY CHECK
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGSCHD)	SCHEDULE VEHICLE FOLLOWER
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGRESV)	GUIDEWAY LINK EMPTY & RESERVED VEHICLE PR.
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGEMTY)	GUIDEWAY LINK EMPTY VEHICLE PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGCNXT)	NEXT STATION - CIRCUITOUS EMPTY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGVALS)	VEHICLE ETA & ARRIVAL LIST RECORDING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGHTRN)	TRAIN HEADWAY TRAVERSAL PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGTCTL)	TRIP COMPATIBILITY CHECK CONTROL

FIGURE A-2. (1 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR LINKAGE EDITOR INPUT

```

INCLUDE OBJECT(EGTCHK) TRIP COMPATIBILITY CHECK
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGDSTP) DEMAND STOP SERVICE PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGQNTR) ADVANCE POSITIONING PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGPATH) REAL-TIME PATH SELECTION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGPRMY) PRIMARY PATH COST COMPUTATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGALT) ALTERNATE PATH COST COMPUTATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESVALS) RECORD VEHICLES PREDICTED STATION ARRIVAL
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESTEST) STATION LINK ENTRY PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESTABQ) PERFORM TIRP STATION ARRIVAL PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESVREQ) MORGANTOWN REQUEST VEHICLE PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESAREQ) MORGANTOWN ASSIGN VEHICLE PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESEVA) PERFORM EMPTY VEHICLE ASSIGNMENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESEVB) PERFORM EMPTY VEHICLE BUMPING
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESVRES) RESERVE A VEHICLE FOR AN ARRIVING TRIP
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESNEXT) DETERMINE NEXT ENTITY FOR VEH IN STATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESDIVF) USER STATION DIVERGE FUNCTION SELECTION
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESDIVO) USER DIVERGE ORDERING OF STATION LINKS
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESLWTQ) QUEUE A VEH ON A STATION LINK
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESLMDL) STATION MODEL CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESMDLN) DETERMINE NEXT STATION MODEL EVENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESMDLA) PERFORM AFTER STATION EVENT PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESMDLB) PERFORM BEFORE STATION EVENT PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESSDLY) COMPUTE SCHEDULE DELAY
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESLDLY) COMPUTE LAUNCH DELAY
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESMDLY) PERFORM MERGE RESERVATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESNTRN) PERFORM STATIC VEHICLE ENTRAINMENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESLEAV) PERFORM STATION LINK EXIT PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESBDL) CREATE A LIST OF BOARDING TRIPS
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESTCHK) MULTI-PARTY COMPATIBILITY CHECK
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESDBL) CREATE A LIST OF DEBOARDING TRIPS
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESTLOG) CREATE A COMPLETED TRIP LOG ENTRY
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESNSTN) DETERMINE THE NEXT STATION FOR A VEH
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESPATH) SELECT A VEHICLE PATH
INCLUDE OBJECT(EAFINS) PERFORM MODEL TERMINATION PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(XNDBOR) PERFORM GENERALIZED DATA INPUT PROCESSING
INCLUDE OBJECT(XPSEUDO) PERFORM GENERALIZED DATA INPUT I/O
INCLUDE OBJECT(EMGDIP4) DEFINE GENERALIZED DATA INPUT VARIABLES
INCLUDE OBJECT(XGDIPX4) PROCESS BYTE DATA IN GDIP FORMAT
INCLUDE OBJECT(XGDIPF4) PROCESS FULLWORD DATA IN GDIP FORMAT
INCLUDE OBJECT(XGDIPH4) PROCESS HALFWORD DATA IN GDIP FORMAT
INCLUDE OBJECT(XTRACBK) INTERRUPT HANDLER
INCLUDE OBJECT(XTRCBKP) SAVE AREA TRACE FORMATTING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EUEVA) USER DEFINED EMPTY VEHICLE ASSIGNMENT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EUEVB) USER DEFINED EMPTY VEHICLE BUMPING
INCLUDE OBJECT(EUDIVF) USER DEFINED DIVERGE FUNCTION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EUPCMP) USER DEFINED PERIODIC COMPUTATION PROCESS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGUNTR) USER DEFINED GUIDEWAY LINK ENTRY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGUTVL) USER DEFINED GUIDEWAY LINK TRAVEL
CHANGE FIOCS#(PFIOCS) INTERCEPT FORTAN I/O
INCLUDE SYSLIB(IBCOS#) INCLUDE FORTAN I/O ROUTINE
OVERLAY REGION1(REGION)
INSERT BEGCOM DEFINE START OF CHECKPOINT REGION
OVERLAY REGIONIA PLACE MP DATA IN COMMON REGION
INSERT ECMSYS 1- SYSTEM DATA
INSERT ECMFEL 2- FUTURE EVENTS LIST DATA
INSERT ECAMSG 3- MESSAGE DATA
INSERT ECMVEH 4- VEHICLE DATA
INSERT ECMSTN 5- STATION DATA
INSERT ECMSL 6- STATION LINK DATA
INSERT ECMGL 7- GUIDEWAY LINK DATA
INSERT ECMXTN 8- TRANSACTION DATA
INSERT ECMTRP 9- TRIP DATA
INSERT ECMPOL 10- POLICY OPTIONS
INSERT ZCLNK 11- GUIDEWAY LINK STATISTICS
INSERT ZCVEH 12- VEHICLE STATISTICS
INSERT ZCSTN 13- STATION STATISTICS

```

FIGURE A-2. (2 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR LINKAGE EDITOR INPUT

INSERT ZCSL	14- STATION LINK STATISTICS
INSERT ZCSYST	15- SYSTEM STATISTICS
INSERT ZCSYSS	16- SYSTEM STATISTICS - STATIONS
INSERT ZCSYSG	17- SYSTEM STATISTICS - GUIDEWAYS
INSERT ZCSYSR	18- SYSTEM STATISTICS - ROUTES
INSERT ZCRTE	19- ROUTE STATISTICS
INSERT ZCTRP	20- TRIP STATISTICS
OVERLAY REGION2	START OF INITIALIZATION REGION
INSERT IPNET	START OF IP DEFINED NETWORK DATA
OVERLAY REGION2A	IP DEFINED NETWORK DATA
INSERT ECINET	START OF IP DEFINED SYS CHAR
OVERLAY REGION3	1- PROBLEM SIZE LIMITS
INSERT IPSYS	2- FUTURE EVENTS LISTS DATA
OVERLAY REGION3A	3- STATION LINK DATA
INSERT ECIMAX	4- GUIDEWAY LINK DATA
INSERT ECIFEL	5- VEHICLE DATA
INSERT ECISL	6- STATION DATA
INSERT ECIGL	7- POLICY SELECTION DATA
INSERT ECIVEH	8- SIMULATION OPTIONS
INSERT ECISTN	END INITIALIZATION REGION
INSERT ECIPOL	DEFINE END OF CHECKPOINT REGION
INSERT ECISYS	DEFINE PSUEDO MODEL ENTRY FOR PARM ADDR
OVERLAY REGION4	NAME THE EXECUTABLE LOAD MODULE
INSERT ENDCOM	
ENTRY EANTIX	
NAME EMODEL(R)	

FIGURE A-2. (3 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR LINKAGE EDITOR INPUT

INCLUDE OBJECT(EOUTPT)	OUTPUT PROCESSOR CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EONTIX)	ESTABLISH PARM FIELD ADDRESSABILITY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EOINDX)	WRITE INDEX FILE
INCLUDE OBJECT(DAYTIM)	OBTAIN DATE & TIME
INCLUDE OBJECT(DTIMEL)	CONVERT TIME TO HHMMSECS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EOZNIT)	OUTPUT PROCESSOR INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EOFLAG)	PROCESS AN AUXILLARY OUTPUT REQUEST
INCLUDE OBJECT(EDBIN)	PERFORM INITIAL BIN ALLOCATIONS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EOERR)	PROCESS AN ERROR MESSAGE
INCLUDE OBJECT(EODATA)	DEFINE OUTPUT PROCESSOR DATA
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESKIPFO)	SKIP FOLLOWER RECORDS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EHEADER)	READ A HEADER RECORD
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESETUP)	PERFORM DATA TABLE INITIALIZATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EREQTLU)	PERFORM REQUEST CORRELATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EREQU)	PROCESS A USER DATA REQUEST
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESHIFT)	SHIFT CONTENTS OF A BIN TO ACQUIRE SPACE
INCLUDE OBJECT(EBNCHK)	CHECK BIN FOR SUFFICIENT STORAGE SPACE
INCLUDE OBJECT(EABIN)	PERFORM BIN AREA REALLOCATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EDUMBIN)	DUMP THE CONTENTS OF A BIN
INCLUDE OBJECT(EZREAD)	CONTROL READING OF RAW STATISTICS FILE
INCLUDE OBJECT(ESTORE)	STORE A SAMPLED ITEM IN A BIN
INCLUDE OBJECT(EZPLOT)	PLOT CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EZLIST)	LIST CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(ELIST)	DISPLAY TIME SERIES LIST OR STAT. SUMMARY
INCLUDE OBJECT(EZHIST)	HISTOGRAM CONTROL
INCLUDE OBJECT(EMNMX)	DETERMINE MIN MAX OF SAMPLED ITEMS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EHIST)	DISPLAY A HISTOGRAM OF SAMPLED ITEMS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EGRAPH)	DISPLAY TIME SERIES PLOT OF SAMPLED ITEMS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EREAD02)	PROCESS SYSTEM STATISTICS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EREAD03)	PROCESS STATION STATISTICS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EREAD04)	PROCESS STATION LINK STATISTICS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EREAD05)	PROCESS GUIDEWAY STATISTICS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EREAD06)	PROCESS ROUTE STATISTICS
INCLUDE OBJECT(EOPSUM)	PERFORMANCE SUMMARY GENERATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EOPRPT)	PERFORMANCE SUMMARY REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(EOSSUM)	SYSTEM SUMMARY STATISTICS GENERATION
INCLUDE OBJECT(EOSRPT)	SYSTEM SUMMARY STATISTICS REPORT
INCLUDE OBJECT(AADATE)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(DERROR)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETACUM)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETCAPT)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETCOMP)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETMERG)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETMEAS)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETNMBR)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETRPTS)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETSSPM)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETSTID)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETSTAT)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(ETTOTL)	
INCLUDE OBJECT(XPSEUDO)	I/O INTERRUPT HANDLING
INCLUDE OBJECT(XTRACBK)	INTERRUPT HANDLER
INCLUDE OBJECT(XTRCBKP)	SAVE AREA TRACE FORMATTING
CHANGE FIOCS#(PFIOCS)	INTERCEPT FORTAN I/O
INCLUDE SYSLIB(IBCUM#)	INCLUDE FORTRAN I/O PACKAGE
ENTRY EONTIX	DEFINE PSUEDO OP ENTRY FOR PARM ADDR
NAME EOUTPT(R)	NAME THE EXECUTABLELOAD MODULE

FIGURE A-3. OUTPUT PROCESSOR LINKAGE EDITOR INPUT

```

//STANDARD JOB CARD INFORMATION
//*
//*      EXECUTE DESM INPUT PROCESSOR
//*
//EIP      EXEC AGTEIP,
//          PROJECT=TSCA,          DATA FILE PROJECT NAME
//          LIBRARY=DESMPVT,      LOAD LIBRARY
//          MODULE=EINPUT,        DESM IP LOAD MODULE
//          IREGION=2200K,        REGION SIZE
//          IPTIME='(1,0)',       MAX RUN TIME
//          OUTPUT=A,            OUTPUT CLASS
//          SYSTEM=EDEM01,        SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS INPUT
//          INDEX=DEMO,          RUN INDEX FILE
//          DEMAND=EDEM01A,       TRIP DEMAND INPUT/OUTPUT
//          DEMAND2=EDEM01B,      TRIP DEMAND INPUT 2
//          DEMAND3=EDEM01C,      TRIP DEMAND INPUT 3
//          DEMAND4=NULL,         TRIP DEMAND INPUT 4
//          DEMAND5=NULL,         TRIP DEMAND INPUT 5
//          NETIN=EDEM01,         NETWORK INPUT
//          RUNTIME=EDEM01,       RUNTIME INPUT/OUTPUT
//          NETWORK=EDEM01,       NETWORK OUTPUT
//          NOMTIME=NULL         NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME MATRIX

```

FIGURE A-4. INPUT PROCESSOR JCL

```

//STANDARD JOB CARD INFORMATION
//*
//*      EXECUTE DESM MODEL PROCESSOR
//*
//EMP  EXEC  AGTEMP,
//      PROJECT=TSCA,          DATA FILE PROJECT NAME
//      LIBRARY=DESMPT,      LOAD LIBRARY
//      MODULE=EMODEL,      DESM MP LOAD MODULE
//      MREGION=3400K,      REGION SIZE
//      MPTIME='(0,45)',    MAX EXECUTION TIME
//      OUTPUT=A,          OUTPUT DEVICE
//      SYSTEM=EDEM01,      SYS EM CHARACTERISTICS
//      NETWORK=EDEM01,     NETWORK CHARACTERISTICS
//      INDEX=DEMO,        INDEX FILE
//      SAMPLE=EDEM01,     RAW STATS,CHECKPOINT,TRIP LOG
//      DEMAND=EDEM01A,    TRIP ARRIVAL LIST
//      RUNTIME=EDEM01,    RUN TIME DATA
//      RESTART=NULL      RESTART MEMBER

```

FIGURE A-5. MODEL PROCESSOR JCL

```

//STANDARD JOB CARD INFORMATION
//*
//*      EXECUTE DESM OUTPUT PROCESSOR
//*
//EOP  EXEC  AGTEOP,
//      PROJECT=TSCA,          DATA FILE PROJECT NAME
//      LIBRARY=DESMPT,       LOAD LIBRARY
//      MODULE=EOUTPT,        DESM OP LOAD MODULE
//      OREGION=1450K,        REGION SIZE
//      OPTIME='(0,15)',      MAX EXECUTION TIME
//      OUTPUT=A,             OUTPUT DEVICE
//      INDEX=DEMO,           INDEX FILE
//      SAMPLE=EDEMO1,        RAW STATISTICS FILE MEMBER
//      TRIPLOG=NULL,         TRIP LOG FILE MEMBER
//      PERSUM=NULL,          PERFORMANCE SUMMARY FILE MEMBER
//      REQUEST=EODEMO1       REQUEST FILE MEMBER

```

FIGURE A-6. OUTPUT PROCESSOR JCL

APPENDIX B. SAMPLE MODEL OUTPUTS

- o Input Processor Network Summary Report
- o Input Processor Trip Demand Generation Report
- o Input Processor System Characteristics Report
- o Input Processor Initial Level of Service Report
- o Input Processor Alternate Path Report
- o Input Processor Failure/Recovery Summary
- o Input Processor Active Fleet Size Management Report
- o Model Processor Initial Conditions Report
- o Model Processor Intermediate Sampling Report
- o Model Processor Termination Status Report
- o Model Processor Restart Conditions Report
- o Performance Summary Report
- o System Summary Report
- o Station-to-Station Performance Measures Report

Table B-1 - Raw Statistics

Table B-2 - Derivations of Performance Summary Measures

Table B-3 - Derivations of System Summary Measures

DESM NETWORK SUMMARY

NETWORK CONFIGURATION

NUMBER OF LINKS = 22
 NUMBER OF STATIONS = 5
 NUMBER OF MERGES = 9

LINK ID	|-NODES-|		|-----STATION-----|				|-DIVERGE-|			|-----MERGE-----|		
	START	END	ID	ON/OFF LINE	ENTRY LINK	EXIT LINK	ID	TO LINKS	ID	LINKS	FROM STATION	
1	1	2										
2	2	3	1	OFF	1	3						
3	3	4	.	.	.	.	.	.	5	2	1
4	4	5	.	.	.	.	.	1	5	22	
5	5	6										
6	6	7										
7	7	8	2	OFF	6	8						
8	8	9	.	.	.	.	.	.	6	7	2
9	9	10	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	8	21
10	10	11	3	OFF	9	11						
11	11	12	.	.	.	.	.	2	12	17	3
12	12	1	.	.	.	.	.	3	1	13	
13	1	13										
14	13	14										
15	14	15	4	OFF	14	16						
16	15	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	8	15	4
17	12	16	.	.	.	.	.	.	4	11	22
18	16	17	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	16	17
19	17	18	5	OFF	18	20						
20	18	19	.	.	.	.	.	.	9	19	5
21	19	9										
22	5	12	.	.	.	.	.	4	12	17	

FIGURE B-1. (1 of 6) INPUT PROCESSOR NETWORK SUMMARY REPORT

DESM NETWORK SUMMARY (CONT'D)

LINK CHARACTERISTICS

LINK ID	LENGTH (M)	CAPACITY (VEH)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	HEADWAY (SEC)	LINE SPEED (M/SEC)
1	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
2	645	124	43.00	2.00	15.00
3	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
4	3000	595	200.00	2.00	15.00
5	3000	595	200.00	2.00	15.00
6	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
7	645	124	43.00	2.00	15.00
8	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
9	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
10	645	124	43.00	2.00	15.00
11	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
12	3000	595	200.00	2.00	15.00
13	3000	595	200.00	2.00	15.00
14	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
15	645	124	43.00	2.00	15.00
16	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
17	3000	599	600.00	2.00	5.00
18	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
19	645	124	43.00	2.00	15.00
20	1170	230	78.00	2.00	15.00
21	3000	595	200.00	2.00	15.00
22	3000	595	200.00	2.00	15.00

FIGURE B-1. (2 of 6) INPUT PROCESSOR NETWORK SUMMARY REPORT

DESM NETWORK SUMMARY (CONT'D)

STATION TO STATION SUMMARY

FROM STATION	CLOSEST DOWNSTREAM STATION	TO STATION	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	NEXT STATION	TO STATION	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	NEXT STATION
1	2	1	0.0	0	4	956.00	4
		2	556.00	2	5	1155.00	4
		3	755.00	2			
2	3	1	555.00	3	4	755.00	3
		2	0.0	0	5	954.00	3
		3	156.00	3			
3	1	1	356.00	1	4	556.00	4
		2	955.00	1	5	755.00	4
		3	0.0	0			
4	5	1	954.00	5	4	0.0	0
		2	1553.00	5	5	156.00	5
		3	555.00	5			
5	3	1	755.00	3	4	955.00	3
		2	1354.00	3	5	0.0	0
		3	356.00	3			

FIGURE B-1. (3 of 6) INPUT PROCESSOR NETWORK SUMMARY REPORT

DESM NETWORK SUMMARY (CONT'D)

MINIMUM PATH TABLE

FROM LINK	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)
1	1	0	0.0	4	2	43.00
	2	2	43.00	5	2	43.00
	3	2	43.00			
2	1	3	78.00	4	3	78.00
	2	3	78.00	5	3	78.00
	3	3	78.00			
3	1	4	200.00	4	4	200.00
	2	4	200.00	5	4	200.00
	3	4	200.00			
4	1	22	200.00	4	22	200.00
	2	5	200.00	5	22	200.00
	3	5	200.00			
5	1	6	78.00	4	6	78.00
	2	6	78.00	5	6	78.00
	3	6	78.00			
6	1	7	43.00	4	7	43.00
	2	0	0.0	5	7	43.00
	3	7	43.00			
7	1	8	78.00	4	8	78.00
	2	8	78.00	5	8	78.00
	3	8	78.00			
8	1	9	78.00	4	9	78.00
	2	9	78.00	5	9	78.00
	3	9	78.00			
9	1	10	43.00	4	10	43.00
	2	10	43.00	5	10	43.00
	3	0	0.0			
10	1	11	78.00	4	11	78.00
	2	11	78.00	5	11	78.00
	3	11	78.00			

NOTE (1): ZERO INDICATES THAT THE STATION ENTRY RAMP IS AT THE END OF THE CURRENT LINK

FIGURE B-1. (4 of 6) INPUT PROCESSOR NETWORK SUMMARY REPORT

DESM NETWORK SUMMARY (CONT'D)

MINIMUM PATH TABLE

FROM LINK	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)
11	1	12	200.00	4	12	200.00
	2	12	200.00	5	12	200.00
	3	12	200.00			
12	1	1	78.00	4	13	200.00
	2	1	78.00	5	13	200.00
	3	1	78.00			
13	1	14	78.00	4	14	78.00
	2	14	78.00	5	14	78.00
	3	14	78.00			
14	1	15	43.00	4	0	0.0
	2	15	43.00	5	15	43.00
	3	15	43.00			
15	1	16	78.00	4	16	78.00
	2	16	78.00	5	16	78.00
	3	16	78.00			
16	1	18	78.00	4	18	78.00
	2	18	78.00	5	18	78.00
	3	18	78.00			
17	1	18	78.00	4	18	78.00
	2	18	78.00	5	18	78.00
	3	18	78.00			
18	1	19	43.00	4	19	43.00
	2	19	43.00	5	0	0.0
	3	19	43.00			
19	1	20	78.00	4	20	78.00
	2	20	78.00	5	20	78.00
	3	20	78.00			
20	1	21	200.00	4	21	200.00
	2	21	200.00	5	21	200.00
	3	21	200.00			

NOTE (1): ZERO INDICATES THAT THE STATION ENTRY RAMP IS AT THE END OF THE CURRENT LINK

FIGURE B-1. (5 of 6) INPUT PROCESSOR NETWORK SUMMARY REPORT

DESM NETWORK SUMMARY (CONT'D)

MINIMUM PATH TABLE

FROM LINK	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)
21	1	9	78.00	4	9	78.00
	2	9	78.00	5	9	78.00
	3	9	78.00			
22	1	12	200.00	4	12	200.00
	2	12	200.00	5	12	200.00
	3	12	200.00			

NOTE (1): ZERO INDICATES THAT THE STATION ENTRY RAMP IS AT THE END OF THE CURRENT LINK

FIGURE B-1. (6 of 6) INPUT PROCESSOR NETWORK SUMMARY REPORT

DESM TRIP DEMAND GENERATION REPORT 1

TRIP SIZE CUMULATIVE PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION(S)

TRIP SIZE	DIST.1	DIST.2	DIST.3
1	0.60	0.40	0.70
2	0.80	0.70	0.90
3	0.90	0.90	1.00
4	0.93	0.92	1.00
5	0.96	0.94	1.00
6	0.98	0.96	1.00
7	0.99	0.98	1.00
8	1.00	1.00	1.00

ORIGIN CUMULATIVE PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTION

ORIGIN	PROB.	ORIGIN	PROB.
1	0.16	4	0.71
2	0.29	5	1.00
3	0.48		

DESTINATION CUMULATIVE PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS

ORIGIN	DESTI- NATION	PROB.	DESTI- NATION	PROB.
1	1	0.0	4	0.79
	2	0.14	5	1.00
	3	0.44		
2	1	0.32	4	0.84
	2	0.32	5	1.00
	3	0.44		
3	1	0.30	4	1.00
	2	0.64	5	1.00
	3	0.64		
4	1	0.20	4	0.67
	2	0.39	5	1.00
	3	0.67		
5	1	0.15	4	1.00
	2	0.53	5	1.00
	3	0.75		

FIGURE B-2. (1 of 3) INPUT PROCESSOR TRIP DEMAND GENERATION REPORT

DESM TRIP DEMAND (CONT'D)

HOURLY TRIP DEMAND BASED ON MATRIX 1

SCALE FACTOR 1.000

ORIGIN	DESTI- NATION	TRIPS/HR (SCALED)	TRIP SIZE DIST.	MEAN TRIP SIZE	PASS/HOUR (SCALED)
1	1	0.0	1	1.8	0
1	2	26.1	1	1.8	48
1	3	54.5	2	2.2	120
1	4	65.2	1	1.8	120
1	5	39.1	1	1.8	72
2	1	52.2	1	1.8	96
2	2	0.0	1	1.8	0
2	3	19.6	1	1.8	36
2	4	65.5	2	2.2	144
2	5	26.1	1	1.8	48
3	1	65.2	1	1.8	120
3	2	71.7	1	1.8	132
3	3	0.0	1	1.8	0
3	4	77.1	3	1.4	108
3	5	0.0	1	1.8	0
4	1	54.5	2	2.2	120
4	2	52.2	1	1.8	96
4	3	78.3	1	1.8	144
4	4	0.0	1	1.8	0
4	5	91.3	1	1.8	168
5	1	52.2	1	1.8	96
5	2	128.6	3	1.4	180
5	3	78.3	1	1.8	144
5	4	84.8	1	1.8	156
5	5	0.0	1	1.8	0

FIGURE B-2. (2 of 3) INPUT PROCESSOR TRIP DEMAND GENERATION REPORT

DESM TRIP DEMAND (CONT'D)

SUMMARY OF PASSENGERS GENERATED DURING
5. MIN. INTERVAL

ORIGIN	DESTI- NATION	NO. PASS	% OF TOTAL	DESTI- NATION	NO. PASS	% OF TOTAL
1	1	0	0.0	4	4	2.0
	2	0	0.0	5	5	2.5
	3	17	8.5			
2	1	5	2.5	4	6	3.0
	2	0	0.0	5	1	0.5
	3	10	5.0			
3	1	12	6.0	4	17	8.5
	2	11	5.5	5	0	0.0
	3	0	0.0			
4	1	6	3.0	4	0	0.0
	2	8	4.0	5	18	9.0
	3	24	12.1			
5	1	9	4.5	4	14	7.0
	2	17	8.5	5	0	0.0
	3	14	7.0			

FIGURE B-2. (3 of 3) INPUT PROCESSOR TRIP DEMAND GENERATION REPORT

DESM SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARY

POSITION REGULATION POLICY
VARIABLE BLOCK

LONGITUDINAL CONTROL POLICY
ASYNCHRONOUS, VELOCITY STANDARD DEVIATION = 0.0 M/SEC

DISPATCH POLICY
NON-DETERMINISTIC

MERGE POLICY
FIRST IN, FIRST OUT
TIME TO ATTAIN LINE SPEED FROM STOP = 0.0 SEC

PATH SELECTION POLICY
A PRIORI TABLE LOOK UP

VEHICLE CHARACTERISTICS
LENGTH = 5 METERS
CAPACITY
SEATED = 20
STANDEES = 0

TOTAL = 20

FIGURE B-3. (1 of 5) INPUT PROCESSOR SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS REPORT

DESM STATION CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARY

CHARACTERISTICS COMMON TO ALL STATIONS

TRIP MANAGEMENT DATA

TRIP SPLIT SIZE = 20 PASSENGERS

DEBOARD/BOARD TIME DATA (SECONDS)

TIME PER PASSENGER

DEBOARD	0.0
BOARD	0.0

MINIMUM OPEN DOOR TIME = 10.00

MAXIMUM OPEN DOOR TIME = 10.00

ALTERNATE STATION EGRESS TIME = 0 SEC

EXCESS TRAVEL TIME HISTOGRAM CLASS INTERVALS

- 1) LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 300 SEC
- 2) GREATER THAN 300 SEC AND LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO 900 SEC
- 3) GREATER THAN 900 SEC

NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME THROUGH STATION = 48 SEC

TRAVEL TIME FROM LAUNCH TO EXIT MERGE = 10.00 SEC

BERTH ASSIGNMENT POLICY: TO MOST DOWNSTREAM BERTH

STATION LINKS

LINK	TYPE	HEADWAY PER VEHICLE (SEC)	TIME FIXED TERM (SEC)	TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	EVENTS	CONNECTIVITY FROM LINKS	TO LINKS
1	INPUT RAMP	1.00	1.00	10.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL	-	2 3
2	INPUT QUEUE	1.00	1.00	8.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL	1	4 5 6
3	INPUT QUEUE	1.00	1.00	8.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL	1	4 5 6
4	DOCK	1.00	1.00	12.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL DEBOARD BOARD	2 3	7
5	DOCK	1.00	1.00	12.00	HEADWAY	2	7

FIGURE B-3. (2 of 5) INPUT PROCESSOR SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS REPORT

DESM STATION CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARY (CONT'D)

STATION LINKS		HEADWAY PER VEHICLE (SEC)	TIME FIXED TERM (SEC)	TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	EVENTS	CONNECTIVITY	
LINK	TYPE					FROM LINKS	TO LINKS
					TRAVEL DEBOARD BOARD	3	
6	DOCK	1.00	1.00	12.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL DEBOARD BOARD	2 3	7
7	OUTPUT QUEUE	1.00	1.00	8.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL LAUNCH	4 5 6	8
8	OUTPUT RAMP	1.00	1.00	10.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL	7	-

FIGURE B-3. (3 of 5) INPUT PROCESSOR SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS REPORT

DESM STATION CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARY (CONT'D)

CHARACTERISTICS UNIQUE TO EACH STATION

STATION ID	NODE	ON/OFF LINE	ACTIVE ID	LINKS TYPE	LINKS CAP	BOARDING QUEUE CAPACITY	NUMBER OF INPUT QUEUES	NUMBER OF PARALLEL DOCKS	CAPACITY OF DOCK AREA	NUMBER OF OUTPUT QUEUES	TOTAL STATION CAPACITY
1	2	OFF	1	IR	5	1000	2	3	3	1	37
			2	IQ	8						
			3	IQ	8						
			4	D	1						
			5	D	1						
			6	D	1						
			7	OQ	8						
			8	OR	5						
2	7	OFF	1	IR	5	1000	2	3	3	1	37
			2	IQ	8						
			3	IQ	8						
			4	D	1						
			5	D	1						
			6	D	1						
			7	OQ	8						
			8	OR	5						
3	10	OFF	1	IR	5	1000	2	3	3	1	37
			2	IQ	8						
			3	IQ	8						
			4	D	1						
			5	D	1						
			6	D	1						
			7	OQ	8						
			8	OR	5						
4	14	OFF	1	IR	5	1000	2	3	3	1	37
			2	IQ	8						
			3	IQ	8						
			4	D	1						
			5	D	1						
			6	D	1						
			7	OQ	8						
			8	OR	5						
5	17	OFF	1	IR	5	1000	2	3	3	1	37
			2	IQ	8						
			3	IQ	8						
			4	D	1						
			5	D	1						
			6	D	1						

FIGURE B-3. (4 of 5) INPUT PROCESSOR SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS REPORT

DESM STATION CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARY (CONT'D)

STATION ID NODE	ON/OFF LINE	ACTIVE ID	LINKS TYPE CAP	BOARDING QUEUE CAPACITY	NUMBER OF INPUT QUEUES	NUMBER OF PARALLEL DOCKS	CAPACITY OF DOCK AREA	NUMBER OF OUTPUT QUEUES	TOTAL STATION CAPACITY
		7	OQ	8					
		8	OR	5					

FIGURE B-3. (5 of 5) INPUT PROCESSOR SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS REPORT

DESM TRANSIT SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARY

LEVEL OF SERVICE: BASED ON DEMAND PROFILE INTERVAL 5
 TYPE OF SERVICE: SCHEDULED
 ROUTES DEFINED BY: INPUT PROCESSOR
 VEHICLE SPACING POLICY: ON SCHEDULE
 DEMAND STOP: INACTIVE
 ROUTE SUMMARY

ROUTE	NUMBER OF VEHICLES	TRAIN LENGTH	VEHICLE HEADWAY	STATION ID	STATION NODE	VEHICLES TO DISPATCH	INITIAL DEPARTURE TIME
1	7	0	181	1	2	3	5
				2	7	3	83
				3	10	1	126
2	9	0	230	1	2	4	1
				4	14	4	104
				5	17	1	98
3	20	0	123	2	7	12	9
				4	14	6	91
				5	17	2	68
4	12	0	106	3	10	4	0
				4	14	5	94
				5	17	3	0

FLEET SIZE 48 VEHICLES

TRIP/ROUTE ASSIGNMENT

FROM STATION ID	FROM STATION NODE	TO STATION ID	TO STATION NODE	USE ROUTE	TO STATION ID	TO STATION NODE	USE ROUTE
1	2	1	2	0	4	14	2
		2	7	1	5	17	2
		3	10	1			
2	7	1	2	1	4	14	3
		2	7	0	5	17	3
		3	10	1			

FIGURE B-4. (1 of 3) INPUT PROCESSOR LEVEL OF SERVICE REPORT

DESM TRANSIT SERVICE CHARACTERISTICS SUMMARY (CONT'D)

FROM STATION ID NODE		TO STATION ID NODE		USE ROUTE	TO STATION ID NODE		USE ROUTE
3	10	1	2	1	4	14	4
		2	7	1	5	17	4
		3	10	0			
4	14	1	2	2	4	14	0
		2	7	3	5	17	4
		3	10	4			
5	17	1	2	2	4	14	4
		2	7	3	5	17	0
		3	10	4			

TRANSFERS: INACTIVE

NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME BY ORIGIN/DESTINATION

FROM STATION ID NODE		TO STATION ID NODE		NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	TO STATION ID NODE		NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)
1	2	1	2	0.0	4	14	1004.0
		2	7	604.0	5	17	1228.0
		3	10	828.0			
2	7	1	2	628.0	4	14	803.0
		2	7	0.0	5	17	1027.0
		3	10	204.0			
3	10	1	2	404.0	4	14	604.0
		2	7	1028.0	5	17	828.0
		3	10	0.0			
4	14	1	2	1027.0	4	14	0.0
		2	7	1626.0	5	17	204.0
		3	10	628.0			
5	17	1	2	803.0	4	14	1028.0
		2	7	1402.0	5	17	0.0
		3	10	404.0			

FIGURE B-4. (2 of 3) INPUT PROCESSOR LEVEL OF SERVICE REPORT

DESM SIMULATION CONTROL PARAMETERS

RANDOM NUMBER SEED:	91577
COMPLETED TRIPS LOG:	ACTIVE
VEHICLE LOG:	INACTIVE
LINK LOG:	ACTIVE
STATION LOG:	ACTIVE
NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FILE:	NOT REQUESTED
BEGIN TRIP DEMAND AT:	0 SEC
STATISTICS SAMPLING INTERVAL:	100 SEC
INTERMEDIATE SAMPLING REPORT:	EVERY 1 SAMPLES
PERIODIC SIMULATION CHECKPOINT:	INACTIVE
CLOCK SIZE:	60 CLOCK UNITS PER MINUTE
TIME BETWEEN CLOCK TABLE ENTRIES:	100 CLOCK UNITS TIMES 10
NUMBER OF ENTRIES IN CLOCK TABLE:	1000
NUMBER OF ENTRIES PER CLOCK UNIT:	5000

FIGURE B-4. (3 of 3) INPUT PROCESSOR LEVEL OF SERVICE REPORT

DESM ALTERNATE PATH SUMMARY

<u>COMMON DIVERGE (NODE)</u>	<u>DESTINATION NODE</u>	<u>STATION</u>	<u>LINK SEQUENCE</u>				
12	17	5	12	13	14	15	16

FIGURE B-5. INPUT PROCESSOR ALTERNATE PATH REPORT

DESM FAILURE/RECOVERY SUMMARY

TIME = 210 SEC

NEXT VEHICLE TO LEAVE GUIDEWAY LINK 20 (NODE 18 TO NODE 19)
WILL BE DEGRADED

RECOVERED VEHICLE SPEED DEGRADATION FACTOR = 0.90

DELAY FROM FAILURE UNTIL DETECTION = 60.00 SECS
 DELAY FROM DETECTION UNTIL RESTART = 60.00 SECS
 DELAY FROM DETECTION UNTIL REPLACEMENT = 90.00 SECS

RECOVERY METHOD TOWED BY SERVICE VEHICLE

SERVICE VEHICLE DEGRADATION FACTOR 0.80
 SERVICE VEHICLE WILL TRAVERSE LINKS
 8 21

OTHER VEHICLES RESPONSE

- ROUTE
 1 CONTINUE REVENUE SERVICE
 2 CONTINUE REVENUE SERVICE
 3 CONTINUE REVENUE SERVICE

DESM FAILURE/RECOVERY SUMMARY (CONT'D)

MINIMUM PATH TABLE

FROM LINK	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)
1	1	0	0.0	4	2	26.00
	2	2	26.00	5	2	26.00
	3	2	26.00			
2	1	3	47.00	4	3	47.00
	2	3	47.00	5	3	47.00
	3	3	47.00			
3	1	4	120.00	4	4	120.00
	2	4	120.00	5	4	120.00
	3	4	120.00			
4	1	22	120.00	4	22	120.00
	2	5	120.00	5	22	120.00
	3	5	120.00			
5	1	6	47.00	4	6	47.00
	2	6	47.00	5	6	47.00
	3	6	47.00			
6	1	7	*****	4	7	*****
	2	0	0.0	5	7	*****
	3	7	*****			
7	1	8	47.00	4	8	47.00
	2	8	47.00	5	8	47.00
	3	8	47.00			
8	1	9	47.00	4	9	47.00
	2	9	47.00	5	9	47.00
	3	9	47.00			
9	1	10	26.00	4	10	26.00
	2	10	26.00	5	10	26.00
	3	0	0.0			
10	1	11	47.00	4	11	47.00

NOTE (1): ZERO INDICATES THAT THE STATION ENTRY RAMP IS AT THE END OF THE CURRENT LINK

FIGURE B-6. (1 of 2) INPUT PROCESSOR FAILURE/RECOVERY SUMMARY

DESM FAILURE/RECOVERY SUMMARY (CONT'D)

FROM LINK	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	TO STATION	NEXT LINK (1)	NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME (SEC)
	2	11	47.00	5	11	47.00
	3	11	47.00			
11	1	12	120.00	4	12	120.00
	2	12	120.00	5	17	120.00
	3	12	120.00			
12	1	1	47.00	4	13	120.00
	2	1	47.00	5	13	120.00
	3	1	47.00			
13	1	14	47.00	4	14	47.00
	2	14	47.00	5	14	47.00
	3	14	47.00			
14	1	15	26.00	4	0	0.0
	2	15	26.00	5	15	26.00
	3	15	26.00			
15	1	16	47.00	4	16	47.00
	2	16	47.00	5	16	47.00
	3	16	47.00			
16	1	18	47.00	4	18	47.00
	2	18	47.00	5	18	47.00
	3	18	47.00			
17	1	18	47.00	4	18	47.00
	2	18	47.00	5	18	47.00
	3	18	47.00			
18	1	19	26.00	4	19	26.00
	2	19	26.00	5	0	0.0
	3	19	26.00			
19	1	20	*****	4	20	*****
	2	20	*****	5	20	*****
	3	20	*****			
20	1	21	120.00	4	21	120.00

DESM FAILURE/RECOVERY SUMMARY (CONT'D)

	2	21	120.00	5	21	120.00
	3	21	120.00			
21	1	9	47.00	4	9	47.00
	2	9	47.00	5	9	47.00
	3	9	47.00			
22	1	12	120.00	4	12	120.00
	2	12	120.00	5	17	120.00
	3	12	120.00			

FIGURE B-6. (2 of 2) INPUT PROCESSOR FAILURE/RECOVERY SUMMARY

ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT SCHEDULED AT 600 SEC

LEVEL OF SERVICE: USER-DEFINED

TYPE OF SERVICE: SCHEDULED

ROUTE SUMMARY

ROUTE	NUMBER OF VEHICLES	TRAIN LENGTH	VEHICLE HEADWAY	STATION ID	NODE	TRANSITION VEHICLES	TRAIN LAST STOP	RECONSISTING BARN	FIRST STOP
1	9	3	300	1	2	0	3	3	3
				2	7				
				3	10				
2	12	3	225	3	10	0	3	3	3
				4	14				
				5	17				
3	18	3	189	1	2	3	3	3	3
				5	17				
				3	10				
FLEET	39	VEHICLES							

FIGURE B-7. INPUT PROCESSOR ACTIVE FLEET SIZE MANAGEMENT REPORT

TYPE OF SERVICE	SCHEDULED
ROUTE SPACING	FIXED
LONGITUDINAL CONTROL	ASYNCHRONOUS
POSITION REGULATION	VARIABLE HEADWAY
DISPATCH POLICY	NON-DETERMINISTIC
MERGE POLICY	FIFO
PATH SELECTION METHOD	APRIORI
PATH SELECTION CRITERIA	TABLE LOOK-UP
BERTHING POLICY	FIFO
TRANSFER POLICY	INACTIVE

SIMULATION TIME STATISTICS

BEGIN SIMULATION	0
SAMPLING INTERVAL	100.0
CHECKPOINT INTERVAL	0.0
CLOCK UNITS / MINUTE	60
REACTION TIME	0.0

SIMULATION VEHICLE STATISTICS

TOTAL FLEET SIZE	48
NUMBER VEHICLES IN STATION STORAGE	48
NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN SERVICE	0
VEHICLE CAPACITY	20

ROUTE SUMMARY

NUMBER OF ROUTES	ROUTE NUMBER	NUMBER OF VEHICLES	HEADWAY	TRAIN LENGTH
	1	7	181.0	0
	2	9	230.0	0
	3	20	123.0	0
	4	12	106.0	0

GUIDEWAY LINK SUMMARY

TOTAL NUMBER OF LINKS 22

LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	OCCUPANCY	TRAVEL TIME	HEADWAY TIME	STATUS
1	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
2	124	0	43.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
3	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
4	595	0	200.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
5	595	0	200.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
6	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
7	124	0	43.00	2.00	IN SERVICE

FIGURE B-8. (1 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR INITIAL CONDITIONS REPORT

8	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
9	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
10	124	0	43.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
11	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
12	595	0	200.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
13	595	0	200.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
14	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
15	124	0	43.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
16	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
17	599	0	600.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
18	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
19	124	0	43.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
20	230	0	78.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
21	595	0	200.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
22	595	0	200.00	2.00	IN SERVICE
TOTALS	7089	0			

STATION SUMMARY DATA

TOTAL NUMBER OF STATIONS 5
 INPUT RAMP LINK NUMBER 1
 STORAGE LINK NUMBER UNDEFINED
 OUTPUT RAMP LINK NUMBER 8

GENERALIZED STATION CONFIGURATION

LINK	TYPE	HEADWAY PER VEHICLE (SEC)	TIME PER TRAIN (SEC)	TRAVEL TIME (SEC)	EVENTS	CONNECTIVITY FROM LINKS	TO LINKS
1	INPUT RAMP	1.00	1.00	10.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL	-	2 3
2	INPUT QUEUE	1.00	1.00	8.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL	1 10	4 5 6
3	INPUT QUEUE	1.00	1.00	8.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL	1 10	4 5 6
4	DOCK	1.00	1.00	12.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL DEBOARD BOARD	2 3	7
5	DOCK	1.00	1.00	12.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL DEBOARD BOARD	2 3	7
6	DOCK	1.00	1.00	12.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL DEBOARD	2 3	7

FIGURE B-8. (2 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR INITIAL CONDITIONS REPORT

BOARD							
7	OUTPUT QUEUE	1.00	1.00	8.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL LAUNCH	4 5 6	8
8	OUTPUT RAMP	1.00	1.00	10.00	HEADWAY TRAVEL	7	-

STATION SUMMARY																					
STN	TYPE	LINK	CAP	OCC	AVAIL	LINK	CAP	OCC	AVAIL	LINK	CAP	OCC	AVAIL	LINK	CAP	OCC	AVAIL	LINK	CAP	OCC	AVAIL
1	OFF	1	5	0	T	2	8	0	T	3	8	0	T	4	1	0	T	5	1	0	T
		6	1	0	T	7	8	0	T	8	5	0	T								
		TOTAL STATION CAPACITY - 44																			
		INITIAL STATION OCCUPANCY - 0 VEHICLES																			
2	OFF	1	5	0	T	2	8	0	T	3	8	0	T	4	1	0	T	5	1	0	T
		6	1	0	T	7	8	0	T	8	5	0	T								
		TOTAL STATION CAPACITY - 52																			
		INITIAL STATION OCCUPANCY - 0 VEHICLES																			
3	OFF	1	5	0	T	2	8	0	T	3	8	0	T	4	1	0	T	5	1	0	T
		6	1	0	T	7	8	0	T	8	5	0	T								
		TOTAL STATION CAPACITY - 42																			
		INITIAL STATION OCCUPANCY - 0 VEHICLES																			
4	OFF	1	5	0	T	2	8	0	T	3	8	0	T	4	1	0	T	5	1	0	T
		6	1	0	T	7	8	0	T	8	5	0	T								
		TOTAL STATION CAPACITY - 52																			
		INITIAL STATION OCCUPANCY - 0 VEHICLES																			
5	OFF	1	5	0	T	2	8	0	T	3	8	0	T	4	1	0	T	5	1	0	T
		6	1	0	T	7	8	0	T	8	5	0	T								
		TOTAL STATION CAPACITY - 43																			
		INITIAL STATION OCCUPANCY - 0 VEHICLES																			

FIGURE B-8. (3 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR INITIAL CONDITIONS REPORT

AGT DESM INTERMEDIATE SAMPLING REPORT

7/30/81

SIMULATION TIME 700 SECONDS
 NUMBER VEHICLES IN ACTIVE STORAGE 8
 NUMBER OF VEHICLES TRAVELLING LOADED 38
 NUMBER OF VEHICLES TRAVELLING EMPTY 2
 IN SERVICE EMPTY DISTANCE (KM) 5.340

NUMBER OF PARTIES ON VEHICLES 152
 NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES 271
 PASSENGER DISTANCE (KM) 314.865

GUIDEWAY LINK SUMMARY

TOTAL NUMBER OF LINKS 22

LINK NOS.	CAPACITY	OCCUPANCY STATISTICS			QUEUE STATISTICS			QUEUE DELAY		LOAD FACTOR		AVERAGE VELOCITY	STATUS
		CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	VEHICLE	LINK		
1	230	1	0.57	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.800	0.002	0.0	IN SERVICE
2	124	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	IN SERVICE
3	230	0	0.78	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.700	0.003	15.00	IN SERVICE
4	595	3	2.16	3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.445	0.004	0.0	IN SERVICE
5	595	1	1.00	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.500	0.002	0.0	IN SERVICE
6	230	0	0.19	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.001	15.00	IN SERVICE
7	124	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	IN SERVICE
8	230	2	0.71	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.577	0.003	15.00	IN SERVICE
9	230	4	2.85	4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.520	0.012	15.00	IN SERVICE
10	124	0	0.78	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.217	0.006	15.00	IN SERVICE
11	230	3	2.49	4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.296	0.011	15.00	IN SERVICE
12	595	7	7.38	9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.284	0.012	15.00	IN SERVICE
13	595	4	3.21	4	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.227	0.005	15.00	IN SERVICE
14	230	1	0.72	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.242	0.003	15.00	IN SERVICE
15	124	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	IN SERVICE
16	230	2	2.09	3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.373	0.009	15.00	IN SERVICE
17	599	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	IN SERVICE
18	230	2	1.46	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.113	0.006	15.00	IN SERVICE
19	124	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	IN SERVICE
20	230	1	2.28	3	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.350	0.010	15.00	IN SERVICE
21	595	5	4.12	5	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.444	0.007	15.00	IN SERVICE
22	595	1	1.00	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.350	0.002	0.0	IN SERVICE
TOTALS	7089	37	33.79	9	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.361	0.005	15.00	

SCHEDULED ROUTE SUMMARY

ROUTE	VEHICLE SUMMARY		PASSENGER SUMMARY			PARTY SUMMARY		SCHEDULE		HEADWAY
	DEPARTURES	TRAVELLING	ARRIVALS	TOTAL XFRS	WAITING SERVED	IN PROCESS	IN PROCESS	DEVIATION	TOTAL MAXIMUM	

FIGURE B-9. (1 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR INTERMEDIATE SAMPLING REPORT

1	1	7	1	0	3	4	58	4	35	2.000	2.000	181.0
2	2	9	12	0	12	0	46	0	24	10.000	10.000	230.0
3	3	20	8	0	4	14	82	7	48	22.000	10.000	123.0
4	3	12	11	0	7	6	85	6	45	30.000	10.000	106.0

STATION ACTIVITY SUMMARY

STN	TYPE	VEHICLE SUMMARY			PARTY SUMMARY								PASSENGER SUMMARY			
		ENTER	LEAVE	IN	ARRIVE	SERVED	CMPLT	WAIT	REJ	MAX EXCESS	TT	SPLIT PARTIES CREATED	CMPLT	ARRIVALS TOTAL	XFRS	SERVED	WAIT
1	OFF	0	1	1	1	0	0	3	0	0.0	0	0	1	0	0	3
2	OFF	1	2	6	5	8	0	2	0	0.0	0	0	6	0	11	2
3	OFF	2	1	1	2	1	2	1	0	10.00	0	0	4	0	1	3
4	OFF	1	3	2	9	4	0	9	0	0.0	0	0	15	0	8	15
5	OFF	2	3	1	6	4	0	3	0	0.0	0	0	6	0	4	3
TOTALS		6	10	11	23	17	2	18	0	10.00	0	0	32	0	24	26

STATION LINK SUMMARY

STN	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	OCCUPANCY STATISTICS			CURRENT	QUEUE STATISTICS			MAX DELAY	LINK LOAD	TYPE
			CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM		AVERAGE	MAXIMUM				
1	1	5	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	IR	
	2	8	0	0.080	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.010	IQ	
	3	3	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	IQ	
	4	1	1	0.010	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.010	D	
	5	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	D	
	6	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	D	
	7	8	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	OQ	
	8	5	0	0.060	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.012	OR	
TOTALS		37	1		0					0.004		

STN	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	OCCUPANCY STATISTICS			CURRENT	QUEUE STATISTICS			MAX DELAY	LINK LOAD	TYPE
			CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM		AVERAGE	MAXIMUM				
2	1	5	0	0.100	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.020	IR	
	2	8	0	0.080	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.010	IQ	
	3	8	0	0.080	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.010	IQ	
	4	1	0	0.220	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.220	D	
	5	1	0	0.220	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.220	D	
	6	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	D	
	7	8	0	0.330	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.041	OQ	
	8	5	0	0.200	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.040	OR	
TOTALS		37	0		0					0.070		

STN	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	OCCUPANCY STATISTICS			CURRENT	QUEUE STATISTICS			MAX DELAY	LINK LOAD	TYPE
			CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM		AVERAGE	MAXIMUM				

FIGURE B-9. (2 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR INTERMEDIATE SAMPLING REPORT

3											
	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	OCCUPANCY STATISTICS			QUEUE STATISTICS				LINK LOAD	TYPE
			CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	MAX DELAY		
	1	5	0	0.200	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.040	IR
	2	8	0	0.160	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.020	IQ
	3	8	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	IQ
	4	1	0	0.440	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.440	D
	5	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	D
	6	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	D
	7	8	1	0.190	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.024	QQ
	8	5	0	0.100	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.020	OR
	TOTALS	37	1			0				0.068	
4											
	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	OCCUPANCY STATISTICS			QUEUE STATISTICS				LINK LOAD	TYPE
			CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	MAX DELAY		
	1	5	0	0.100	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.020	IR
	2	8	0	0.080	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.010	IQ
	3	8	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	IQ
	4	1	0	0.220	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.220	D
	5	1	0	0.130	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.130	D
	6	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	D
	7	8	0	0.480	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.060	QQ
	8	5	0	0.300	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.060	OR
	TOTALS	37	0			0				0.062	
5											
	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	OCCUPANCY STATISTICS			QUEUE STATISTICS				LINK LOAD	TYPE
			CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	CURRENT	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM	MAX DELAY		
	1	5	0	0.200	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.040	IR
	2	8	0	0.160	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.020	IQ
	3	8	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	IQ
	4	1	1	0.300	1	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.300	D
	5	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	D
	6	1	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	D
	7	8	0	0.320	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.040	QQ
	8	5	0	0.300	2	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.060	OR
	TOTALS	37	1			0				0.057	

FIGURE B-9. (3 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR INTERMEDIATE SAMPLING REPORT

AGT DESM TERMINATION STATUS REPORT

7/30/81

SIMULATION TIME 3601 SECONDS
 NUMBER VEHICLES IN STATION STORAGE 0
 NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE 40
 NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN NON REVENUE SERVICE 8

NUMBER OF PARTIES ON VEHICLES 100
 NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES 465

GUIDEWAY LINK SUMMARY

LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	STATUS
1	230	2	0	IN SERVICE
2	124	1	0	IN SERVICE
3	230	0	0	IN SERVICE
4	595	4	0	IN SERVICE
5	595	4	0	IN SERVICE
6	230	0	0	IN SERVICE
7	124	0	0	IN SERVICE
8	230	1	0	IN SERVICE
9	230	1	0	IN SERVICE
10	124	0	0	IN SERVICE
11	230	4	0	IN SERVICE
12	595	8	0	IN SERVICE
13	595	4	0	IN SERVICE
14	230	1	0	IN SERVICE
15	124	0	0	IN SERVICE
16	230	2	0	IN SERVICE
17	599	0	0	IN SERVICE
18	230	1	0	IN SERVICE
19	124	0	0	IN SERVICE
20	230	2	0	IN SERVICE
21	595	5	0	IN SERVICE
22	595	1	0	IN SERVICE
TOTALS	7089	41	0	

ROUTE SUMMARY

ROUTE	NUMBER WAITING PASSENGERS	NUMBER IN PROCESS PARTY	NUMBER IN PROCESS PASSENGERS	NUMBER VEHICLES
1	27	18	86	7
2	4	16	101	9
3	17	42	144	20
4	15	24	134	12

FIGURE B-10. (1 of 4) MODEL PROCESSOR TERMINATION STATUS REPORT

STATION SUMMARY

STN	PASSENGERS WAITING	PARTIES WAITING	VEHICLES IN STATION
1	8	2	0
2	23	3	1
3	0	0	2
4	4	1	2
5	28	4	2
TOTALS	63	10	7

STATION LINK SUMMARY

STN	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	TYPE
1	1	5	0	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ
	3	8	0	0	IQ
	4	1	0	0	D
	5	1	0	0	D
	6	1	0	0	D
	7	8	0	0	OQ
	8	5	0	0	OR
	TOTALS		37	0	0
2	1	5	0	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ
	3	8	0	0	IQ
	4	1	1	0	D
	5	1	0	0	D
	6	1	0	0	D
	7	8	0	0	OQ
	8	5	0	0	OR
	TOTALS		37	1	0
3	1	5	1	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ

FIGURE B-10. (2 of 4) MODEL PROCESSOR TERMINATION STATUS REPORT

3	8	0	0	IQ
4	1	0	0	D
5	1	0	0	D
6	1	0	0	D
7	8	1	0	OQ
8	5	0	0	OR

TOTALS	37	2	0	
--------	----	---	---	--

STN 4	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	TYPE
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1	5	0	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ
	3	8	0	0	IQ
	4	1	1	0	D
	5	1	0	0	D
	6	1	0	0	D
	7	8	1	0	OQ
	8	5	0	0	OR
	TOTALS	37	2	0	

STN 5	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	TYPE
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1	5	1	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ
	3	8	0	0	IQ
	4	1	0	0	D
	5	1	0	0	D
	6	1	0	0	D
	7	8	0	0	OQ
	8	5	1	0	OR
	TOTALS	37	2	0	

FILE SUMMARY
INPUT FILES
AGT.STRUC.SYSTEM(EDEM01)
AGT.STRUC.NETWORK(EDEM01)
AGT.STRUC.DEMAND(EDEM01A)
AGT.STRUC.RNTIM(EDEM01)
OUTPUT FILES
AGT.STATS.DESM(EDEM01)
AGT.CHKPT.DESM(EDEM01)
AGT.STRUC.TRIPLLOG(EDEM01)
AGT.STRUC.DESMLLOG(EDEM01)
AGT.STRUC.DESMSLOG(EDEM01)

EVENT SCHEDULING SUMMARY

SCHEDULING INTERVAL (C.U.)	NUMBER OF EVENTS	FRACTION OF TOTAL
-------------------------------	---------------------	----------------------

FIGURE B-10. (3 of 4) MODEL PROCESSOR TERMINATION STATUS REPORT

0	10000	8125.	1.00
10001	20000	0.	0.0
20001	30000	0.	0.0
30001	40000	0.	0.0
40001	50000	0.	0.0
50001	60000	0.	0.0
60001	70000	0.	0.0
70001	80000	0.	0.0
80001	90000	0.	0.0
GREATER THAN	90001	0.	0.0
MEAN DELTA T / SCHEDULED EVENT =		12.706	
STANDARD DEVIATION =		52.444	

TOTAL NUMBER OF MESSAGES ISSUED	1
INFORMATION	1
WARNING	0
SEVERE	0

FIGURE B-10. (4 of 4) MODEL PROCESSOR TERMINATION STATUS REPORT

AGT DESM SIMULATION RESTART CONDITIONS REPORT

TYPE OF SERVICE	SCHEDULED
ROUTE SPACING	FIXED
LONGITUDINAL CONTROL	ASYNCHRONOUS
POSITION REGULATION	VARIABLE HEADWAY
DISPATCH POLICY	NON-DETERMINISTIC
MERGE POLICY	FIFO
PATH SELECTION METHOD	APRIORI
PATH SELECTION CRITERIA	TABLE LOOK-UP
BERTHING POLICY	FIFO
TRANSFER POLICY	INACTIVE

SIMULATION TIME STATISTICS

BEGIN SIMULATION	1200
SAMPLING INTERVAL	100.0
CHECKPOINT INTERVAL	0.0
CLOCK UNITS / MINUTE	60
REACTION TIME	0.0

SIMULATION VEHICLE STATISTICS

TOTAL FLEET SIZE	48
NUMBER VEHICLES IN STATION STORAGE	2
NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN SERVICE	46
VEHICLE CAPACITY	20

NUMBER VEHICLES IN STATION STORAGE	2
NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE	44
NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN NON-REVENUE SERVICE	2

NUMBER OF PARTIES ON VEHICLES	201
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	358

GUIDEWAY LINK SUMMARY

LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	STATUS
1	230	2	0	IN SERVICE
2	124	0	0	IN SERVICE
3	230	2	0	IN SERVICE
4	595	4	0	IN SERVICE
5	595	1	0	IN SERVICE
6	230	0	0	IN SERVICE
7	124	0	0	IN SERVICE
8	230	1	0	IN SERVICE

FIGURE B-11. (1 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR RESTART CONDITIONS REPORT

9	230	5	0	IN SERVICE
10	124	0	0	IN SERVICE
11	230	2	0	IN SERVICE
12	595	6	0	IN SERVICE
13	595	5	0	IN SERVICE
14	230	2	0	IN SERVICE
15	124	0	0	IN SERVICE
16	230	1	0	IN SERVICE
17	599	0	0	IN SERVICE
18	230	2	0	IN SERVICE
19	124	0	0	IN SERVICE
20	230	0	0	IN SERVICE
21	595	5	0	IN SERVICE
22	595	1	0	IN SERVICE
TOTALS	7089	39	0	

ROUTE SUMMARY

ROUTE	NUMBER WAITING PASSENGERS	NUMBER IN PROCESS PARTY	NUMBER IN PROCESS PASSENGERS	NUMBER VEHICLES
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
1	2	34	49	7
2	11	40	88	9
3	1	78	132	20
4	0	49	89	12

STATION SUMMARY

STN	PASSENGERS WAITING	PARTIES WAITING	VEHICLES IN STATION
---	-----	-----	-----
1	0	0	1
2	1	1	3
3	2	2	1
4	1	1	2
5	10	8	2
TOTALS	14	12	9

STATION LINK SUMMARY

STN	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	TYPE
1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1	5	0	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ
	3	8	0	0	IQ
	4	1	0	0	D
	5	1	0	0	D
	6	1	0	0	D
	7	8	0	0	QQ
	8	5	1	0	OR
	TOTALS	37	1	0	

FIGURE B-11. (2 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR RESTART CONDITIONS REPORT

STN 2	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	TYPE
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1	5	0	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ
	3	8	0	0	IQ
	4	1	1	0	D
	5	1	0	0	D
	6	1	0	0	D
	7	8	0	0	OQ
	8	5	0	0	OR
	TOTALS	37	1	0	
STN 3	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	TYPE
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1	5	0	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ
	3	8	0	0	IQ
	4	1	0	0	D
	5	1	0	0	D
	6	1	0	0	D
	7	8	1	0	OQ
	8	5	0	0	OR
	TOTALS	37	1	0	
STN 4	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	TYPE
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1	5	1	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ
	3	8	0	0	IQ
	4	1	0	0	D
	5	1	0	0	D
	6	1	0	0	D
	7	8	1	0	OQ
	8	5	0	0	OR
	TOTALS	37	2	0	
STN 5	LINK NUMBER	CAPACITY	TOTAL OCCUPANCY	TOTAL Q OCCUPANCY	TYPE
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
	1	5	0	0	IR
	2	8	0	0	IQ
	3	8	0	0	IQ
	4	1	0	0	D
	5	1	1	0	D
	6	1	0	0	D
	7	8	1	0	OQ
	8	5	0	0	OR
	TOTALS	37	2	0	

FIGURE B-11. (3 of 3) MODEL PROCESSOR RESTART CONDITIONS REPORT

DESM STANDARD REPDRT 1----PERFDRMANCE SUMMARY REPDRT

RESOURCE UTILIZATIDN

--SYSTEM RELATED--	
PERFDRMANCE SUMMARY REQUEST INTERVAL (SEC)	3600.000
NUMBER DF VEHICLES REQUIRED	48.000
VEHICLE CAPACITY (PASSENGERS)	20.000
AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS / VEHICLE	8.795
AVERAGE NUMBER DF PASSENGERS / REVENUE SERVICE VEHICLE	9.447
MAXIMUM AVERAGE OF THE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS / REVENUE SERVICE VEHICLE	11.891
AVERAGE PRDPDRITDN DF VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE	0.840
AVERAGE PRDPDRITDN DF VEHICLES DEADHEADING	0.055
AVERAGE PROPORITDN DF VEHICLES IN STORAGE	0.105
PASSENGERS SERVED / VEHICLE HDUR	45.987
--GUIDEWAY RELATED--	
AVERAGE PRDPDRITDN DF VEHICLES DN GUIDEWAY	0.783
AVERAGE DISTANCE TRAVELLED / VEHICLE (KM/VEH)	41.311
TDTAL VEHICLE DISTANCE TRAVELLED / HDUR (KM/HR)	1982.940
TDTAL VEHICLE REVENUE SERVICE DISTANCE / HDUR (KM/HR)	1884.900
TOTAL PASSENGER DISTANCE TRAVELLED / HOUR (KM/HR)	18855.309
NUMBER DF VEHICLES LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINKS / HOUR	1169.000
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINKS / HOUR	1512.000
TDTAL REVENUE SERVICE VEHICLE HDURS	40.311
TOTAL DEADHEADING VEHICLE HOURS	2.658
--STATIDN RELATED--	
TDTAL NUMBER DF VEHICLES DISPATCHED	294.000
AVERAGE NUMBER DF PASSENGERS WAITING / STATION	9.485
MAXIMUM NUMBER DF PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATIONS	114.000
--RDUTE RELATED--	
AVERAGE NUMBER DF VEHICLES / ROUTE	12.000

PERFDRMANCE

--SYSTEM RELATED--	
AVERAGE DISTANCE / CDMPLETED TRIP (KM/TRP)	11.014
AVERAGE VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	14.999
AVERAGE TRIP TRAVEL SPEED (M/SEC)	13.188
AVERAGE PASSENGER DISTANCE / VEHICLE HOUR (KM/VHR)	438.819
AVERAGE PASSENGER DISTANCE / VEHICLE UNIT DISTANCE	9.509
--GUIDEWAY RELATED--	
MAXIMUM NUMBER DF VEHICLES QUEUED DN GUIDEWAY	1.000
AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED DN GUIDEWAY	0.004
AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY / QUEUED VEHICLE (SEC/V)	1.444

FIGURE B-12. (1 of 2) PERFORMANCE SUMMARY REPORT

AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY / VEHICLE (SEC/V)	0.011
MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY / QUEUED VEHICLE (SEC)	2.000
MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY / VEHICLE (SEC)	1.000
--STATION RELATED--	
AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS	0.0
AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES	0.0
AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT BERTHING AREAS	0.0
AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES	0.001
AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS	0.000
AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE AREAS	0.0
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS	0.0
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES	0.0
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT BERTHING AREAS	0.0
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES	1.000
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS	1.000
MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE AREAS	0.0
AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT RAMPS (SEC/V)	0.0
AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT QUEUES (SEC/V)	0.0
AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY AT BERTHING AREA (SEC/V)	0.0
AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT QUEUES (SEC/V)	0.017
AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT RAMPS (SEC/V)	0.003
AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY IN STORAGE AREAS (SEC/V)	0.0
MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT RAMPS (SEC)	0.0
MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT QUEUES (SEC)	0.0
MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY AT BERTHING AREAS (SEC)	0.0
MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT QUEUES (SEC)	2.000
MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT RAMPS (SEC)	1.000
MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY IN STORAGE AREAS (SEC)	0.0
AVERAGE FLOW RATE FROM BERTHING AREA (V/HR)	296.000
PROPORTION OF VEHICLES DENIED TIMELY ENTRY	0.0
AVERAGE STATION DELAY DUE TO MERGE CONFLICT RESOLUTION (SEC/V)	0.0
--ROUTE RELATED--	
AVERAGE SCHEDULE DEVIATION (SEC/V)	8.639
MAXIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION (SEC)	10.000
MINIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION (SEC)	1.000
AVERAGE INTER-DISPATCH TIME (SEC/V)	0.0
MAXIMUM INTER-DISPATCH TIME (SEC)	0.0
MINIMUM INTER-DISPATCH TIME (SEC)	0.0
LEVEL OF SERVICE	
TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING PASSENGERS	2050.000
TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS SERVED	1976.000
TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS COMPLETING TRIPS	1500.000
AVERAGE PASSENGER DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH (SEC/P)	108.325
MAXIMUM PASSENGER DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH (SEC)	403.000
AVERAGE ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME / COMPLETED TRIP (SEC/T)	821.039
AVERAGE EXCESS TRAVEL TIME / COMPLETED TRIP (SEC/T)	8.712
MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME / COMPLETED TRIP (SEC)	12.000
NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME <= T1	1500.000
NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME > T1 & <= T2	0.0
NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME > T2	0.0
NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME <= T1	772.000
NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME > T1 & <= T2	0.0
NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME > T2	0.0
AVERAGE NUMBER OF TRANSFERS / COMPLETED TRIPS	0.0
RATIO OF COMPLETED PASSENGER TRANSFERS TO TOTAL COMPLETED PASSENGERS	0.0
AVERAGE TRIP TIME DEMAND TO TRIP COMPLETION (SEC/T)	904.679

FIGURE B-12. (2 of 2) PERFORMANCE SUMMARY REPORT

DESM STANDARD REPORT 2----SYSTEM SUMMARY STATISTICS

SYSTEM-WIDE MEASUREMENTS

	TOTAL	AVERAGE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
VEHICLE FLEET SIZE	-	48.000	48.000	48.000
SEAT CAPACITY	-	960.000	960.000	960.000
SEAT AVAILABILITY	-	561.161	394.450	955.000
VEHICLE METERS TRAVELLED	1982940.00	-	0.0	74490.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.415	0.0	1.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS IN SYSTEM	-	458.278	79.000	628.000
PASSENGER METERS TRAVELLED	18855312.0	-	0.0	823440.000
PASSENGER WAIT TIME (SEC)	-	108.325	14.000	403.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	-	47.425	0.0	114.000
PERCENT COMPLETED TRANSFERS	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME / ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME	0.989	-	0.953	0.998
VEHICLE SPEED IN NETWORK--INCLUDING STATION TIME (M/SEC)	12.815	-	6.218	14.545
VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY--EXCLUDING STATION TIME (M/SEC)	14.999	-	14.984	15.000

STATION MEASUREMENTS (BY STATION)

	TOTAL	AVERAGE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
--STATION 1--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.190	0.0	7.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED:				
INPUT RAMP	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
INPUT QUEUES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
DOCKS	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
OUTPUT QUEUES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
OUTPUT RAMP	-	0.000	0.0	1.000
STORAGE	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE TIME IN STATION (SEC)	-	119.028	59.000	749.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS:				
ENTERING	346.000	-	0.0	34.000
EXITING	289.000	-	0.0	36.000
TRANSFERRING	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
WAITING	-	10.090	0.0	41.000
PASSENGER WAIT TIME	-	132.607	17.000	357.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--IN	-	0.636	0.0	1.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--OUT	-	0.581	0.025	1.000
--STATION 2--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	3.358	0.0	15.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED:				
INPUT RAMP	-	0.0	0.0	0.0

FIGURE B-13. (1 of 9) SYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

INPUT QUEUES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
DOCKS	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
OUTPUT QUEUES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
OUTPUT RAMP	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
STORAGE	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE TIME IN STATION (SEC)	-	246.143	61.000	1420.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS:				
ENTERING	418.000	-	0.0	37.000
EXITING	321.000	-	0.0	31.000
TRANSFERRING	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
WAITING	-	9.117	0.0	41.000
PASSENGER WAIT TIME	-	97.479	14.000	273.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--IN	-	0.539	0.0	1.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--OUT	-	0.438	0.050	0.900
--STATION 3--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.212	0.0	5.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED:				
INPUT RAMP	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
INPUT QUEUES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
DOCKS	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
OUTPUT QUEUES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
OUTPUT RAMP	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
STORAGE	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE TIME IN STATION (SEC)	-	81.358	58.000	376.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS:				
ENTERING	313.000	-	0.0	20.000
EXITING	347.000	-	0.0	28.000
TRANSFERRING	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
WAITING	-	6.577	0.0	27.000
PASSENGER WAIT TIME	-	102.948	22.000	323.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--IN	-	0.558	0.0	1.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--OUT	-	0.459	0.0	0.950
--STATION 4--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	2.999	0.0	15.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED:				
INPUT RAMP	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
INPUT QUEUES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
DOCKS	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
OUTPUT QUEUES	-	0.001	0.0	1.000
OUTPUT RAMP	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
STORAGE	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE TIME IN STATION (SEC)	-	139.286	64.000	852.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS:				
ENTERING	392.000	-	0.0	24.000
EXITING	343.000	-	0.0	39.000
TRANSFERRING	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
WAITING	-	6.813	0.0	27.000
PASSENGER WAIT TIME	-	90.263	17.000	239.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--IN	-	0.384	0.0	0.825
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--OUT	-	0.341	0.0	0.675
--STATION 5--				

FIGURE B-13. (2 of 9) SYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.656	0.0	6.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED:				
INPUT RAMP	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
INPUT QUEUES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
DOCKS	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
OUTPUT QUEUES	-	0.001	0.0	1.000
OUTPUT RAMP	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
STORAGE	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE TIME IN STATION (SEC)	-	75.564	58.000	270.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS:				
ENTERING	581.000	-	1.000	39.000
EXITING	200.000	-	0.0	16.000
TRANSFERRING	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
WAITING	-	14.828	0.0	59.000
PASSENGER WAIT TIME	-	116.664	18.000	403.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--IN	-	0.345	0.050	0.575
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--OUT	-	0.552	0.100	1.000

GUIDEWAY LINK MEASUREMENTS (BY LINK)

	TOTAL	AVERAGE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
	-----	-----	-----	-----
--LINK 1--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.146	0.0	3.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.005	0.0	0.013
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	12.738	0.0	52.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.556	0.118	0.886
BY ROUTE:				
1	-	0.582	0.100	1.000
2	-	0.708	0.0	1.000
3	-	0.457	0.0	0.800
--LINK 2--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	0.266	0.0	1.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.002	0.0	0.008
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	2.508	0.0	16.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.471	0.100	0.800
BY ROUTE:				
3	-	0.471	0.100	0.800
--LINK 3--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.257	0.0	3.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.005	0.0	0.013

FIGURE B-13. (3 of 9) SYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000		15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	13.607	0.0	44.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.541	0.024	0.792
BY ROUTE:				
1	-	0.602	0.0	1.000
2	-	0.553	0.0	0.950
3	-	0.477	0.100	0.771
--LINK 4--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	3.051	0.0	5.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.005	0.0	0.008
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	32.628	0.0	76.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.535	0.025	0.776
BY ROUTE:				
1	-	0.598	0.0	1.000
2	-	0.528	0.0	0.909
3	-	0.481	0.206	0.710
--LINK 5--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	2.063	0.0	4.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.003	0.0	0.007
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	22.051	0.0	62.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.534	0.0	0.819
BY ROUTE:				
1	-	0.605	0.0	1.000
3	-	0.469	0.206	0.710
--LINK 6--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	0.758	0.0	2.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.003	0.0	0.009
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	8.168	0.0	33.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.539	0.0	0.831
BY ROUTE:				
1	-	0.624	0.0	1.000
3	-	0.458	0.100	0.800
--LINK 7--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	0.0	0.0	0.0

FIGURE B-13. (4 of 9) SYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
BY ROUTE:				
--LINK 8--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.046	0.0	2.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.001	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.005	0.0	0.009
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	14.992	-	14.810	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	8.991	0.0	30.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.430	0.050	0.815
BY ROUTE:				
1	-	0.511	0.100	0.950
3	-	0.376	0.0	0.893
--LINK 9--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	2.560	0.0	5.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.011	0.0	0.022
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	25.724	0.0	81.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.502	0.050	0.801
BY ROUTE:				
1	-	0.505	0.100	0.850
2	-	0.693	0.0	1.000
3	-	0.402	0.0	0.735
4	-	0.590	0.0	1.000
--LINK 10--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	0.814	0.0	3.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.001	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.007	0.0	0.024
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	14.974	-	14.659	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	7.526	0.0	39.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.462	0.050	0.825
BY ROUTE:				
2	-	0.693	0.0	1.000
3	-	0.403	0.010	0.750
--LINK 11--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	2.566	0.0	5.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.000	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.011	0.0	0.022
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	14.998	-	14.952	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	23.922	0.0	75.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.466	0.0	0.769
BY ROUTE:				
1	-	0.571	0.100	1.000
2	-	0.695	0.0	1.000

FIGURE B-13. (5 of 9) SYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

3	-	0.413	0.0	0.736
4	-	0.396	0.0	0.887
--LINK 12--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	7.071	0.0	10.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.012	0.0	0.017
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	65.919	0.0	137.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.466	0.0	0.730
BY ROUTE:				
1	-	0.577	0.120	1.000
2	-	0.589	0.050	0.918
3	-	0.410	0.050	0.691
4	-	0.390	0.0	0.739
--LINK 13--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	3.744	0.0	5.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.006	0.0	0.008
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	29.536	0.0	74.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.394	0.0	0.707
BY ROUTE:				
2	-	0.456	0.0	0.900
3	-	0.389	0.050	0.812
4	-	0.373	0.0	0.739
--LINK 14--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.394	0.0	3.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.006	0.0	0.013
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	10.780	0.0	52.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.387	0.0	0.835
BY ROUTE:				
2	-	0.442	0.0	0.900
3	-	0.387	0.050	0.851
4	-	0.364	0.0	0.800
--LINK 15--				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
BY ROUTE:				

FIGURE B-13. (6 of 9) SYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

--LINK 16--

NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.642	0.0	3.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.007	0.0	0.013
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	11.079	0.0	40.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.337	0.054	0.587
BY ROUTE:				
2	-	0.403	0.0	1.000
3	-	0.316	0.0	0.782
4	-	0.326	0.0	1.000

--LINK 17--

NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
BY ROUTE:				

--LINK 18--

NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.618	0.0	3.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.007	0.0	0.013
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	11.050	0.0	40.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.342	0.099	0.640
BY ROUTE:				
2	-	0.403	0.0	1.000
3	-	0.318	0.004	0.900
4	-	0.333	0.022	1.000

--LINK 19--

NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
BY ROUTE:				

--LINK 20--

NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	1.667	0.0	3.000
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FIGURE B-13. (7 of 9) SYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.0	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.007	0.0	0.013
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	15.000	-	15.000	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	18.245	0.0	51.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.547	0.107	0.847
BY ROUTE:				
2	-	0.647	0.0	1.000
3	-	0.423	0.0	0.800
4	-	0.608	0.0	1.000

--LINK 21--

NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	4.130	0.0	5.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.001	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.007	0.0	0.008
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	14.996	-	14.925	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	44.705	0.0	82.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.541	0.178	0.831
BY ROUTE:				
2	-	0.659	0.0	1.000
3	-	0.409	0.0	0.710
4	-	0.599	0.096	0.982

--LINK 22--

NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	0.790	0.0	1.000
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	0.000	0.0	0.0
VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY	-	0.001	0.0	0.002
VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)	14.995	-	14.925	15.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	7.997	0.0	18.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.506	0.0	0.900
BY ROUTE:				
2	-	0.506	0.0	0.900

ROUTE MEASUREMENTS (BY ROUTE)

	TOTAL	AVERAGE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
--ROUTE 1--				
VEHICLE FLEET SIZE	-	7.000	0.0	7.000
SEAT CAPACITY	-	140.000	140.000	140.000
SEAT AVAILABILITY	-	65.556	21.800	140.000
VEHICLE METERS TRAVELLED	291870.000	-	0.0	12510.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.532	0.0	1.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	74.444	0.0	126.000
PASSENGER METERS TRAVELLED	3410010.00	-	0.0	211650.000
PASSENGER WAIT TIME (SEC)	-	121.000	16.000	323.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	-	14.189	0.0	47.000
PERCENT TRANSFERS TO ROUTE	0.0	-	0.0	0.0

FIGURE B-13. (8 of 9) SYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME / ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME	0.987	-	0.953	0.994
VEHICLE SPEED IN NETWORK--INCLUDING STATION TIME (M/SEC)	13.308	-	6.104	14.575
VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY--EXCLUDING STATION TIME (M/SEC)	14.998	-	14.953	15.000

--ROUTE 2--

VEHICLE FLEET SIZE	-	9.000	0.0	9.000
SEAT CAPACITY	-	180.000	180.000	180.000
SEAT AVAILABILITY	-	91.364	49.150	179.310
VEHICLE METERS TRAVELLED	383070.000	-	0.0	16155.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.492	0.0	1.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	88.636	1.000	131.000
PASSENGER METERS TRAVELLED	4311180.00	-	0.0	221460.000
PASSENGER WAIT TIME (SEC)	-	149.156	19.000	403.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	-	12.640	0.0	38.000
PERCENT TRANSFERS TO ROUTE	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME / ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME	0.990	-	0.985	0.994
VEHICLE SPEED IN NETWORK--INCLUDING STATION TIME (M/SEC)	12.961	-	6.212	15.000
VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY--EXCLUDING STATION TIME (M/SEC)	14.998	-	14.964	15.000

--ROUTE 3--

VEHICLE FLEET SIZE	-	20.000	0.0	20.000
SEAT CAPACITY	-	400.000	400.000	400.000
SEAT AVAILABILITY	-	262.750	191.500	399.190
VEHICLE METERS TRAVELLED	812700.000	-	0.0	31635.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.343	0.0	0.899
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	137.250	11.000	214.000
PASSENGER METERS TRAVELLED	6757785.00	-	0.0	311955.000
PASSENGER WAIT TIME (SEC)	-	80.751	14.000	191.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	-	8.338	0.0	50.000
PERCENT TRANSFERS TO ROUTE	0.0	-	0.0	0.0
NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME / ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME	0.994	-	0.987	0.998
VEHICLE SPEED IN NETWORK--INCLUDING STATION TIME (M/SEC)	12.307	-	5.718	14.709
VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY--EXCLUDING STATION TIME (M/SEC)	14.999	-	14.985	15.000

--ROUTE 4--

VEHICLE FLEET SIZE	-	12.000	0.0	12.000
SEAT CAPACITY	-	240.000	240.000	240.000
SEAT AVAILABILITY	-	141.491	89.160	236.500
VEHICLE METERS TRAVELLED	495300.000	-	0.0	16020.000
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	0.410	0.0	1.000
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	98.509	5.000	150.000

FIGURE B-13. (9 of 9) SYSTEM SUMMARY REPORT

DESM STATION-TO-STATION PERFORMANCE MEASURES
INITIAL WAIT TIME (SECS)

ORIGIN STATION	DESTINATION STATION					ALL	
	1	2	3	4	5		
1	0.	5372.	2617.	4579.	2390.	14958.	TOTAL
	0.0	111.92	124.62	134.68	132.78	123.62	AVERAGE
	0.0	58.80	55.16	59.65	58.67	59.27	STD. DEV.
	0.	238.	227.	238.	222.	238.	MAXIMUM
	0.	18.	17.	25.	39.	0.	MINIMUM
2	3436.	0.	4335.	2669.	4019.	14459.	TOTAL
	104.12	0.0	114.08	83.41	77.29	93.28	AVERAGE
	50.99	0.0	44.94	35.51	35.99	44.50	STD. DEV.
	256.	0.	188.	138.	140.	256.	MAXIMUM
	19.	0.	16.	14.	19.	0.	MINIMUM
3	3085.	3671.	0.	4798.	0.	11554.	TOTAL
	128.54	114.72	0.0	71.61	0.0	93.93	AVERAGE
	66.25	49.28	0.0	26.90	0.0	50.00	STD. DEV.
	323.	190.	0.	122.	0.	323.	MAXIMUM
	22.	26.	0.	22.	0.	0.	MINIMUM
4	5349.	1953.	5509.	0.	2147.	14958.	TOTAL
	140.76	72.33	76.51	0.0	76.68	90.65	AVERAGE
	57.68	37.13	29.82	0.0	35.21	48.41	STD. DEV.
	239.	136.	132.	0.	130.	239.	MAXIMUM
	41.	17.	19.	0.	28.	0.	MINIMUM
5	7003.	5785.	4523.	4510.	0.	21821.	TOTAL
	184.29	81.48	88.69	93.96	0.0	104.91	AVERAGE
	103.98	36.45	52.25	48.12	0.0	71.16	STD. DEV.
	403.	141.	220.	218.	0.	403.	MAXIMUM
	19.	18.	20.	24.	0.	0.	MINIMUM
ALL	18873.	16781.	16984.	16556.	8556.	77750.	TOTAL
	141.90	94.28	93.32	91.47	87.31	100.71	AVERAGE
	79.86	49.04	47.01	47.78	46.25	57.78	STD. DEV.
	403.	238.	227.	238.	222.	403.	MAXIMUM
	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	MINIMUM

FIGURE B-14. STATION-TO-STATION PERFORMANCE MEASURES

TABLE B-1. RAW STATISTICS (Page 1 of 8)

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*****
*      DESM RAW STATISTICS USED IN COMPUTING THE PERFORMANCE SUMMARY      *
*      MEASURE AND SYSTEM SUMMARY STATISTICS                             *
*      ** ALL TIME VALUES IN CLOCK UNITS                               *
*      ** ALL DISTANCES IN METERS                                       *
*****
-----
XREF #      DESCRIPTION                                                    VARIABLE
-----
SYSTEM CONSTANTS

NUMBER OF GUIDEWAY LINKS                                                    NUML
NUMBER OF STATIONS                                                         NUMS
NUMBER OF STATION LINKS                                                    NUMSL
NUMBER OF ROUTES                                                            NUMR
NUMBER OF ROUTE GROUPS                                                     NUMRG
CLOCK UNITS/MINUTE                                                         CSIZE
SAMPLING INTERVAL (C.U.)                                                  CSAMPL
VEHICLE CAPACITY                                                            VCAP
VEHICLE SEAT CAPACITY                                                       VSEAT
SL GENERIC TYPE DESIGNATIONS                                               KTYPE
FLEET SIZE                                                                  KNFLT
HISTOGRAM CUTOFF VALUES                                                    PHIST1
                                                                              PHIST2

      --SYSTEM WIDE STATISTICS--

SYSTEM DATA

1      TIME INTEGRAL OF REVENUE SERVICE VEHICLES                          ZTTIRV
2      TIME INTEGRAL OF DEADHEADING VEHICLES                             ZTTIDH
3      TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES IN STORAGE                               ZTTISV
4      TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS ON VEHICLES                                 ZTTITV
5      TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES                           ZPTITV
6      TIME INTEGRAL SEATED PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES                       ZTSEAT
7      SUM TIMES DEMAND TO COMPLETION FOR COMPLETED                      ZTSDCS
      TRIPS
8      MAXIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT                               ZTXRRT
9      MINIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT                               ZTHRRT
10     SUM OF PASSENGER DISTANCE TRAVELLED ON GUIDEWAY                   ZDTDST
11     SUM OF VEHICLE DEADHEADING DISTANCE                               ZDDDST
12     SUM OF REVENUE SERVICE DISTANCE                                   ZDRDST
13     UNDEFINED
14     UNDEFINED
15     UNDEFINED
16     CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS ON VEHICLES                                ZNTOV
17     CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES                          ZNPOV
18     CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE                     ZNVRVS
19     CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES DEADHEADING                           ZNVDEH
20     CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STORAGE                             ZNVSTO
      --COMPLETED TRIPS HISTORAM VALUES
21     # TRIPS EXCESS TRAVEL TT <= PHIST1                                ZNTT1
22     # TRIPS EXCESS TRAVEL TT >PHIST1 & <=PHIST2                     ZNTT2
23     # TRIPS EXCESS TRAVEL TIME >PHIST2                                ZNTT3

      --COMPLETED PASSENGER HISTOGRAM VALUES
24     # PASSENGERS EXCESS TRAVEL TT <= PHIST1                          ZNPP1
25     # PASSENGERS EXCESS TRAVEL TT >PHIST1 & <=PHIST2                ZNPP2
26     # PASSENGERS EXCESS TRAVEL TIME >PHIST2                          ZNPP3

27     TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE                       ZTVRVS
28     TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES DEADHEADING                             ZTVDEH

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TABLE B-1. RAW STATISTICS (Page 2 of 8)

XREF #	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
29	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STORAGE	ZTVSTO
30	TOTAL PASSENGERS SERVED EXCLUDING ARRIVING XFERS	ZTPSVD
31	MAXIMUM FLEET SIZE	ZTXFLT
32	MINIMUM FLEET SIZE	ZTMFLT
33	CURRENT NUMBER OF SEATED PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	ZNPSV
34	MINIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	ZTMVLF
35	MAXIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	ZTXVLF
36	UNDEFINED	
STATION-WIDE STATISTICS		
37	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES IN STATIONS	ZTVTIS
38	TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS WAITING IN STATIONS	ZTTTTIS
39	TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATIONS	ZTPTIS
40	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES ON INPUT RAMPS	ZVTIIR
41	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES ON INPUT QUEUES	ZVTIIQ
42	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES AT DOCKS	ZVTIDK
43	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES ON OUTPUT QUEUES	ZVTIOQ
44	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES ON OUTPUT RAMPS	ZVTIOR
45	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES IN STATION STORAGES	ZVTIST
46	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS	ZQTIIR
47	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES	ZQTIQ
48	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT DOCKS	ZQTIK
49	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES	ZQTIQ
50	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS	ZQTIOR
51	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGES	ZQTIIST
52	SUM OF TIMES IN STATIONS FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZTVSTS
53	MAXIMUM TIME IN A STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZTVMTS
54	SUM OF TIME FOR MERGE CONFLICT RESOLUTIONS	ZVTMC
55	MAX DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR ANY TRIP GROUP	ZTTDXS
56	SUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR TRIPS	ZTSDS
57	MAX DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH ANY PASSENGER	ZTPDXS
58	SUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR PASSENGERS	ZTPSDS
59	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTTSAS
60	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTTSNS
61	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTMETS
62	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COALESCED TRIPS	ZTTCAS
63	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COALESCED TRIPS	ZTTCNS
64	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT RAMP	ZDTIR
65	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT QUEUES	ZDTIQ
66	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING DOCKS	ZDTDK
67	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT QUEUES	ZDIOQ
68	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT RAMPS	ZDTOR
69	TOTAL Q DELAY VEHICLES LEAVING STORAGE AREAS	ZDTST
70	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME FOR COALESCED TRIPS	ZTMCES
71	MINIMUM TIME DEMAND TO DISPATCH PASSENGERS	ZTPDMS
72	MINIMUM TIME IN ANY STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZTVNTS
73	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING IR QUEUE	ZXDIR
74	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING IQ QUEUE	ZXDIO
75	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING DK QUEUE	ZXDDK
76	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING OQ QUEUE	ZXDOQ
77	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING OR QUEUE	ZXDOR
78	MAXIMUM TIME FOR VEHICLES LEAVING ST QUEUE	ZXDST
79	TOTAL DISTANCE TRAVELLED FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTTDST
80	TOTAL STATION DISTANCE FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZTSDST
81	UNDEFINED	
82	UNDEFINED	

TABLE B-1. RAW STATISTICS (Page 3 of 8)

XREF #	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
83	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING STATIONS	ZTVNES
84	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATIONS	ZTVNLS
85	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATIONS	ZTVNIS
86	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES DENIED TIMELY ENTRY	ZTVALT
87	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LAUNCHED FROM STATIONS	ZTVNLN
88	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN ANY STATION	ZTVMNS
89	CURRENT # OF TRIPS IN STATIONS INCLUDING THOSE ON VEHICLES IN STATIONS	ZTTNIS
90	TOTAL # OF TRIPS REJECTED (BOARDING Q CAPACITY)	ZTTNRS
91	TOTAL # OF TRIPS DISPATCHED FROM STATIONS	ZTTNDS
92	CURRENT # PASSENGERS IN STATIONS INCLUDING THOSE ON VEHICLES IN STATION	ZTPNIS
93	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS REJECTED (BOARDING Q CAPACITY)	ZTPNRS
94	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS DISPATCHED FROM STATIONS - EXCLUDING TRANSFERS	ZTPNDS
95	TOTAL # OF UNSATISFIED EMPTY REQUESTS	ZTVREQ
96	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED ON CIRCUITOUS RTES	ZTVEDC
97	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO LOCAL STORAGES	ZTVELS
98	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO REGIONAL CNTRS	ZTVERC
99	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPA- TED NEED (NOT CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION)	ZTVBAN
100	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPA- TED NEED (CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION)	ZTVENB
101	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED OUTSTANDING REQ	ZTVEDR
102	TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED	ZTVED
103	TOTAL # OF TRIPS ENTERING STATIONS INCLUDING TRANSFERS & REJECTIONS FOR CAPACITY	ZTTNES
104	TOTAL # OF TRIPS SERVED IN STATIONS	ZTTNLS
105	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS SERVED IN STATIONS	ZTPNLS
106	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ENTERING STATIONS INCLU- DING TRANSFERS AND THOSE REJECTED FOR CAPACITY	ZTPNES
107	TOTAL # OF TRIPS COMPLETED AT STATIONS	ZTTNCS
108	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS COMPLETED AT STATIONS	ZTPNCS
109	TOTAL # OF COALESCED TRIPS COMPLETED AT STATIONS	ZTTCNC
110	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING TRANSFERS AT STATIONS	ZTTSXS
111	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRANSFERS FOR ANY COMPLETED TRIP	ZTTMXS
112	TOTAL # OF TRIPS ARRIVING AT STATIONS & ENTERING BOARDING QUEUE INCLUDING TRANSFERS	ZTNTAR
113	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ARRIVING AT STATIONS & ENTERING BOARDING QUEUE INCLUDING TRANSFERS	ZTNPAR
114	CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING AT STATIONS	ZTNTWT
115	MAX NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING IN ALL STATIONS	ZTXTWT
116	CURRENT NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATIONS	ZTNPWT
117	MAX NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING IN ALL STATIONS	ZTXPWT
118	TOTAL # OF SPLIT TRIPS CREATED (SUBGROUPS)	ZTTNSS
119	TOTAL # OF COMPLETED TRIP SUBGROUPS AT STATIONS	ZTTNGS
120	TOTAL # OF ENTPAINED VEHICLES LEAVING STATIONS	ZTVNNS
121	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON INPUT RAMPS	ZMOIR
122	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON INPUT QUEUES	ZMOIO
123	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES AT DOCKS	ZMODK
124	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON OUTPUT QUEUES	ZMOOQ
125	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON OUTPUT RAMPS	ZMOOR
126	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STORAGE AREAS	ZMOST
127	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS	ZMQIR
128	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES	ZMQIQ

TABLE B-1. RAW STATISTICS (Page 4 of 8)

XREF #	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
129	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT DOCKS	ZMODK
130	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES	ZMQOQ
131	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMP	ZMQOR
132	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE	ZMOST
133	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT RAMP	ZNQIR
134	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING INPUT QUEUES	ZNQIQ
135	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING DOCKS	ZNQDK
136	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT QUEUES	ZNQOQ
137	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING OUTPUT RAMP	ZNQOR
138	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES LEAVING STORAGE AREAS	ZNOST
139	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING INPUT RAMP	ZNEIR
140	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING INPUT QUEUES	ZNEIQ
141	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING DOCKS	ZNEDK
142	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING OUTPUT QUEUES	ZNEOQ
143	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING OUTPUT RAMP	ZNEOR
144	TOTAL NUMBER VEHICLES ENTERING STORAGE AREAS	ZNEST
145	TOTAL NUMBER EMPTIES REQUESTED NON-LOCAL STORE	ZTVRNT
146	TOTAL NUMBER EMPTIES REQUESTED LOCAL STORE	ZTVRLS
147	TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSFERS COMPLETED TRIPS	ZTTTYS
148	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGER TRANSFERS FOR COMPLETED TRIPS (# XFERS X # PASSENGERS)	ZTTPXS
149	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATIONS	ZTMPWT
150	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED INPUT RAMP	ZTMQIR
151	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED INPUT QUEUES	ZTMQIQ
152	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED DOCK AREAS	ZTMQDK
153	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED OUTPUT QUEUES	ZTMQOQ
154	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED OUTPUT RAMP	ZTMQOR
155	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES QUEUED STORAGE AREAS	ZTMOST
156	TOTAL # OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS HAVING TRANSFERRED AT LEAST ONCE	ZTYFER
157	UNDEFINED	
158	UNDEFINED	
GUIDEWAY LINK STATISTICS		
159	MAX AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY/VEH FOR ANY LINK	ZTODV
160	MAX AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY/QUEUED VEH FOR ANY LINK	ZTODQV
161	SUM OF GUIDEWAY LINK HEADWAY TIMES	GTHDWY
162	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE OCCUPANCY ON GUIDEWAY	ZTTIOL
163	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE Q OCCUPANCY ON GUIDEWAY	ZTTIOL
164	TIME INTEGRAL PASSENGERS ON GUIDEWAY	ZTTIPL
165	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK TRAVEL TIMES ON GUIDEWAY	ZTTTSL
166	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK DISTANCES ON GUIDEWAY	ZTDSCL
167	UNDEFINED	
168	UNDEFINED	
169	UNDEFINED	
170	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING GUIDEWAY	ZTVNOL
171	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON GUIDEWAY	ZTVNOL
172	MAXIMUM TIME OF VEHICLE OCCUPANCY FOR VEHICLES CURRENTLY QUEUED ON ANY GUIDEWAY LINK	ZTMTQL
173	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON THE GUIDEWAY	ZTMNOL
174	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING ALL GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTNEL
175	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING ALL GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTNLL
176	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTRAINED ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTNVEL
177	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES DETRAINED ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTNVDL
178	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON ANY LINK	ZTMNQL

TABLE B-1. RAW STATISTICS (Page 5 of 8)

XREF #	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
179	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINK QUEUES	ZTNLOL
180	MAXIMUM TIME DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING ANY Q	ZTMDQL
181	SUM OF DELAY FOR VEH LEAVING GUIDEWAY QUEUES	ZTSDQL
182	TOTAL GUIDEWAY CAPACITY	GTCAP
183	MINIMUM NUMBER VEHICLES OCCUPYING ANY LINK	ZTMXOL
184	MAXIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON ANY LINK	ZTGXPL
185	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON ANY LINK	ZTGMPL
186	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZTGNPL
187	UNDEFINED	
188	UNDEFINED	
ROUTE STATISTICS		
189	TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS ON ALL ROUTES	ZTTSTI
190	TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS ON ALL ROUTES	ZTPSTI
191	MAXIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ANY ROUTE	ZTVMDV
192	SUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ALL ROUTES	ZTVT DV
193	SUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ALL ROUTES	ZTTIDT
194	MAXIMUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ANY ROUTE	ZTXIDT
195	MINIMUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ANY ROUTE	ZTMIDT
196	MINIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ANY ROUTE	ZTVX DV
197	UNDEFINED	
198	UNDEFINED	
199	UNDEFINED	
200	TOTAL # OF TRIPS SERVED ON ROUTES	ZTTSER
201	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS SERVED ON ROUTES	ZTPSER
202	CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS TRAVELLING ALL ROUTES	ZTTNO
203	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS TRAVELLING ROUTES	ZTPNO
204	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES DISPATCHED ON ALL ROUTES	ZTVDIS
205	UNDEFINED	
206	UNDEFINED	
207	UNDEFINED	
--STATION-WIDE STATISTICS-- (ONE RECORD/STATION)		
208	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVTIS
209	TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS WAITING IN STATION	ZSTTIS
210	TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS WAITING IN STATION	ZSP TIS
211	SUM OF TIMES FOR VEHICLES LEAVING STATION	ZSVSTS
212	MAXIMUM TIME IN STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVMTS
213	SUM OF TIMES FOR MERGE CONFLICT RESOLUTION	ZSVTMC
214	MAX DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR ANY TRIP GROUP (= DELAY * # PASSENGERS)	ZSPDXS
215	SUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR ALL TRIPS	ZSTSDS
216	MAX DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR ANY PASSENGER (= MAX DELAY TRIP GROUP/# PASS IN GROUP)	ZSTDXS
217	SUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH ALL PASSENGERS	ZSPSDS
218	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZSTSAS
219	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZSTSNS
220	MAX EXCESS TRAVEL TIME FOR ANY COMPLETED TRIP	ZSMETS
221	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME FOR ALL COALESCED TRIPS	ZSTCAS
222	SUM OF NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME FOR COALESCED TRIPS	ZSTCNS
223	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME FOR A COALESCED TRIP	ZSMCES
224	MINIMUM TIME IN STATION FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVNTS
225	MINIMUM DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH FOR A PASSENGER	ZSPDMS
226	TOTAL DISTANCE TRAVELLED FOR ALL COMPLETING TRPS	ZSTDST

TABLE B-1. RAW STATISTICS (Page 6 of 8)

XREF #	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
227	UNDEFINED	
228	UNDEFINED	
229	UNDEFINED	
230	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING STATION	ZSVNES
231	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING STATION	ZSVNLS
232	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVNIS
233	TOTAL # VEHICLES DENIED TIMELY ENTRY	ZSVALT
234	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LAUNCHED FROM STATION	ZSVNLN
235	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVMNS
236	TOTAL # OF TRIPS IN STATION INCLUDING THOSE ON VEHICLES CCURRENTLY IN STATION	ZSTNIS
237	TOTAL # OF TRIPS REJECTED (BOARDING Q CAPACITY)	ZSTNRS
238	TOTAL # OF TRIPS DISPATCHED FROM STATION	ZSTNDS
239	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS IN STATION INCLUDING THOSE ON VEHICLES CURRENTLY IN STATION	ZSPNIS
240	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS REJECTED (BOARDING Q CAPA- CITY	ZSPNRS
241	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS DISPATCHED FROM STATION	ZSPNDS
242	TOTAL # OF UNSATISFIED EMPTY REQUESTS	ZSVREQ
243	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHD ON CIRCUITOUS RTES	ZSVEDC
244	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO LOCAL STORAGE	ZSVELS
245	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED TO REGIONAL CENTER	ZSVERC
246	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPA- TED NEED (NOT CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION)	ZSVEAN
247	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED BASED ON ANTICIPA- TED NEED (CONSIDERING CURRENT DISTRIBUTION)	ZSVENB
248	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED FCR UNSATISFD REQS	ZSVEDR
249	TOTAL NUMBER OF EMPTIES DISPATCHED FROM STATION	ZSVED
250	TOTAL # OF TRIPS ENTERING STATION INCLUDING TRANSFERS & THOSE REJECTED FOR CAPACITY	ZSTNES
251	TOTAL # OF TRIPS SERVED IN STATION	ZSTNLS
252	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS SERVED IN STATION	ZSPNLS
253	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ENTERING STATION INCLUDING TRANSFERS & THOSE REJECTED FOR CAPACITY	ZSPNES
254	TOTAL # OF TRIPS COMPLETED AT STATION	ZSTNCS
255	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS COMPLETED AT STATION	ZSPNCS
256	TOTAL # OF COALESCED TRIPS COMPLETED AT STATION	ZSTCNC
257	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING TRANSFERS AT STATION	ZSTXS
258	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRANSFERS FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZSTMXS
259	TOTAL # OF TRIPS ARRIVING & ENTERING BOARDING Q	ZSNTAR
260	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ARRIVING & ENTERING BOARD- ING QUEUE	ZSNPAR
261	CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING AT STATION	ZSNTWT
262	MAX NUMBER OF TRIPS WAITING AT STATION	ZSYTWT
263	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING AT STATION	ZSNPWT
264	MAX NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING AT STATION	ZSXPWT
265	TOTAL # OF SPLIT TRIPS CREATED	ZSTNSS
266	TOTAL # OF COMPLETED TRIP SUBGROUPS	ZSTNGS
267	TOTAL # OF ENTRAINED VEHICLES LEAVING STATION	ZSVNNS
268	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES REQUESTED NON-LOCAL STORAGE	ZSVRNT
269	TOTAL # OF EMPTIES REQUESTED LOCAL STORAGE	ZSVRLS
270	TOTAL NUMBER OF TRANSFERS FOR COMPLETED TRIPS	ZSTTXS
271	TOTAL NUMBER PASSENGER XFRS COMPLETED TRIPS (= TOTAL XFRS FOR TRIP X # PASSENGERS)	ZSTPXS
272	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS WAITING AT STATION	ZSNPWT
273	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS ENTERING STATION FROM GDWY	ZSNPEG
274	TOTAL # OF PASSENGERS EXITING STATION TO GDWY	ZSNPLG
275	MINIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES IN STATION	ZSVXNS

TABLE B-1. RAW STATISTICS (Page 7 of 8)

XREF #	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
--STATION LINK STATISTICS-- (ONE RECORD/STATION LINK - FOR EACH STATION)		
276	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVAN
277	AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVAT
278	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE OCCUPANCY	ZSVTI
279	SUM OF TIME FOR VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVST
280	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANY VEHICLE OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVMT
281	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING LINK	ZSVNE
282	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING THE LINK	ZSVNL
283	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVNI
284	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZSVMN
285	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING QUEUE	ZSVAN
286	AVERAGE TIME IN QUEUE FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVAT
287	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE QUEUE OCCUPANCY	ZSVTI
288	SUM OF QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVST
289	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZSVMT
290	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING QUEUE	ZSVNE
291	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING THE QUEUE	ZSVNL
292	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING QUEUE	ZSVNI
293	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING QUEUE	ZSVMN
294	MINIMUM NUMBER OCCUPYING LINK	ZSMXQ
295	MINIMUM NUMBER OCCUPYING LINK QUEUE	ZSMXQ
--GUIDEWAY LINK STATISTICS-- (ONE RECORD/GUIDEWAY LINK)		
296	GUIDEWAY LINK HEADWAY	GLHDWY
297	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE OCCUPANCY	ZGTIOL
298	TIME INTEGRAL OF VEHICLE QUEUE OCCUPANCY	ZGTIQL
299	TIME INTEGRAL PASSENGERS ON LINK	ZGTIPL
300	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK TRAVEL TIMES	ZGTSCS
301	SUM OF COMPLETED LINK DISTANCES	ZGDSCL
302	UNDEFINED	
303	UNDEFINED	
304	UNDEFINED	
305	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZGVNOL
306	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING QUEUE	ZGVNQL
307	MAXIMUM TIME OF OCCUPANCY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZGMTOL
308	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON THE LINK	ZGMNOL
309	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTERING THE LINK	ZGNEI
310	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING THE LINK	ZGNLI
311	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES ENTRAINED ON LINK	ZGNVEL
312	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES DETRAINED ON LINK	ZGNVDL
313	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON LINK	ZGMNQL
314	TOTAL # OF VEHICLES LEAVING QUEUE	ZGNLQL
315	MAXIMUM TIME DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING QUEUE	ZGMDQL
316	SUM OF DELAY FOR VEHICLES LEAVING QUEUE	ZGSDQL
317	GUIDEWAY LINK STATUS	ZGSTAL
318	GUIDEWAY LINK CAPACITY	GLCAP
319	MINIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES OCCUPYING LINK	ZGMXOL
320	MAXIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON LINK	ZGXPL
321	MINIMUM NUMBER PASSENGERS ON GUIDEWAY LINKS	ZGMPL
322	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ON GUIDEWAY LINK	ZGNPL
323	UNDEFINED	
324	UNDEFINED	

TABLE B-1. RAW STATISTICS (Page 8 of 8)

XREF #	DESCRIPTION	VARIABLE
--ROUTE STATISTICS--		
(ONE RECORD/ACTIVE ROUTE)		
325	TIME INTEGRAL OF TRIPS ON ROUTE	ZRTSTI
326	TIME INTEGRAL OF PASSENGERS ON ROUTE	ZRPSTI
327	TIME INTEGRAL VEHICLES IN SERVICE ON ROUTE	ZRTIVP
328	TIME INTEGRAL SEATED PASSENGERS CN ROUTE	ZRTISP
329	TIME INTEGRAL PASSENGERS WAITING ON ROUTE	ZRTIPW
330	MINIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ROUTE	ZRVXDV
331	SUM ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME COMPLETED TRIPS ON ROUTE	ZRTSAS
332	SUM NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME COMPLETED TRIPS ON ROUTE	ZRTSNS
333	MAXIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	ZRXRTT
334	MINIMUM RATIO NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	ZRMRTT
335	SUM VEHICLE TIMES ON GUIDEWAY	ZRGVST
336	SUM TIME IN STATIONS FOR VEHICLES LEAVING	ZRSVTS
337	SUM TIME PASSENGERS DEMAND TO DISPATCH	ZRPSDS
338	MAXIMUM PASSENGER TIME DEMAND TO DISPATCH	ZRPDXS
339	MINIMUM PASSENGER TIME DEMAND TO DISPATCH	ZRPDMS
340	MAXIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ROUTE	ZRVMDV
341	SUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION FOR ROUTE	ZRVTDV
342	SUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ROUTE	ZRTIDT
343	MAXIMUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ROUTE	ZRXIDT
344	MINIMUM INTERDISPATCH TIME FOR ROUTE	ZRMIDT
345	SUM VEHICLE DISTANCE ON GUIDEWAY	ZRGVSD
346	SUM PASSENGER DISTANCE TRAVELLED	ZRPDST
347	TOTAL DISTANCE TRAVELLED BY VEH LEAVING STNS	ZRSdst
348	UNDEFINED	
349	UNDEFINED	
350	TOTAL # OF TRIPS SERVED ON ROUTE	ZRTSER
351	NUMBER OF PASSENGERS SERVED ON ROUTE	ZRPSEr
352	CURRENT NUMBER OF TRIPS TRAVELLING ROUTE	ZRTNO
353	CURRENT NUMBER OF PASSENGERS TRAVELLING ROUTE	ZRPNO
354	NUMBER OF VEHICLES DISPATCHED ON ROUTE	ZRVDIS
355	MAXIMUM FLEET SIZE	ZRXFLT
356	MINIMUM FLEET SIZE	ZRMFLT
357	TOTAL # OF ARRIVING TRANSFER PASSENGERS	ZRTSXS
358	TOTAL # OF ARRIVING PASSENGERS	ZRNPAR
359	TOTAL # OF COMPLETED PASSENGERS	ZRNPCS
360	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	ZRNpWT
361	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	ZRXpWT
362	MINIMUM NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING	ZRMPWT
363	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS DISPATCHED	ZRPNDs
364	CURRENT NUMBER OF SEATED PASSENGERS ON VEHICLES	ZRNPSV
365	CURRENT NUMBER OF VEHICLES ON ROUTE	PNVrTE
366	MINIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	ZRMVLF
367	MAXIMUM VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	ZRXVLF
368	UNDEFINED	
--LINK-ROUTE STATISTICS--		
(ONE RECCRD/ROUTE---FOR EACH LINK)		
LINK 1, ROUTE 1		
LINK 1, ROUTE 2 ETC.)		
369	TIME INTEGRAL VEHICLE OCCUPANCY GDWY LINK, RTE	ZRTIVL
370	TIME INTEGRAL PASSENGER OCCUPANCY GDWY LINK, RTE	ZRTIPL

TABLE B-2. DERIVATIONS OF PERFORMANCE SUMMARY MEASURES (Page 1 of 4)

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*****
*      ---DESM PERFORMANCE SUMMARY MEASURE DERIVATIONS---
*      EACH MEASURE IS DEFINED IN TERMS OF SYSTEM LEVEL STATISTICS
*      IDENTIFIED BY ( ) IN EACH DERIVATION WHICH FOLLOWS THE DESCRIP-
*      TION OF EACH REQUIRED MEASURE. THE APPRIOPRIATE STATISTIC OR
*      STATISTICS USED IN EACH DERIVATION CAN BE DETERMINED BY USING
*      THE NUMBERS IN ( ) AS A CROSS REFERENCE TO THE MEASURES IDENTI-
*      FIED IN THE LIST OF RAW STATISTICS. THE INDICATION OF A SUM IN
*      A PARTICULAR DERIVATION IMPLIES THAT THE APPROPRIATE SYSTEM
*      STATISTIC IS SUMMED ACROSS ALL INDIVIDUAL SAMPLE RECORDS IN THE
*      REQUESTED PERFORMANCE SUMMARY INTERVAL. THE MAX/MIN IN A DERIVA-
*      TION IMPLIES THE MAXIMUMUM/MINIMUM OF THE SPECIFIED MEASURE IS
*      DETERMINED ACROSS ALL SAMPLES IN THE SUMMARY INTERVAL.
*
* *** NOTE:
*      NSAMP=NUMBER OF SAMPLES OVER WHICH VALUES ARE SUMMED
*      CONV1= 60. * CSIZE / (NSAMP * CSAMPL) FOR CONVERSION
*              TO /HR OF NCN T.I. DATA
*      WHERE CSIZE = C.U./MIN, CSAMPL = C.U./SAMPLE
*      CONV2= 60. * CSIZE FOR CONVERSION TO /HR OF T.I. DATA
*      WHERE CSIZE = C.U./MIN
*****

```

A. RESOURCE UTILIZATION

SYSTEM RELATED

- | | | |
|-----|--|----------|
| 1. | PERFORMANCE SUMMARY REQUEST INTERVAL
TIME LAST RECORD (PEND) - TIME FIRST RECORD IN
REQUEST INTERVAL (PSTART) | SEC |
| 2. | NUMBER OF VEHICLES REQUIRED
KNFLT | VEH |
| 3. | VEHICLE CAPACITY
VCAP | PASS |
| 4. | AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS/VEHICLE
(AVERAGE OF AVERAGES---AVERAGE TAKEN WHEN
{1} + {2} NOT EQUAL TO 0)
SUM ({5} / ({1} + {2})) / # OF AVERAGES SUMMED | PASS/VEH |
| 5. | AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS/REVNUE SERVICE VEH
(AVERAGE OF AVERAGES---AVERAGE TAKEN WHEN
{1} NOT EQUAL TO 0)
SUM ({5} / {1}) / # OF AVERAGES SUMMED | PASS/VEH |
| 6. | MAXIMUM AVERAGE OF THE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS/
REVENUE SERVICE VEH
MAX ({5} / {1}) | PASS |
| 7. | AVERAGE PROPORTION OF VEHICLES IN REVENUE SERVICE
SUM (1) / (SUM (1) + SUM (2) + SUM (3)) | - |
| 8. | AVERAGE PROPORTION OF VEHICLES DEADHEADING
SUM (2) / (SUM (1) + SUM (2) + SUM (3)) | - |
| 9. | AVERAGE PROPOPTION OF VEHICLES IN STORAGE
SUM (3) / (SUM (1) + SUM (2) + SUM (3)) | - |
| 10. | PASSENGERS SERVED / VEHICLE HOUR
SUM (105) * CONV2 / (SUM (1) + SUM (2)) | PASS/HR |

GUIDEWAY RELATED

- | | | |
|----|---|--------|
| 1. | AVERAGE PROPORTION OF VEHICLES ON GUIDEWAY
SUM (162) / (SUM (37) + SUM (162)) | - |
| 2. | AVERAGE DISTANCE TRAVELLED/VEHICLE
((SUM (11) + SUM (12)) / 1000.) / ((SUM (1) + SUM (2) + SUM (3)) /
(NSAMP * CSAMPL)) | KM/VEH |

TABLE B-2. DERIVATIONS OF PERFORMANCE SUMMARY MEASURES (Page 2 of 4)

3.	TOTAL VEHICLE DISTANCE TRAVELLED/HOUR (SUM (11) + SUM (12)) / 1000.) * CONV1	
4.	TOTAL VEHICLE REVENUE SERVICE DISTANCE/HR (SUM (12) / 1000.) * CONV1	KM/HR
5.	TOTAL PASSENGER DISTANCE TRAVELLED/HR (SUM (10) / 1000.) * CONV1	KM/HR
6.	AVG NUMBER OF VEH LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINKS/HR SUM (175) * CONV1	VEH/HR
7.	MAX NUMBER OF VEH LEAVING GUIDEWAY LINKS/HR MAX (175) * (CONV2/CSAMPL)	VEH/HR
8.	TOTAL REVENUE SERVICE VEHICLE HOURS SUM (1) / CONV2	VEHHRS
9.	TOTAL DEADHEADING VEHICLE HOURS SUM (2) / CONV2	VEHHRS

STATION RELATED

1.	TOTAL NUMBER OF VEHICLES DISPATCHED SUM (87)	VEH
2.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF PASS WAITING/STN SUM (39) / (NSAMP * CSAMPL * (2))	PASS/STN
3.	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF PASS WAITING IN STATIONS MAX (117)	PASS

ROUTE RELATED

1.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES/ROUTE (SUM (1) + SUM (2) + SUM (3)) / (NUMR * NSAMP * CSAMPL)	VEH
----	---	-----

B. PERFORMANCE

SYSTEM RELATED

1.	AVERAGE DISTANCE/COMPLETED TRIP (SUM (79) / 1000.) / SUM (107)	KM/TRP
2.	AVERAGE VEHICLE SPEED (AVERAGE OF NON-ZERO AVERAGES) (SUM ((166) / (165)) * (CSIZE / 60.0)) / # OF NON-ZERO AVERAGES SUMMED	M/SEC
3.	AVERAGE TRIP TRAVEL SPEED (AVERAGE OF NON-ZERO AVERAGES) (SUM ((79) / (59)) * (CSIZE / 60.0)) / # OF NON-ZERO AVERAGES SUMMED	M/SEC
4.	AVERAGE PASS DISTANCE/VEHICLE HR (SUM (10) * CONV2 / (SUM (1) + SUM (2))) / 1000.	KM/VHR
5.	AVERAGE PASS DISTANCE/VEHICLE UNIT DISTANCE SUM (10) / (SUM (11) + SUM (12))	-

GUIDEWAY RELATED

1.	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON GUIDEWAY MAX (178)	VEH
2.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON GUIDEWAY SUM (163) / (NSAMP * CSAMPL)	VEH
3.	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY/QUEUED VEHICLE SUM (181) * 60. / (SUM (179) * CSIZE)	SEC/V
4.	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY/VEHICLE SUM (181) * 60. / (SUM (175) * CSIZE)	SEC/V
5.	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY/QUEUED VEHICLE MAX (160) * 60. / CSIZE	SEC
6.	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY/VEHICLE MAX (159) * 60. / CSIZE	SEC

TABLE B-2. DERIVATIONS OF PERFORMANCE SUMMARY MEASURES (Page 3 of 4)

STATION RELATED		
1.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS SUM (46) / (NSAMP * CSAMPL)	VEH
2.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES SUM (47) / (NSAMP * CSAMPL)	VEH
3.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT DOCK AREAS SUM (48) / (NSAMP * CSAMPL)	VEH
4.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES SUM (49) / (NSAMP * CSAMPL)	VEH
5.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS SUM (50) / (NSAMP * CSAMPL)	VEH
6.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE AREAS SUM (51) / (NSAMP * CSAMPL)	VEH
7.	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS MAX (127)	VEH
8.	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES MAX (128)	VEH
9.	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT DOCK AREAS MAX (129)	VEH
10.	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES MAX (130)	VEH
11.	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS MAX (131)	VEH
12.	MAXIMUM NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE AREAS MAX (132)	VEH
13.	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT RAMPS SUM (64) * 60. / (SUM (133) * CSIZE)	SEC/V
14.	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT QUEUES SUM (65) * 60. / (SUM (134) * CSIZE)	SEC/V
15.	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY AT DOCK AREAS SUM (66) * 60. / (SUM (135) * CSIZE)	SEC/V
16.	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT QUEUES SUM (67) * 60. / (SUM (136) * CSIZE)	SEC/V
17.	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT RAMPS SUM (68) * 60. / (SUM (137) * CSIZE)	SEC/V
18.	AVERAGE QUEUE DELAY IN STORAGE AREAS SUM (69) * 60. / (SUM (138) * CSIZE)	SEC/V
19.	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT RAMPS MAX (73) * 60. / CSIZE	SEC
20.	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON INPUT QUEUES MAX (74) * 60. / CSIZE	SEC
21.	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY AT DOCK AREAS MAX (75) * 60. / CSIZE	SEC
22.	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT QUEUES MAX (76) * 60. / CSIZE	SEC
23.	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY ON OUTPUT RAMPS MAX (77) * 60. / CSIZE	SEC
24.	MAXIMUM QUEUE DELAY IN STORAGE AREAS MAX (78) * 60. / CSIZE	SEC
25.	AVERAGE FLOW RATE FROM BERTHING AREA SUM (135) * CONV1	V/HR
26.	PROPORTION OF VEHICLES DENIED TIMELY ENTRY SUM (86) / (SUM (83) + SUM (86))	-
27.	NUMBER OF EMPTIES REQUESTED FROM LOCAL STORAGE SUM (146)	VEH
28.	NUMBER OF EMPTIES REQUESTED FROM ELSEWHERE IN NETWRK SUM (145)	VEH
29.	AVERAGE STN DELAY DUE TO MERGE CONFLICT RESOLUTION SUM (54) * 60. / (SUM (87) * CSIZE)	SEC/V

TABLE B-2. DERIVATIONS OF PERFORMANCE SUMMARY MEASURES (Page 4 of 4)

ROUTE RELATED

1.	AVERAGE SCHEDULE DEVIATION	SEC/V
	$SUM (192) * 60. / (SUM (204) * CSIZE)$	
2.	MAXIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION	SEC
	$MAX (191) * 60. / CSIZE$	
3.	MINIMUM SCHEDULE DEVIATION	SEC
	(OF THOSE SAMPLES WHERE (87) > 0)	
	$MIN (196) * 60. / CSIZE$	
4.	AVERAGE INTER-DISPATCH TIME	SEC/V
	$SUM (193) * 60. / (SUM (204) * CSIZE)$	
5.	MAXIMUM INTER-DISPATCH TIME	SEC
	$MAX (194) * 60. / CSIZE$	
6.	MINIMUM INTER-DISPATCH TIME	SEC
	(OF THOSE SAMPLES WHERE (87) > 0)	
	$MIN (195) * 60. / CSIZE$	

C. LEVEL OF SERVICE

1.	TOTAL NUMBER OF ARRIVING PASSENGERS	PASS
	$SUM (113)$	
2.	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS SERVED	PASS
	$SUM (105)$	
3.	TOTAL NUMBER OF PASSENGERS COMPLETING TRIPS	PASS
	$SUM (108)$	
4.	AVERAGE PASSENGER DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH	SEC/P
	$SUM (58) * 60. / (SUM (94) * CSIZE)$	
5.	MAXIMUM PASSENGER DELAY DEMAND TO DISPATCH	SEC
	$MAX (57) * 60. / CSIZE$	
6.	AVERAGE ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME/COMPLETED TRIP	SEC/T
	$SUM (59) * 60. / (SUM (107) * CSIZE)$	
7.	AVERAGE EXCESS TRAVEL TIME/COMPLETED TRIP	SEC/T
	$(SUM (59) - SUM (60)) * 60. / (SUM (107) * CSIZE)$	
8.	MAXIMUM EXCESS TRAVEL TIME/COMPLETED TRIP	SEC
	$MAX (61) * 60. / CSIZE$	
9.	NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME	PASS
	$\leq T1$	
	$SUM (24)$	
10.	NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME	PASS
	$> T1 \ \& \ \leq T2$	
	$SUM (25)$	
11.	NUMBER OF COMPLETED PASS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME	PASS
	$> T2$	
	$SUM (26)$	
12.	NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME	TRIPS
	$\leq T1$	
	$SUM (21)$	
13.	NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME	TRIPS
	$> T1 \ \& \ \leq T2$	
	$SUM (22)$	
14.	NUMBER OF COMPLETED TRIPS WITH EXCESS TRAVEL TIME	TRIPS
	$> T2$	
	$SUM (23)$	
15.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF TRANSFERS/COMPLETED TRIPS	XPER/T
	$SUM (147) / SUM (107)$	
16.	RATIO OF COMPLETED PASS TRANSFERS TO TOTAL COMPLETED PASSENGERS	-
	$SUM (148) / SUM (108)$	
17.	AVERAGE TRIP TIME DEMAND TO TRIP COMPLETION	SEC/T
	$SUM (7) * 60. / (SUM (107) * CSIZE)$	

TABLE B-3. DERIVATIONS OF SYSTEM MEASURES (Page 1 of 8)

DEFINITION	OUTPUT MEASURES IN DPM REPORT			
	TOTAL	AVERAGE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
SYSTEM WIDE				
VEHICLE FLEET SIZE	-	X	H	H
SEAT CAPACITY	-	X	S	S
SEAT AVAILABILITY	-	X	S	S
VEHICLE METERS TRAVELLED	X	-	S	S
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	X	S	S
# PASSENGERS IN SYSTEM	X	-	S	S
PASSENGER METERS TRAVELLED	X	-	S	S
PASSENGER WAIT TIME	-	X	H	H
# PASSENGERS WAITING	-	X	H	H
% COMPLETED TRANSFERS	X	-	S	S
NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	X	-	S	S
VEHICLE SPEED IN NETWORK (INCLUDING STATION TIME)	X	-	S	S
VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY (EXCLUDING STATION TIME)	X	-	S	S
INDIVIDUAL STATION MEASUREMENTS				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	X	H	H
# VEHICLE QUEUED INPUT RAMP	-	X	H	H
# VEHICLE QUEUED INPUT QUEUES	-	X	H	H
# VEHICLE QUEUED DOCKS	-	X	H	H
# VEHICLE QUEUED OUTPUT QUEUES	-	X	H	H
# VEHICLE QUEUED OUTPUT RAMP	-	X	H	H
# VEHICLE QUEUED STORAGE	-	X	H	H
VEHICLE TIME IN STATION	-	X	S	S
# PASSENGERS ENTERING	X	-	S	S
# PASSENGERS EXITING STATION	X	-	S	S
# PASSENGERS TRANSFERRING	X	-	S	S
# PASSENGERS WAITING	-	X	H	H
PASSENGER WAIT TIME	-	X	H	H
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--IN	-	X	S	S
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--OUT	-	X	S	S
INDIVIDUAL GUIDEWAY LINK MEASUREMENTS				
NUMBER OF VEHICLES	-	X	H	H
NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED	-	X	S	S
LINK LOAD FACTOR	-	X	S	S
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	X	H	H
VEHICLE SPEED	X	-	S	S
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR-OVERALL	-	X	S	S
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR-BY RTE	-	X	S	S

TABLE B-3. DERIVATIONS OF SYSTEM MEASURES (Page 2 of 8)

DEFINITION	OUTPUT MEASURES IN DPM REPORT			
	TOTAL	AVERAGE	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM
INDIVIDUAL ROUTE MEASUREMENTS				
VEHICLE FLEET SIZE	-	X	H	H
SEAT CAPACITY	-	X	S	S
SEAT AVAILABILITY	-	X	S	S
VEHICLE METERS TRAVELLED	X	-	S	S
VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR	-	X	H	H
NUMBER OF PASSENGERS	-	X	S	S
PASSENGER METERS TRAVELLED	X	-	S	S
PASSENGER WAIT TIME	-	X	H	H
* PASSENGERS WAITING	-	X	H	H
% ARRIVING TRANSFERS	X	-	S	S
NOMINAL TT / ACTUAL TT	X	-	S	S
VEHICLE SPEED IN NETWORK (INCLUDING STATION TIME)	X	-	S	S
VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY (EXCLUDING STATION TIME)	X	-	S	S

TABLE B-3. DERIVATIONS OF SYSTEM MEASURES (Page 3 of 8)

```

*****
*      ---JESM SYSTEM SUMMARY STATISTICS DERIVATIONS---
*      EACH SYSTEM SUMMARY STATISTIC COMPUTED IS IDENTIFIED AND THEN
*      FOLLOWED BY THE DERIVATION OF THAT MEASURE IN TERMS OF THE RE-
*      QUIRED RAW STATISTICS. THE APPROPRIATE STATISTIC(S) USED IN
*      EACH DERIVATION CAN BE DETERMINED BY USING THE NUMBERS IN ( )
*      AS A CROSS REFERENCE TO THE MEASURES IDENTIFIED IN THE LIST OF
*      RAW STATISTICS. THE INDICATION OF A SUM IN A PARTICULAR DERIVA-
*      TION IMPLIES THAT THE APPROPRIATE SYSTEM STATISTIC IS SUMMED
*      ACROSS ALL INDIVIDUAL SAMPLE RECORDS IN THE REQUESTED SUMMARY
*      INTERVAL. THE MAX/MIN IN A DERIVATION IMPLIES THE MAXIMUM/MINI-
*      MUM OF THE SPECIFIED MEASURE IS DETERMINED ACROSS ALL SAMPLES.
*
* *** NOTE:
*      NSAMP= NUMBER OF SAMPLES OVER WHICH VALUES ARE SUMMED
*      CONV1= 60. * CSIZE / (NSAMP * CSAMPL) FOR CONVERSION
*              TO /HR OF NON T.I. DATA
*      WHERE CSIZE = C.U./MIN. CSAMPL = C.U./SAMPLE
*      CONV2= 60. * CSIZE FOR CONVERSION TO /HR OF T.I. DATA
*      WHERE CSIZE = C.U./MIN
*****

```

A. SYSTEM-WIDE MEASURES

1. VEHICLE FLEET SIZE
 - AVERAGE = (SUM(1) + SUM(2) + SUM(3)) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 - MINIMUM = MIN(32)
 - MAXIMUM = MAX(31)

2. SEAT CAPACITY
 - AVERAGE = (SUM(1) + SUM(2) + SUM(3)) * VSEAT / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 - MINIMUM = MIN(((1) + (2) + (3)) * VSEAT / CSAMPL)
 - MAXIMUM = MAX(((1) + (2) + (3)) * VSEAT / CSAMPL)

3. SEAT AVAILABILITY
 - AVERAGE = ((SUM(1) + SUM(2) + SUM(3)) * VSEAT - SUM(6)) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 - MINIMUM = MIN(((1) + (2) + (3)) * VSEAT - (6)) / CSAMPL)
 - MAXIMUM = MAX(((1) + (2) + (3)) * VSEAT - (6)) / CSAMPL)

4. VEHICLE METERS TRAVELLED
 - TOTAL = SUM(11) + SUM(12)
 - MINIMUM = MIN((11) + (12))
 - MAXIMUM = MAX((11) + (12))

5. VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR
 - FOR SCHEDULED SERVICE:
 - AVERAGE = SUM(5) / (VCAP * (SUM(1) + SUM(2)))
 - FOR DEMAND RESPONSIVE SERVICE:
 - AVERAGE = SUM(5) / (VCAP * SUM(1))
 - MINIMUM = MIN(34)
 - MAXIMUM = MAX(35)

6. NUMBER OF PASSENGERS IN SYSTEM
 - TOTAL (CURRENT) = (92) + (186)
 - MINIMUM = MIN((92) + (186))
 - MAXIMUM = MAX((92) + (186))

TABLE B-3. DERIVATIONS OF SYSTEM MEASURES (Page 4 of 8)

7. PASSENGER METERS TRAVELLED
 TOTAL = SUM(10)
 MINIMUM = MIN(10)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(10)
8. PASSENGER WAIT TIME (SEC)
 AVERAGE = (SUM(58) / SUM(94)) * (60 / CSIZE)
 MINIMUM = MIN(71) * (60 / CSIZE)
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (94) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(57) * (60 / CSIZE)
9. NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING
 AVERAGE = SUM(39) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 MINIMUM = MIN(149)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(117)
10. PERCENT OF COMPLETED TRANSFERS
 TOTAL = (SUM(156) * 100) / SUM(103)
 MINIMUM = MIN(((156) * 100) / (108))
 MAXIMUM = MAX(((156) * 100) / (108))
11. NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME / ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME
 TOTAL = SUM(60) / SUM(59)
 MINIMUM = MIN(9)
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (107) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(8)
12. VEHICLE SPEED IN NETWORK (INCLUDING STATION DWELL TIME)
 (M/SEC)
 TOTAL = ((SUM(166) + SUM(80)) / (SUM(165) + SUM(52))) *
 (CSIZE / 60)
 MINIMUM = MIN(((166) + (80)) / ((165) + (52))) *
 (CSIZE / 60)
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (166) OR (80) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(((166) + (80)) / ((165) + (52))) *
 (CSIZE / 60)
13. VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY (EXCLUDING STATION DWELL TIME)
 (M/SEC)
 TOTAL = (SUM(166) / (SUM(165))) * (CSIZE / 60)
 MINIMUM = MIN((166) / (165)) * (CSIZE / 60)
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (165) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = MAX((166) / (165)) * (CSIZE / 60)

3. STATION MEASURES (BY STATION)

1. NUMBER OF VEHICLES
 AVERAGE = SUM(208) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 MINIMUM = MIN(275)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(235)
2. NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT RAMPS (FOR KTYPE=1)
 AVERAGE = SUM(227) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 MINIMUM = MIN(295)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(293)
3. NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON INPUT QUEUES (FOR KTYPE=2)
 AVERAGE = SUM(287) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 MINIMUM = MIN(295)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(293)

TABLE B-3. DERIVATIONS OF SYSTEM MEASURES (Page 5 of 8)

4. NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED AT DOCKS (FOR KTYPE=3)
 AVERAGE = $SUM(287) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)$
 MINIMUM = $MIN(295)$
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(293)$
5. NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT QUEUES (FOR KTYPE=4)
 AVERAGE = $SUM(287) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)$
 MINIMUM = $MIN(295)$
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(293)$
6. NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED ON OUTPUT RAMPS (FOR KTYPE=5)
 AVERAGE = $SUM(287) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)$
 MINIMUM = $MIN(295)$
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(293)$
7. NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED IN STORAGE AREAS (FOR KTYPE=6)
 AVERAGE = $SUM(287) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)$
 MINIMUM = $MIN(295)$
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(293)$
8. VEHICLE TIME IN STATION (SEC)
 AVERAGE = $(SUM(211) / SUM(231)) * (60 / CSIZE)$
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (231) > 0)
 MINIMUM = $MIN(224) * (60 / CSIZE)$
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(212) * (60 / CSIZE)$
9. NUMBER OF PASSENGERS ENTERING
 TOTAL = $SUM(260)$
 MINIMUM = $MIN(260)$
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(260)$
10. NUMBER OF PASSENGERS EXITING
 TOTAL = $SUM(255)$
 MINIMUM = $MIN(255)$
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(255)$
11. NUMBER OF PASSENGERS TRANSFERRING
 TOTAL = $SUM(257)$
 MINIMUM = $MIN(257)$
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(257)$
12. NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING
 AVERAGE = $SUM(210) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)$
 MINIMUM = $MIN(272)$
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(264)$
13. PASSENGER WAIT TIME (SEC)
 AVERAGE = $(SUM(217) / SUM(241)) * (60 / CSIZE)$
 MINIMUM = $MIN(225) * (60 / CSIZE)$
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (241) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = $MAX(216) * (60 / CSIZE)$
14. VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR--IN
 AVERAGE = $SUM(273) / (VCAP * SUM(230))$
 MINIMUM = $MIN((273) / (VCAP * (230)))$
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (230) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = $MAX((273) / (VCAP * (230)))$

TABLE B-3. DERIVATIONS OF SYSTEM MEASURES (Page 6 of 8)

15. VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR—OUT

AVERAGE = $\text{SUM}(274) / (\text{VCAP} * \text{SUM}(231))$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}((274) / (\text{VCAP} * (231)))$
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (231) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}((274) / (\text{VCAP} * (231)))$

C. LINK MEASURES (BY LINK)

1. NUMBER OF VEHICLES

AVERAGE = $\text{SUM}(297) / (\text{CSAMPL} * \text{NSAMP})$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}(319)$
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}(303)$

2. NUMBER OF VEHICLES QUEUED

AVERAGE = $\text{SUM}(298) / (\text{CSAMPL} * \text{NSAMP})$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}(306)$
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}(306)$

3. VEHICLE VOLUME / LINK CAPACITY

AVERAGE = $\text{SUM}(297) / \text{SUM}(318) / \text{CSAMPL}$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}(319) / (318)$
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}(308) / (318)$

4. NUMBER OF PASSENGERS

AVERAGE = $\text{SUM}(299) / (\text{CSAMPL} * \text{NSAMP})$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}(321)$
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}(320)$

5. VEHICLE SPEED (M/SEC)

TOTAL = $(\text{SUM}(301) / \text{SUM}(300)) * (\text{CSIZE} / 60)$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}((301) / (300)) * (\text{CSIZE} / 60)$
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (301) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}((301) / (300)) * (\text{CSIZE} / 60)$

6. VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR

AVERAGE = $\text{SUM}(299) / (\text{VCAP} * \text{SUM}(297))$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}((299) / (\text{VCAP} * (297)))$
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (297) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}((299) / (\text{VCAP} * (297)))$

7. VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR FOR LINK, BY ROUTE

AVERAGE = $\text{SUM}(370) / (\text{VCAP} * \text{SUM}(369))$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}((370) / (\text{VCAP} * (369)))$
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (369) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}((370) / (\text{VCAP} * (369)))$

(*****REPEAT COMPUTATIONS FOR EACH ROUTE ASSOCIATED WITH LINK)

D. ROUTE MEASURES (BY ROUTE)

1. VEHICLE FLEET SIZE

AVERAGE = $\text{SUM}(327) / (\text{CSAMPL} * \text{NSAMP})$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}(356)$
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}(355)$

2. SEAT CAPACITY

AVERAGE = $(\text{SUM}(327) * \text{VSEAT}) / (\text{CSAMPL} * \text{NSAMP})$
 MINIMUM = $\text{MIN}((327) * \text{VSEAT} / \text{CSAMPL})$
 MAXIMUM = $\text{MAX}((327) * \text{VSEAT} / \text{CSAMPL})$

TABLE B-3. DERIVATIONS OF SYSTEM MEASURES (Page 7 of 8)

3. SEAT AVAILABILITY
 AVERAGE = ((SUM(327) * VSEAT) - SUM(328)) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 MINIMUM = MIN(((327) * VSEAT) - (328)) / CSAMPL
 MAXIMUM = MAX(((327) * VSEAT) - (328)) / CSAMPL
4. VEHICLE METERS TRAVELLED
 TOTAL = SUM(345)
 MINIMUM = MIN(345)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(345)
5. VEHICLE LOAD FACTOR
 AVERAGE = SUM(326) / (VCAP * SUM(327))
 MINIMUM = MIN(366)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(367)
6. NUMBER OF PASSENGERS
 AVERAGE = SUM(326) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 MINIMUM = MIN(353)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(353)
7. PASSENGER METERS TRAVELLED
 TOTAL = SUM(346)
 MINIMUM = MIN((346))
 MAXIMUM = MAX((346))
8. PASSENGER WAIT TIME (SEC)
 AVERAGE = (SUM(337) / SUM(363)) * (60 / CSIZE)
 MINIMUM = MIN(339) * (60 / CSIZE)
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (363) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(338) * (60 / CSIZE)
9. NUMBER OF PASSENGERS WAITING
 (**ALSO COMPUTED FOR EACH ROUTE GROUP)
 AVERAGE = SUM(329) / (CSAMPL * NSAMP)
 MINIMUM = MIN(362)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(361)
10. PERCENT OF ARRIVING TRANSFERS
 (**ALSO COMPUTED FOR EACH ROUTE GROUP)
 TOTAL = (SUM(357) * 100) / SUM(358)
 MINIMUM = MIN(((357) * 100) / (358))
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (358) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(((357) * 100) / (358))
11. NOMINAL TRAVEL TIME / ACTUAL TRAVEL TIME
 TOTAL = SUM(332) / SUM(331)
 MINIMUM = MIN(334)
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (359) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(333)
12. VEHICLE SPEED IN NETWORK (INCLUDING STATION DWELL TIME)
 (M/SEC)
 TOTAL = ((SUM(345) + SUM(347)) / (SUM(335) + SUM(336))) *
 (CSIZE / 60)
 MINIMUM = MIN(((345) + (347)) / ((335) + (336))) *
 (CSIZE / 60)
 (MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (345) OR (347) > 0)
 MAXIMUM = MAX(((345) + (347)) / ((335) + (336))) *
 (CSIZE / 60)

TABLE B-3. DERIVATIONS OF SYSTEM MEASURES (Page 8 of 8)

13. VEHICLE SPEED ON GUIDEWAY (EXCLUDING STATION DWELL TIME)
(M/SEC)
TOTAL = (SUM(345) / SUM(335)) * (CSIZE / 60)
MINIMUM = MIN((345) / (335)) * (CSIZE / 60)
(MINIMUM COMPUTED FOR SAMPLE ONLY WHEN (345) > 0)
MAXIMUM = MAX((345) / (335)) * (CSIZE / 60)

APPENDIX C
REPORT OF NEW TECHNOLOGY

The Discrete Event Simulation Model (DESM) provides the capability to model the operation of an automated guideway transit system operating over a network composed of guideway links and stations within a given time domain. While not expected to lead to any new invention, the DESM can be used to experiment, without actual implementation, various operational strategies and service policy options on overall system performance. These experiments (i.e., by running the DESM) can lead to the enhancement of system productivity and operational efficiency.

This report describes the organization, operational features, user inputs and procedures necessary for execution of the DESM.

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